

Volume 83



10/19/32

POST

## Curley's Men More Feverish in Registration

**Hundreds of Workers with  
Busses and Autos Scour City  
— All Places Crowded**

This is the final day for would-be voters in the State and national elections to have their names placed on the official lists. It is a day of excitement in Democratic circles particularly, for Mayor Curley is doing his utmost to belittle the criticism of his opponents in the party, particularly former Senator Joseph J. Mulhern, director of registration for the Democratic State Committee, who has charged that he is being "tossed around" by the Curley forces and that the election department has sadly fallen down in providing the proper facilities for handling the registration crowds.

The mayor has been anxious to exceed the high-water mark of 300,000 attained for the election four years ago, and to that end has called upon city employees to distribute registration cards in a house-to-house canvass and to bring all delinquents to the ward registration places or to the City Hall Annex. There has been a strong response from City Hall for this activity, more than 400 men and women being engaged for the last few nights and perhaps more than that number today when the mayor directed that additional canvassers with busses and automobiles be put to work in all parts of the city.

On account of the storm there was a falling off in registration yesterday, the total number of new voters for the day being only 3261, making a grand total of 297,167 this morning. This is 2833 fewer than the 300,000 mark, but so far behind the 310,000 total desired that there appeared to be little likelihood of the success the mayor had hoped. Yet, from the time the registration places opened this morning crowds were on hand to register, and in numerous cases the lines stretched into the street. At City Hall nineteen windows were opened to the throng and up to late afternoon there had been no diminution of activity.

### Twenty Minutes Longest Wait

Owing to the criticism against the election department Chairman Peter F. Tague and his associates toured the city this morning, visiting every ward station and expressing themselves satisfied with conditions. The longest wait they noticed on the part of a would-be voter was twenty minutes and the majority had succeeded in establishing their claims for the voting privilege in ten minutes or less. Chairman Tague remarked, on arriving back at City Hall, that he had never seen registration proceed so quietly and with such apparent ease.

"We are always criticized," the chairman said, "for not having a sufficient number of registrars to take care of the last moment registration crowds. But the department has always used the last ounce of its available resources on such occasions and we have been doing it during these last few days when, it would seem, as if everybody in the city either needs registration or is perplexed by problems connected with their voting."

Chairman Tague wished to impress upon the public again the essential fact

that no matter how many persons are attempting to register in the closing hours of today the doors of the registration places must close by law at 10 P. M. But any individual inside the place of registration at that hour will have the opportunity to obtain a place on the official list. The law is similar to that on election day and, as the chairman said, is beyond any question as to its validity.

That there has been extreme bitterness between the Curley organization and the Democratic State Committee leaders over the methods used in registration is patent to the politicians. This bitterness was intensified when Henry E. Lawler, the mayor's leader, criticized Governor Ely, former Senator Mulhern and Joseph A. Maynard. Governor Ely was charged by Mr. Lawler with having failed to provide the assistance in registration he had promised. On the other hand, according to the critics, the mayor had not only provided 2500 for rental and the expenses of the Hotel Toraine headquarters, but had done his utmost to attract a small army of canvassers. Today, the mayor would make no comment on the charges.

HERALD

## HUGE REGISTRATION FOR BOSTON SEEN

**305,000 Total Expected; Today  
Last to Register**

A record-breaking registration both in Boston and throughout the state was seemingly assured today despite the severe storm which has dampened the ardor of thousands of prospective voters.

Campaign directors set a record of 305,000 voters as their goal in the Boston registration. The previous high mark of 299,066 voters was reached in 1928.

Early today there were already 297,176 names on the voting list here, 3261 of which were added yesterday. And 19 windows in the election department quarters at City Hall were crowded as throngs hurried to get under the wire.

To further aid the registration, officials decided that all persons within a registration booth by 10 o'clock tonight will be registered. Formerly all registration stopped promptly at 10 P. M.

Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the Democratic state committee declared his belief that there would be a record registration throughout the state, although he estimated that some 25,000 would be kept from registering by the heavy rainfall.

## REGISTER TODAY OR CAN'T VOTE

**Deadline Tonight at  
10 O'Clock for City  
Residents**

Today is the last day for eligible residents of Boston to register as voters so that they may be qualified to cast ballots in the presidential and State elections here, Nov. 8.

### OFFICES OPEN TILL LATE

Under the law, registration of voters must close tonight at 10 o'clock, so that election officials will have time to print the voting lists and have them delivered to the polling places for election day.

Central registration offices will be kept open on the ground floor of City Hall annex from 9 o'clock this morning until 10 o'clock tonight, and branch registration places will be kept open in each of the city's 22 wards from 6 until 10 o'clock tonight.

All persons standing in line at 10 o'clock tonight will be registered, but those who delay until after that hour will be forced to wait until next year to get their names on the list.

AMERICAN

## Mayor Ends Row With Sally Leader

The dove of peace had settled over the Mayor Curley-Evangeline Booth controversy today with the mayor accepting the Salvation Army leader's explanation of her remark favoring the candidacy of President Hoover.

Miss Booth yesterday sent an answer to Mayor Curley's criticism of her for stating that the President should be re-elected and the Eighteenth Amendment retained in which she declared the sentiments expressed were personal and not those of the Salvation Army.

# Democrats Plan Desperate Effort to Stem Tide Running for Hoover in Massachusetts

By W. E. MULLINS

The big Democratic push to deprive President Hoover of his apparently successful conquest of Massachusetts starts going over the top this week. Standing by itself alone, the extent of the drive that will be made here is sufficient evidence that the Democratic high command concedes today that the state is prepared to throw its support to the Republican ticket two weeks from next Tuesday.

Such a change of political strategy concentrated in a single section stands out as unprecedented in this campaign. It indicates that Gov. Roosevelt's cause here is so desperate as to endanger the chances not only of Gov. Ely but also of the entire state ticket. While conceding that some Democratic gains undoubtedly will result from this proposed invasion, the Republican state committee is confident that its present margin is sufficiently great to undergo some reduction without serious danger.

Alfred E. Smith will lead the attack. He will address a rally Thursday night at Boston Arena. In quick succession will follow Gov. Roosevelt, Newton Baker, Joseph P. Tumulty and several others not so conspicuous. Senator Walsh, who has been occupying the roll of an observer thus far, will become active for the first time. No plans are being made, however, for Senator Coolidge's participation.

The presidential candidate is sufficiently concerned with the situation here to devote his efforts to something more than his scheduled address Oct. 31 at Boston Arena. He proposes to pass the greater part of four successive days to touring the eastern section of the state in an endeavor to accelerate sentiment by showing himself to the voters.

The sober second thought of Republicans and the sullen resentment of Democrats are not likely to be swayed by this tremendous surge. It now is agreed that Smith is prepared to go to considerable lengths in espousing the cause of his party's national ticket. His greatest difficulty will rest in attempting to prove his sincerity.

## SPEEDY TRANSFORMATION

It is inconceivable to his countless supporters in Boston, even in the face of his reported reconciliation with Roosevelt, that the extreme bitterness of last summer has been so speedily transformed into rampant enthusiasm. Many Democrats have sullenly accepted their ticket, but many independent voters who supported Smith in 1928 are disappointed at this demonstration of political expediency dictated by party regularity.

It has been repeatedly stated that this state is Republican in spite of the fact that it has two Democrats in the United States Senate and another as Governor. Its Republicanism is proven by the fact that the party holds 12 of

the 16 congressional seats, 30 of the 40 state senatorships, 139 members of the House of Representatives, seven of the eight executive councillors and three of the six constitutional offices.

In the recent registration drive the Democrats received all the publicity because of the merry quarrel that was waged between former Senator Joseph J. Mulhern and Mayor Curley but the Republicans did a thoroughly efficient job, not only in the cities but also in the outlying rural districts. This will be demonstrated materially on election day.

At the conclusion of the Democratic national convention the Republican chieftains here knew that their ticket would be certain to profit from the resentment then existing among Democrats, but at the time did they place any reliance on winning the election from that source alone. They proceeded to outline an efficient and wise campaign. First of all, they made certain that complete harmony would prevail and it undeniably does.

One of the puzzles of the Democratic situation is the position occupied by Daniel H. Coakley. His status is an example of the futility of relying alone on party irregularity. He had been known as one of Smith's close friends and warm supporters. His insistence on a solid Smith delegation brought on the open warfare with Mayor Curley in support of the Roosevelt slate.

## CLIMBED ON ROOSEVELT WAGON

Coakley's attacks on Curley and inferentially on Roosevelt were so bitter as to give the impression that he would be a permanent irreconcilable. Almost immediately after the convention he and Mayor Hague of Jersey City climbed aboard the Roosevelt band wagon and insisted from the outset that Smith eventually would have a seat with them.

Even when Gov. Ely and Senator Walsh were doubtful about Smith's eventual attitude he was insisting that Smith would be on the firing line. When ex-Senator Reed was here, Coakley opposed the state committee's decision to confine the Missourian to the state convention and on his own responsibility he staged a rally at Symphony hall.

It must be borne in mind that at Chicago Coakley muttered threats about clothes-lines and lamp-posts for any delegate who might desert to Roosevelt. He also was a factor in preventing the delegation from casting its vote for Garner. Yet at this Symphony hall rally he openly declared for both Roosevelt and Garner.

Coakley occupies a unique position. He is Gov. Ely's strongest supporter, Mayor Curley's bitterest enemy, one of the original Smith men and now one of the strongest Roosevelt-Garner men in the state.

Just what his relation is to the powers that be keeps politicians guessing. He now predicts that Smith will be in

Roosevelt's cabinet and that Roosevelt will draft him for one of the positions. Coakley is some performer. All of which goes to show that these Democrats are "peculiar" and that they rarely can be placed permanently on one spot.

Republicans and Democrats of Massachusetts must bear in mind that a vote for Roosevelt and Garner is a vote to promote the interests of Coakley, Curley, Mayor Murphy of Somerville, Senators Long, Wheeler, Dill, Norris and La Follette as well as William G. McAdoo.

The solid phalanx of Republican support that has been thrown behind the state ticket here is the best answer to the propaganda about a split ticket for Hoover, Ely and Bacon. Already former Senator Butler, former Govs. Allen and Cox, Eben S. Draper and all the other big guns have declared themselves. Former Gov. Fuller is preparing a speech to be delivered in support of the ticket.

This wide show of harmony and party regularity is much more extensive than was accorded former Gov. Allen two years ago in his losing fight for a second term.

## ALLEN'S CONTRIBUTION

Former Gov. Allen, incidentally, provided one of the spectacular contributions to the campaign when he scorched Gov. Ely's administration at Ford hall. His was a fighting speech from start to finish and it provoked the comment that had he campaigned as belligerently in 1930 he could not have failed to be re-elected.

The Ford hall rally was preceded by a rather bad blunder on the part of Mayor Curley in his attack on Comdr. Evangeline Booth for announcing her personal support of President Hoover. This must have been disappointing in one respect to Gov. Roosevelt.

It may be recalled that it was at the insistence of Gov. Roosevelt's managers that the Salvation Army head was selected to offer the invocation at the opening of the Democratic convention at Chicago. This selection was dictated by the desire to avoid giving the honor to a clergyman of any specific denomination.

But Mayor Curley invariably may be relied on to make one major blunder in every campaign. It was generally conceded that his denunciation of Gov. Ely as "an enemy of the Irish" in 1930 had great influence on the outcome of that election. He also lost thousands of votes in the 1929 mayoralty campaign by his 11th hour attack on Jennie Loitman Barron. There are other such examples.

The refusal of Mrs. Elizabeth Tilton to permit the use of her name as a prohibition sticker candidate for Lieutenant-Governor shows that there has been an effort made to injure the chances of Senator Bacon in the election. She recognizes the futility of such a course but her withdrawal is no conclusive proof that the proposal has been dropped.



10/24/32

# CURLEY STRIKES AT RUMORS THAT AIDS WILL "CUT" ELY

## He Calls Upon Party to Vote Straight Ticket In Address to Democratic Women

Mayor James M. Curley "went down the line" for all Democrats, the State ticket as well as the national ticket, last night, as he made a strong appeal for a united Democracy at a meeting of Democratic women in the Dutch room of Hotel Touraine.

Gov Joseph B. Ely, who was scheduled as one of the chief speakers, was unable to be present because of throat trouble that canceled his Saturday night speaking engagements. Mayor Curley explained the Governor's absence and said that despite his condition he called him by telephone in the afternoon and asked if it was absolutely necessary that he should attend.

"I told him," Mayor Curley said, "It is not necessary. We are all Democrats."

Mayor Curley told the gathering that Boston is the one point in Massachusetts that the Democrats must rely upon and said that if Boston could give Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith a 100,000 majority four years ago, it can give Roosevelt a majority of 150,000.

Mayor Curley admitted that "there

was more feeling of bitterness in the primary contest than ever was known in the history of the Democratic party here," referring to the Presidential primaries, but declared that all scars of such battles should be healed. He recognized rumors that Smith supporters would cut Roosevelt, and added that there were similar rumors that there was such a division in the party that Roosevelt followers would cut Gov Ely, but declared he could not understand how any Democrat could follow either of the suggested courses.

"There is only one course open to any true Democrat," he said, "and that is to support the entire ticket, that is to support the Ely and Swift. No Roosevelt, Garner, Ely and Swift. No one has borne a harder brunt in the pre-primary campaign than myself, and if I can support the ticket in its entirety I cannot see how it is possible for anybody else to find it hard to do likewise."

"If the issues of 1928 were sufficient, compelling that Boston gave Smith a majority of 100,000, then the issues are so compelling today as to make it possible to give a majority of 150,000 for Roosevelt and the entire ticket."

# CLAIMS EL TRUSTEES BLOCK NEW TUNNEL

## Mayor Curley at Kenmore Subway Dedication Says They Have Not Indorsed Huntington-Av Extension

Mayor Curley, speaking at luncheon of the Kenmore Lions Club, in dedication of the subway extension this noon, complained that the trustees and the directors of the Boston Elevated have not been willing to indorse the proposition for another tunnel extension, under Huntington av.

He pointed out that it is better to spend great sums on construction problems than to give similar sums in charity; that a Huntington-av subway extension and the taking of the tracks off the street would make a betterment in real estate values and would give to the city one of the finest boulevards to be found anywhere; that the project would furnish employment for three

years for 3000 men, and would thus take 3000 families off the soldiers' relief roll of the city.

The Mayor's speech came at the end of an informal ceremony. The subway extension had been in use since last night, but its official inspection was set for 11:30 this morning.

"What Do Lions Eat?"

The Mayor, many of the Boston Elevated officials and the Rapid Transit Commission men, gathered for the special car, out on Beacon st, but Mayor Curley was obliged to run downtown before he could make his inspection.

"But you're going to the Lions' luncheon?" somebody asked him. "I suppose so," said the Mayor. "What do the Lions eat? Raw meat?" "I shall want to be there if they do."

Col Sullivan, chairman of the Transit Commission, had sciatica, and he

has also a daughter. The sciatica kept the colonel at home this morning, but the daughter, Miss Mary Sullivan, was in the official party.

The officials came into the new Kenmore station shortly after noon. Edward Dana, general manager of the Elevated, escorted the Mayor's party, although the new station had not been in use much more than 16 hours, the first complaint was made directly to him.

A lady came up to Mr Dana and said, "I think it's a shame that they built a great, fine station like this and didn't put a clock in it!"

All the dignitaries posed for flash-light pictures and then Mayor Curley, who does a grand job when he makes an official inspection, actually walked the tracks round the loop west of the station, coming in on the outbound track that will be used some day when the Beacon-st cars no longer go downtown.

Chairman L. E. Witney of the Lions' Club dedication committee, presided at the luncheon and introduced George Waterman as toastmaster.

Harold A. Crane of Manchester, N H, governor of the 33d district of Lions' International, spoke first, explaining to the radio audience just what the Lions' Club means.

Secretary Represents Gov Ely

Dewitt C. DeWolfe, representing Gov Ely, brought the greetings of the State, and Edward E. Whiting, for the Elevated

trustees, expressed the satisfaction of the company with the completion of this extension ahead of time and with no tragic accident to mark its building. He expressed his belief that the service given by the company will continue to be extended and improved until it becomes one of Boston's boasts.

Mayor Curley said that the Lions have as their work the protection of blind children, and added, "and after all, when we consider the difficulties of our Nation during the past four years, I wonder if we don't all come into that category. Certainly we have been blind to the needs of the people and dropped around in the dark of the depression, heedless of the lesson of all history—that the only panacea for a depression is work and wages."

Post 10/25/32

Globe

## PILFERING FROM CITY HOSPITAL

### Dowd Charges Up to \$50,000 Worth of Foods Stolen

Charges that well-paid city employees were pilfering between \$25,000 and \$50,000 worth of choice foods from the City Hospital ice box this year will be sifted by the City Council committee on hospitals at a public hearing to be held Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the City Council chamber.

The charges, made by Councillor John F. Dowd of Roxbury, created an uproar in the Council, yesterday, when a number of his colleagues challenged him to name the employees, including a dietitian and a sanitary foreman.

"Put up or shut up," chorused Councillor Joseph McGrath of Dorchester and Councillor Peter A. Murray of Jamaica Plain, but Dowd retorted that he would give the names only to the hospital trustees, or the members of the Council hospital committee if the public and the press were excluded.

Councillors McGrath and Murray strongly objected to going into "secret session," so Chairman Francis E. Kelly of the hospital committee agreed to call the hospital trustees to confront them with the accuser of their administration of the hospital on Friday afternoon.

#### Says Meat Stolen and Split

In his attack on the hospital, Dowd alleged that the dietitian in the central kitchen, in charge of the ice chest keys, opens the ice box and permits a truck driver to cart off "case after case of the choicest meats" to the Dorchester home of a city sanitary foreman, where the food is split four ways, he charged.

"Once, when the group was on vacation this summer," claimed Councillor Dowd, "they sent to the hospital and got a taxicab filled with stuff. They were caught red-handed, but they were not discharged because of their political influence," asserted Dowd.

"The proper place to take such evidence is to the district attorney," protested Councillor McGrath.

"It's not a matter for the district attorney so far as I'm concerned," replied Dowd. "I'm a member of the city government and I will give the names to the trustees in two minutes if they want them."

That the Dowd charges were "incredible" was the comment made last night by Dr. John J. Dowling, hospital superintendent, who promised that the trustees, at their Friday meeting, would produce the facts.

## CURLEY TO SPEAK AT RALLY TO PROVE PARTY IS UNITED

### He and Maynard Deny There Is Anything Odd About Curley and Smith in One Hall

With all factions forgetting their differences, a united Democracy will be on hand Thursday night to greet Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith of New York when he comes to the Boston Arena to speak in behalf of the national and State Democratic tickets. Mayor James M. Curley, leader of the Roosevelt forces in the memorable Presidential primary fight, will be one of the speakers at the rally and is expected to declare that the Democrats will not split their vote Nov 8.

The invitation to Mayor Curley to address the gathering occasioned some surprise because of his bitter campaign against Ex-Gov Smith in the Presidential primary, but the Mayor said that his appearance signalizes the concord now prevailing in the Democratic ranks throughout the State.

The invitation to Mayor Curley came from Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the Democratic State committee, who also asked him to speak at the reception to Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt next Monday.

Both Mayor Curley and Chairman Maynard scoffed yesterday at suggestions that the Mayor's appearance on the same platform with Mr Smith will evoke any criticism from Democrats who know and admire them both.

Meanwhile preparations are going ahead to make the reception to Ex-Gov Smith one of the biggest Democratic rallies of the campaign. Because of the long list of speakers the rally will begin at 7:30 o'clock; the

doors will be open at 8. There will be no reserved seats.

Gov Smith and his party, including Mrs Smith, are expected to arrive in Boston about 6 o'clock, although the definite time is uncertain because of his speech in Providence in the afternoon. He will speak here at 10 o'clock and the address will be broadcast.

Prof Frank K. Simpson of Boston University will preside and the speakers will include Gov Joseph B. Ely, United States Senators David I. Walsh and Marcus A. Coolidge, Mayor Curley, Congressmen William J. Granfield, John W. McCormack, John J. Douglass and William P. Connery Jr; John E. Swift, Democratic nominee for Lieutenant Governor; Ex-Mayor John F. Fitzgerald, James Roosevelt and Miss Mary H. Ward.

Gov-Elect Louis J. Brann of Maine will be presented to the audience, as will the Democratic nominees for the Statewide offices.

Mayor Curley has been obliged to cancel a speaking engagement in New York to attend the Smith rally. He has a busy speaking period, for he is scheduled to speak at Laconia, N H, tomorrow night; Rutland and White River Junction, Vt, Friday; Saco, Me, Saturday afternoon, and Providence on Saturday night.

Next week he will leave Boston after the Roosevelt rally at the Arena for a tour of Pennsylvania. He will speak at Philadelphia, Nov 2; Norristown, Nov 3; Philadelphia, Nov 4; Bethlehem, Nov 5, and Hazleton, Nov 6.

#### Police Boat Not Transferred

The Council refused to approve Mayor Curley's request to transfer the \$250,000 police boat Stephen J. O'Meara to the Institutions Department, because Police Commissioner Hultman said he found it unsuitable for police work.

In an effort to secure Council approval, the Mayor called the Councillors to his office, previous to their regular meeting. Councillor Dowd protested that the Mayor should walk up two flights to the Council chamber and "not try to intimidate the Councillors at star-chamber sessions in his own office."

Even Councillor William G. Lynch, head of the executive committee, who has been an administration supporter during the past three years, complained that he "resented being called to the Mayor's office at only a half hour's notice."

So the Council decided to leave the unwanted police boat in Commissioner Hultman's hands, at least until Chairman Joseph P. Cox's committee on finance holds a meeting, tomorrow afternoon at 1, to learn how much it will cost to remodel the steamer.

#### Castle Island Roadway "Cracked"

Claims by Councillor Dowd that the new roadway to Castle Island, built at a cost of \$116,000, was "cracked in 50,000 pieces," led the Council to accept his order, calling upon the Park Com-

mission to do the work over again without additional cost to the city.

Chairman William P. Long of the Commission last night explained that the roadway was built over filled land, and since the contractor had given the city a 10-year-guarantee, it would be re-surfaced without extra charges.

#### Vote to Postpone Tax Sales

At the suggestion of Councillor Dowd, the Council adopted an order requesting the city collector to defer for six months the proposed auction sale of property upon which the 1931 taxes remain unpaid. He also demanded that partial payments on tax bills be accepted by the city.

Legislation to require Chelsea, Revere and Winthrop to contribute to the expenses of Suffolk county was suggested by Councillor Burke of Mattapan, who urged that the city law department draw up a bill for this purpose and present it to the next Legislature.

The Council approved Mayor Curley's recommendations for the transfer of \$70,000 to the soldiers' relief fund to meet next month's payroll for needy veterans, and also the transfer of \$10,000 to the assessing department so that 54 engineers and architects can continue their work on the Holland block system for the revaluation of all real estate parcels throughout the city.



## Richardson Demands Roosevelt Say What Promises He Has Made Curley

A demand that Gov. Roosevelt reveal in Boston tomorrow night what political promises he has made to Mayor Curley was one of five made on the Democratic presidential candidate yesterday by John Richardson, national Republican committeeman for Massachusetts, in a telegram sent to Roosevelt at Groton school, Groton.

The message was as follows:

You have throughout campaign refused to answer questions of anxious citizens on important matters of public policy directly affecting their daily lives. You remained silent with what has proved to be a lame excuse that you would reply only to the President. He has forcefully demanded that you state your position on every point, and you still persist in silence or evasion on all major issues. When you speak in Boston, Monday, voters of Massachusetts have right to know your answers to these five questions:

In the face of marked recovery in industry in Massachusetts, have you a single suggestion for hastening this improvement except tree planting and tariff reduction?

How do you propose to effect a

change in prohibition or bring back beer, as you promise, (1) when you have personally released Democratic members of Congress from platform pledge; (2) when, after that pledge, Speaker Garner blocked vote for beer in House and 23 Democrats voted against it in Senate; (3) and when Democratic Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts publicly declares that plan, as proposed by President Hoover and Republican party, offers quickest and most practical way of bringing about change.

What political promissory notes have you outstanding to James M. Curley?

What are the excessively high industrial tariff rates which you say you would lower? How can more imports of cheap foreign goods mean anything but more unemployment for Massachusetts workers?

Do you include as "controlled by Republican party" the two outstanding figures which Massachusetts has in recent years contributed to the bench of supreme court of United States: Justices Oliver Wendell Holmes and Louis D. Brandeis?

## CURLEY ADDRESSES PROVIDENCE RALLY

Says Roosevelt Candidacy  
Offers Challenge

[Special Dispatch to The Herald]

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 29—The candidacy of Franklin D. Roosevelt "represents a challenge to that form of internationalism that has for its purpose the adoption of a program through which America will become the paymaster and soldiery of the militant powers of Europe," Mayor Curley of Boston declared tonight.

Curley spoke at a rally here in Roosevelt's interests under auspices of the Rhode Island branch of the American Federation of Labor.

"The enemies of Franklin D. Roosevelt would have you believe that his election constitutes a threat to capital," Curley said. "The best answer to this argument is the fact that from the day that his candidacy as Democratic nominee for President was voted there has been a gradual disappearance of the psychology of fear and an upward turn in the stock and bond market."

"The public of the United States is familiar with his labors, has confidence in his judgment and apparently are prepared to accept his leadership. They recognize that with a leader of the type of Franklin D. Roosevelt the depression which started in 1929 would today be but a memory and the unemployed, who today are taxing the resources of every city and town in America to provide for their meals, would be at work."

The Boston mayor concluded his address by declaring that the slogan of patriotic Americans should be "elect Roosevelt and save America."

## TRANSIT BOARD BARS FIN COM PLAN, WILL SET NO MORE VALUES

Declines to Abdicate Power—Will Award \$1 in Land Takings,  
Let Each Case Go to Court For Settlement

Mayor James M. Curley yesterday forwarded, with his approval, the answer of the Transit Commission to the Finance Commission suggestions, made Friday, with reference to future acquisitions of property for tunnel purposes.

The Transit Commission refuses to abdicate its powers to the Finance Commission and proposes in the future

to award one dollar in all takings and let the matter go to the courts for adjudication.

Following is the report of the Transit Commission:

"As we have stated in previous communications to Your Honor, our uniform experience has demonstrated to us that the Transit Commission cannot prevail upon property owners to accept as damages for takings less than assessed valuation.

### Declares It Paid Lowest

"The simple fact is that in most cases where the owners of property declined to accept assessed valuation, they were able by court proceedings to obtain verdicts averaging 52.37 percent above assessed valuation, which forms sharp contrast to the voluntary settlements that the Transit Commission has been able to make, averaging less than 10 percent above assessed valuation, the lowest in the

history of this or any other municipality.

"We are convinced that the suggestion of the Finance Commission that property be acquired by purchase after negotiation will not result in the savings to the taxpayer that the communication of the Finance Commission asserts. On the contrary, we are of the opinion that such a method of approach would encourage property owners to take utterly unreasonable and arbitrary positions with reference to the alleged value of their properties. We believe that the method employed by the Transit Commissioners heretofore with reference to takings has been for the best interests of the city.

### Will Not Abdicate

"As public officers entrusted with the responsibility for the construction of the Traffic Tunnel, we must respectfully decline to abdicate our powers to the Finance Commission.

"The Transit Commission proposes in the future to make awards of one dollar in all takings, compelling the owners of the property involved to resort to the courts for judicial determination of the amounts to which they may be lawfully and justly entitled."

## TO SEEK POLICEMEN FOR CITY HOSPITAL

Trustees Want Four for Traffic General Patrol Duty

Four regular policemen will be permanently detailed to the City Hospital, to perform traffic duty as well as general police work, if Mayor Curley and the city council favor the inclusion of the necessary appropriation in the 1933 budget.

This announcement of the hospital trustees was the only worthwhile development of more than two hours of wrangling among councilmen and trustees yesterday which was featured by the flat refusal of Councilman John F. Dowd to inform the council committee on hospitals the names of persons al-

leged by him to be participants in wholesale looting of hospital refrigerators.

Joseph P. Manning, Dr. Martin J. English, Carl Dreyfus and Earl Adams of the board of trustees, and Supt. John J. Dowling met with the council committee, admitted that it is inevitable that petty thefts are frequently committed, but disclaimed any knowledge of any serious thievery.

Dowd has recently told the trustees of three persons whom he charges with implication in the wholesale looting of the chests. He was blocked, yesterday, by Trustees Manning and Dreyfus from reading to the committee, without disclosing the names of his correspondents, letters purporting to impart information about hospital thefts.

Trustee Dreyfus declared that the signatures should be made a part of a public record. The committee agreed with him.

Demand of Councilman Joseph McGrath for the submission of the names to the committee led Dowd to reply:

"I refuse to allow any councilman to put me on the spot. I've been in this game of politics too long."

Chairman Manning declared that investigation of police of the East Dedham street station of an anonymous charge against a hospital employee, 54 years old and earning \$13 a week, of serious thefts, was branded by Capt. William W. Livingston as "a vicious attempt to injure an honest and hard working woman."

The trustees admitted appreciation of the need of permanently assigned policemen and they expressed accord with the stand of Police Commr. Hultman that the hospital department should make reimbursement to the police of the salaries of the four men who services are regarded as necessary. The trustees declared that they will ask for the money in the forthcoming budget.

The hospital committee decided that as long as Dowd declined to provide evidence upon which the committee could act, the report to the council should characterize his charges as unsubstantiated.

## BUSHNELL HITS CURLEY ATTACK ON HOOVER

Former Dist.-Atty. Robert T. Bushnell of Middlesex county lashed out last night at Mayor Curley for having charged that President Hoover is indifferent to the suffering of the American people. He termed it "the cruelest of all false charges."

Speaking at numerous Boston rallies in behalf of President Hoover and Senator Bacon, Republican nominee for Lieutenant-Governor, he denounced what he termed the mud-slinging, misrepresentations and dishonest promises of the Democrats in this campaign.

"When, after eight years under the spotlight of important public office, Senator Bacon's opponents can only make the unfounded claim that they have a labor vote hog-tied, and delivered without consulting the laborers themselves it speaks more in his favor than could a thousand speeches in his behalf," he said.

## MAKE COMPLETE CITY SURVEY

Slum Clearance Projects to Be Given Preference

The South End survey now in progress through which a reconditioning of the entire area may result is part of the first complete architectural survey of the city of Boston.

Certain preliminary studies in the field of housing have been under way for the past nine months under the guidance of the Emergency Planning and Research Bureau, Inc., which has been aiding the unemployed architects and engineers and engaging them in the collection of statistics, the study of existing conditions and the development of studies for new housing in different sections of the city.

"It is generally understood that preference will be given to slum clearance projects rather than development of housing of raw land," according to William Stanley Parker, fellow of the

American Institute of Architects. "Some three months ago, Mayor Curley directed the city planning board to investigate the question of housing and what steps would need to be taken to secure some of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation funds for slum clearance projects in Boston.

"As a result of this original instruction and upon recommendation of the planning board, the Mayor has appointed an advisory committee on housing to co-operate with the planning board in this study.

"The real problem will be to obtain the slum areas at any price that will permit demolition of the existing structures and the construction of new housing of the required low cost units with a density per acre that will not exceed what the surrounding local conditions will determine to be reasonable.

"There's the rub. Until this underlying land cost problem is solved consideration of the details and costs of the contemplated new housing units is somewhat academic."

## COURT TO FIX CITY PROPERTY TAKING VALUES

Fin. Com. Criticism Causes  
This Course in Future  
Realty Dealings

Replying to the finance commission's charge that excessive sums had been paid property owners for land taken for the East Boston tunnel project, the transit commission yesterday reported to Mayor Curley that hereafter all property owners will have to go to the courts for determination of the sum due them.

"We are convinced," the report read, "that the suggestion of the finance commission that property be acquired by purchase after negotiation will not result in the savings to the taxpayers that the finance commission asserts."

"The transit commission proposes in the future to make awards of one dollar in all takings, compelling the owners of the property involved to resort to the courts for judicial determination of the amounts to which they may be lawfully entitled."

Agreeing with the commission's report the mayor said:

"I concur in the judgment of the transit commission since, apparently, this is the only method of payment for properties taken that to the present time has not been objected to by the finance commission."

JAMES M. CURLEY heard one candidate telling the Faneuil Hall audience what a whale of a fellow he, himself, was. And exclaimed

"I get impatient with these candidates who think of themselves alone. Let's go along with the whole ticket, Roosevelt and Garner, Ely and Swift, and the entire Democratic ticket."



## FIN COM HALTS SECRET DEALS

Asks Curley for All Data  
Prior to Price Fixing  
On Tunnel Deals

**NOTE IS INTERESTING,  
MAYOR DECLARES**

To prevent the transit commission from adding to avoidable payments of \$500,000 to real estate speculators who held options upon property taken for the East Boston traffic tunnel, the finance commission, yesterday requested Mayor Curley to submit to the commission information of proposed land takings prior to the making of any price award by the traffic commission.

The finance commission declared there is particular need for vigilance by the transit commission regarding the \$16,000,000 East Boston tunnel because the latter may prove a financial failure and an added burden for Boston taxpayers to carry.

The communication of the commission bore the signature of Charles M. Storey, who was named to membership to succeed Courtenay Guild last week. It immediately was sent to the transit commission by the mayor, whose only comment was that it was "interesting."

### HAS BEEN STRIKING HARD

The finance commission has been striking hard at the tunnel project, as far as it involves land takings, for several weeks and its request to the mayor, if granted, will prevent the commission from making awards of which the finance commission is kept in ignorance until the registry papers are actually filed.

Unnamed trustees of large estates were indicated in yesterday's report as grantors of options upon property in their charge at prices which appealed to them as the best obtainable but almost immediately after the consummation of this form of agreement, the city has taken the properties and the commission charges that in some cases profits of speculators have equalled the amounts specified in options.

The finance commission bluntly told the mayor that he was a participant in the method by which the transit commission has practically baffled timely investigation of its decisions.

Predicting that there is a probability that the \$16,000,000 tunnel will be a financial failure, the commission said: "In the minds of many of our citizens well qualified to express reliable opinions on the possibilities of this tunnel project, it is quite likely to prove a tremendous burden to the taxpayers. It behooves city officials, therefore, to be especially vigilant to keep the cost as low as possible."

It was cited that in anticipation of the acquisition of many properties for the \$3,000,000 Haymarket square widening project "speculators have been swarming over the district for the past seven years trying to obtain options on

property within the line of the improvement."

Reiterating criticism of the grant by the transit commission of an avoidable profit of \$49,000 to William K. Bean of Hingham, holder of an option on the Pettee property at 117-121 North street, the finance commission added:

The transit commission attempted to justify its award of assessed value by the assertion that it knew of no options or prices on the parcel. The finance commission believes the transit commission was derelict in its duty in not finding out about the options before it made an award.

The finance commission desires to repeat its belief that the city is under no obligation to pay assessed value or more for a parcel when the real owner who has paid taxes at that rate has sold his rights to the property for a fractional part of the assessed value.

## 1000 AT CEREMONY FOR RAINBOW GIRLS

Candidates from All Over  
N. E. Initiated Here

Candidates from all parts of New England were initiated into the Order of Rainbow for Girls at an exemplification of the rainbow initiatory ceremonial held last night at George W. Brown hall, New England Conservatory of Music, Huntington avenue, Back Bay.

Fully 1000 persons attended the colorful ceremony, which was supervised by the grand officers of the order. Among order, mother advisers, members of the Eastern Star and master Masons.

The grand assembly session started in the afternoon when visiting Rainbow Girls registered. A dinner was held in the evening, after which a memorial service was held, and then the initiation exercises were held.

Today the election of grand officers will be held, followed by a luncheon. Mayor Curley, it is expected, will address the assembly in behalf of the city. Later the newly elected grand officers will be installed and a ball will be held this evening in Brown hall.

The Rainbow Girls was sponsored eight years by the Boston Square and Compass Club and now the organization is represented in every state in New England and has a membership of many thousand girls.

## END "GRAB PLAN," AIM OF FIN. COM.

Asks Curley Aid War  
on Real Estate  
Speculators

Protesting that real estate speculators had reaped "scandalous profits" of more than \$500,000 at the expense of the city in the land takings for the \$19,000,000 East Boston traffic tunnel, the Finance Commission last night called upon Mayor Curley for advance information in regard to future awards as a possible means of squeezing out the speculators.

### HAS POWER TO SUMMONS

In the report, signed by Chairman Frank A. Goodwin and Attorney Charles Moorfield Storey, who has just taken his place on the investigating body, the Finance Commission explained that it had authority to summons property owners and learn whether they had granted options to speculators, a power lacked by the Transit Commission, which is charged with the tunnel takings and the construction of the vehicular tube.

The report criticised the law adopted by the 1932 Legislature, which permitted the Transit Commission to make land takings and grant damages without first publicly advertising the proposal and then granting a hearing to all persons interested.

### Hits Trustees of Big Estates

The Commission recalled that the first it knew of the award of \$129,000 for the Pettee property at North street, at a profit of \$49,000 to an alleged real estate speculator, was when the transaction was recorded in the Registry of Deeds.

The report took a fling at prominent trustees of large estates, pointing to the record that they had granted options to speculators, permitting the latter to cash in rich profits when the property was soon after taken over by the city.

### Sent to Transit Commission

Upon receiving the Finance Commission report, Mayor Curley forwarded it to the Transit Commission for consideration and reply. "I have this day," he wrote to Chairman Goodwin, "transmitted to the Transit Commission your communication, which contains the interesting recommendation that no takings be made by the Transit Commission until, and unless, advance information is given to the Finance Commission. I am sure that this recommendation will receive the consideration of the Transit Commission."

Chase

10/29/32

# SPECULATORS GOT \$500,000

## Fin Com So Asserts of Tunnel Takings

## Wants Mayor to Order Transit Board to Alter Methods

More than \$500,000 above agreement prices of owners of record has been paid realty speculators by the city, according to the Finance Commission, in the taking of seven East Boston Tunnel parcels and, in a communication to Mayor Curley yesterday, Chairman Goodwin of the Finance Commission asks that there be a change in the methods.

The Finance Commission wants the Mayor to give that body data on proposed takings and awards so that it may have the opportunity to obtain by its statutory authority information concerning options or agreements which would have an important bearing on the award by the Transit Commission.

Other than to acknowledge receipt of the letter from the Finance Commission and to state his belief that its "interesting recommendation" will receive the consideration of the Transit Commission, Mayor Curley made no comment on the matter.

He forwarded the Finance Commission's communication to the Transit Commission with a formal note requesting "early consideration" of the report.

### The Fin Com Letter

The Finance Commission's letter to the Mayor, signed by all of the members, follows in part:

"For the past three years the Finance Commission has been disclosing at more or less regular intervals the scandalous profits made at the expense of the city by real estate speculators who have been successful in securing control of parcels later taken for the East Boston Tunnel improvement.

"More than half a million dollars has already been paid by the city to speculators above the agreement price of the owners of record in the awards for only seven parcels in the takings for this improvement alone.

"Many of our best-known trustees of large estates have made agreements to sell property in their charge at what they considered the best possible prices obtainable in a private sale, by which agreements control of the parcels passed into the hands of speculators, only to find that immediately or soon afterwards the city took the property by right of eminent domain and paid the speculators profits which, in some cases, exceeded 100 percent.

### Each Taking Investigated

"The Finance Commission has investigated every taking and by the use of its legal authority to compel attendance of witnesses and presenta-

tion of books, papers, etc., the Commission has obtained the absolute evidence of the truth of the foregoing statements.

"Unfortunately, however, as in the case of the most recent flagrantly excessive award—the taking of the Pettee parcel on North st—the Finance Commission has not been able to disclose the facts before the award has been made. The reason for this is due to the method which the special statute authorizing the construction of the East Boston traffic tunnel permits the Transit Commission to follow in acquiring land it considers necessary. The Commission sits in private session, adopts a plan of a taking, brings it down to the Mayor for approval, and upon approval places the order of taking and the award for damages on record at the Registry of Deeds. This filing at the Registry is the first disclosure to the public that under the law a taking for this public purpose is made, or is to be made.

"This is in contrast to the power of taking by eminent domain usually given to a municipal body which requires notice by advertising of the purpose of the taking, the parcels to be taken and an opportunity for interested parties to be heard at a public hearing.

### Pettee Award Assailed

"On the Pettee parcel it was common knowledge in real estate circles that the owner of this parcel over a period of four years was giving options, or had entered into negotiations willing to give options, on the property where the prices ranged from \$60,000 to \$100,000, or from approximately 45 to approximately 75 percent of the assessed value.

"The Transit Commission attempted to justify its award of assessed value by the assertion that it knew of no options or prices on the parcel. The Finance Commission believes the Transit Commission was derelict in its duty in not finding out about the options before it made an award. To avoid such situations in the future, the Finance Commission now requests that before any taking is made, Your Honor give the Finance Commission data on proposed takings and awards, so that it might have an opportunity to obtain, by the use of its statutory authority, information concerning options or agreements which should have an important bearing on the award by the Transit Commission.

"The Commission desires to repeat its belief that the city is under no obligation to pay assessed value or more for a parcel when the real owner who has paid taxes at that rate has sold his rights to the property for a fractional part of the assessed value."

## CURLEY WILL SPEAK IN PROVIDENCE TONIGHT

### Mayor Leaves Tuesday to Fill Pennsylvania Engagements

Mayor Curley's political speaking engagements will demand practically his entire time until Sunday, Nov. 6. The cancellation of engagements in Vermont and Maine has permitted him to be the principal speaker tonight at a Democratic meeting in Providence.

Tomorrow night he will speak at a meeting of Boston women Democratic workers in the coffee room of the Hotel Touraine. According to the mayor's announcement Gov. Ely and Norman Hapgood will also speak.

Monday the mayor will speak at the Roosevelt rally in the Arena and Tuesday he will leave for a series of rallies in Pennsylvania which will wind up Nov. 6.

# \$694 TAXI BILL AMAZES CURLEY

## He Asks How Much More Would Buy Car

Mayor Curley today sent the following telegram in answer to the press reports that he and Gov Roosevelt were being sued in Los Angeles for use of an automobile:

"In the Boston press an account is carried to the effect that Gov Roosevelt and myself are being sued by your concern for an automobile that was used while in Los Angeles, Calif. I have never received a bill from anyone in connection with automobiles furnished while in California, and was unaware that there was any indebtedness outstanding against either myself or anyone else for the use of cars.

"I note that your bill calls for the sum of \$694, and I am desirous of ascertaining how much additional will be necessary in order to purchase the car used."

## GOV. ROOSEVELT AND CURLEY SUED

### Named in Los Angeles Firm's Effort to Collect Motor Rental

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 28 (AP) — A \$694 suit naming Franklin D. Roosevelt Democratic presidential nominee, Mayor James M. Curley of Boston and the Young Democratic Clubs of California as defendants was filed today by a motor livery company which asserted it had not received payment for automobiles furnished during visits of Roosevelt and Curley here last month.

The action, brought by the Tanner Motor Livery, Ltd., was followed by a writ of attachment directing the sheriff to seize money and effects of the Young Democratic Clubs of California in the banking and escrow departments of a bank here.

The motor livery company's attorney, D. R. Faries, said efforts had been made to collect the money from Democratic officials in Los Angeles and New York, but that all requests had been refused.

He said the money was due for cars rented during the visit of Mayor Curley, who spoke in behalf of Roosevelt Sept. 15, and during the visit of Roosevelt from Sept. 20 to 24.



# ELY LEADS IN WELCOME TO PARTY'S NOMINEE

Bay State Governor and Other  
Notables Greet National  
Standard Bearer

By BERNARD J. DOHERTY

Gov. Joseph B. Ely and other distinguished dignitaries assembled at Williamstown today to greet Gov. Roosevelt, Democratic presidential nominee, as he enters Massachusetts for a four-day whirlwind auto tour of this state and Maine, to be climaxed by a big Boston Arena rally next Monday night.

The Democratic standard bearer comes here on the crest of a great wave of popular enthusiasm, aroused by the earnest and sincere plea for a united Democracy, made 24 hours previously by his old friend and predecessor in office, the idolized "Al" Smith.

## VISITS SON AT GROTON

Williamstown, the place of Gov. Roosevelt's entrance, in addition to housing the college from which Gov. Ely matriculated, was the scene last night of a big demonstration in favor of the Democratic State and national tickets.

In receiving the New York chief executive, Gov. Ely will deliver a brief address of welcome in behalf of the people of Massachusetts. James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor, and Mayor Curley are members of the official welcoming group.

The schedule calls for the arrival of Gov. Roosevelt at Williamstown at 1:30 p. m. and for the departure of the cavalcade for Groton, where the governor's two young sons are attending school, at 1:45 p. m.

The route will be over the Mohawk Trail. Brief stops for the extension of greetings by the candidate will be made at these places: North Adams, 2 p. m., Greenfield, 3:30 p. m., Orange, 4:20 p. m., Athol, 4:45 p. m.,

Gardner, 5:15 p. m., Fitchburg, 6 p. m.

The party will arrive in Ayer about 6:45 p. m. and after a pause there will end the first leg of the tour in Groton, where the governor will spend tonight and Sunday at Parents House, Groton School. On Sunday afternoon after attending service, Governor Roosevelt will receive visits from various friends and later in the day will make a seven-minute plea by radio over a national hookup, for funds for the unemployed.

Because of the sudden death yesterday of Mrs. Daniel LeHand of Somerville, mother of Marguerite LeHand, the governor's secretary, Mrs. Roosevelt will not be able to join her distinguished husband in Groton.

Mrs. Roosevelt will attend private services for the late Mrs. LeHand, at the home of the deceased today at 3 p. m. and will leave Boston at 6:30 p. m. for Potsdam, N. Y., where burial will take place.

## MAINE ON MONDAY

Gov. Roosevelt on Monday will motor to Portland, Me., leaving Groton at 8 a. m., by way of Lowell, Lawrence, Haverhill, Exeter and Dover, N. H., and Berwick and Wells Beach, Me. At Portland, which he plans to reach about noon, he will deliver a 15-minute address.

The route to Boston on the re-

turn trip will be via Portsmouth, N. H., Newburyport, Beverly, Salem, Lynn, Chelsea, Revere, Somerville, Cambridge. His Boston headquarters will be at the Statler Hotel.

Whether this itinerary will be adhered to is not definitely known as the presidential candidate may capitulate to insistent demands from New Hampshire to visit Manchester.

Chairman Joseph A. Maynard is hopeful that Governor Roosevelt about 5 p. m. so that the people of this city may have the opportunity of seeing him at close range before the rally.

## WITCHES HANG AGAIN

In any event the candidate will be in Salem on Monday afternoon in accordance with a promise to attend the local Democratic ceremony of the hanging of the modern witches of despair and depression on the historical spot of Colonial days. At Lynn, arrangements have been made for an immense gathering on the common, where he is expected to pause for a few minutes.

At Cambridge, Gov. Roosevelt will motor past Harvard University where he will get a glimpse of the places which were familiar to him in his college days.

At the Arena, Monday night, the Governor's speech will be broadcast at 10:30 o'clock. The hour has been fixed because of national broadcasting arrangements.

Globe

## BUSHNELL SAYS CURLEY IS UNJUST TO HOOVER

Dist Atty Robert T. Bushnell of Middlesex County took the stump in Boston last night in the interests of Gaspar G. Bacon, Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and in an appeal for the re-election of President Hoover on the national ticket.

He denounced the traditional mudslinging of political campaigns, the misrepresentations, dishonest promises and deceit, and declared:

"We first crucify our Presidents when living and crown them when they are dead. The cruelist of all false charges, however, is that now being leveled against President Hoover by the Democratic politicians. It was made last night by Mayor Curley at the Democratic rally and has been made by others.

"They charge the President with callous indifference to the suffering of the American people during the last few years' and imply that he has not waved the magic wand to end the depression simply because he did not want to do so."

Speaking of the recent attacks on Senator Bacon, Dist Atty Bushnell said that Senator Bacon's record shows that he had supported upward of 56 labor measures in eight years as compared with eight votes in that time for which he is criticized, and said:

"It seems to me that in these times when governmental needs cry out for men of character, of proven worth, in public life, that when we find them it is highly important for our own interests to keep them if we can. Apparently, however, we are going to be able to keep Senator Gaspar G. Bacon."

## SUES ROOSEVELT AND CURLEY ON AUTO HIRE

Los Angeles Motor Livery  
Alleges \$694 Unpaid

LOS ANGELES, Oct 28 (A. P.)—A \$694 suit naming Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democratic Presidential nominee, Mayor James M. Curley of Boston and the Young Democratic Clubs of California as defendants was filed today by a motor livery company which asserted it had not received payment for automobiles furnished during visits of Roosevelt and Curley here last month.

The action, brought by the Tanner Motor Livery, Ltd., was followed by a writ of attachment directing the sheriff to seize money and effects of the Young Democratic Clubs of California in the banking and escrow departments of a bank here.

The motor livery company's attorney, D. R. Faries, said efforts had been made to collect the money from Democratic officials in Los Angeles and New York, but that all requests had been refused.

He said the money was due for cars rented during the visit of Mayor Curley, who spoke in behalf of Roosevelt Sept 15, and during the visit of Roosevelt from Sept 20 to 24.

## LOOKING BACKWARD

One of the most effective arguments in behalf of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt's candidacy for President was made by Mayor James M. Curley of this city when he drew

**Words  
the G. O. P.  
Would  
Like to  
Forget**

back the political curtain at the Arena and recalled some of the opinions expressed about President Hoover by Republican leaders four years ago.

Mayor Curley quoted Senator Borah, chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, who said then:

**"Whatever may be the great ability of Mr. Hoover, there is one individual who he does not know existed in this country, and that is the taxpayer."**

Mayor Curley told what Senator Goff of West Virginia, a candidate for the Republican presidential nomination in 1928, said at the Kansas City convention:

**"No man who lived for 25 years under the Union Jack can love the Stars and Stripes."**

Senator Watson, Republican majority floor leader in the Senate, had this to say in 1928 about Herbert Hoover, as Mayor Curley told his audience:

**"We used to nominate a man because of what he stood for. Now we are asked to nominate voiceless candidates to lead us."**

Most pointed of all, Mayor Curley recalled the words of Vice-President Curtis, spoken in June, 1928, about the man now running with him for re-election. Curtis' words were:

**"The Republican party cannot afford to nominate Herbert Hoover. It would be apologizing for him from the moment of nomination until the polls close in November."**

It was hardly kind of Mayor Curley to hark back to the days of 1928 and hurl back into the faces of G. O. P. leaders the cruel things they said four years ago about Mr. Hoover.

It emphasized the inconsistencies of the Republican leaders and their eagerness now to forget their 1928 opinions in order to keep their party continued in power.

Mayor Curley might have added that the same inconsistency is not affecting thousands of former Republican voters—not leaders and strategists, but average voters.

They followed their leaders in 1928 and elected Mr. Hoover. But they are not following their party leaders in 1932. They are thinking for themselves.

For which reason, as Mayor Curley pointed out in his Arena address, there is every expectation that Governor Roosevelt will be elected November 8.



Mayor Curley

## CURLEY FORUM WILL REOPEN

**Rally Monday to Boost  
Roosevelt Cause**

The famous Roosevelt Forum used by Mayor Curley in the primary campaign will reopen next Monday in the interest of the New York Governor and the entire State ticket. The State Democratic committee requested that Mayor Curley, though he will be in Pennsylvania next week campaigning for Gov. Roosevelt, open the building at 39 Court st for a whirlwind campaign finish.

At noon on Monday the doors will be open and in addition to speeches for Roosevelt, there will be distributed 5000 tickets for the Roosevelt rally at the Arena Monday evening. There is a tremendous demand for tickets to hear the Democratic candidate and steps have been taken for a speedy distribution. In addition to the 5000 to be distributed at the Forum meeting Monday, a similar number will be distributed tomorrow night at the women's meeting at the Touraine Hotel. At the women's meeting there will be addresses by Gov. Ely, Mayor Curley and Norman Hapgood, the latter from national headquarters.

Because of the tremendous interest manifested in the Arena rally Monday night for Roosevelt, Garner, Ely, Swift and the entire State ticket, loud-speakers will be installed for the benefit of the thousands it is expected will not be able to gain entrance to the building.

The program for opening day of the forum follows: Singing of "Star Spangled Banner," by Sheila O'Donovan Rossa; introduction of Joseph A. Maynard, presiding officer, by Daniel J. Chapman, president of the Democratic city committee; speeches by Senator David I. Walsh, Gov. Joseph B. Ely, James Roosevelt, Mayor James M. Curley, Mrs. Agnes Parker and Dr. Helen I. Doherty MacGillcuddy; singing of "America," by Michael McCormack. Billie Barker will sing campaign songs between the speeches.

## DEMOCRATIC WOMEN TO CONDUCT TOURAINE RALLY

Local women Democratic campaign workers will conduct a rally tomorrow afternoon at the Touraine, at which it is hoped Gov. Ely can be present and make an address. Mayor Curley and Congressman John W. McCormack will be the leading speakers.



# SEES GOOD DAYS WITH ROOSEVELT

## Tide Has Turned Since His Nomination, Says Curley

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 29—Speaking here tonight before the Rhode Island State Branch of the American Federation of Labor, Mayor Curley of Boston declared that the election of Franklin D. Roosevelt to the presidency would return prosperity to America, pointing to the rise of the stock and bond markets from the day of his nomination.

### ROOSEVELT TURNED TIDE

"The enemies of Franklin D. Roosevelt would," said the Mayor, "have you believe that his election constitutes a threat to capital and the best answer to this argument is the fact that from the day that his candidacy as Democratic nominee for the Presidency was voted there has been a gradual disappearance of the psychology of fear and upward turn in the stock and bond market.

"The election of Franklin D. Roosevelt will ensure a determined and unrelenting fight for the repeal of the 18th Amendment and on immediate modification of the Volstead Act through which respect for American institutions may be restored, and the morality of the youth of the land conserved, and the poor man permitted to enjoy the privilege that today is enjoyed by the well to do alone. The tremendous revenue that now finds its way into the pockets of the impudent and insolent criminal underworld, will once more flow into the treasuries of the federal government, the States and the subdivisions of the State.

### Criticises Hoover

"The opportunity to support his candidacy should be deemed a privilege by every individual interested in the preservation and perpetuation of American institutions."

Contending that "work and wages" were the only solution of the unemployment problem, the Mayor criticised President Hoover for substituting the "dole" for labor's demand for a major construction programme. He said:

"There is but one alternative for the dole and there never has been any other since the beginning of time and that is work and wages, with the right character of leadership and I am confident that when Franklin D. Roosevelt has been elected President, work and wages will once more be the lot of the American people under his splendid leadership."

# MUST FIGHT FOR TUNNEL LAND COSTS

## Awards for Takings in Future to Be Made by Courts

Real estate speculators will be forced to go to court to obtain damages from the city for property to be taken in the future in connection with the \$19,000,000 East Boston traffic tunnel, the Boston Transit Commission announced last night, in replying to criticism from the Finance Commission.

### MUST FIGHT FOR AWARDS

Mayor Curley has approved the decision of the transit commissioners to award \$1 for each parcel which the city must take by eminent domain at Haymarket square, Merrimac and Cross streets to clear out an approach to the tunnel entrance.

The Finance Commission had protested that "speculators have been swarming over the district for the past seven years trying to obtain options on property within the line of the improvement. These options," the investigating commission asserted, "are frequently obtained at one-half to two-thirds the assessed value."

Chairman Frank A. Goodwin's group protested against awarding damages amounting to the assessed value, claiming that speculators had been able to buy for less and made a profit of \$500,000 at the expense of the city in previous tunnel takings.

The Finance Commission demanded advance data on proposed land takings so that it could call in the property owners and learn whether options had been granted to speculators.

### Transit Board's Statement

"As public officers entrusted with the responsibility for the construction of the traffic tunnel," replied the Transit Commission late yesterday, "we must respectfully decline to abdicate our powers to the Finance Commission. The Transit Commission proposes in the future to make awards of \$1 in all takings, compelling the owners of the property involved to resort to the courts for judicial determination of the amounts to which they may be lawfully and justly entitled."

Commenting on the decision of the Transit Commission, Mayor Curley

voiced his agreement, stating: "I concur in the judgment of the Transit Commission since this, apparently, is the only method of payment for properties taken that to the present time has not been objected to by the Finance Commission."

The Transit Commissioners contended, however, that juries have granted 52.37 per cent above the assessed valuation to those property owners who have already gone to court in connection with the tunnel land takings, whereas in those cases that have been settled by the Transit Commission without going to court, they claim the city has paid less than 10 per cent above the assessed valuation.

## Great Rally for Roosevelt

### Meeting Tomorrow Night at the Arena Is Expected to Bring Huge Crowds—Long List of Local Speakers

Massachusetts Democrats are preparing to give Governor Roosevelt a most enthusiastic greeting at the rally at Boston Arena, tomorrow night. Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the Democratic State committee has received word of large delegations from various cities throughout the State coming to Boston for the meeting, and is expecting one of the largest turn-outs in years.

In order to accommodate the crowds expected to attend, the doors of the Arena will be thrown open to the public at 6:30 o'clock, and speaking will begin at 7:30, although Governor Roosevelt will not go on the air until 10:30.

During the three hours before the Roosevelt speech, which is expected to be one of the outstanding important addresses of the campaign, Governor Ely, Senator Walsh and Mayor Curley will speak. There will also be speeches by Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Sayre, daughter of Woodrow Wilson, in whose administration Governor Roosevelt was Assistant Secretary of the Navy; Vincent Brogna, grand venerable of the Sons of Italy of Massachusetts; Samuel Kalesky, vice-president of the American Jewish Congress; Major Julian D. Ranney, regional director of the Colored Democratic League of New England; J. Henry Coguen, president of the Roosevelt-Ely France-American Society, and Stanley W. Loski, president of the 65 Associated Jewish Societies of Greater Boston.

## GOV ROOSEVELT CALLS CURLEY TO VISIT HIM

Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt has asked Mayor James M. Curley to come to Groton this afternoon for a conference at 2 o'clock. The Mayor received a wire from the Presidential candidate last night after he had returned from a rally at Providence.

Mayor Curley will go over the road to Groton and will be accompanied by his daughter, Mary, and Miss Jeanne Smyth, a school chum of his daughter.

## 2000 CHEER CURLEY IN ROOSEVELT PLEA

### Mayor, at Providence, Asks Labor Support for Party

Special Dispatch to the Globe

PROVIDENCE, Oct 29—In a ringing speech, one that provoked tumultuous applause from more than 2000 persons, Mayor James M. Curley of Boston tonight urged the election of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Boston's Chief Executive, chief speaker at a big Roosevelt-Garner rally in Elks' Auditorium, brought his address to a dramatic ending by exclaiming, "Elect Roosevelt and save America!"

The rally was held under the auspices of the Rhode Island labor division of the Democratic national committee. John T. Burns, veteran labor leader, presided and among the speakers were J. Howard McGrath, chairman of the Rhode Island Democratic State committee; Theodore Francis Green, gubernatorial candidate; John P. Hartigan, candidate for Attorney General; John H. Powers, veteran textile labor leader, and Thomas F. McMahon, president of the United Textile Workers of America.

### Lauds His Labor Record

It was a rousing rally and Boston's chief executive fired the audience with enthusiasm when he paid handsome tribute to Gov Roosevelt by asserting that he is a genuine friend of labor.

Mayor Curley motored to this city and returned home immediately after the rally. He was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Mary Curley, City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan and Miss Jeanne Smyth, chum of Miss Mary Curley.

Mayor Curley was given an ovation when he was introduced and was continually interrupted by applause as he paid tribute to organized labor and Gov Roosevelt.

"The enemies of Franklin D. Roosevelt," said the speaker, "would have you believe that his election constitutes a threat to capital and the best answer to this argument is the fact that from the day that his candidacy as nominee for the Presidency was voted there has been a gradual disappearance of the psychology of fear and upward turn in the stock and bond market."

Mayor Curley brought the crowd to its feet when he declared that the election of Roosevelt means the immediate modification of the Volstead Act and a determined fight for the repeal of the 18th Amendment.

## REPUBLICAN LEADER QUIZZES ROOSEVELT

### Richardson Asks If Other Promised Curley Anything

John Richardson, Republican national committeeman for Massachusetts, sent a telegram yesterday to Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt at Groton School, asking him to answer five questions.

The message was as follows:

"You have throughout the campaign refused to answer questions of anxious citizens on important matters of public policy directly affecting their daily lives. You remained silent with what has proved to be the lame excuse that you would reply only to the President. He has forcefully demanded that you state your position on every point, and you still persist in silence or evasion on all major issues. When you speak in Boston Monday voters of Massachusetts have right to know your answers to these five questions:

"In the face of marked recovery in industry in Massachusetts, have you a single suggestion for hastening this improvement except tree-planting and tariff reduction?

"How do you propose to effect a change in prohibition or bring back beer, as you promise (1), when you have personally released Democratic members of Congress from the platform pledge; (2), when, after that pledge, Speaker Garner blocked the vote for beer in the House and 23 Democrats voted against it in the Senate; (3), and when Democratic Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts publicly declares that the plan, as proposed by President Hoover and the Republican party, offers the quickest and most practical way of bringing about change?

"What political promissory notes have you outstanding to James M. Curley?

"What are the excessively high industrial tariff rates which you say you would lower? How can more imports of cheap foreign goods mean anything but more unemployment for Massachusetts workers?

"Do you include as 'controlled by Republican party' the two outstanding figures which Massachusetts has in recent years contributed to the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States: Justices Oliver Wendell Holmes and Louis D. Brandeis?"

## ROOSEVELT RALLY PLANS NEAR COMPLETION HERE

Arrangements for the Roosevelt rally in the Boston Arena Monday night were being rapidly pushed to completion last night by Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the Democratic State committee.

The Boston Arena will be thrown open to the public at 6:30 p. m. The rally will begin at 7:30. Gov Roosevelt's address will be broadcast over a Nationwide hookup, beginning at 10:30.

Gov Joseph B. Ely, Senator David I. Walsh and Mayor James M. Curley will speak. Chairman Maynard will preside and will be presented by Henry E. Lawler, chairman of the Democratic city committee.

Other speakers will be Vincent Brogna, Samuel Kalesky, Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Sayre, Maj. Julian D. Rainey, J. Henry Goguen and Stanley S. Wisniosk. Etha Foye Moran, Marie Murray and Countess Elektra Rosanska will sing.

## ORDER OF RAINBOW GRAND ASSEMBLY SESSION CLOSES

The eighth annual session of the Massachusetts Grand Assembly, Order of the Rainbow for Girls, closed last evening with installation ceremonies in George W. Brown Hall. Preceding the final exercises Maj. Charles Harding, representing Mayor Curley, addressed the young women. Other speakers included Mrs. Laura M. Bond, grand chaplain, Order of Eastern Star; Miss Dorothy G. Fritzsche, George N. Clark of Ohio, Mrs. Elsie M. Barker and Freemont S. Eggleston.

Sadie Birnie, Reading, installing officer, was assisted by Elvie Sipola, Virginia Tolman, Ruth Brownell and Virginia Allard. The officers installed are Dorothy G. Fritzsche, grand worthy adviser; Ruby W. Churchill, associate adviser; Anna Turner, grand charity; Violet Green, grand hope; Doris Field, grand faith; Vivian Hollis, grand recorder; Janet Finlayson, grand treasurer, and Stella Crowell, chaplain. Mrs. Lulu H. Gobrecht was in charge of the general committee.

## BESSIE EDWARDS POST INSTALLATION TUESDAY

Miss Alice E. Carey, executive secretary of the veterans' administration in the Boston office, will be installed as commander of the Bessie P. Edwards post, No. 264, American Legion, at exercises to be held in the Hotel Kenmore Tuesday at 8 P. M. The post membership is composed of women who served in the United States navy during the war, and is named for the daughter of Gen. Clarence R. Edwards of the Yankee division.

Officers of the post will be installed by Oscar P. Kent, county commander, and the Quincy post degree team. James P. Rose, state commander of the

legion; Gov. Ely, Maj. Charles Harding, representing Mayor Curley; Mrs. Sybil Holmes, assistant attorney-general; and others are expected to speak.

Other officers to be installed include: Mrs. Eleanor W. Love, senior vice-commander; Mrs. Margaret Flaherty, junior vice-commander; Miss Mary L. March, adjutant; Mrs. Helen J. MacDonald, finance officer; Miss V. E. Kirkland, chaplain; Mrs. Dorothy M. Cady, historian; and Mrs. Gertrude L. Hurwitz, sergeant-at-arms; and Mrs. Anna L. McNulty, Miss Ellen Cummings, Miss Jane Carney, Mrs. Mollie Grady and Mrs. Sally Devlin, members of the executive committee.



# Smith Commands a Mighty Following Here; To Swing It to Roosevelt is Another Matter

By ROBERT CHOATE

It is an old political maxim that a man may get millions of votes for himself, but he can rarely shift them to somebody else. If it were possible for one man to set up a dynasty simply by reason of his own popularity it would have been done here and elsewhere in these United States long since. The carrying on of a political machine is done through the efficiency of the machine itself rather than through the popularity of one of its members.

It is for this reason that I doubt if Al Smith's visit to Boston will very much affect the result in this state. Admitting that Mr. Smith is the idol of a vast number of Democrats and a not inconsiderable number of Republicans, for that matter; admitting the manner in which he fathoms the psychology of the multitude, admitting his personal charm, the breeziness and effectiveness of his manner of presenting campaign arguments; admitting the radiance of the most winning political personality of this day and age, I still feel that the most that Mr. Smith may have done is to have hauled into line a few of his wavering admirers.

The men and women who went down the line for Smith in 1928 could hardly have failed to catch the significance of his allusion to the Chicago convention. In practical politics the man who is not for you is against you. When Smith stated "I was not satisfied with that Chicago convention. I know that you were not satisfied," what did he really mean? What was the bitter pill he had had to swallow?

## DISSATISFIED WITH SWITCH

The answer is perfectly plain. Mr. Smith was not satisfied with the switch, brought about by W. R. Hearst, engineered by Mayor Curley, and executed by representatives of the greatest intolerance against him, William Gibbs McAdoo and John Nance Garner. When Mr. Smith in his Newark speech, condemned the bigotry practised by the Republican party in the 1928 campaign he was not aiming so much at the bigotry of northern Republicans, because admittedly there was less of that sort of vileness here than anywhere else. The people against whom the Smith spear was most directly launched were the very southern states which form the background of the present Roosevelt strength.

Al Smith, by all rights, ought to be the Democratic candidate. By his courage, his forcefulness, his plain understandable statements, Smith turned the prohibition tide. If he had not been the Democratic candidate in 1928, it is very doubtful if the dregs would be so utterly routed as they appear to

be today. It was Smith and Raskob and Jouett Shouse, who set out to give the Democratic party a place in the sun, who never failed to place Mr. Hoover in the worse light rather than the better, who started that Democratic organization which is today functioning for Roosevelt. This three years of groundwork has been tremendously effective. Their assiduous efforts are largely responsible today for a situation where Mr. Hoover has to re-sell himself to the country. From the viewpoint of Republicans it may be unfortunate; but it is nevertheless practical politics.

## RIGHTFULLY THE CANDIDATE

Mr. Smith was rightfully the Democratic standard bearer in 1932. What is the record? He was prevented from getting the 1924 nomination by McAdoo and southern Democrats. He got the 1928 nomination because he could not be stopped, but he was defeated in the election largely because of the group which McAdoo so well represents and because southern states which had not gone Republican since the civil war, left him flat.

Since the election of Mr. Hoover, Al Smith has been not only the titular head of his party but he has been its living, breathing embodiment. Now we may ask who stopped Smith at the Chicago convention? William Randolph Hearst, William Gibbs McAdoo, and John Nance Garner of Texas.

Hearst was the man who attempted to kill Smith in New York. McAdoo was the man who killed Smith's chances in 1924. It was Garner who killed Smith off in the Chicago convention, for, had the deadlock gone two more ballots, had McAdoo not announced the Garner-Hearst deal, Roosevelt would never have been the nominee of that convention.

It is small wonder then that Mr. Smith, in his Boston speech, said that he "was not satisfied with that Chicago convention. I know that you were not satisfied." As a party man he went down the line as he has gone down the line for his friends always. But behind his dissatisfaction I believe there was a hurt which he cannot disclose and

which his friends are not likely to forget while they remain his friends.

To hear Mr. Smith over the radio, to read his speeches, to witness the admiration which Boston can bestow on him is to leave no doubt in any fair mind that he has a most marvelous grasp on a tremendously large number of people in this country. When one stops to consider the position that Al Smith occupies today in American public life one cannot be but thankful that he is here to prevent demagogues and blatherskites from making the Democratic party the party of discontent and revolution. If Al Smith's energies were directed in any other channel than that in which they are directed today we

might well see class arrayed against class; section against section, and radicalism rampant.

## DEVASTATING ATTACKS

If he were willing to forego the principles for which he has always stood to gain momentary favor, in the manner of politicians, by promising the impossible, by arousing those emotions unworthy of decent people, he could probably have snatched the Democratic nomination away from Roosevelt and have walked into the White House. Instead it is Smith who has made the most devastating attacks on the Democratic nominee, who has warned him of demagoguery, of insincerity, and whose managers at the Chicago convention accused Roosevelt of being a weakling. No Republican has gone to such limits.

It is because of the position in which Mr. Smith has been placed in this campaign that thousands of Democrats, especially in Massachusetts, will go through for the local ticket but choke in voting for Mr. Roosevelt. It is for this reason that the Socialist party will poll the highest vote in its history. Even the Literary Digest figures show that Norman Thomas, Socialist candidate, is polling 5 per cent. of the total vote. If 40,000,000 vote are cast this election, 10 days hence, the Socialists will receive about 2,000,000 votes compared to the 260,000 they received in 1928. A gain of 1000 per cent. in four years is something to be reckoned with. But a very large part of that vote, especially in this state, will be because the followers of Al Smith could not stomach Roosevelt.

The Socialists have managed to get their candidates on the tickets in all but three states, Nevada, Louisiana and Idaho, where the rigidity of the election laws blocks a third party unable to participate in the primaries. In addition to the Smith defection the Socialists expect to get their votes from those who are disgusted with the "reactionaryism" of Hoover and the "fake liberalism" of Roosevelt.

If you still believe that a man can swing his personal devoted following into line for a candidate they do not particularly like, study the votes of certain Boston wards the day after election. Compare these totals with the result in 1928.

## Greets 'Little Caesar'



LEFT TO RIGHT, Mayor Curley, Mrs. Robinson and Edward G. Robinson, star gangster portrayer of the films. Robinson was the guest of honor at a luncheon yesterday in the Hotel Statler, attended by officials of the Warner Bros. Vitagraph Corporation. (Staff Photo.)

Post



## CURLEY LASHES HOOVER IN R. I. TALK TO LABOR

Deplores Wage Cuts, Fourth of  
People on 'Dole'; Roose-  
velt Is Only Hope

Providence, Oct. 29—Reduction of wages was termed a "fallacy" here tonight by Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, who spoke in the interests of Franklin D. Roosevelt before the Rhode Island branch of the American Federation of Labor. Mayor Curley praised organized labor and said the pledge of equal opportunity would be meaningless without organized labor.

On the candidacy of Gov. Roosevelt, he predicted that a victory for the Democratic ticket would mean the flowing of tremendous revenue into the coffers of the government instead of into the channels of the underworld.

"The fallacy of reducing wages is today recognized and there is every indication that the hosts of labor will shortly be reinforced by economists and capitalists, all interested in a program that will make for continuity of employment for the worker and prosperity for the nation," Curley said.

Turning to the administration of President Hoover, Curley attributed the "uncomplaining patience and superb patriotism of the American people in a large measure to the American Federation of Labor.

"Organized labor has been an earnest and ardent advocate of a major construction program, believing rightly and wisely that the only alternative for the dole is work and wages," he said.

"The President of the United States in the early part of 1931, shared the opinion expressed by your president, William Green.

"But at the behest of the bankers, President Hoover abandoned that policy and principle for the dole, with the result that today more than one-fourth of the entire population of America is receiving aid from public and private agencies.

"Such adoption and extension of the dole system is a challenge to the continued existence of the American republic, since it is not only destroying initiative but also the self respect of the recipient."

Curley continued with an urge to vote for Roosevelt and end the threat of a dole system.

"Work and wages will once more be the lot of the American people under his splendid leadership," he said.



# Registration Gains Raise Republican Hopes; Interest Keen in Roosevelt Visit Tomorrow

By W. E. MULLINS

Confidential reports received from many sections of the commonwealth by Amos L. Taylor, chairman of the Republican state committee, have convinced him beyond question that his workers derived the more benefit from the fall registration drive, in spite of the fact that the Democrats received the more advertising.

He has prepared a chart which contains reports from every city and town in the state, and the statistics contained therein have been extremely gratifying to him. If they are accurate, as he has every reason to believe they are, they indicate an undercurrent of Republican interest in the election that has not been capitalized.

For instance, the city of Boston placed 67,313 new voters on the list. Of this total, Herman Hormel informs Taylor that 40 per cent. is Republican. The report from Lowell, a Democratic city, furnishes another example. There, 3242 names were added to the list, and 60 per cent. are enrolled as Republicans.

These same conditions prevail rather generally, and show that the intensive registration work directed by the party headquarters, although accomplished quietly, was highly effective. In the face of these figures, it is idle to believe that the extensive attention commanded by the recent appearance here of Alfred E. Smith has resulted in turning the state's 17 electoral votes over to Gov. Roosevelt, as has been claimed by Mayor Curley.

The first real, tangible evidence of the force of Smith's appeal for his party's national ticket probably will be available tomorrow night at the Boston Arena, where Roosevelt will speak from the same platform from which Smith delivered his whole-hearted plea for party harmony.

If the Arena rally tomorrow night attracts crowds of similar proportions and provokes enthusiasm to a like degree there will be some basis for the claim that Smith probably has succeeded in doing his party a great service here. He undeniably is the greatest showman in politics today, but it remains to be determined whether the people will vote as his admirers cheered.

## THREE-RING CIRCUS

Last Thursday's Arena rally was a three-ring circus. The program was altogether too long and boring as it progressed to its climax. The people came to see and hear Smith and, to a lesser degree, Gov. Ely, but they were forced to listen to many harangues that made no votes.

This was agreed on by a small group of the party leaders who were opposed from the outset to making the program

so long. It was urged on Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the state committee to curtail it to some extent, but he was adamant.

As it turned out, James Roosevelt, the son of the presidential candidate, was treated rather shabbily. He was invited to speak and he prepared an address. In fact, accepting the invitation in good faith, he distributed copies of a prepared speech to the press and some of the New York papers printed it as if it had been given.

In spite of the advance arrangements he was shut out of his place, and that ought to indicate that there is not complete sincerity behind the reports of complete party harmony. He is a popular young man, and an appearance by him would have done much more good toward creating a sympathetic sentiment toward his father than the delivery of some of the second and third-class speeches that were made.

Smith is rather universally admired for his candor, and in his appearance here he once again demonstrated his sincerity. It may be recalled that it was published in this column some months ago that he had stated privately shortly after the Chicago convention that he never would be found in the position of telling his supporters that Roosevelt would make a good President.

Now Smith has proved beyond question that his party loyalty is genuine and his willingness to go through for the man who deprived him of a second chance to gain the presidency shows how great his loyalty is. Nevertheless, it is only fair to call attention to the fact that Smith has not yet told his supporters that he believes Roosevelt would make a good President.

Smith's frank advocacy of free trade will not be of any great assistance to the Democrats in the industrial cities of this commonwealth. If the shoe and leather and textile workers get the impression that tariff schedules under Democratic administration are not going to protect their industries, they are not likely to desert the Republican ticket in spite of pressure.

The tariff undeniably is a difficult topic to discuss before large city audiences. In the industrial centres the workmen know the value of this protection and it probably would be shrewd tactics for the Republicans to call attention to this section of his speech.

## GOVERNORSHIP FIGHT

The campaign for the governorship is probably the most intense fight all up and down the ticket. Gov. Ely now finds himself pretty much in the same position as that in which he had Gov. Allen two years ago. In 1930 Ely went up and down the state attacking the Allen ad-

ministration from many angles. Allen had no adequate reply, except a defence, because Ely had no record in public service to be examined.

This year Ely's record in office has been placed under fire by Lt.-Gov. Youngman and Ely has been defending his administration. The Governor showed a new side to his campaign tactics at the Arena rally when he stepped out of his defensive role and engaged in the fiercest attack he has yet fired at Youngman.

The Governor, incidentally, let the public in on a secret on that occasion. In the section of his speech in which he berated Youngman for his activities in the council he said he told Youngman that "unless he forgot his politics and gave his attention to matters of state, I should feel compelled to remove him from the important committees and to substitute in his place a member who would give them attention."

Now, if the Governor actually did threaten to deprive the Lieutenant-Governor of his committee appointments, it came entirely as news because no inkling of any such threat ever before had been published.

From now on attention probably will be centred rather forcibly on the campaign that Senator Caspar G. Bacon has been waging for Lieutenant-Governor. He has been given remarkably fine receptions in all sections of the state and from now on he will have strong assistance from many wings of the party.

The only issue which John E. Swift of Milford, his Democratic rival, seems to have is Bacon's legislative record on organized labor measures. Swift will discover that there is no labor vote to be delivered to any candidate by the so-called leaders any more than there is a service man's vote to be tossed around by veterans' organizations, or a woman's vote to be delivered by clubs.

## SERVES ON NO COMMITTEE

It's probably quite true that over the last four years Bacon has no record to discuss in respect to organized labor. Neither has he had any record over this same period on legislation of any other character. The reason is that the Senate president serves on no committees and votes only in the event of a tie. With the Senate make-up composing 30 Republicans and only 10 Democrats, he has had only few opportunities to vote.

Congressman Robert Luce has returned to his home to finish off the election campaign, and we recommend to him for good political ammunition the strong indorsement recently given him in a Springfield radio address by Congressman William J. Granfield, a Democrat.

POST

10/31/32

HERALD

# CURLEY IRE AROUSSED AT BOOH SLUR

Weighs 210 and Bodes  
Ill to Any if Tried  
Face to Face

## MAYNARD FORCED TO ENTER BY WINDOW

There was such a large crowd in the Hotel Touraine last night when Mayor Curley called the Democratic women workers together that Joseph A. Maynard, chairman of the State committee, had to crawl in a window on the LaGrange street side of the hall. After speaking, the way out was so jammed that Maynard went out the same window he came in.

Mayor Curley is 58 years old and weighs 210 pounds, stripped, and he doesn't intend to put up with any more booing such as that which greeted him in the Arena the other night at the Smith rally. He said so last night in those exact words. Worn and tired from the strenuous campaigning of the last two months, he Mayor opened up and gave voice to some of the resentment that has been harbored in his breast since that night.

## ONLY COWARDS, MAYOR SAYS

Only cowards would boo him in that fashion, he declared, and why he should be treated that way is something that he can't fathom. "I can't understand," he said, "why any individual in Boston should have the thought of booing me in a public meeting. I know of no man in America whose life is more of an open book than mine."

"I don't propose to enter into any dissertation about Curley. This is the third depression in which I have served as Mayor and the needy people of Boston by the thousands must thank Almighty God that Curley is on the job this year."

## Supposes Republican Inspired It

"I was surprised to read in the newspapers that there was a possibility of Curley being booed at the Arena. I didn't know I had any less right than any other citizen to exercise my own discretion. I cancelled out-of-town engagements in order to be present

that night because nobody has ever accused me of cowardice, at least to my face."

"There were some boos at the Arena. I suppose they were plants sent there by Republicans or by people who don't know what it is to get a crack on the chin and take it. I have no apologies to make for my support of Roosevelt in the primary election. There was no other candidate."

## Won't Permit Insult to Face

"I swallowed a lot of pride recently when somebody was appointed to take charge of registration, which I had been carrying on for six weeks and for which I spent \$3000 out of my own pocket. I was prevented for a long time from opening the Forum and I was only requested to do so within the last 72 hours."

"I am 58 years old and weigh 210 pounds stripped, and I have never met any man, regardless of his age or weight, whom I would permit to insult me to my face. And it would be advisable for any individual in the future to refrain from booing, so far as I am concerned."

The Mayor was speaking at a meeting of ward workers called by the Democratic city committee in the women's headquarters at the Hotel Touraine. A crowd that jammed the place and overflowed into the corridors applauded him to the echo as he made a stirring defence of his activities.

Mayor Curley, predicting that the city would show a majority of 125,000 for Roosevelt, informed those present that 10,000 medallions have been made ready and will be sold to get \$10,000 for carrying on the work here in Boston.

## RECEIVERS WELL WISHERS

The remainder of the afternoon was devoted to receiving visitors and well wishers who crowded the house to greet him. Hundreds of others contented themselves merely with motoring by the home, satisfied with a glimpse at Gov. Roosevelt.

The Democratic nominee closed his day with a radio speech urging citizens to contribute to funds being raised for charity purposes.

Mayor Curley said that Gov. Roosevelt's confidence remains unshaken. While the presidential candidate ignored the questionnaire of John Richardson, Massachusetts national committeeman, with respect to promises alleged to have been made to Mayor Curley in return for his support, the mayor gave out a vigorous denial.

"No pledge or promise," said Curley, "of any character has been exacted of Gov. Roosevelt by me. This denial includes requests for political preferment of any description. The plain truth is we have never even referred to such proposals, let alone discuss them. I am supporting Roosevelt, as I have been from the start, because of the splendid leadership he offers to the American people."

## MRS. SAYRE CALLS

Others from Boston to meet Gov. Roosevelt were: Judge Edward A. Counihan, Mayor John J. Murphy of Somerville, Edward G. Morris of Quincy and Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, the former Jessie Wilson, and her daughter, Eleanor Sayre.

In Mayor Curley's party were his daughter, Mary Curley, Miss Jane Anne Smyth of Chicago and City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan.

Gov. Roosevelt was graduated from here in 1900 and he had the pleasure today of greeting six of the faculty who were here when he was a student. They are Dr. Peabody, the Rev. Sherrard Billings, H. H. Richards, Warren Sturgis, Guy Ayrault and C. S. Griswold.



# City Employees Taxed \$5000 to Aid Roosevelt

## Curley Forms Cheering Section for Rally Tonight—Will Punch Any Who Boo Him in Future

Mayor Curley last night made a demand on city employees for one-half of the fund of \$10,000 needed for election day expenses in Boston, and threatened physical punishment to any individual who dares to boo him in the future.

Seven women employees of the municipal employment bureau were directed by him to canvass workers in all city buildings and elsewhere in an endeavor to dispose of 10,000 medallions of Gov. Roosevelt at \$1 each in order to make certain that funds will be available for manning the polls and getting out the Democratic voters election day.

The mayor said he expected from 4000 to 5000 of these medallions will be sold in the city departments.

Speaking at a meeting of Democratic women at the Hotel Touraine, Curley pointed out that he and Gov. Ely have not always been friendly "for sufficient reasons," and added that "I recognize that my principal obligation is to my party and my country."

The mayor combined a prediction that Boston will register a record Democratic majority of 125,000 with the exhortation to the audience to attend the Roosevelt rally tonight and to break into cheers whenever the presidential candidate reaches a period in his address.

Denouncing anyone who boos as a coward, the mayor, confessing that he is 58 years old and weighs 210 pounds stripped, asserted that no person has ever insulted him to his face and shuted a defiant threat to engage in personal encounter with any individual who resorts to boos in the future.

His virtual demand for \$10,000 from the sale of medallions was received with expressions of surprise after he had designated city employees as prospective contributors of from \$4000 to \$5000. The women whom he delegated to obtain the money are Mrs. Helen County Galvin, Mary E. Gallagher, Sheila O'Donovan Rossa, Mary Carter, Rose Higgins, Mrs. McNulty and Mrs. O'Reardon. He also named School Committeemen Maurice J. Tobin and W. Arthur Reilly, Cornelius A. Reardon, J. Philip O'Connell and City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan as the committee of men to work in conjunction with the women's group.

His exhortation to the women, particularly, to form the cheering section at tonight's rally was made in the form of an announcement. He urged them to attend the reception to Gov. Roosevelt at the Hotel Statler at 6 o'clock and to break in on his speech with applause at the Arena at the conclusion of ever sentence

Another announcement urged Roosevelt supporters to ascertain the moving picture theatres where films of Roosevelt are shown and to act as cheer leaders when his photograph is flashed on the screen. The mayor declared that it was brought to his attention that in recent weeks cheers have greeted the showing of President Hoover in movie houses. An investigation, he explained, had disclosed that Republicans have been assigning persons to attend theatres and start the cheering for Hoover. He intends to combat that method of campaigning with a cheering section for Roosevelt.

Other speakers at the meeting, at which pages from registration lists were distributed to volunteers who agreed to assist in getting the voters out Nov. 8, were Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the state committee, who entered and departed through a Lagrange street window; John E. Swift, Ex-Mayor John Mahoney of Lawrence, Congressman John W. McCormack, Traffic Commissioner Joseph A. Conry and Edward P. Barry.

### MUST THANK GOD

The mayor said:

At a conference with the Democratic national committee in New York I suggested that in view of the conditions which exist in Pennsylvania, I felt that there was an excellent chance of a Democratic victory in that state. I suggested, too, that I would be happy to contribute my services to put Pennsylvania in the Democratic column. I will spend most of the coming week in that state.

I was surprised to see in the newspapers that there was a possibility of Curley being booted at the Arena. I didn't know that I had any less right than any other citizen to exercise my own discretion. I cancelled an engagement in New York for that evening because nobody has ever accused me, at least to my face, of cowardice.

I can't understand why any individual in Boston should have any thought of booing me in a public meeting. I know of no man in

America whose life is more of an open book than mine.

I do not propose to enter into any dissertation about Curley. This is the third depression during which I have served as mayor and the needy people of Boston by the thousands must thank Almighty God that Curley is on the job this year.

### MEDALLION SALE

I know what it is to be cold; I

know what it is to be hungry. I do not propose that any needy women and children shall go to bed either cold or hungry this winter.

When the depression came, some persons wanted the old system followed of complete investigation before giving aid. I said "Give aid first and then investigate."

We will spend \$13,000,000 for public welfare this year and only God and myself know where we got the money to see that no needy persons go cold or hungry.

There were a few boos at the Arena. I suppose they were "plants" sent there by the Republicans or by people who don't know what it is to get a crack in the jaw and take it.

I have no apology for supporting Roosevelt in the primary. There was no other Democratic candidate.

We want to sell 10,000 medallions we have here in four days. I'm going to appoint a committee to go through the city buildings and elsewhere to dispose of them. We can dispose in the city departments of at least 4000 to 5000.

### TO OPEN FORUM

My relations with Gov. Ely have not always been friendly for sufficient reasons but I recognize that my principal obligation is to my party and my country.

I swallowed a lot of pride some time ago when another man was put in charge of registration work in Boston upon which I had worked for six weeks and upon which I spent \$3000 out of my own pocket.

I was prevented from opening the forum and was only requested to do it within the last 72 hours. It will open tomorrow at noon. We will carry Boston for the Democratic ticket by 125,000.

The only man who boos is a coward. I am 58 years old. I weigh 210 pounds stripped and I have not met any man regardless of age and weight I would permit to insult me to my face and it would be advisable for any individual to refrain from booing as far as I am concerned in the future.

## CURLEY TO CONFER ON EL COMPROMISE

### To Discuss Subway Extension Before Going to Meet Roosevelt

Mayor Curley will confer at noon today with the directors and trustees of the Boston Elevated on a compromise plan for the extension of the Boylston street subway out Huntington avenue. They will assemble at City Hall, after which the mayor will drive to Newburyport to meet Gov. Roosevelt on his return from Portland.

The compromise plan, which the mayor believes will be accepted, calls for the expenditure of \$5,000,000 instead of the \$8,500,000 authorized by the Legislature for the project.

He is optimistic that work will be begun on the subway within 30 days. He said the compromise has Gov. Ely's approval and that its acceptance will furnish employment for nearly three years to 3000 former service men at wages ranging from \$5 to \$15 daily.

unt  
those qualities of effective persuasion which are the essence of political leadership in a democracy.  
"As progressives bound to no party, we look forward with high hopes to your Presidency."

### He Thanks Callers

Gov. Roosevelt listened intently and after the applause that followed Prof. Frankfurter's statement of the progressives, he thanked them for coming and their proffer of support. He said that he would repeat what he had said before in this campaign that "we progressives have no quarrel with the rank and file of any party." The fight, he said, is with Republican leadership, which had failed to solve pressing economic problems. One of the troubles with progressives, he remarked, was that in the past they had differed over details, but this year they are together and with the support of people of all parties he was sure that they would get somewhere.

He assured them that he had no doubt about the unity of the progressives this year or the result Nov. 8. The Nation has turned to progressive leadership, he went on, and is rallying around progressive principles as never before, confident that its only hope is in the Democratic platform and party.

After the progressives' delegation left, a houseful of callers who wished to see him out of curiosity were admitted and Mr. Roosevelt shook hands with them.

### Governor Chats With Curley

Just before his reception of the progressive group, Gov. Roosevelt had a long chat with Mayor James M. Curley of Boston who called with his daughter, Mary, City Treas. Edmund T. Dolan and Frank Brennan to discuss his return journey from Portland tomorrow. The Mayor said that he plans to meet Gov. Roosevelt at Newburyport on the way back from Portland and would notify Democratic leaders of the towns and cities in Massachusetts through which the candidate will pass that there will be no speeches and as little delay as possible, as the Governor must be in Boston to attend a women's Democratic rally at the Statler at 5:30 p. m.

After his interview with Gov. Roosevelt, Mayor Curley told reporters that he and the Presidential candidate were agreed that the Democrats will carry all the 48 States.

"I also told him," said the Mayor, "that he looked remarkably well for a man who had gone through such a strenuous campaign."

No comment was made by Gov. Roosevelt on the published questions of Republican national committeeman John Richardson, the Massachusetts Hoover manager, who asked him through the Sunday papers, "What political promissory note do you hold from Mayor Curley?"

Mayor Curley remarked that John was an amusing cuss, a bit amateurish in politics and would find out soon that it did not pay to try play petty politics with a candidate for President.

### No Promises, Says Curley

"Mr. Roosevelt has made no promises to me," said the Mayor. "I have asked for nothing except the privilege of working for the success of the Democratic ticket. Of course, Mr. Richardson cannot understand how anybody can work for a Presidential candidate without the quid pro quo. It is a matter of common knowledge that the Republicans have a large paid army going about the country trying to influence the voters, but every one knows also that they have met with little

success. Everybody knows that thousands of men and women are working without pay or hope of reward for Roosevelt except the satisfaction of seeing the Hoover regime ended in Washington.

"No pledge of any character has been extorted from Gov. Roosevelt. We have never discussed such a thing."

Other callers were Mayor John J. Murphy of Somerville and Ex-State Senator Francis X. Quigley of Holyoke.

Four town police officers were on duty all day doing traffic in the vicinity of Gov. Roosevelt's headquarters. Thousands of sightseers drove by or tarried about until dusk hoping to get in to see him.

### Finishes Boston Speech

This evening he expected to finish his Boston speech for Monday night. He would only say, when asked what would be the nature of the address to his Boston audience, that "it will be an interesting speech. I am assured that Miss Tully (his stenographer) will have it typed before I go to bed tonight. I shall send it to Boston to be mimeographed and will look it over when I arrive there tomorrow night for final corrections and it ought to be ready for the press by 6 p. m.," he said.

He also announced that he would start tomorrow for Portland at 7:45, 15 minutes earlier than originally planned. His Portland speech, he said, will be impromptu.

"Where will you lunch?" he was asked by one of the reporters looking over tomorrow's schedule.

"At the first hot-dog stand I meet after leaving Portland," he replied.

D. S. Carmichael of Cleveland, a member of the staff of the Harvard Crimson, attended the newspaper conference this afternoon and in a lull in the questioning of Gov. Roosevelt disclosed his identity and asked for an exclusive interview.

### Recalls Another Scoop

"You stay behind after I get rid of these trained seals and I'll give you a corker," said the Governor, his mind running back to the days when he was the hustling editor at Harvard and a member of the Crimson staff, now a New York lawyer, scooped the big dailies by getting an exclusive interview with Pres. Charles W. Elliot in which the latter gave his reasons for voting against Theodore Roosevelt for President. The Governor will watch the next edition of the Crimson with more than ordinary interest.

Reporter Carmichael grinned as he clutched his pencil and paper and counted the moments that the other reporters queried the Governor on their "big stuff." Then he would have him all to himself.

Gov. Roosevelt is so encouraged by the crowds that have turned out to see him in New England that he has consented to extend his motor trip, but he will make no speeches. He will leave Boston at 9 a. m. Tuesday and motor to Providence, will swing into Woonsocket at 10:20 and head for Worcester, where he expects to arrive at noon. From Worcester he will go on to Springfield via Ware, arriving at the former place at 2:15. Then he will go on to Hartford, 3:30 p. m.; Winsted, Conn., 3:45; Canaan, 4:15, and plans to arrive at his Hyde Park, N. Y., home at 6 p. m.

## LAUDS ROOSEVELT STAND ON BONUS

### Curley Calls It Clear and Courageous

Franklin D. Roosevelt's position on the veterans' bonus reveals that he "recognizes the justice of the claim of the American soldier," Mayor Curley declared last night in a statement in which he urged attendance at the Arena rally tonight which the Democratic nominee will address.

"The position taken by Roosevelt on the soldiers' bonus is as clear and courageous as his prior utterances upon any of the leading questions of the day," Curley said. "He recognizes the justice of the claim of the American soldier and is in sympathy with him in his aspirations and when the finances of the country permit, can be relied upon to secure the enactment of such legislation as will represent full and complete justice to the service man without endangering the financial structure of the country."

"Competent political observers today concede that there is a possible chance that President Hoover may carry the New England states and New Jersey, but no other states," the mayor asserted.

"During the last week the candidacy of Franklin D. Roosevelt has received an impetus which if continued gives assurance that on Nov. 8 it is not beyond the bounds of possibility that every state in the union may be found recorded in his favor."

"New England has ever been a leader and there is no way in which to justify the position of laggard in this election. I firmly believe that as Maine recorded its vote in early September, all New England and New Jersey will be found recorded in November for the next President of the United States, Franklin D. Roosevelt."

Curley declared that Alfred E. Smith's "ringing appeal for a united Democracy ends beyond question the irritating problem as to what the supporters of Smith will do in this campaign." The mayor said that New York "without a question of doubt" will be recorded in the Roosevelt column.

He concluded his statement by issuing "a most cordial invitation of the independent voters" to attend the rally, and by urging support of Roosevelt and Garner, Gov. Ely, John E. Swift, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, and the entire Democratic ticket.



GLOBE 10/31/32

# Mayor Curley Visits Him

## Denies Any Promise From Nominee

## Candidate Attends Chapel Service

## Broadcasts Relief Appeal During Evening

By M. E. HENNESSY

GROTON, Oct. 30—Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt spent a busy Sunday here, although he came to visit his two sons at Groton School. Most of his day and evening up to 10 p. m. when he gave a short radio address on a national hook-up endorsing the program of Newton D. Baker's league for the mobilization of forces to fight depression was occupied.

He began the day's activities by attending church services in the school chapel, making a speech to the boys of the school at the luncheon hour and reminiscing with a few of the old professors and instructors who were here when he was a pupil 32 years ago, including Dr. Endicott Peabody, head of the institution, Rev. Dr. Sherrard Billings, Prof. C. S. Griswold, Sturgis, Guy Ayerault and H. H. Richards ("Dickey").

### Advises Boys on Politics

He told the Groton boys at the luncheon not to go into politics until they had sufficient fortune or a profession to fall back on if they should become one of the outs. Politics, he said, did not consist of running for high office, but in doing that which every man and woman should do, taking an interest in their local government.

He told them a story of one of his Western campaign tours. A crowd gathered about his car at 3:30 a. m. and



PERHAPS HE IS SPEAKING OF JOHN RICHARDSON  
A private word from Gov. Roosevelt makes Mayor Curley smile at Groton.

shouted: "Come out here so we can look at you. If you don't, we'll vote for Hoover!"

"I knew that the crowd was with me, so I didn't go out to show myself, but turned over and went to sleep again," he said.

The 184 boys present applauded and laughed. But there's a story going around Groton that a straw vote of the school showed all but 31 of the 161 who voted favored Mr. Roosevelt's opponent, Herbert Hoover, for President. Luckily for Roosevelt, none of the boys is old enough to vote, but the poll reflected the leanings of their families.

### Liberals Call on Him

At 4 o'clock he received a delegation of Massachusetts Progressives, headed by Prof. Felix Frankfurter of Harvard Law School, which filled the reception room of the Parents' House. Standing with his back to the wall, Gov. Roosevelt received his callers, some of whom he knew, among them Prof. Halcombe of Harvard, Prof. Mahoney of Boston University and Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Sayre and her daughter.

Prof. Frankfurter explained that most of the visitors voted for Hoover four years ago, but this year they intended to vote for Roosevelt.

Prof. Frankfurter, addressing the Democratic Presidential candidate and reading from his manuscript, said: "Someone has defined prophesy as the most gratuitous form of error. Yet, on the eve of the formal balloting, one prophesy is surely safe: In no election during our time have party ties been more loose and the habits of mere party loyalty more relaxed. Peculiarly fitting, therefore, is it to present to you, Gov. Roosevelt, a group of men and women representative of the great body of voters throughout the land who support you not automatically, as a matter of party loyalty, but because they see in you the hope of a better country. And fitting that we should greet you on a day set apart for common citizenship."

### Hoover's Claims Denied

"President Hoover denies all responsibility for the terrible plight in which we find ourselves. Nothing done by him and nothing left undone, so he insists, would have averted any of our miseries. In effect, Mr. Hoover attributes our unparalleled economic and social dislocation, and their dreadful consequences in the lives of men and women and the generation to come, to inscrutable fate and the foreigner. He pleads Governmental impotence but seeks reelection on the slogan he kept us out of worse."

"We refuse to believe that for a people as enterprising as ours, inhabiting the richest country in the world, it is inevitable that a greater proportion of our population should be unemployed than are unemployed in Great Britain, France, Germany and Italy. On the contrary, we believe that social well-being is within our control. But this requires a deep realization that we are living in a new economic world, which presents problems that cannot be solved by the antiquated formulas of an obsolete society."

### Alive to Day's Problems

"In your administration of the affairs of New York, you have shown that you are alive to the problems of our time, and that you have both the will and the capacity to deal with them in the light of the new day. Your financial administration, your refusal to starve social services on the false plea of economy, your reliance on associates like Miss Frances Perkins all give proof of that as President you will endeavor to translate into action that philosophy of government which you so admirably expressed in your speech before the Commonwealth Club at San Francisco and in your address on social justice at Detroit."

"And your success in wresting the necessary measures out of a Republican Legislature have demonstrated



GLOBE

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# MAYOR ORDERS DRIVE AS CAMPAIGN CLOSES

## Calls For House-to-House Canvass For Roosevelt—Calls on Women To Cheer as if They Were Paid

Women were told that they will have a special opportunity to greet Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt at 6 o'clock tonight at the Hotel Statler, by Mayor James M. Curley when he addressed an overflow gathering of workers last night at Hotel Touraine, and urged them to applaud the New York Governor "as though you were paid Republican workers at a Republican rally."

He made an attack on the Republican Administration, and declared that the success of the Democrats will depend upon whether or not "we stick together!" The Mayor shouted, "A house divided against itself cannot stand! We must vote the straight Democratic ticket. We must vote for Roosevelt, Garner, Ely, Swift and all the other Democrats."

"I know that my relations with Ely have not always been the friendliest. But I have recognized that great principles are involved in this campaign. I have recognized that I have obligations to my party, to the people and to the country. I am willing to overlook everything in order to do all I can to bring about success for the Democrats."

### Had to Swallow Pride

"I have worked hard to get out the vote in Boston, and I had to swallow a lot of pride when someone was put in over my head to carry on the work for which I had contributed \$3000 out of my own pocket. But I believe in party success. And tomorrow I'll open up our forum. Then we'll be able to tell the truth about Hoover, and when it is known I am certain we'll carry Boston by 125,000 votes."

Lists of voters in the various wards of the city were distributed at the Mayor's request to workers in the gathering, and they were all urged to "get out, talk to neighbors, pull door bells—and get votes for the great Roosevelt." The Mayor also announced that he intends to secure \$10,000 within three days in order to defray expenses of election day.

He appointed Maurice Tobin, Arthur Reilly, Cornelius Reardon, Philip O'Connell and Edmund S. Dolan to the men's committee, and Mrs. Helen C. Galvin, Mrs. O'Reardon, Rose Higgins, Mary Carter, Sheila O'Donovan Rossa and Mary Gallagher to a women's committee to dispose of 10,000 medallions within the next three days to get the necessary funds.

### Ready to War on Boosers

He set the gathering laughing with his remarks on his being booed at the

Arena when Alfred E. Smith was in Boston.

"I have read accounts of my being booed," observed the Mayor. "Well, I didn't know I had any less right than any other citizen to exercise my discretion in an election. I have never been accused of cowardice. People who boo wouldn't dare boo me to my face!"

"I'm 58 years of age and I weigh 210 pounds stripped, and I've never met any man I'd permit to insult me to my face. Boosers better refrain from booing me—in the future!" The remark set the crowd cheering for several minutes. The laughter, in fact, was increased when a couple of men were seen to force their way into the crowded hall through a window on the LaGrange-st side of the building.

He referred to a tour of speech-making he will embark upon in Pennsylvania Tuesday, and then said that the needy in that State have suffered untold woes during the Republican administration.

"This is the third depression I have seen," said the Mayor, sniffling to the needy of Boston, "and I can say that the needy of Boston should thank Almighty God Curley was on the job."

### Knows Cold and Hunger

"I know what it is to be cold, and I know what it is to be hungry. My knowledge is based on my own experiences. I ordered that aid should be given first in this city, and that investigating should be done afterwards. We've done that. And only God and myself know where we've accumulated the money so that no one need go cold and hungry in this city this Winter."

He declared that bad conditions throughout the country have been caused by the Republican Administration.

"I can't see," he said, "how anyone with an atom of sense can vote for the party responsible for these conditions." He praised Roosevelt and said that he chose to support Roosevelt because "Roosevelt is the only man who can sweep the country and bring prosperity."

Henry Lawlor, ex-chairman of the Democratic city committee, presided at the gathering. In addition to the Mayor, he introduced John E. Swift, candidate for Lieutenant Governor; Ex-Mayor Mahoney of Lawrence, who likened the Democratic platform to the Declaration of Independence; Traffic Commissioner Joseph A. Conry, Theodore A. Glynn, Congressman John W. McCormack, Ex-Lieut Gov Edward W. Barry and others.

### Mayor Leads Singing

Not the least interesting feature of the enthusiastic affair was the way in which Mayor Curley relaxed. He wise-cracked to a number of the men sitting around him, stopped Barry's overtime speech with the remark, "Thy will be done!" and even stood up to lead the singing of an impromptu sextet.

When some talent got up to sing, Mayor Curley seemed displeased with the volume, and cried to Mr Lawlor, "Wake them up!" To see that the singers sang louder, His Honor rose and waved his hand to the beat of the music. He then called a couple of singers from the gathering, and insisted upon a couple of extra songs—"Happy Days Are Here Again" and "Irish Eyes!"

One of his final remarks, after he had exhorted the gathering to support the entire Democratic ticket and convey to all the registered voters the statements he had made against the Republican administration, was: "Assure them all that we'll elect a Democratic House that will see that the poor man does not have to drink embalming fluid while the rich are drinking good liquor."

Independent voters were invited to join the Massachusetts Democrats in the reception to Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt at the Boston Arena tonight by Mayor Curley, speaking last night over the air from Stations WBZ-WBZA in an appeal to the voters of New England to support the candidacy of the New York Governor.

The impetus given the candidacy of Roosevelt during the past week was such, said the Mayor, that if it continues "it is not beyond the bounds of possibility that every State in the entire Union may be found recorded in his favor upon Nov 8."

"Competent political observers," Mayor Curley asserted, "today concede that there is a possible chance that President Hoover may carry the New England States and New Jersey, but no other States."

### Thinks Smith Visit Helped

The Boston Mayor, however, believes that "As Maine recorded its Democratic vote in early September, all New England and New Jersey will be found recorded in November for the next President of the United States, Franklin D. Roosevelt."

Furthermore, Mayor Curley is convinced that "The declaration by the candidate of the Democracy in 1928, Alfred E. Smith, in favor of Roosevelt, coupled with his ringing appeal for a united Democracy, ends beyond all question the irritating problem as to what the supporters of Smith will do in this campaign."

The whole-hearted support given by Smith will also help, said Mayor Curley, in bringing the electoral votes of New York into the Roosevelt column, as will the declarations of "Progressive Republicans headed by Senator Norris of Nebraska, Senator Johnson of California and, more recently, Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin" in their respective States.

The Mayor closed his address with an appeal to the voters of Massachusetts to support Gov Joseph B. Ely, John E. Swift and the entire Democratic ticket.

RECORD

10/31/32

AMERICAN



#### NO PROMISES, SAYS CURLEY

On his return to Parents House from luncheon, the governor was greeted by Mayor Curley, Miss Mary D. Curley, Miss Jane Ann Smyth and City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan. The mayor's party had arrived but a few moments before.

The meeting of the governor and the mayor was cordial. Smilingly the governor put out his hand, saying: "Hello, Jim." After a hearty handshake, the two conversed in low tones while the cameras clicked.

Mayor Curley was asked by newspapermen while he was waiting for the governor's appearance if he had any comment to make on the statement issued by John Richardson, Massachusetts Republican committeeman, demanding that Gov. Roosevelt disclose what position, if any, had been offered the mayor.

"No pledge or promise of any sort has been requested or even suggested by me," the mayor remarked. "The subject was never brought up even."

The mayor further said that he supported Gov. Roosevelt from the beginning because of his conviction that the New York chief executive is the only man capable of restoring the prosperity which Herbert Hoover found when he came into office and dissipated.

As the mayor came from his conference with the governor he was surrounded by Groton school boys and for the next few minutes was busy on autographs.

Mayor Curley said that Gov. Roosevelt is confident that he will be elected President and that he will carry not only Massachusetts but New Hampshire and Maine as well.

**Rousing Welcome** awaits Franklin D. Roosevelt in Boston tonight. Above, he and Mayor Curley are pictured at Groton where the governor spent yesterday visiting his two sons at the school.



Post 10/31/32

# Big Reception to Be Accorded Him at the Arena Tonight--- Speaks Here at 10:30

BY ROBERT T. BRADY

Over some 200 or more miles of New England territory, cheered by hundreds of thousands, many of whom knew him intimately as college student, summer neighbor and adopted son of Massachusetts for many years of his life, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Governor of New York, will travel today.

Escorted by police and accompanied by as large a group of camp followers and supporters as ever attended a Presidential candidate, Governor Roosevelt will receive the plaudits of enthusiastic thousands as he covers ground almost as familiar to him as to any native son of Massachusetts.

And tonight, when he appears on the stage of the Boston Arena to tell the people of Boston face to face, and those of the entire country by radio, what is wrong with the present administration at Washington and what he hopes to accomplish for their welfare when he is elected Nov. 8, thousands more will acclaim him.

Next only to Alfred E. Smith, the idol of all Massachusetts Democrats, Franklin D. Roosevelt will have watching his every movement tonight, listening with attentive ear to every syllable he utters, more personal friends than any man who ever aspired to position at the head of the nation.

From Groton he will leave this morning at 8 o'clock by automobile for Portland, Me., where he will express the gratitude of Democrats throughout the nation for the barometer election last September, when Maine elected a Democratic Governor and two Democratic Congressmen, "pointing the way" to democracy's triumph in the nation.

Governor Roosevelt will remain at the Hotel Statler until he departs for the Arena, where he is to make his address to the great rally at 10:30 o'clock.

And all along the way his motor will pass through lanes of cheering men, women and children, for Massachusetts will be waiting to welcome enthusiastically the man whom Governor Ely portrayed last night as "destined to be the next leader of the nation."

And tonight's audience at the Arena will be truly representative of the entire State in its display of genuine, personal interest in the man. From Groton, where he received much of his early education, they will come; and from Ayer, where he once taught Sunday school, and other places in the central part of the State where men

and women still remember him in those earlier days.

From down Cape Cod way, where he spent many of the happiest days of his youth; from Fairhaven, where he was a regular summer visitor with his family for many seasons; from across Buzzards Bay, at Mattapoisett, where Charles S. Hamlin, a member of the Federal Reserve Board, and Mrs. Hamlin, close friends of the New York Governor and his family, have stirred up more than usual interest in the current political campaign for the success of "Frank," they will come.

Here, in the city where his son found the girl of his choice and became a resident, other warm personal friends of the presidential candidate will turn out to honor him and encourage him in his quest of the greatest office in the world.

Notifications have been pouring in on the Democratic State committee for the past three days, countless other thousands from all parts of the State that they intend to be present at tonight's demonstration in behalf of Governor Roosevelt.

## Arena Doors Open at 6 P. M.

The Presidential candidate will begin his speech, which will be broadcast over a nationwide hookup, at 10:30.

The doors of the Arena will be thrown open at 6 o'clock, a half hour earlier than previously announced, in order to accommodate the throngs expected.

Superintendent of Police Crowley has notified Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the Democratic State committee that the police arrangements will be as complete and adequate as were those for the great Smith rally last Thursday night. The areas outside the big auditorium will be well amplified, so that those unable to get into the hall may hear the addresses easily.

Speech-making will begin at 7:30, when Chairman Maynard will open the meeting and preside throughout the evening.

Before the candidate for President takes the platform, there will be speeches by Governor Ely, Senator Walsh, Mayor Curley and Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Sayre, daughter of Woodrow Wilson. There will be a musical programme, as well as addresses by representatives of various racial groups which have their own organizations within the Democratic party this year. Among the speakers will be Vincent Brogha, grand venerable of the Sons of Italy of Massachusetts; Samuel Kalesky, who is vice-president of the American Jewish Congress; Major Julian D. Rainey, regional director of the Colored Democratic League of New England; J. Henry Goguen, president of the Roosevelt-Ely Franco-American Society of Massachusetts, and Stanley S. Wisnioski, president of the 65 Associated Polish Societies of Greater Boston.

Esther Foye Moran will sing the "Star Spangled Banner." There will be solos by Marie Murray and Countess Elektra Rosanska, described by General Pershing as "the singing colonel of the A. E. F."

Roosevelt recalled that he had graduated from Groton in 1900. Most of his old teachers had passed on but among those still in the faculty were Dean Endicott Peabody, Sherrard Billings, C. S. Griswell, Warren Sturgis, Guy Ayrault and H. H. Richards.

The Governor discussed politics as a profession with the boys. He advised them not to go into politics as candidates for office unless they had a profession or an occupation which they could fall back upon when they were out of office. But, he insisted that this was very different from the obligation which was imposed upon them all to take part in the affairs of their local communities.

Among the callers was Mayor Curley of Boston, with his daughter, Miss Mary. The Mayor said the principal purpose of his visit was to urge the candidate to return to Boston as speedily as possible tomorrow from Portland, since a series of great demonstrations was planned all along the line, winding up with an enormous meeting at the Arena at night.

## Curley Denies Any Pledge

Mayor Curley repeated the assurance of Governor Ely that the candidate would carry Massachusetts.

Roosevelt would not discuss the telegram from Republican National Committee man John Richardson asking "What promissory note would have been cancelled for Mayor Curley if were elected?" In fact Roosevelt had not seen the message, and it is his practice to ignore all such inquiries which are put out for political effect in every State through which he travels.

But Mayor Curley said, "No pledge any character has ever been extracted from Governor Roosevelt, nor has any promise whatsoever been made, so far as I am concerned."

## New England Tour Extended

Governor Roosevelt will make a far more extensive tour of New England than was originally contemplated. He will meet thousands of people tomorrow in Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts. His objective point is the meeting at Portland, which is on schedule to last 15 minutes.

Tuesday the Governor will go through Rhode Island and Connecticut as well as through western and central Massachusetts. The schedule as announced tonight is as follows. Leave Boston 9 a. m., Providence 10:20, Woonsocket 11:40, Worcester 12 noon, Springfield via Ware, 2:15, Hartford 3:30, Winsted 3:45, Canaan 4:15, Hyde Park 6 p. m.

Roosevelt is absolutely tireless as a campaigner. No schedule is too long. He enjoys meeting people and his physical vitality is a matter for wonderment with those who accompany him and even to his intimates. He can do with a few hours' sleep and formulate his speeches while en route.

The Governor has every confidence in his election, and believes that he will carry Massachusetts.



### What's Franklin D. Saying to James M.?

Probably that he's glad Puerto Rico is in the Democratic column. This shot was made at Groton yesterday as the presidential candidate and Mayor Curley had a conference while the governor was visiting his two sons there. He will make a tour of New England today and speak at the Arena tonight.



## City Employees Asked to Help Roosevelt's Cause

Seven women employees of the municipal employment bureau, asked by Mayor Curley last night to canvass city employees in an endeavor to sell medallions of Governor Roosevelt at \$1 each, in order to obtain money for the manning of the polls on election day, started their rounds this morning.

The mayor addressed a large gathering of Democratic women at the Hotel Touraine. He was in fighting mood. Referring to the "boos" he received at the Smith rally, he said he was surprised to see in the newspapers that there was a possibility of such an unkind reception for him. He had cancelled an engagement in New York for that evening because nobody had ever accused him of cowardice, at least to his face.

"I can't understand why any individual in Boston should have had any thought of booing me," the mayor said. "I know of no man in America whose life is more of an open book than mine. The man who boos is a coward. I am fifty-eight years old. I weigh 210 pounds stripped and I have not met any man, regardless of age and weight, I would permit to insult me to my face, and it would be advisable for any individual to refrain from booing as far as I am concerned in the future."

Saying that he must raise money for election day, the mayor's call upon the women of the employment bureau to solicit city employees came as a surprise.

The women whom he delegated to obtain the money are Mrs. Helen County Galvin, Mary E. Gallagher, Sheila O'Donovan Rossa, Mary Carter, Rose Higgins, Mrs. McNulty and Mrs. O'Reardon. He also named School Committeemen Maurice J. Tobin and W. Arthur Reilly, Cornelius A. Reardon, J. Philip O'Connell and City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan as the committee of men to work in conjunction with the women's group.

His exhortation to the women, particularly, to form the cheering section at tonight's rally was made in the form of an announcement. He urged them to attend the reception to Governor Roosevelt at the Hotel Statler at six o'clock and to break in on his speech with applause at the Arena at the conclusion of every sentence.

Another announcement urged Roosevelt supporters to ascertain the moving picture theaters where films of Roosevelt are shown and to act as cheer leaders when his photograph is flashed on the screen. The mayor declared that it was brought to his attention that in recent weeks cheers have greeted the showing of President Hoover in movie houses. An investigation, he explained, had disclosed that Republicans have been assigning persons to attend theaters and start the cheering for Hoover. He intends to combat that method of campaigning with a cheering section for Roosevelt.

Other speakers at the meeting, at which pages from registration lists were distributed to volunteers who agreed to assist in getting the voters out Nov. 8 were Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the State committee, who entered and departed through a Lagrange-street window; John E. Swift, ex-Mayor John Maloney of Lawrence, Congressman John W. McCormack, Traffic Commissioner Joseph A. Conry and Edward P. Barry.

## Curley Seeks 6000 Workers for Roosevelt

### Has Card System Which He Implores Crowd to Handle on Election Day

An appeal for 600 volunteer workers on election day, in order that the city may be carried for Roosevelt and the entire State ticket, was made by Mayor Curley at the opening of his Court street forum at one o'clock this afternoon. Cheers greeted the appeal.

On a long table at his right there were piles of indexes of every registered poll in the city, an elaborate system for checking and double-checking the voting. The mayor asked that these cards be passed out among the throng and that they be accepted as a "duty" the recipients owe to the nation, the Commonwealth and the city.

The plan is that the volunteers accept twenty or twenty-five precinct names, for which they will be held responsible. All delinquents at the polls, the mayor said, should be asked to vote a dozen times if necessary. Only in that way could the greatest benefit of the campaign be achieved.

Today's meeting was attended by more than 500 persons, many of them city employees who will be relied upon to make up the bulk of the volunteers. The mayor appeared with J. George Fredman of Jersey City, national commander of the

Jewish War Veterans of the United States, who with other national officers is making a tour of Jewish posts of the country. Mr. Fredman spoke briefly in praise of all the mayor had done for war veterans and specially of the city's construction of the Kenmore square subway extension, in which veterans alone were employed as laborers.

After Councillor "Billy" Barker had sung a couple of campaign songs, and Miss Charlotte Allen had sung "Sweet Mystery of Life" and "The Bells of St. Mary's" and the Jewish officers had been escorted out of the hall to the Parker House, where the mayor had tendered them a luncheon, Mr. Curley announced that the forum would be conducted every day until Tuesday. Immediately tickets to tonight's rally at the Arena were distributed; the mayor advising everybody to be present as early as 6.30 o'clock.

The basis of Mr. Curley's argument was Hoover's inactivity in handling the unemployment situation. He gave all the credit for the reconstruction bills to the Democratic majority in Congress. He said Hoover had offered no panacea worthy the name, and the country is beginning its fourth winter with from 11,000,000 to 15,000,000 persons out of work.

Applause was rather sparing until the address neared the end when the mayor spoke of the Republican and Democratic attitudes toward prohibition. He referred to a remark alleged to have been made by President Butler of Columbia University that he could not tell whether the Republican plank was dry or wet, whereas Roosevelt's plank called for repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment and immediate revision of the Volstead Act for light

wines and beer.

The crowd liked that sort of campaigning and gave the mayor tremendous applause when he said at the time Hoover explained that he was no longer dry. Curley was announcing that he was a dry. The mayor then stated that he expected at least 100,000 Republicans would vote for Roosevelt on that issue alone.

## New Subway Plan Up to Directors

### Elevated Trustees and City Agree on Less Costly Extension for Huntington Ave

A conference held with Mayor Curley today, at which were present the public trustees of the Boston Elevated Railway and the members of the Boston Transit Commission, resulted in an agreement for a modified plan of the Huntington avenue subway, whereby the expenditure for immediate construction would be limited to a section from Gainsborough street to Boylston street, the estimated cost of which would be \$4,800,000.

This plan was proposed by the trustees and is subject to the approval of the directors of the system, who will be called into conference at City Hall, Wednesday morning, Nov. 9, at eleven o'clock. If the directors are favorable, the Metropolitan Transit District Council will be convened on the following day. The mayor told his Forum audience later that he is extremely hopeful that the plan will go through, and that it may be possible to have at least 2000 men at work by Christmas.

"The cost of the subway under the plan contained in the legislative act is approximately \$8,750,000," the Elevated trustees stated. "Thus, the initial savings in the construction cost by the modified plan would be practically \$4,000,000, the interest charges on which at 4½ per cent, would be \$100,000 per year. If no further extension of this subway is required for ten years, the total savings in interest alone would amount to \$1,800,000.

"No part of the construction proposed by the trustees would need to be abandoned upon completion of Route No. 1, of which this subway would be a part.

"The present subway between Boylston street and Park street has ample capacity to carry the trolleys that would use the Boylston and Huntington avenue subways.

"Until such time as the growth of traffic requires the 'training' of the subway, we believe that the expenditure of \$4,800,000 will give the same service to the travelling public as the \$8,750,000 subway provided for in the legislative act. Oct. 31 1932."



TRAVELER

10/31/32

Globe

# Democrats Confident of Carrying Massachusetts

Leaders Expect Roosevelt's Address in Boston Arena Tonight to Clinch Victory Assured by Recent Appearance of Ex-Gov. Smith

Democratic leaders swung into the final week of the campaign today, highly optimistic of success in carrying Massachusetts for both the national and state tickets.

## IN ARENA TONIGHT

Fired by the enthusiasm that "Al" Smith's visit created and confident that the visit of Gov. Roosevelt to Boston and New England today will stir the democracy to its highest pitch, the state leaders looked to the Boston Arena once more, where the presidential candidate speaks tonight.

Mayor Curley and the state leaders are hand in hand on the reception to the New York Governor, and on plans for the final drive to Nov. 8.

The mayor has formed a cheering section for tonight's rally. He has also called upon city employees to donate \$5000 toward the expenses of election day in Boston. This is but one-half of what will be needed. It is hoped to raise enough money through the sale of medallions of the candidate at \$1 each.

## PLEADS FOR UNITY

The mayor made known his plans at a meeting of Democratic women at Hotel Touraine. He made a plea for unity and declared that a record Democratic majority of 125,000 will be Boston's contribution to the cause.

He took occasion to denounce those who booed him at the Smith rally, but characterized the incident as "a plant" by political enemies.

Gov. Ely, in an address last night, made a plea for simplicity, constructive statements, reasonable intelligence and high purpose in the conduct of the remaining days of the campaign.

John E. Swift, the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, returned to Boston today after a three-days tour of the western part of the state with Gov. Ely. Yesterday he spoke at Chicopee Falls. Gardner and Worcester, stressing the opposition of the American Federation of Labor to the candidacy of his opponent, Gaspar G. Bacon. Swift is scheduled to speak tonight at the Roosevelt meeting.

## 'L' TRUSTEES PUT O.K. ON PROJECT

Mayor Curley's fight to put men to work by initiating a new subway project advanced one step nearer victory today when the trustees of the Boston Elevated, in conference with the mayor, approved a plan for a new tube under Huntington ave.

The Boston Evening American has continually advocated the Huntington ave. subway project.

While the trustees' plan calls for a shorter subway than one urged by the mayor, and at a cost of \$4,800,000 instead of \$8,500,000, it would furnish jobs for 3000 men at present unemployed.

Before work can be started it will be necessary for the public directors of the Elevated and the Metropolitan Transit District Commission to approve plans.

This approval is expected by the mayor, who has asked the directors to meet on November 9 and the District Commission to meet on November 10.

The new subway would run from Arlington st., under Boylston st. and under Huntington ave. as far as the Boston Opera House. It would permit the widening of Boylston st. and the improvement of Huntington ave.

## HUNTINGTON-AV SUBWAY CHANGE

Favored by El Trustees and Transit Board

The Boston Elevated trustees and the Boston Transit Commission, according to Mayor Curley, are in agreement on the revised route of the proposed Huntington-av Subway. On Nov 9, Mayor Curley will confer with the directors of the Elevated. If they also agree to the revised plan, the Mayor on the following day will present it to the Metropolitan District Council for approval.

Under the revised plan the Subway will be built from Copley sq to a point opposite Gainsboro st, at a cost of \$4,800,000, instead of the original plan of construction at a cost of \$8,750,000. The Mayor said that the revised plan will give work to 3000 veterans for a period of three years.

The plan calls for the removal of the tracks and reservation from Huntington av, of tracks from Boylston st and of 10-foot strips from sidewalks on both sides of Boylston st from Arlington st to Copley sq.

In the opinion of the Mayor this will give Boston the finest boulevard into the heart of the city, with the exception of Commonwealth av.

## Chairman Harriman's Statement

Chairman Henry I. Harriman of the Elevated Railway trustees today issued the following statement:

"The public trustees of the Boston Elevated Railway favor the construction of the Huntington-av Subway under a modified plan proposed by them, whereby the expenditure for construction will be limited to a section of the Subway from Gainsboro st to Boylston st, reducing cost to \$4,800,000. This proposed Subway would start at Gainsboro st and follow under Huntington av to Boylston st at Copley sq. The course of the Subway under the plan authorized by Legislative act would have cost \$8,750,000, so that the modified plan will mean a saving of practically \$4,000,000 in construction costs as well as interest charges, which at 4½ percent would represent \$180,000 a year.

"The present Subway at Boylston and Park sts has ample capacity and facility for all the trolleys which would use the new Huntington-av Subway. The saving on construction and interest charges is so great that the trustees believe in the adoption of the modified plan and not the original plan. Until such time as the transit facilities require 'training' we believe that the expenditure of \$4,800,000 will give the same service to the traveling public as the \$8,750,000 plan would. If no further extension of this Subway is required for 10 years, the total savings in interest charges would be \$1,800,000. Furthermore, no part of the construction work proposed by the trustees need be eliminated when the time comes for the completion of route 1, of which this is a part."

## MAYOR CURLEY IN GROUP



MAYOR CURLEY

GOVERNOR ROOSEVELT

Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt caught by the camera as he whispered into the ear of Mayor James M. Curley, who was on hand to greet the Democratic presidential candidate when he arrived at Groton to visit his boys.

ROOSEVELT-ELY  
FORUM OPENS

Mayor Curley Principal  
Speaker Today

The first of a series of noonday rallies to be held daily from now until election day was instituted today by Mayor James M. Curley at Roosevelt-Ely headquarters on Court st. Billy Barker of East Boston opened the meeting by singing "All Hail Massachusetts" for a crowd of more than 500, and before the song had ended Mayor Curley came into the hall to be greeted by thunderous applause.

Miss Charlotte Allen of Jamaica Plain sang "Sweet Mystery of Life" and "The Bells of Saint Mary," and then Mayor Curley took charge of the meeting, speaking to the crowd in the hall and to an overflow meeting outside by a public announcer system.

He introduced George Fredman of New Jersey, head of the Jewish Veterans of America, an organization which provides for the welfare of Jewish veterans of the World War.

Fredman said that it was a pleasure to come to Boston and particularly to be greeted by Mayor Curley. He praised the Mayor for his interest in veteran and particularly for giving them preference in obtaining work on the Governor's project, a move, he said, which had attracted the attention of veterans' organizations throughout the country. He also praised the Mayor for his stand on the bonus and for announcing it.

The Mayor outlined the purposes of the daily forum meetings, declared that they would be held from 12:30 to 2:30 daily and announced that there were 5000 tickets in the hall for the rally tonight in the Arena to be given out to those who attended. He urged people to get to the Arena at 6:30 even though Franklin D. Roosevelt was not scheduled to speak there until 10:30. The Mayor felt that there would be such a jam that only those who came early would get in.

He said that he wanted to see a majority of 125,000 votes for Roosevelt in Boston alone. He expressed the opinion that election had already generally been conceded to Roosevelt, but he wanted to see the Massachusetts majority set a record.

The Mayor discussed the depression and took Mr. Hoover to task particularly for his stand on prohibition, pointing out that Hoover was not wet and Curtis dry and that Hoover did not take a wet stand until after Roosevelt had announced himself.

Mr. Curley urged his hearers to vote for Joseph B. Ely for Governor. He said that Ely had not pleased everybody, but that nobody ever could, particularly in these times. He called for 6000 volunteers among the daily audiences to take slips with the names of voters by precincts. He asked them to work in their precincts and declared that if enough responded it would be possible to canvass every voter in the city before next Sunday.



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HERALD 4/1/32  
Polish-speaking citizens; Dr. Silas F. Taylor, president of the Colored Democratic League of Massachusetts, and Charles Mallotis, supreme president of the Greek-American Demosthenes Democratic clubs.

Among the City Hall men prominent on the platform were Traffic Commissioner Joseph A. Conry, Election Commissioner Peter F. Tague and Councilman William Barker. Mayor John J. Murphy of Somerville, another warm Curley supporter, also had a place of prominence on the platform.

Brogna chided the Republican party in his address for having, he charged, maintained "the Columbus Republican Club with a paid clerk and field secretary for the purpose of exciting and playing upon the passions of our people."

Senator John F. Buckley, nominee for attorney-general, told his audience that he was certain that Gov. Ely would demonstrate enough strength to carry the entire state ticket to victory.

"Warner's lack of courage," he said, "cost him the Lieutenant-Governorship back in 1922 when he winced under charges fired at him by Alvan T. Fuller instead of standing on his feet to refute them."

John E. Buckley, candidate for secretary of state, emphasized the importance to the Democratic party of voting straight down the ticket. Failure to do this in the past, he said, had cost the party many offices to which its voting power legitimately entitled it.

John E. Swift of Milford, nominee for Lieutenant-Governor declared that Senator Gaspar G. Bacon, his Republican rival, was not justified in protesting against the procedure of organized labor in circulating his record on labor legislation throughout the commonwealth.

He accused Bacon of having taken the floor of the Senate in support of a bill to reduce the wages and salaries of public workers. The remainder of his address was a review of Senator Bacon's leadership and votes in the Legislature.

State Auditor Francis X. Hurley, candidate for re-election, spoke briefly on the plea that no urging was required by him to seek votes from his audience. He expressed full assurance that none in the hall would cast a vote for Alonzo B. Cook.

"The women in politics" had for their spokeswoman Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Sayre, daughter of former President Wilson. She directed her plea to "those liberals and progressives" in the audience who have concluded that the time has arrived to register a protest. The Republicans, she charged, have failed to advance any program of action. Moreover, she continued, they lack the ability to put one through to completion if they did have one.

#### FORMER FOOTBALL STAR

Robert Minturn Sedgwick, former Harvard football player and now secretary of the state committee, enumerated three things needed by the party, a far-sighted leader, a strong platform and able candidates to carry it out. He expressed the conviction that this need has been fulfilled. The climax of his brief address was an announcement that pretty young women would pass the plate for campaign funds.

Conclusive evidence that this was a Curley party was offered when the mayor arrived on the platform. The dangling of cowbells, the shriek of the siren and the cheers of the gang created a bedlam. This demonstration was in marked contrast to the wave of hostility which burst forth when he arrived at the Smith rally Thursday.

"Hurrah for Puerto Rico" interrupted his first attempt to open his address. Another and louder demonstration produced the second interruption when

Gov. Ely marched to the front of the platform. The mayor proceeded then to lead three cheers for Gov. Ely and that gesture succeeded in restoring order.

In opening his speech he said that in 30 years he never had witnessed such enthusiasm in any campaign as he saw during the afternoon on the journey along the North shore with Gov. Roosevelt.

After praising the administration of Woodrow Wilson he attacked the corruption of the Harding administration. "The sagacious, cautious New Eng-

lander, Calvin Coolidge turned over to Herbert Hoover the richest and most prosperous nation in the world," said Curley.

Unemployment he continued, had increased from 3,000,000 in 1929 to 11,000,000 in 1932. This condition he charged to the failure of the Hoover administration to cope with the situation created by the recession of business and industry.

He expressed his resentment at Hoover's statement that "This panic might be worse." He insisted that conditions should be better and that wise government would have made them better. He looked in vain for a message of hope until the arrival on the horizon of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

The mayor broke six minutes into Gov. Ely's radio time before presenting him with a warm introduction.

#### ELY ON VOLSTEAD ACT

Gov. Ely stressed the necessity of immediate legislative action anticipatory of early modification of the Volstead act and he expressed the hope that the Legislature will "proceed to construct a set of laws which will meet all of the arguments of the dries, consolidate the arguments of the wets and provide a model for all states."

He received an ovation on his presentation which duplicated the reception at the Al Smith rally. He predicted the election of Roosevelt and expressed personal pleasure at the obvious unity of the Democratic party in the state.

"I am glad to see," he said, "that the party in Massachusetts is absolutely united tonight for the rest of the campaign and I want to play my part in that unification process."

Describing the reception accorded Gov. Roosevelt as he motored from Williamstown to Groton, the Governor said: "If the interest of the citizens of that locality is any evidence of political thought, it looks to me as if the Republican party in Massachusetts will have to confine itself in the future to Cape Cod."

Speaking of Gov. Roosevelt, he said: "The energy, forcefulness, patience and force of character exhibited by our candidate for President marks him as a man, capable, earnest, sincere and indefatigable in his effort to enhance the principles of the Democratic party and the election of the Democratic ticket."

Discussing Lt.-Gov. Youngman, he likened him to the California football star who ran toward his own goal line with the ball. Declaring "The Republican party gave the ball to the Lieutenant-Governor and he's running toward his own goal line."

"As far as I am concerned, I'm absolutely willing to let him run in the direction he's going."

The police had an easy time handling the steady stream of persons who came in between 7 o'clock and 10:30 P. M. when the New York Governor arrived in his late-hour effort to win Massachusetts next Tuesday.

Except for a slight mix-up in introducing Senator Coolidge and another of those coincidental dramatic entrances by Gov. Ely just as Mayor Curley began to speak, everything went off with Democratic enthusiasm, augmented by large police sirens and cheer-

ing sections strategically stationed to give the cues.

#### CURLEY IMPATIENT

Mayor Curley shook his head impatiently and indicated some annoyance when Gov. Ely, smiling broadly, came in and interrupted his speech. He quickly recovered his composure, however, and led three cheers for the Governor. They were drowned out in the ovation which already was taking place.

Senator Coolidge modestly slipped into a seat at the rear of the platform early in the evening, while the hall was still only half-filled. His introduction became confused with the arrival of another speaker. He smiled and sat down.

Senator David I. Walsh, arriving late, received a long ovation in the full glare of the enormous spotlights which had been made ready, and then beckoned the junior senator to move up to a seat beside him in the front row.

## CITY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU MENACED

### Council Again Refuses Funds —May Be Closed

Unless the city council relents, when Mayor Curley presents another appropriation order for the maintenance of the municipal employment bureau, of the municipal employment bureau, this adjunct to the city government will be abolished.

For the second time, yesterday, the council refused to pass an appropriation of \$5000 to assure the employees of the bureau, reported to be working without pay for the past week, of salaries.

The council adjourned for two weeks. If the mayor elects, he can submit another appropriation order; but to insure its adoption more votes than have been available at the last two meetings of the council must be obtained.

Councilman Brackman, who was an absentee at the meeting last week, when his favorable vote would have passed the order, suddenly called up the measure for a vote yesterday. Just as suddenly a few councilmen thought of pressing business which called them from the chamber.

Without debate the order was rejected, 13 to 5. Councilmen Kelly, Fish, Murray, Norton and Roberts formed the minority. When Councilman Heir moved for reconsideration, Kelly successfully contended that last week's reconsideration vote blocked that avenue of parliamentary procedure.



# HE WOULD ACT IF STATES FAIL TO GIVE RELIEF

Candidate Also Declares  
For Cut in Work Days  
Per Week

GATHERING NOISY;  
HALL NOT FILLED

N. Y. Governor Charges  
President Has Mis-  
quoted Him

The full text of Gov. Roosevelt's  
address is on Page 17.

By W. E. MULLINS

Federal aid for the idle where  
states have failed to make ade-  
quate provisions of relief for  
the unemployed and a reduction  
in the hours of work and of the  
working days per week were  
advocated last night by Gov.  
Roosevelt as he carried his  
campaign for the presidency  
into New England.

Speaking before a large and noisy  
audience in Boston Arena as if he al-  
ready were elected President, he ad-  
vanced a vague outline of the program  
he would propose for relief. At times  
he struck out vigorously in his criti-  
cism of President Hoover for the char-  
acter of the campaign that has been  
conducted against him and also for the  
alleged failure of the Republican ad-  
ministration to cope adequately with  
the business and industrial depression.

The chief theme of his address was  
unemployment; but he turned from  
this topic to agriculture and to strong  
criticism of the President for his al-  
leged procedure in having abandoned  
argument for personalities last week  
at Indianapolis.

He chided the President for his al-  
leged procedure in cracking the whip  
of fear over the backs of American  
workmen by enlisting the services of  
the captains of industry in spreading  
a campaign of coercion against the  
workers in attempting to persuade them  
to vote for the Republican national  
ticket.

Although Gov. Roosevelt's address  
climaxed a highly enthusiastic 230-  
mile motor car tour from Groton to  
Portland and back to Boston, he failed  
to fill the Arena. He was given a noisy

ovation prior to and at the conclusion  
of his address, but it compared feebly  
with the tumultuous Smith rally in  
the same hall last Thursday.

## SHEER NOISE MAKING

The fervor and zeal provoked by the  
Smith rally completely overshadowed  
the Roosevelt assembly in every respect  
save that of sheer noise making. In  
this respect a moaning siren, cowbells,  
horns and other noise-making devices  
stimulated the audience to stage a 10-  
minute demonstration at the outset and  
another prolonged demonstration at the  
conclusion. Many city employes took  
part in the demonstration.

Speaking in a loud and vigorous voice  
which completely concealed the fatigue  
he must have felt from his day-long  
overland journey, he at times seemed  
embittered as he struck out belligerently  
in his criticism of the President and  
his administration.

Undeniably Democratic leaders last  
night were alarmed at the failure of  
their presidential candidate to pack the  
Arena, even in the face of the tremen-  
dous bally-hoo the rally had been  
given by the motor car tour which had  
preceded it.

Roosevelt charged that President  
Hoover in turn had become apologetic,  
indignant and finally desperate as the  
campaign unwound its progress. He  
said that his Republican opponent at  
the outset was determined to remain  
in seclusion but that the mood of the  
people had invaded the White House  
and forced him to come to the front to  
give an account of his administration.

He charged that the President lost  
his dignity and yielded to the tempta-  
tion to indulge in personalities at In-  
dianapolis. He accused him of having  
misquoted him and also of having  
joined Secretary Mills and the national  
committee in initiating a campaign of  
fear. This, he held, was proof of the  
desperate condition of the Republican  
campaign.

Many of the topics he discussed last  
night he really has dealt with in  
previous speeches. He renewed his  
charge that the President had failed  
to carry out the recommendations con-  
tained in a report prepared by a com-  
mittee of which Hoover was chairman  
in 1923. This report dealt with provid-  
ing against unemployment and re-  
currence of depressions.

"He did not do what in his 1923 re-  
port he said ought to be done," Roose-  
velt said, "and on top of that he did  
what he said ought not to be done."

## INTRODUCED BY GOV. ELY

He was introduced to the audience  
by Gov. Ely, who was forced to spar  
for time because of delay in establish-  
ing a radio contact at 10:30, the hour  
at which the Democratic candidate was  
supposed to begin his address. This  
delay, it was indicated, was caused by  
the fact that President Hoover's New  
York speech had run a few minutes  
overtime.

Gov. Roosevelt returned to his Bos-  
ton headquarters at Hotel Statler im-  
mediately after the conclusion of the  
Arena rally. He will leave this morning  
for another motor car trip. He will  
take him into Rhode Island, back into  
Massachusetts, down into Connecticut  
and thence to his home at Hyde Park  
in New York.

Hoover's alleged failure to accomplish  
things with the Congress he contrasted  
with his own success with a Republican  
Legislature at Albany during the past  
four years. The President, he declared,  
cannot get along with any group of  
men.

The two great problems of the mo-  
ment, as Roosevelt expressed them, are  
to provide for immediate distress and  
to provide against recurrences of de-  
pression on a permanent basis.

His proposals for immediate relief  
first were to prevent hunger and then

to provide federal employment on a  
temporal basis by advancing a pro-  
gram of public works.

Not included in his prepared speech  
was the statement that his visit to the  
north had convinced them "that these  
three states I visited today are going  
to be found in the Democratic column  
on Nov. 8."

He referred to the many old friends  
he had met and expressed his appre-  
ciation "that today as never before  
we have a united party supported not  
only by Democrats but free thinking  
Republicans in securing a great vic-  
tory."

"My only regret is that I'm here to-  
day and that I couldn't have been  
here last Thursday when good old Al  
Smith was here. I heard from him the  
following day about the splendid and  
deserved welcome you gave him. And  
today in New Hampshire I was assured  
that he who is labelled 'Hawshaw the  
Detective' will not go back to Sen-  
ate."

This reference was to Senator George  
H. Moses of New Hampshire.

He chided the President for his al-  
leged procedure in having abandoned  
argument for indulgence in personal-  
ities at Indianapolis last week. He ac-  
cused the President of having misquoted  
his arguments.

Roosevelt followed President Hoover  
on a nation-wide radio broadcast and  
it was indicated from the platform that  
the President had gone a few minutes  
beyond his allotted time before the  
microphone at New York.

The 10-minute demonstration given  
Roosevelt when he arrived on the plat-  
form was manufactured to some ex-  
tent. This was openly demonstrated as  
Theodore Glynn, street commissioner,  
mounted a chair in back of Roosevelt  
and exhorted the audience by frantic  
waving of his hands to continue and  
extend the cheering.

## DIFFERENT ARRANGEMENTS

To facilitate Gov. Roosevelt's walk  
from the rear entrance of the Arena  
to the platform, arrangements for this  
rally were entirely different from those  
of last Thursday night for the Smith  
party. A new platform was constructed  
in front of and about 12 feet lower  
than the regular rostrum. The facili-  
ties were such that Gov. Roosevelt  
could walk directly to the microphone  
without being forced to climb my  
stairs. A board walk was placed from  
the floor to the platform so that his  
passage was made easy.

It was obvious from the start that  
this was a City Hall party. The rally  
was opened by Henry E. Lawler, as-  
sistant corporation counsel for the city  
of Boston and Mayor Curley's spokes-  
man in the registration drive that was  
conducted in opposition to that of the  
Democratic state committee. The state  
police had been eased out and city of  
Boston officers were in complete com-  
mand.

At 8 o'clock, 30 minutes after the  
first speaker faced the microphone,  
there were vast stretches of vacant  
seats in the upper reaches of the hall  
and there was no congestion outside  
the building. This was in marked con-  
trast to the turbulent conditions that  
prevailed when Smith was here.

At the outset it was evident that  
Joseph A. Maynard, chairman of the  
state committee, had made a league of  
nations party out of this affair. In  
quick succession he introduced as the  
early speakers members of various ra-  
cial groups. Each was warmly received.

First on the last came Representative  
J. Henry Coghuen of Leominster, repre-  
senting the French-speaking people, and  
then came Vincent Brogna, prominent  
Italian-American; Samuel Kalesky, ex-  
tremely popular among the Jews; Ste-  
phen Wisniewski, conspicuous among the



## GOV. ROOSEVELT AT ARENA



(Boston Herald-Associated Press Photo)

The Democratic candidate standing between Mayor Curley, left, and Gov. Ely as Boston crowd roars enthusiastic greeting.

## THRONGS GREET GOV. ROOSEVELT

Enthusiastic Reception  
Given Candidate in Dash  
Through Three States

### PORTLAND CROWD IN LONG OVATION

By WILLIAM GRIFFIN

After an all-day motor trip that took him into three New England states Gov. Roosevelt was acclaimed last night in Greater Boston by tens of thousands of persons so densely packed that he literally had to force his way through cheering crowds for 20 miles.

Fireworks, red fire, walls of fire sirens along the route, and the presence of hundreds of weirdly-attired children out for Halloween fun lent color to the entry of the Democratic standard bearer into Boston at the end of his trip.

The Roosevelt tour reached as far north as Portland, Me., where he told 5000 persons in the city hall auditorium yesterday noon that the Democratic party would "sweep the nation." The throng boomed an ironic reference to Calvin Coolidge.

The size of the crowds in New Hampshire, Maine and Massachusetts cities and towns caused the Governor to arrive two hours late at the Hotel Statler, where he rested before speaking at the Arena. From the time he left Groton, where he stayed Sunday night at the parents house of Groton school, the Democratic leader was given an enthusiastic greeting along the 250-mile route.

While the welcome shown Gov. Roosevelt was in many towns a perfunctory one, the greeting given him by the larger centres of population was tumultuous.

Onward, racing against time, the Roosevelt party continued. At the Massachusetts state line, as at every state line, there was a stop to change state police officers acting as escorts.

The first real snag came at Salem when the armory and surrounding territory was found to be jammed with people and motor cars. Impeded in his progress, the Governor was taken into the armory. He referred to Halloween and the "burning of the witch" exercises scheduled for Gallows Hill, but cancelled because of rain. He said: I wish to assure you that after March 4, the witch of depression will be buried 10 feet deep.

Mayor Curley joined the party at Salem. At Lynn Common, where the Boston mayor had spoken after a tremendous personal reception, a mix-up occurred when the motorcycle escort was lost. Mayor Curley personally straightened out this tangle, but in the meantime hundreds of young boys had swarmed over the Roosevelt car, clung to the rear trunks and otherwise endangered themselves. That no one was seriously injured was cynically laid to "Roosevelt luck" by one observer.

Hundreds lined the sidewalks for miles in Revere, Chelsea, Everett and Somerville. Harassed by the daring of young boys and girls, many in Halloween costumes, who boldly rode on the runningboards of the Roosevelt

and Curley cars, the police were helpless until Chelsea was reached. Mayor Lawrence F. Quigley then deputized himself as a committee of one and rode the runningboards for several miles. Mayor Curley's brightly lighted bandwagon, which shot a ray of light into the heavens, attracted many more persons. In many respects the parade became a reception to Mayor Curley if the number of well-wishers, autograph-seekers and boys on the runningboards and rear trunks can be considered criteria.

After pressing relentlessly through the noisy crowds, Harvard square and the solitary bed for Mr. Roosevelt arrived at the same time. Along Massachusetts avenue to Commonwealth avenue, sirens and throttles opened wide, the cavalcade continued to Dartmouth street and Copley square. At Boylston street the cars swung around Park square to the front of the Statler, where the House of the Angel Guardian band played, red fire gleamed and shouters gave vent to their emotions.

Through the haze of smoke moved Gov. Roosevelt, and behind him, arm in arm, moved Gov. Ely and Mayor Curley.

### COUNCIL PROTESTS ELEVATED LAYOFFS

If Mayor Curley accedes to a request of the city council, sent him yesterday, he will ask Gov. Ely to exert his influence with the public trustees of the Elevated to prevent further layoffs of blue uniformed employees.

Councilman Burke represented that the layoffs have crippled the service in Dorchester and other districts.

HERALD 11/1/32

## COUNCIL REFUSES POLICE BOAT SHIFT

### Harbor Patrol Head Denies Responsibility for Conditions

A denial by Capt. Ross A. Perry of the harbor police of responsibility for the unserviceability of the \$200,000 police boat, Stephen O'Meara, which Corporation Counsel Silverman undertook to pin on him last week, preceded the refusal by the city council yesterday to transfer the boat to the institutions department.

Mayor Curley personally asked 17 councilmen a week ago to support the transfer order but an insurgent minority of sufficient strength to prevent the passage of a loan order of \$30,000 to make changes in the boat, holds the whip hand in the matter and has twice blocked the mayors' plan.

A majority is willing to accede to the mayor's request but appreciation that transfer of the craft will accomplish no other result than to free the police department from responsibility for the boat has deterred the presentation for an actual vote of the transfer order.

Fifteen votes are necessary to provide \$20,000 for the conversion of the boat from a coal to an oil burner, \$5000 for dredging the approach to the dock at Long Island and a similar sum for converting coal bunkers into cabins.

The knowledge that the council will not authorize any appropriation for such purposes has nullified the mayor's plans and has influenced Chairman Joseph P. Cox of the finance committee to pigeon-hole the loan order which his committee has voted to report to the full council.

Capt. Perry declared under questioning yesterday that "the corporation counsel has been misinformed" when he was bluntly asked if he had been responsible for amendments to the original specifications which were responsible for the conclusion of Commissioner Hultman that the boat was unsuitable for police work.

Perry asserted that he had never suggested any changes and that responsibility for the boat rested exclusively with the designers who drew the plans and supervised construction.

Leo Schwartz, legal adviser to Commissioner Hultman, declined to express an opinion of the type and probable cost of the boat which the police will desire if and when the O'Meara is shunted to the institutions department.

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### PARTY LEADERS AT ARENA

Governor Walsh, left, and Mayor Curley, shown last night at the Arena. The Mayor is acknowledging a tribute from the crowd.

HERALD

## CITY CENSOR CASEY RETIRED ON PENSION

### Stanton White Today Becomes Chief of Licensing Division

City Censor John M. Casey was retired upon a pension yesterday after 28 years of continuous service as the censor of Boston's amusements. The retirement law which makes it mandatory for city employees to retire upon reaching the age of 70 years forced Casey to relinquish the post.

His successor, Stanton R. White, who today becomes the chief of the licensing division of the mayor's office, proposes to adhere to the conservative policies which were followed by Casey.

Casey was one of 20 veterans in city departments who were retired yesterday. The majority were employees of the public works and park departments and included Patrick J. Donoghue, superintendent of the cemetery division of the park department. He lives at 20 Kingsboro street, Jamaica Plain, entered the service of the park department June 8, 1903 and has been superintendent since June 28, 1922.

More than 150 retired employees received certificates of merit from Mayor Curley yesterday afternoon. In a brief address he extolled the benefits of the retirement system.



# Curley's City Hall Levy Stirs G. O. P. Protests

## Leaders Charge Mayor Violated State Law — Demand on Employees Increased to \$10,000

Mayor Curley yesterday launched a movement to obtain \$10,000 from employees of the city for the campaign fund of Gov. Roosevelt.

After a conference with the mayor, a group of carefully picked workers started the collection of \$1 each from every municipal worker in return for a medallion depicting Roosevelt and Garner and a certificate of enrolment in "The Shareholders of America."

Department heads, ordered to attend a conference at which Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer, and James J. Tobin of the mayor's secretarial staff, outlined the plan and took with them at the mayor's order a man and a woman from each department to serve as canvassers.

Each was supplied with a book of certificates with stubs attached, and were asked to get the name of every person who subscribes, the names serving as an efficient threat to hang over the heads of those who do not.

At a meeting of Democratic women at the Hotel Touraine, Sunday night, Mayor Curley said he hoped to collect \$5000 by sale of the medallions to city employees by a committee of seven canvassers. Overnight he determined to collect \$10,000 or more, announced he expected \$1 from every city worker, and outlined a plan of collection by employees working under department heads that left no doubt as to his purpose.

His action created an outburst of sullen resentment at City Hall, where scores of employees, declaring they were being intimidated into subscribing toward Roosevelt's election, said that in their opinion the mayor's collection of funds would do definite damage to Roosevelt's cause here.

Meanwhile Republican leaders, supported by the opinion of eminent lawyers, confer today to see if action may not be taken against the mayor for violating of sections 11 and 12 of the corrupt practises act in soliciting funds as a city office holder in City Hall for the political campaign purposes of a candidate for office.

### CORRUPT PRACTISES ACT

The sections of the corrupt practises

act covering the situation, in the opinion of lawyers, read as follows:

SECTION 11. No person holding any public office or employment, under the commonwealth or any county, city or town, shall directly or indirectly demand, solicit or receive, or be concerned in demanding, soliciting or receiving any gift, payment, contribution, assessment, subscription or promise of money or other thing of value for the political campaign purposes of any candidate for public office or of any political committee, or for any political purpose whatever; but this section will not prevent such persons from being members of political organizations or committees.

SECTION 12. No person shall in any building or part thereof occupied for state, county or municipal purposes demand, solicit or receive any payment or gift of money or other thing of value for the purposes set forth in section eleven.

SECTION 60. Violation of any provision of section eleven or twelve of chapter fifty-five shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars.

### OPINION OF WARNER

Asked his opinion on the situation, Atty.-Gen. Warner said:

The proper official to handle such a case is the district attorney. Of course if a complaint should be made to him and he should refuse to act, the facts may be presented to the attorney-general's department. Under ordinary conditions the initiative is taken by the district attorney.

Dist.-Atty. Foley said:

This matter has not been brought to my attention before, but I have no interest in it whatever.

Canvassers for the mayor's campaign said they had met with a favorable response and great generosity throughout City Hall, but the employees who had contributed denounced the program under which, they said, it had been made too apparent to them that their refusal to donate would be reported to the mayor's office.

Many municipal workers said the canvassers had threatened them with being reported unless they gave their dollar to the mayor's fund.

## CANDIDATE LATE ARRIVING HERE

### Crowd of 2000, Band and Red Fire Greets Roosevelt at Hotel

Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt a few minutes after his arrival in Boston told a gathering of Democratic women that his trip yesterday convinced him that he would win all the New England states. "Yes, and Vermont," he emphasized.

The Democratic candidate, arriving at the Hotel Statler more than an hour behind schedule, stepped from his car into the red glow of flares, and waved his hat enthusiastically and repeatedly to the crowd of 2000 persons which surrounded the entrance and filled the lobby.

To a woman who leaned over the mezzanine balcony and shouted repeatedly, "Hurrah for Roosevelt, the next President of the United States," he replied, "That's right." The crowd was equipped for the most part with flags, and a band blared music during the long wait for him after his arrival.

### "WE'LL CARRY N. E."

Most of the crowd flocked up the stairs behind him to the meeting of the Democratic women of Boston. Here Joseph P. Conry, traffic commissioner; Election Commissioner Peter F. Tague, City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan and Mrs. Helen C. Galvin, who was to have presided, were left standing at the platform when Mayor Curley, ushering Roosevelt into the rear of the room and finding progress difficult against the crowd, asked the audience to turn their chairs around.

Speaking from the rear of the room, Roosevelt declared himself "very glad to come back to my other state." He said that "you people have a half-interest in me. That's my mother's half, she came from Massachusetts."

Roosevelt remained in his room on the 14th floor until 10 o'clock, when he left for the Arena. A smaller crowd of nearly 1000 watched his departure.

While in his room, he discussed his speech with Prof. Felix Frankfurter of the Harvard law school. Among his visitors during the wait were Daniel H. Coakley and his son, Gail; James H. Brennan of the Governor's council, who assured Roosevelt he would carry Massachusetts, and a delegation from the Harvard Democratic Club, including Hartley E. Howe, son of Roosevelt's secretary, Lewis E. Howe, and Thomas H. Quinn, son of Patrick H. Quinn, Democratic national committeeman from Rhode Island for 16 years.

More than 400 policemen under Deputy Superintendent Thomas F. Goode, with Superintendent Michael H. Crowley supervising, were assigned to the rally at the Arena, the hotel, and the route Roosevelt traversed. State troopers, whose presence aroused Boston police resentment at the Smith rally, were not in evidence last night.

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## ROARING WELCOME

### Roosevelt Greeted by Tumult of Noise—Chilled and Weary Crowd Lacks Spontaneity of Enthusiasm Compared to That Extended to Smith

Three solid hours of political oratory, shot at them by more than a dozen speakers, and a chill that made them keep their overcoats on, failed to dissipate the spirit of a crowd that almost filled the spacious Boston Arena last night to greet Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democratic candidate for the Presidency.

When the candidate finally made his way to the front of the platform, after being kept in the corridor until President Hoover concluded his radio address several minutes after the schedule called for, he was greeted with a

roar of applause and cheering that was brought to a high tempo by the lavish use of horns, bells and sirens, and while powerful spotlights played on him and revealed his broad smile, showers of confetti drifted down from the balconies.

#### Not Like Greeting to Smith

It was a great greeting, but was inevitably brought into comparison with that extended Alfred E. Smith in the same hall last Thursday night, and it suffered in comparison. There was only slightly less noise, but it lacked the spontaneity which characterized the Smith greeting. Where last week 15,000 people stood with shining eyes and smiling faces and unloosed a torrent of cheering, last night there was not the same delirious sentiment expressed.

Where the reception last week was almost idolatrous, last night's needed the urging and direction of Mayor Curley, who commanded the crowd to cheer for at least 20 minutes because President Hoover had been cheered for 10 minutes earlier in the evening in New York. Last week there was no need for girls to pass through the crowd distributing confetti and noise-making devices. The roar that lifted from the Al Smith crowd was something that needed no incentive but the presence of the guest.

#### Long Speeches and Cold Hall

Although as early as 3 o'clock in the afternoon there were people in the seats waiting for the event of the evening, by the time Governor Roosevelt started to speak after 10:30 there were still empty seats in the hall, and outside, where amplifiers carried the message of the candidate, only a few dozen persons stood against the walls of the building.

Observers seeking an explanation of the comparative lack of spontaneous enthusiasm, pointed to the long programme of speaking which preceded the appearance of Governor Roosevelt, and to the temperature of the hall, which was decidedly and uncomfortably chilly. They pointed to the tremendous reception given the candidate all through the day in his triumphal tour of three States.

#### Wildly Greet Ely and Curley

When the programme first opened, every mention of the name of Roosevelt, Smith, Ely and others drew a burst of real applause, but after more than three hours of uninterrupted oratory, the names were passed along with no reaction among the crowd. The arrival of Mayor Curley and Governor Ely revived the fire which had fallen

dangerously low, and both men, particularly the Mayor, were wildly greeted.

During the first part of the Mayor's address, and during part of Governor Ely's, there were frequent outbursts of applause and the clang of cow bells resounded through the hall. But when Governor Ely had completed his pre-pack address, and then continued to talk because, as it was explained, President Hoover was still on the air, waiting became considerable of a bore to the audience.

It was patent to all that the Governor was merely killing time until the air was free and Governor Roosevelt could make his appearance on the platform. In the process of killing time, much of the eagerness of the audience was likewise destroyed, but when Governor Roosevelt finally put in an appearance, the hall was turned into a bedlam of noise.

#### Wild Greeting for Roosevelt

The most powerful battery of lights ever in the building swept down from a place midway in the balcony and opened up a lane of light to the platform. Bands blared, and over the roar of the crowd, the shrill blast of sirens tore a swath through the air. The farther reaches of the building were in comparative darkness, but a roar of greeting welled up from them, and down through the light beacons a snow-storm of confetti floated.

The famous smile of Governor Roosevelt as he stood beside his tall son, James, gleamed in the glare of the searchlights, and although the candidate looked a trifle tired after his strenuous day, he appeared to enjoy the welcome.

The meeting itself presented a united Democratic front, with Mayor Curley leading three cheers for Governor Ely and describing him as "one who presided over the destinies of the Commonwealth with marked ability and strength of character," and the Governor "glad to see the party absolutely united tonight and for the rest of the campaign."

#### Fervent Tribute by Ely

Governor Ely described to the audience the triumphal tour of Governor Roosevelt. "Saturday afternoon," he said, "I met him at the Vermont line. We came down through territory that in earlier days we were wont to consider Republican strongholds. If the interest of those citizens there is any evidence of their political views, it looks as if the Republican party in Massachusetts had better confine itself to Cape Cod."

"The energy, the wholesomeness, the patience and the force of character exhibited by Governor Roosevelt in these last three days mark him as capable,

earnest, sincere and indefatigable in his efforts in behalf of the principles of Democracy."

The Massachusetts Governor then swung into a discussion of the State campaign and amused the audience with a description of his opponent "running with the ball toward the wrong goal line."

#### Greatest Triumphal Journey

Governor Ely, who introduced Governor Roosevelt, was preceded on the rostrum by Mayor Curley, who later presented a blackthorn stick to Governor Roosevelt. Mayor Curley declared the tour of Governor Roosevelt during the day as the most triumphal journey ever taken by any candidate in the history of the country.

"As a consequence of the visit of Governor Roosevelt," he said, "we will elect the entire Democratic ticket in the State. Before I came here I listened to the radio and I heard Herbert Hoover speaking in New York."

"I heard the bank clerks and brokers trying to cheer him for 10 minutes, but they have been gasping so long under the administration of Hoover that they ran out of breath. When Governor Roosevelt comes in here, you should cheer him at least twice as long as the famished, emaciated and anemic bank clerks of New York cheered Hoover."

A direct appeal to liberals and Progressives for support of the Democratic ticket was made by Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Sayre, daughter of Woodrow Wilson. She was given a great reception by the crowd. She warned against throwing votes away to the Socialist candidate, saying that progress can only come when men know what they want and vote for it. "The choice," she declared, "is between no action, no progress, no change on the one side, and understanding and sympathy for

the great suffering people of America on the other."

John E. Swift, candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, asked that the voters go right down the line for the Democratic ticket. "No blanks and no bullets," he demanded. He also blasted the labor record of his opponent, and quoted him as saying, when informed that there were girls working in Massachusetts sweatshops for \$2, \$3 and \$4 weekly for a full week, "Well, a girl is lucky to be making \$1 these days."

Other speakers included John P. Buckley, candidate for attorney-general; John F. Buckley, candidate for secretary of State; Francis X. Hurley, State auditor; Samuel Kalesky, president of the Roosevelt-Ely League; Stanley S. Wisniosk of Chelsea, representing Polish-American organizations; Dr. Silas F. Taylor, president of the Colored Democratic League of Massachusetts, and others.



Post

11/1/32

## GETS WILD OVATION

**Arena Audience in Outburst Lasting About 12 Minutes Before Nominee Is Able to Speak—Bands, Flags and Cowbells Add to Din**  
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS)

Speaking from the same platform from which Alfred E. Smith addressed his appeal to Massachusetts voters a week ago to support the Democratic ticket, Governor Roosevelt last night outlined anew various of the policies he has put before the people during his campaign.

A temporary speaker's stand for the Roosevelt address jutted out from the permanent rostrum.

Hanging from the roof beside the speaker's stand was a huge banner proclaiming "Governor Ely and Mayor Curley welcome to Boston our next President, Franklin D. Roosevelt. Massachusetts will give Roosevelt-Garner-Ely and the entire Democratic ticket a majority of 160,000."

Curley and Ely were the rival Roosevelt and Smith leaders in the primary fight last spring.

Ely in a brief speech asserted: "I am happy that all factions are united." Curley referred to Ely's term in office as "a great, progressive administration."

### Ely Brings Cheers

Ely brought a loud cheer from the crowd when he said his traveling with Roosevelt had convinced him that Massachusetts will support the New York Governor.

A beam of white light focused on the speaker's stand set it off in bold relief.

As Ely proceeded, switching into a discussion of the State campaign, he paused and glanced at his watch. He and Mayor James Curley, who was sitting beside him, exchanged smiles, and he continued.

There was a roar from the audience as he concluded and Governor Roosevelt entered.

The band struck up the familiar campaign song, "Happy Days Are Here Again," and cowbells clattered incessantly from around the wide circle of boxes. Paper came showering down from the galleries, leaving those below covered with scraps of the white stuff, looking as if they might have come in out of a snowstorm.

### Blackthorn for Governor

As the demonstration continued, Mayor Curley presented the Governor with a blackthorn cane which he waved in the air.

The shouting, yelling throng waved hundreds of small American flags.

In the midst of the demonstration, banners moved across the rear of the hall, some of which asserted:

"Let's greet 1933 with Roosevelt and prosperity." "12,000,000 unemployed want jobs."

As the hands of the clock moved on toward the 10 minute mark Governor Roosevelt raised his hands in an effort to silence the crowd, but the demonstration moved on unceasingly, even though the band, after playing its third selection, had become silent. Governor Ely moved forward and held up his hands but the deafening uproar swept on sending reverberations up into the high stretches of the steel girded roof.

### State Flag Over Roosevelt

The State flag was held over Mr. Roosevelt's head, bringing a new wave of cheering that tumbled toward the speaker's stand in a higher, more furious pitch than the undercurrent of clattering noise that ran on.



### ROOSEVELT ANSWERS CHEERS

This unusual picture of Governor Roosevelt shows him in a happy mood as he faces the cheering thousands at the Arena. Note how his eyes are closed as the terrific moving picture lights beat upon him. The big smile indicates his pleasure.

"Hooray, hooray, hooray," shouted the crowd as Governor Ely shouted for silence.

At the end of 12 minutes a semblance of order was restored, but there were sporadic outbursts from different quarters of the hall and the presentation of Governor Roosevelt brought another minute of applause. Mr. Roosevelt's coat was sprinkled with confetti as he began his address:

"Half of me belongs to Massachusetts," he said. "My mother's half."

Referring to his trip of the day into New Hampshire, Maine and back to Massachusetts, he said it had convinced him that the three States would be found in the Democratic ranks next week.

"My only regret is that I couldn't have been here last Thursday night when Governor Smith was here," he said.

"At any rate, on the very next day, I had a very long talk with him and

told him that he received the very deserved welcome that he got here.

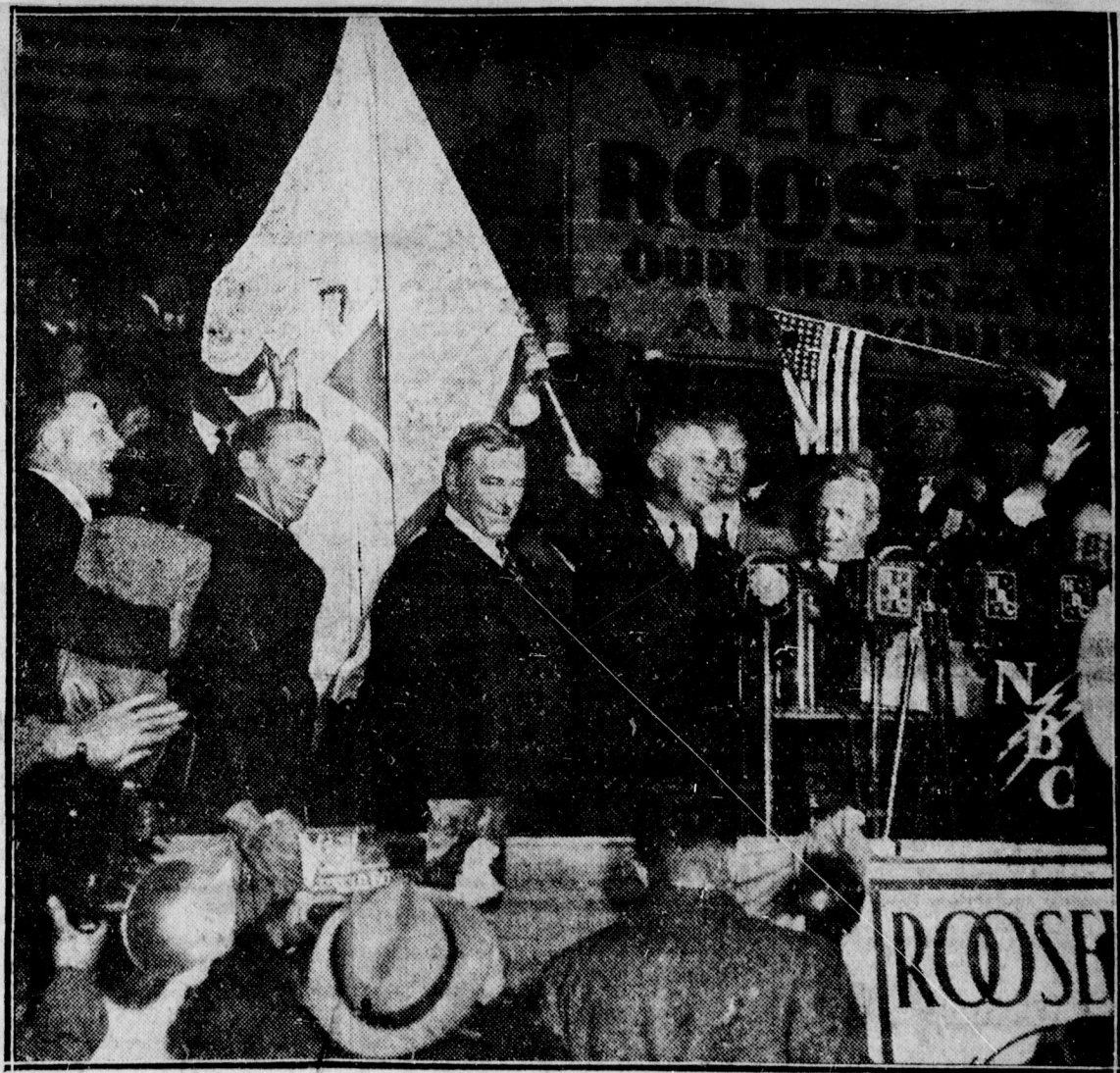
### Sees "Hawkshaw Moses" Beaten

"And another thing, up in New Hampshire today, I was assured that Hawkshaw, the detective, is not going back to the Senate." Smith thus referred to Senator Moses of New Hampshire in his recent Boston speech.

The reference stirred new rounds of applause that set the steel girdlers ringing. The candidate then swung into his prepared text bringing new applause by his attacks upon the administration.

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— HAPPINESS ON THE PLATFORM

Here is a collection of smiles. Reading second left to right, City Councillor William Barker, Mayor Curley, Governor Roosevelt and Governor Ely as they faced the crowd at the Arena from the speakers' platform.



Post

11/1/32

# Favors Federal Relief for Needy ----Urges Shorter Week to Provide More Jobs

## Acclaimed by Big Crowds in Triumphant Tour of Maine, New Hampshire, Bay State

The full text of Governor Roosevelt's address at the Arena is printed on Page 11.

### TAKES PART OF RADIO TIME OF ROOSEVELT

NEW YORK, Oct. 31 (AP)—It took the President a little more than an hour to finish his address, and because of the extended applause, he ran three minutes over the radio time allotted to him, into the period reserved for Governor Roosevelt's speech from Boston. In addition two and a half minutes were required to switch the apparatus for the Boston speech.

BY ROBERT T. BRADY

An arraignment of President Hoover and his Republican supporters for indulging in personalities and seeking to coerce the ballots of the people of the United States by spreading the "doctrine of fear" featured the address of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt before a wildly enthusiastic audience of about 14,000 men and women in the Boston Arena last night.

Climaxing a day of triumphal procession through parts of Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Maine, the Democratic candidate for President declared his complete confidence that the electoral votes of these three New England States will be cast for the Democratic party one week from today, because, he said, the voters here, as in other parts of the country, re-

fuse to be swayed, in the closing days of the campaign, by the efforts of the Republican leader and his supporters to "undermine reason through fear."

And the people of Boston, gathered in the big auditorium, last night, gave added ground for the display of confidence on the part of the New York Governor.

With the possible exception of the roars of greeting that were given to Alfred E. Smith on his visit to this city in 1928, and again last week, the Roosevelt reception, last night, was one of the greatest ever accorded a public speaker in Boston.

The minute he arrived on the speakers' platform, a perfect storm of enthusiasm broke from the floor and the balconies of the great building.

With the band playing "Happy Days Are Here Again," the vast audience arose and yelled, cheered, waved flags and went through every possible form of demonstrative approval of the man and the cause he represents.

Women's shrill shrieks of joy welled through the building. Confetti showered from the balconies onto the heads of the candidate, Governor Ely, Mayor Curley and the others on the speakers' platform.

Governor Ely and Mayor Curley led the cheering as it rolled into every nook and crevice of the Arena.

When the Mayor of Boston presented the Governor of New York with a key to the city and then with a formidable looking "Big Stick," an Irish blackthorn, there was an even greater outburst of applause and cheering.

### Crowd Keeps on Cheering

When it had continued for seven or eight minutes everybody on the platform sought to quiet the crowd by indicating that the time for Governor Roosevelt's radio address had arrived.

Governor Ely held up his watch and pointed to the microphone, but still the frenzied crowd of men and women kept up the din, apparently trying to make Boston's demonstration for the Democratic candidate for President exceed that accorded to President Hoover in Madison Square Garden in New York.

In a final effort to exhaust the cheer-

ing and applause, Mayor Curley stepped to the front of the platform and called for three cheers and a tiger.

But, after giving the cheers under the Mayor's leadership, the crowd continued to whoop it up for "Frank," as many in the audience were calling him.

### Outburst Lasts Over 10 Minutes

The demonstration had lasted for better than 10 minutes before Governor Ely was able to make himself heard to present the "Next President of the United States."

But, throughout the Roosevelt speech, there were frequent outbursts of approval. When he mentioned the name of Andrew J. Mellon, former Secretary of the Treasury, there were many "boos."

Every mention of Alfred E. Smith by Governor Roosevelt brought its own round of applause. When, near the opening of his address, Governor Roosevelt expressed regret that he was not here last Thursday night with Smith, there was a rafter-splitting roar of approval.

Later, when, as Smith is wont to say in his political speeches, Governor Roosevelt called for a "look at the record," there was uproarious laughter and cheering.

It was a distinctly Roosevelt night while generous receptions were given to the Governor of Massachusetts and the Mayor of Boston, to Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Sayre and other speakers, the audience showed its real interest was in the utterance of the candidate for President only, and there were frequent cries for Roosevelt, shouts of "good boy Frank." "Go to it, Frank," as the candidate for President hammered home his points against the Republican administration and President Hoover's unfair efforts to instill into the minds of the people of the country that business will go to the dogs after Nov. 8 unless he is re-elected.

Governor Roosevelt opened his speech with a brief review of his early days spent in Massachusetts to receive his education, to acquire knowledge which he said has enabled him to keep his mind and spirit free from bigotry and intolerance.

Then he reviewed his trip through New England States, arousing uproarious laughter and cheers when he referred to the fight against George H. Moses for re-election to the United States Senate in New Hampshire.

Reports from that State yesterday, the Governor said, indicated clearly that the man whom Al Smith christened as "Hawshaw, the detective," will not go back to the United States Senate.

Governor Roosevelt aroused the crowd to a wild demonstration when he declared that President Hoover, in his Indianapolis speech, had indulged in personalities. That was the speech in which the President said in effect that he had made Roosevelt quit.



FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT  
WILL SWEEP THE NATION  
ON NOVEMBER

WALSH

ELY

SENIOR  
CURLEY

HAPPY  
DAYS  
WILL COME  
AGAIN

THE 3  
BAY STATE  
GUARDSMEN  
HIT THE G.O.P.  
HARD AMID  
GREAT CHEERS

VICTORIAN  
WITH A UNITED  
DEMOCRACY

A PROTEST  
AGAINST LACK  
OF LEADER-  
SHIP

MAYNARD

MR. CHAIRMAN  
DEM STATE  
COMM

IT WAS  
AL SMITH  
GOT HIM  
GROGGY  
FIRST

HOOVER  
AND  
PRATT

TAYLOR

RICHARDSON

BOSTON  
ARENA  
CONTESTS  
ROOSEVELT  
VS HOOVER  
VS ELY  
VS YOUNGMAN

MRS  
SAYRE  
DAUGHTER OF  
WOODROW  
WILSON

HE IS  
IN A K.O.  
OH NOBLE  
YOUNGMAN

HE IS  
BUT IN A COMA  
MY LOYAL  
GOODWIN

GOODWIN

YOUNGMAN

DEMOCRATIC  
GLADIATOR  
ROOSEVELT  
COMPLETES THE G.O.P.  
ROUT STARTED BY  
"HAPPY WARRIOR" AL  
AT THE ARENA

HAPPY  
DAYS  
WILL COME  
AGAIN

FOR PURE  
OPTIMISM-  
CANT BEAT ROOSEVELT  
CAMPAIGN SONGSTERS!

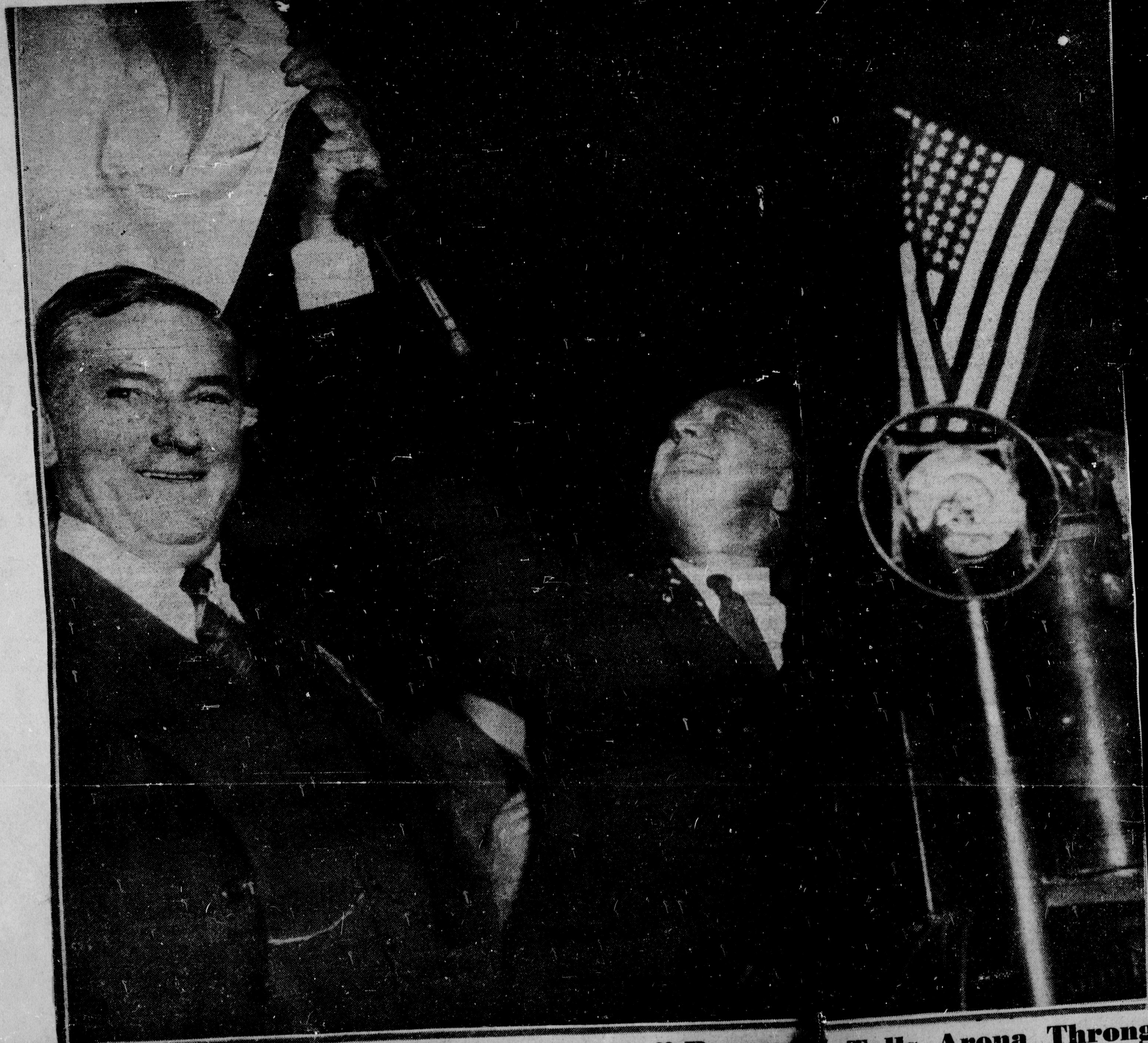
COME  
ELY

AN ELY  
ROOSEVELT FAN

COWBELLS, HORNS, FLARE  
AND VOICES WELCOMED  
GOV. ROOSEVELT  
IN HUGE OVATION

SAM KALESKY  
WALLOPED MR  
HOOVER FOR  
THE JEWISH GROUP  
IN FIERY SPEECH





## "Half of Me Belongs to Massachusetts," Roosevelt

Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt as he stood before a wildly cheering throng which packed the Arena last night, waving the Massachusetts state flag, saying "Half of me, my mother's half, belongs here, my mother was a Mas-

sachusetts woman." His speech, accus-

all-day triumphal

## Tells Arena Throng

cheering was deafening and lasted for a minute. of preaching a doctrine of fear, climaxed an free New England states.

RECORD

11/1/32



## Ovation Eats Up Radio Time

Practically every Democratic leader of importance in the state made a futile attempt to stem the drawn-out demonstration that greeted Gov. Roosevelt's appearance in the Arena.

The band struck several chords, but was ignored. Gov. Ely and Mayor Curley held out their watches in ineffectual efforts to make the cheering mob realize that the ovation was eating up the radio time.

and seeks to spread it to the rest of the civilized world.

### 5000 IN POWER

"We are told that there was a Roman senator who threw himself into a chasm to save his country. These gentlemen are of a new breed. They are willing to throw their country into a chasm to save themselves.

Another means of spreading fear is through certain Republican industrial leaders. I have said, and without being controverted, that 5000 men in effect control American industry. These men, possessed of such great power, carry likewise a great responsibility.

It is their duty to use every precaution to see that this power

Mayor Curley advocated a final three cheers and undertook to lead them himself, but the throng persisted in dragging out the "tiger" to several minutes of howling, hand-clapping and huzzas.

Incidentally, Halloween noisemakers were much in evidence, but could not take the play from bells, klaxons and other approved noisemakers.

is never used to destroy or limit the sound public policy of the free and untrammelled exercise of the power of the ballot.

### EMPTY GESTURES

"In violation of this duty some of these 5000 men who control industry are invading the sacred political rights of those over whom they have economic power. They are joining in the chorus of fear initiated by the President, secretary of treasury, and the Republican national committee.

"They are telling their employees that if they fail to support the administration of President Hoover, such jobs as they have will be in danger.

"Such conduct is un-American

## Over 500,000

persons greeted Franklin D. Roosevelt in his triumphant tour through three New England states yesterday. He is shown at the Arena with Mayor Curley and Governor Ely.



# CROWD AT ARENA JUST FILLS HALL

## Another Throng Packs Hotel to See Nominee

### Governor Is Paid Brief Visit by His Baby Granddaughter

Lanes of red fire marked the path of Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt's automobile from Huntington av along Gainsboro st to St Botolph st and the back door of the Boston Arena last night, but he had to wait until he got inside the Arena for a wild reception.

There were about 150 people standing near the rear door when the Governor's party arrived at 10:19. They cheered and the Governor waved to them. The chauffeur waited a moment while police officials conferred and then sent the automobile, in which Gov Roosevelt was riding, through the rear door and down a runway into the Arena itself.

Gov Roosevelt got out of the machine and, accompanied by his son, James, he walked up a gangplank used as a walk to the platform. A couple of hundred enthusiasts had managed to get under the platform and many of them tried to shake hands with the Governor.

### Big Crowd at Hotel

"The big push" of war-time had nothing on the big push at the Hotel Statler early in the night, when thousands of people wanted to see Gov Roosevelt at the same time.

The Governor and his party arrived about 7:30 o'clock, almost two hours behind schedule, but 1500 persons were outside the hotel to cheer him. James Roosevelt, Gov Joseph B. Ely and Mayor James M. Curley assisted him from his automobile and escorted him into the lobby of the hotel. The lobby was jammed with people, and police inspectors, holding hands to make a chain, had difficulty keeping back the people who wanted to shake hands or touch the Governor.

It was a wild, but happy time. The crowd cheered loudly. Gov Roosevelt went up in the elevator to the mezzanine floor and was escorted to the meeting of 1000 Democratic women workers.

### Curley and Ely Speak

Mayor Curley got up on a chair and announced that the Governor would not make a lengthy speech. He said that Gov Roosevelt had shown remarkable vitality in the New England trip and "had already worn out three batteries of young and active reporters." Mayor Curley said that the Governor had no rest and then told of the wonderful reception at all places during the trip from Groton.

The Mayor predicted that Boston would give Roosevelt a majority of

125,000 votes and then presenting Gov Ely he said, "I want to introduce the present and the next Governor, because the young man who thinks he is in the running isn't in the running at all."

Gov Ely spoke of Gov Roosevelt in brief, warm terms, making the introduction.

Gov Roosevelt said he was glad to be back and was greatly impressed by the reception he had in Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill, mill towns. He said, "By the way, I'll carry New Hampshire. I am informed by my representatives up there that the people won't send Hawkshaw back to the Senate either."

"I was pleased with the situation in Portland. I went to see the Maine people and carry the facts of the rest of the country to the Pine Tree State. I wanted to thank them for having pointed the way to the rest of the country in their September election."

Gov Roosevelt said that the Democratic ticket would carry all the New England States in the Presidential election.

### He Kisses Granddaughter

On his way back to the elevator Gov Roosevelt kissed his granddaughter, Sara Delano Roosevelt, who was brought to the hotel to meet him. He had dinner with Mayor Curley and Gov Roosevelt in his room at the hotel. He also received a delegation of the Harvard Democratic Club, led by Donal M. Sullivan.

There were 400 Boston police officers, directed by Supt Michael H. Crowley, Deputy Supt Thomas F. Goode and Capt James Laffey of the Bureau of Traffic and Capt Perley S. Skillings of the Back Bay division to handle the crowd inside and outside the Arena.

No members of the State Police appeared. When Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith spoke last Thursday night the State

troopers appeared and took charge of policing the entrances to the Arena. There was considerable controversy about the matter and Gen Alfred F. Foote said that Gov Ely had asked for the troopers. Gov Ely denied making the request, but it was then revealed that his secretaries had asked for the State Police.

There was no trouble at the Arena, which had a capacity crowd. Only about 150 persons listened to the sound wagons which were placed outside the building to take care of an overflow. When Smith spoke a crowd of 5000 to 10,000 was outside.

### Crowd Set at 15,000

There were no such scenes at the Arena as those that marked the night of the Smith speech. Gov Roosevelt's audience filled the hall, where there are seats for 10,360 persons and standing room for more than 4500 persons. When the Governor began his address, there were a few seats vacant in the balcony but it was estimated that more people were standing in the aisles so that the figure of 15,000 persons was set as the attendance.

About 100 persons had come to the Arena yesterday morning and Manager George V. Brown had let them in. He closed the doors at noon and no one else was admitted until 5:30 last night. About 7 o'clock, by the time that the Arena was filled to hear Smith, there were about 7000 persons in the place. About 2800 seats on the floor had been reserved by Mayor James M. Curley and invitations had been distributed. By 7:30 only about 1000 persons were in the reserved section and the committee in charge announced that anyone could take seats in the reserved section. There was a rush from the balconies.

### "Hoover" Group Ousted

The police had little work to do. There was an atmosphere of Halloween about the audience, however, and a few were costumed for the Halloween occasion. What might have been a serious disturbance was nipped in the bud by a policeman in civilian clothes just a few minutes after Gov Roosevelt began to speak. He heard some young men, in their early 20s, discussing how they could cheer for Hoover and start some excitement. The young men laid their plans in such a loud voice that the officer overheard it all. He called other officers and the group was escorted to the door and ordered to leave.

After Gov Roosevelt had been speaking for 15 minutes the crowd in the aisles began to thin. A Globe reporter asked some of the people who walked out why they were leaving. Almost everybody had the same answer. They had come to see and hear Gov Roosevelt and now that they had seen him and heard his voice they didn't think it necessary to stay and hear a long speech. It was estimated that about 3000 persons left the Arena after Gov Roosevelt was well along on his address. It was an unusual sight, but some of the people said that they had parties planned and wanted to get to them.

### Cheered Again at Hotel

Gov Roosevelt managed to get out of the grasp of hundreds of people and into his automobile which was backed up near the stage walk at the bottom of an incline. Gov Ely, Mayor Curley and other notables didn't have the same luck. The Governor was jostled and almost smothered by the surge of the crowd toward Roosevelt.

There was considerable excitement when Mayor Curley discovered his coat was missing, but Charles H. McGlue, formerly chairman of the Democratic State Committee, showed up with it. Gov Roosevelt waited outside in his machine for his friends and escorts and heard about 3000 persons, who poured out of the hall, cheering him.

He got another cheer in the lobby of the Statler, but he went directly to his room, 1464, on the 14th floor. He was reported in bed at 12:30.

Tom Giblin stole some of the show at the Statler about midnight when he paraded in with the State flag which he had taken from the stage at the Arena. He presented it to James Roosevelt to give to the Presidential candidate as a symbol of victory in this State.

Globe

11/1/32

TRAVELER

# ROOSEVELT CLICKS AT START AND APPLAUSE ENGULFS HIM

## Gift of State Flag From "Billy" Puzzles Him As He Reaches Stage of Arena

The band played "Happy Days Are Here Again." The crowd, tense from waiting, rose to its feet, uncertain. Roosevelt came into the hall. A searchlight picked him out and bathed him in its radiance. For a split-second the audience waited. The next moment they roared their welcome.

Roosevelt, standing in the floodlights, his right arm raised in greeting, knows that he has "clicked." There is confetti in his hair and on his shoulders. More confetti falls like a shower of petals from the galleries and rests upon the shoulders of Mayor Curley and Gov Ely who stand to the right and left of the party's candidate.

The searchlight swings away from the speaker's stand and darts over the crowd, illuminating a vast field of flags waving like a troubled sea.

Roosevelt expected nothing like this. The fingers of his strong hands grip the sides of the tall stand in front of him, flexing nervously as he scans the crowd. The noise grows in volume as Mayor Curley hands him a blackthorn stick.

The New York Governor smiles and waves the stick at the crowd. Someone takes the State flag from its standard at the side of the platform and passes it to Representative "Billy" Barker who shoulders his way through the crowd on the platform to the side of the smiling guest.

He hands it to Roosevelt and the latter, a little bit puzzled, doesn't know quite what to do with the flag until Mayor Curley comes to his rescue and takes it away.

The tumult goes on. Valuable radio time is being lost. Gov Ely, with his most pleading smile, indicates by gestures that "enough is enough." Not even the Ely smile can stop them. An "unofficial" delegation, carrying huge signs that read, "Somerville Greets Our Next President," begin to march around the hall. The crowd invades the press section and the noise goes on with increasing volume.

Comparative quiet comes at last and Gov Roosevelt begins to speak. The people have time to look at him. He is physically big. He is taller than Curley and Ely but not as tall as his son, James, who stands just behind him.

His gestures are quick and when he becomes excited he winks rapidly. When he is amused he tosses his head back and laughs all over.

Gov Roosevelt's voice is clear

and has a certain youthful quality, a ringing note, in it. His carriage is erect as that of a West Pointer and his complexion is that of an outdoor man. He has had an arduous day, but he shows no signs of fatigue.

Mayor Curley's beaming countenance says to all and sundry that it was a very successful rally.

Everything was appropriately "ship-shape" for the reception to the ex-Assistant Secretary of the Navy. While the band played "Anchors Aweigh," he entered the speakers' stand over a gangplank borrowed from a Boston steamship company.

How many cultured Bostonians "caught" the grammatical error in the largest "Welcome to Roosevelt" sign in the Arena?

A fire siren in the back of the hall contributed largely to the sound effects, but a woman in the front of the auditorium, with a huge cow-bell and a strong right arm, walked away with the noise-making honors.

A couple of Roosevelt "fans" who couldn't bear to let Halloween go by without some kind of celebration solved the problem by coming to the meeting in "black-face" make-up, Charlie Chaplin hats and baggy trousers.

Chief honors for sartorial elegance were shared by John E. Swift, Senator David I. Walsh and Samuel Kalesky, vice president of the American Jewish Congress.

Hard pressed for scrap paper to use as "confetti," a group of boys in the balcony surreptitiously removed a "Garner-for-Vice-President" sign from the wall and tore it up into small pieces.

Up to 9:15 the biggest ovation of the evening was given to Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Sayre.

That girl in the black coat who vaulted the floor railing to get an American flag ought to try out for the next Olympics.

During the Curley address Senator Walsh and Gov Ely engaged in earnest conversation. Senator Marcus A. Coolidge who was sitting with them did the applauding for all three.

One of the most popular tunes of the evening was: "How Dry I Am."

All of the orators were careful to pronounce it "Rose-velt."

## EL TRUSTEES FAVOR SHORTER SUBWAY

Believe It Will Give Adequate Service

A Huntington avenue subway, costing \$4,800,000, and extending from Gainsboro street to the Boylston street subway in Copley square is preferred by the public trustees of the Elevated to the \$8,750,000 project sponsored by the transit commission and creating a new route between Huntington and South Huntington avenues and Bowdoin station.

In a conference with Mayor Curley yesterday the trustees announced their favor of a modified plan and attributed their decision, which has not yet been formally voted, to the conviction that there was no immediate need of the longer route, and to the saving of rental cost of \$180,000 annually.

In a statement the trustees said:

The present subway at Boylston and Park streets has ample capacity and facility for all the trolleys which would use the new Huntington avenue subway. The saving on construction and interest charges is so great that the trustees believe in the adoption of the modified plan and not the original plan. Until such time as the transit facilities require "training" we believe that the expenditure of \$4,500,000 will give the same service to the travelling public as the \$8,750,000 plan would. If no further extension of this subway is required for 10 years the total savings in interest charges would be \$1,800,000. Furthermore no part of this construction work proposed by the trustees need be eliminated, when the time comes for the completion of route 1 of which this is a part.





**A Triumphant Swing** through three New England states, and happy over the tremendous welcome received from more than 500,000 in cities and towns he had passed through on the 500-mile tour, Gov. Roosevelt climaxed the day with a speech at the Arena denouncing the G. O. P. "Campaign of Fear," among the jobless. He is shown on the platform.

GAY AND SERIOUS MOODS, AS THE ARENA SAW THEM



Chase

11/1/32





UNITED DEMOCRACY FACES THE ARENA AUDIENCE OF 15,000  
Mayor Curley, Gov. Roosevelt and Gov. Ely smile for the crowd.

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chairman was Joseph A. Maynard, chairman of the Democratic city committee of Boston, and the permanent chairman was Joseph A. Maynard, chairman of the Democratic State committee. During the registration drive for new voters, the two men clashed several times as Chairman Maynard's committee endeavored to take charge of the Boston drive as well as the State work and Chairman Lawler insisted that Mayor Curley's committee would handle Boston.

All classes were forgotten last night and Mr Lawler paid high tribute to Chairman Maynard as he introduced him as presiding officer. All factions were apparently well represented at the gathering as the slightest reference to Gov Roosevelt, Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith, Gov Ely and Mayor Curley was the signal for the great applause. The applause for all was vociferous but it was obvious that certain groups were more vociferous for their particular favorites.

### Brief Delay at Start

The meeting was delayed 15 minutes in starting because the crowd was slow in arriving after the first couple of thousand who had waited outside for choice seats entered the hall. At 7:45, Mr Lawler introduced Esther Foye Moran, who sang "The Star Spangled Banner."

Mr Lawler explained the gathering as a meeting of Democratic workers in Massachusetts rather than a rally, declaring that the rally was held last week.

The first great outburst of applause came when Chairman Maynard referred to the demonstration accorded Ex-Gov Smith in Boston last week and the audience repeated their enthusiasm when the speaker told of the devotion and admiration of Bay State voters for Gov Roosevelt.

Chairman Maynard, in his address, sounded a popular keynote when he declared the people of America de-

mand the elimination forever of the atrocious evils of prohibition.

### Maynard Criticizes Curtis

He criticized the attitude of the Republican party on prohibition and his switch that enabled him to a change and called Vice President Curtis "as dry as a cactus on the Arizona Desert."

Making the situation local, he declared, "the Republican candidate for Governor, once the darling of the Anti-Saloon League, is assumed to be for a 'change.' Although he is not audible on the subject, his conversion, if he is converted, can possibly be attributed to the mellowing influence of 'Attleboro Sam.'"

Closing his remarks, Chairman Maynard said: "The people of this country do not want a miracle man or a magician who can see prosperity just around the corner. They want a plain, unaffected, determined, happy man, and we are going to have him in the person of Franklin D. Roosevelt and a Democratic Congress and a Democratic State that will stand by him."

### Racial Spokesmen Heard

Chairman Maynard then introduced representatives from several racial groups and all pledged their support to the Democratic ticket. They spoke for the Jews, Italians, Poles, Negroes, Greeks, and Mr Maynard added that assurances had also been received from Syrians, Lithuanians and Germans.

Silas F. Taylor, president of the Colored Democratic League of Massachusetts, said the colored people "blindly followed the Republican party for 60

years or more." But now as the Negro has grown in intelligence "they realize now as never before that a man is not a devil because he is a Democrat, nor is he an angel because he is a Republican." He pledged the support of the Negroes of Massachusetts to the reelection of Gov Ely and election of Gov Roosevelt.

Vincent Brogna, grand venerable of the Sons of Italy of Massachusetts, took occasion to deny the story that the voters of Italian extraction were bolting the Democratic party.

"These nefarious and un-American practices," he declared, "have made it necessary to combat this insidious propaganda in this campaign."

"As its chairman, I am glad to report to this great gathering of Democrats that you need not be alarmed at the statements and claims."

### State Candidates Speak

Samuel Kalesky, vice president of the American Jewish Congress and grand master of the Independent Order, Brith Abraham of Massachusetts, spoke for the Jews; J. Henry Goguen, formerly councilor of Societe L'Assumption and president of the Roosevelt-Ely Franco-American Society of Massachusetts, for the French-speaking residents; Stanley S. Wisnioski, president of the 65 Associated Polish Societies of Greater Boston, for the Poles, and Charles Maliotis of the Greek-American Demosthenes Democratic Club of Massachusetts.

Members of the Democratic State ticket also addressed the big gathering. John E. Swift, candidate for Lieutenant Governor, was given a warm reception and made a severe attack on his opponent's legislative record. Senator John P. Buckley, candidate for Attorney General; Ex-Senator John E. Buckley, candidate for Secretary of State, and State Auditor Francis X. Hurley, candidate for reelection, urged the voters to vote "straight down the ticket."

State Treas Charles F. Hurley was unable to attend the rally because of sickness, but each of the other candidates spoke in his behalf.

Mrs Jessie Woodrow Sayre, daughter of the late President Woodrow Wilson, was given a tremendous ovation when she was introduced. She deplored the type of leadership now in Washington and said that in contrast the Democratic party offers a real program that will be carried out in every detail. She made a strong plea for the election of both Gov Ely and Gov Roosevelt.

R. Minturn Sedgwick, treasurer of the Democratic State committee, made an appeal for funds to aid the campaign, and a group of women passed through the audience collecting funds.

## CURLEY SPEAKS AT FIRST OF ROOSEVELT FORUMS

Noonday rallies are to be held every day until election at the Roosevelt-Ely headquarters in Court st. Mayor James M. Curley was the principal speaker there yesterday, following three singers. The Mayor made a vigorous Roosevelt-Ely speech and introduced George Fredman of New Jersey, head of the Jewish Veterans of America.

The Mayor expressed the hope that Boston alone will give Roosevelt a majority of 125,000 votes.

## "L" TRUSTEES THINK WELL OF REVISED SUBWAY PLAN

The Boston Elevated trustees and the Boston Transit Commission, according to Mayor Curley, are in agreement on the revised route of the proposed Huntington-av Subway.

On Nov 9, Mayor Curley will confer with the directors of the Elevated. If they also agree to the revised plan, the Mayor on the following day will

present it to the Metropolitan District Council for approval.

Under the revised plan the subway will be built from Copley sq to a point opposite Gainsboro st, at a cost of \$4,800,000, instead of the original plan of construction at a cost of \$8,750,000. The Mayor said that the revised plan will give work to 3000 veterans for a period of three years.

The plan calls for the removal of the tracks and reservation from Huntington av, of tracks from Boylston st and of 10-foot strips from sidewalks on both sides of Boylston at from Arlington st to Copley sq.

In the opinion of the Mayor this will give Boston the finest boulevard into the heart of the city, with the exception of Commonwealth av.



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both candidates. And then dignity died. At Indianapolis he spoke of my arguments—misquoting them. But at Indianapolis he went further. He abandoned argument for personalities."

### Charges Campaign of Fear

Gov Roosevelt also charged that the Republican Administration attempts to undermine reason through fear. He said they threaten American business and American workers with dire destruction from November to March.

"Such conduct," he declared, is "un-American and worthy of censure at the ballot box."

The Governor said that the fruits of the present depression will be gathered in future generations.

"The present leadership in Washington stands convicted," he declared, "not because it did not have the means to plan, but fundamentally because it did not have the will to do."

Discussing the problem of unemployment, Gov Roosevelt said that instead of putting into effect provisions advocated after a study, President Hoover "participated in encouraging speculation, when the sound business brains of the country were saying that it should be discouraged."

"He did not do what in his 1923 report he said ought to be done," Gov Roosevelt charged. "And on top of that he did what he said ought not to be done."

### Recalls Conference Program

Gov Roosevelt reviewed the five-point program advocated by the Hoover conference on unemployment in 1923 and charged that President Hoover failed to carry it out.

"We have two problems," Gov Roosevelt said, "first, to meet the immediate distress, and second, to build up a permanent basis."

As the immediate relief, he stressed the first principle that the nation owes a positive duty that no one shall be permitted to starve. He said that, in addition the Federal Government should provide temporary work wherever possible, "in the national forests, on flood prevention and on the development of waterway projects already authorized and planned."

Third, he said, the Federal Government should expedite the actual construction of public works already authorized.

In the field that looks further ahead, he said, we call for a coordinated system of employment exchanges, the advance planning of public works and unemployment reserve.

He pledged his Administration to carry through these three points and said the Democratic platform makes it clear.

He also called for the reduction of the hours of work and the number of working days per week. He said the Government must set the example in the case of its own employees.

"I seek also to restore the purchasing power of the Nation," he said. "That and only that will put people back to work. We need to restore our trade with the world. Under Republican leadership we have lost it and the President of the United States seems to be indifferent about regaining it."

Tackling the farmer's problem, Gov Roosevelt said that we need to give to 50,000,000 people who live directly or indirectly upon agriculture, a price for their products in excess of the cost of production.

"I favor," he said, "and do not let the false statements of my opponents deceive you—continued protection for American agriculture. I favor more than that. I advocate measures to give the farmer an added benefit,

called a tariff benefit, to make the tariff effective on his products."

### Likens Problems to Ely's

Gov Roosevelt spoke of the task of working cooperation with members of the opposite party and said he had done so successfully in New York as Gov Ely has in Massachusetts.

He said he declined to accept present conditions as inevitable or beyond control. "I decline to stop at saying 'It might have been worse.' I shall do all I can to prevent it from being worse but—and here is the clear difference between the President and myself—I go further to pledge action to make better things."

Gov Roosevelt spoke nearly an hour, finishing his address at 11:41 o'clock.

The crowds made a rush for the platform after the address and the ovation continued for several minutes.

The playing of "The Star Spangled Banner" halted the cheering crowds and Gov Roosevelt stood at attention on the platform as the national anthem was sung and then left amidst renewed cheering.

### Ovations for Curley and Ely

The heavy guns of Massachusetts Democracy arrived at 9:30 and received tremendous ovations. United States Senators Marcus A. Coolidge and David I. Walsh were forced to stand and bow before the audience subsided, but the reception was nothing to that given Gov Joseph B. Ely and Mayor James M. Curley. The Mayor arrived first and bedlam broke loose. It was clearly Curley's night, and if there were any such boos as were mingled with the cheers at the Smith rally they were drowned in the thunderous applause.

Gov Ely arrived just as Mayor Curley began his address, and the Governor was received with applause that rivaled that of the Mayor. Gov Ely stopped at the rostrum to shake hands with Mayor Curley, and then the Mayor, departing from his prepared address, paid tribute to Gov Ely and declared that he would be the first Democratic candidate for Governor in the history of Massachusetts to come down to the Boston line on election day leading, and added that if Boston would do her share there would be a great celebration in Boston next Tuesday night.

### Curley Denounces Hoover

Mayor Curley, in a half-hour address, made a stirring plea for the election of Gov Roosevelt, stressing the narrow situation and blaming President Hoover for bringing "sorrow, hardship and tears" to 30,000,000 Americans.

He called President Hoover "the greatest President of Europe the people ever elected." He declared with great fervor that there will be no relief for the American people except in the election of Gov Roosevelt.

Speaking of prohibition, the Mayor said, "The only hope for the repeal of the 18th Amendment lies in the election of a President with the courage to father repeal and a Congress favorable to such action. Franklin D. Roosevelt has unequivocally stated his position upon this important question and the election of Franklin D. Roosevelt will unquestionably result in the repeal of the 18th Amendment and in the restoration to the States of the right to determine whether they desire that the Government control the sale of liquor and derive the revenue therefrom, or whether every known poisonous substitute shall continue to be sold and the revenue devoted from the Government to the pockets of the racketeers and bootleggers."

"Everyone recognizes that since the adoption of the 18th Amendment the death rate from alcoholism has increased more than 300 percent and that the heaviest drinkers in America today are the women and men that never drank prior to the adoption of the 18th Amendment. Notwithstanding these facts, in all probability President Hoover would still be found opposing the repeal of the 18th Amendment were he not a candidate for reelection."

### Mayor Introduces Gov Ely

At the conclusion of his address, Mayor Curley staged the surprise of the night which greatly pleased the audience, by himself introducing Gov Ely. He told of Gov Ely's administration "during the two most trying years in our history" and declared he presided with "marked ability and strength of character." Mayor Curley said that "Gov Ely commands the admiration of even those who do not share his views on every question."

Gov Ely, after being warmly received, referred to the majority of 140,000 votes given Senator Coolidge two years ago and said he had hopes to obtain the same majority himself at the election next Tuesday.

"I am glad to see the Democratic party in Massachusetts absolutely united tonight for the rest of this campaign," the Governor said. "I want to play my part in this unification progress."

### Governor Appeals for F. D.

The Governor told of meeting Gov Roosevelt at the State line on the latter's arrival in New England Saturday and of the receptions received by the Presidential nominee in his tour through normally Republican towns. Gov Ely said: "The wholesomeness, the patience and character exhibited by our candidate for President in New England mark him as a man capable, earnest and sincere."

Gov Ely attacked his opponent and picturing the election campaign as a football game, said Lieut Gov William S. Youngman was "running toward his own goal." He told of the Lieutenant Governor's conflict with members of his own party.

The Governor, like most of the other speakers, dwelt at length on the prohibition problem and remarked, with some irony, that he was no new convert in his opposition to the 18th Amendment.

He said it has taken the people six years to reach the point where the officials of the American Government are ready to recognize the very apparent will of the American people.

"It is pretty near time," the Governor said, "that Massachusetts discuss the methods of regulating the traffic of liquor. I have suggested that Massachusetts begin to put herself in line to meet the changed conditions which will follow when the 18th Amendment is repealed or modified. One of the primary objectives is that Massachusetts immediately proceed to construct a set of laws which may answer the drys and at the same time provide a model for the other States of the Union."

Gov Ely reviewed the national situation since 1929 and said it was impossible to blame the Democrats and hence the responsibility rested purely with the Republican party. He strongly urged the election of Gov Roosevelt.

### Harmony Marks Preliminaries

The preliminary program reflected the harmony and the cooperation marking the Democratic drive in the week of the campaign.

Post

11/1/32



The Governor, with his arms lifted high in the air, is shown as he answered the acclaim at the Arena last night just after he had mounted the platform. Left to right are City Councillor Barker, Mayor Curley, Governor Roosevelt, Governor Elv, partially obscured, and James Roosevelt.



#### ROOSEVELT IN ACTION

Here is a camera study of the New York Governor at the Arena last night as he spoke in a vehement mood. Note the confetti with which he had been showered over his shoulders.



Globe

4/1/32

# ROOSEVELT GIVEN CHEERS OF 15,000

## Crowd Is Stirred to High Pitch By Curley and Ely, Joined In Pleas For Harmony

## Nominee Charges That Hoover Failed to Act on Own Plan To Prevent Depressions

The full text of Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt's Arena address starts on Page 12.

By DANIEL J. LYNCH

Responding to an ovation that rivalled the outburst of affection for his old political ally, Alfred E. Smith, in the same auditorium of the Boston Arena last week, Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York aroused a capacity audience to continued enthusiasm last night as he charged President Hoover with lowering the dignity of his office by abandoning arguments for personalities and misquoting his statements.

Displaying aggressiveness as he struck out at the President, Gov Roosevelt said he was tempted to reply "in kind," but added, "I shall not yield to the temptation to which the President yielded."

### Reception Here Is Warm

"On the contrary," he said, "I reiterate my respect for his person and his office. But I shall not be deterred even by the President of the United States from the discussion of

grave national issues and submitting to them the truth about their national affairs—however unpleasant that truth may be."

The reception to Gov Roosevelt was warm and genuine, but yet did not match entirely the emotional greeting to Ex-Gov Smith Thursday. There was no tremendous overflow to fill the streets adjacent to the Arena and there was no rush for seats until late in the evening, when the New York Governor was expected. Gov Roosevelt, although impressive in delivery, could not hold his audience as Ex-Gov Smith did, and halfway through his address about 3000 of the throng of 15,000 which packed the hall on his arrival and joined in the great reception had departed.

### Attacks on Hoover Cheered

Those who did remain loudly applauded his address at frequent intervals and cheered as he ridiculed the efforts of President Hoover to inject the spirit of fear into the campaign. He repeated his charge that the Republicans are cracking the whip of fear over the backs of American voters but declared that such threats are "empty gestures."

Gov Roosevelt devoted nearly half his address to the problem of unemployment, declaring "immediate relief of the unemployed is the immediate need of the hour."

He made the charge against President Hoover that he did nothing for a long time after the depression began and added to it the charge that he refused to follow recommendations made

by a commission of which he was the head as Secretary of Commerce in 1923.

### Ovation Lasts 14 Minutes

The ovation given Gov Roosevelt on his arrival lasted for 14 minutes and it required the frantic appeals of Gov Joseph B. Ely, who was endeavoring to introduce him, and Mayor James M. Curley to stop the wild cheers that followed his arrival on the platform.

Gov Roosevelt was accompanied by his son, James, and waited in his automobile inside the Arena, but behind the speaker's platform, even after the hour of 10:30, set for the National radio hookup. President Hoover was still speaking from New York, officials said, and the Governor did not come on the platform until 10:34.

No less significant than the address of the Presidential nominee and the wild ovation given him by the crowd who had only a short time before his arrival filled the big hall, was the complete accord of party factions. There was no question that the majority of those present were Curley admirers, but the ovation given his erstwhile political enemy, Gov Ely, indicated the complete harmony which now prevails.

### Old Rivals Arouse Crowd

Gov Ely and Mayor Curley said so many nice things about each other that they set the crowd wild with enthusiasm and a meeting comparatively dull in its opening hours was keyed to a high pitch of enthusiasm when Gov Roosevelt arrived.

The cheering crowd stood on seats, filled the aisles and literally went wild as Gov Roosevelt crossed the platform. Mayor Curley handed him a big key to the city and the Governor waved it to the audience. Later he lifted his cane above his head and waved it in a gesture of his appreciation.

Standing between the Mayor and Gov Ely with his son at his back, the principals of the big rally were showered with confetti.

Huge lights set up for the convenience of news reel photographers played upon the platform and it appeared as though it was going to be impossible to quiet the cheering crowd.

Finally when Gov Ely made an introduction, not audible to other than the radio audience, Gov Roosevelt, obviously moved by the ovation, gave a greeting to his friends that had not been included in his radio address.

### Refers Often to Smith

He referred frequently to his "old friend, Al Smith," and said that the day after the Boston meeting, Smith visited him in Albany and told of his welcome. He referred laughingly to Smith's description of Senator Moses as "Hawkshaw, the Detective," and said he learned today while in New Hampshire, that "Hawkshaw" would not be returned to the United States Senate.

He also predicted, as a result of his tour of New England during the past three days, that he would carry New Hampshire and Maine as well as Massachusetts.

Tracing the progress of the Republican campaign this year, Gov Roosevelt charged that first the Republicans were "plaintively apologetic; then they were indignant at Congress; finally they have in desperation resorted to the breeding of fear."

"At first," he said, "the President refused to recognize that he was in a contest. But as the people have responded to our program with enthusiasm he recognized that we were

## Roosevelt Sidelights

The first outburst of enthusiasm broke out at 7:25 when John E. Swift mounted the speakers' platform. He was the first one to appear and was given a rousing reception.

The patient spectators who arrived an hour or more before the speaking began, were kept in high spirits before the programme officially opened with catchy tunes played by the Cecil W. Fogg legion post's band of Hyde Park, directed by Emmett O'Brien.

Cow bells made their first appearance during the present campaign, when several persons seated not far from the speakers' platform frequent-

## ROOSEVELT GETS CURLEY SHILLELAH

When Governor Roosevelt appeared on the speakers' stand at the platform, Mayor Curley stepped up to him and handed the presidential candidate a key to the city. The Mayor then gave Governor Roosevelt a shillelah, which Roosevelt waved in the air by way of acknowledgement to thunderous applause and ear-deafening welcome.

ly added to the noise by clanging the resonant instruments.

A wild rush took place in the Arena at 7:40 last night when hundreds of men, women and children, who were occupying seats in the rear of the hall, plunged forward to fill up the large number of unoccupied seats in the reserved section.

When Senator Michael H. Ward of Roxbury, who is a candidate now for the House of Representatives, appeared on the speakers' platform with Mrs. Ward, several minutes ahead of the opening of the programme, he and his bride, a former Broadway show girl, were given a joyous welcome that resounded throughout the Arena.

Every time the band played the "Sidewalks of New York," or mention of "Al" Smith's name was made, the crowd, most of them leaping to their feet, rose to tremendously enthusiastic bounds.

Vincent Brogna drew a hearty laugh from the crowd when he said he was glad the campaign is concluding soon for if it were to last much longer, he added, he'd "have to begin imitating the Republicans with whispers." He has been a constant speaker throughout the campaign, as his voice indicated.

It was cool enough in the Arena last night for a hockey game. Practically every man and woman who attended the rally kept their overcoats or topcoats on throughout the whole programme.

Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Sayre, daughter of the last Democratic President, the late President Woodrow Wilson, and her husband, Professor Francis B. Sayre of Harvard College, occupied front row seats on the speakers' platform. Seated directly in back of them were Mayor and Mrs. Russell of Cambridge.

What a reception the crowd gave Senator David L. Walsh when he

mounted the speakers' platform at 10 o'clock last night. The entire crowd rose to their feet and cheered, shouted, stamped their feet on the floor and otherwise demonstrated a warmth of feeling for the Bay State's senior Senator.

The crowd really began to "warm up" at 9:30, when Mayor Curley arrived on the speaker's platform. After a reception of the wildest order was accorded the Mayor, the band played "Happy Days Are Here Again," which was the signal for further outbursts that actually brought the rally to life. It was several minutes before order was finally restored.

Miss Mary Curley, daughter of Mayor Curley, who was obviously thrilled at the reception accorded her father, never looked more attractive and charming than last night. She wore a black close-fitting dress with red cuffs and collar, a close-fitting black hat and white gloves. When the Mayor rose to speak she beamed radiantly as the crowd remained on its feet for several minutes applauding tumultuously.

Shortly after the Mayor spoke a few words a woman in the audience shouted, "Hooray for Porto Rico!" Again the crowd broke loose in cheering. The Mayor was obliged to stop and smile broadly.

With this cheering still being registered, Governor Ely then entered, causing a further interruption of the Mayor's speech. The Mayor was quick to raise his hand to lead a cheer for the Governor.

## TRAVELER MAYOR CURLEY OFF TO PENNSYLVANIA

Says There Is No Doubt of Outcome in Bay State

Telling a gathering of 500 at Back Bay station this afternoon that there was no doubt about the outcome in Massachusetts, Mayor Curley entrained at 1:05 o'clock for a speaking tour of Pennsylvania. He will return to Boston Monday, Nov. 7.

He is scheduled for addresses at Philadelphia, Pottsville, Hazleton and Norristown.

The mayor was accompanied by Traffic Chairman Joseph A. Conry, Penal Institutions Commissioner Philip A. Chapman and Frank J. Long of West Roxbury.

## WHITE ON JOB AS CITY CENSOR

Stanton R. White, new city censor, took office today, succeeding John M. Casey, who held the post for the past 28 years.

His office was banked with flowers, and hundreds of congratulatory telegrams were piled on his desk. Managers of several Boston theaters were among the first callers on the new censor.

Mrs. White, the former Sally Curley, daughter of John Curley, former city treasurer, and niece of the mayor, stood at her husband's side.

## CURLEY LEAVES FOR PENNA.

With cheers from hundreds of supporters, "Burn 'em up, Mr. Mayor!" ringing in his ears, Mayor Curley left Back Bay station on the 1 o'clock train to New York for a whirlwind tour of Pennsylvania in the interests of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Before leaving, Mayor Curley said:

"I feel more confident than ever before that we will carry every one of the forty-eight states. After yesterday's demonstration, I don't think there can be any doubt about the outcome in Massachusetts.

"All over the country, people are already shouting 'Victory for Roosevelt and Garner.'"

The mayor was accompanied by Joseph A. Conry, traffic commissioner, and Philip A. Chapman, superintendent of supplies, both of whom toured the west with him. Three secretaries, Frank Long, John A. Sullivan and John Brennan, completed the party.

Mayor Curley will open his tour tomorrow night in Pottstown. On Thursday night, he will speak in Norristown and on Friday night, in Philadelphia.

He will speak in Bethlehem on Saturday night, and wind up his tour at Hazleton on Sunday. He will return to Boston next Monday.



# Cash Flowing In City Hall for Roosevelt

**Dollar Comes Hard in Thousands of Cases, but Curley Has Willed It**

**All Names Go to the City Treasurer**

**Solicitors Meet Resentment as They Sell the Small Medallions**

By Forrest P. Hull

One window in the city treasurer's office at City Hall has been thrown open to the receipt of funds for Roosevelt. A clerk stands ready to accept the cash that is being collected among the city employees by the bucketful. All departments in the main building and the annex are seething with excitement as the solicitors pass to and fro collecting the money and making the notations on a certificate book. There is much resentment—for the employees talk freely among their associates—but in nine cases out of ten the men and women pay and nurse their grievance in secret.

Only the other day solicitors had finished their work of collecting for the Salvation Army. Funds came, hard—much harder than usual. The high contributions were a dollar, from department heads with salaries ranging from \$4000 to \$9000. The majority of donations were from ten cents to fifty cents. But every week for many weeks practically the same solicitors have been about asking for funds to give various long-time officials a happy leave taking as they retire on pensions. Add to this work the numerous demands for entertainment tickets and the deductions in pay envelopes monthly for the public welfare needs, and it is easy to understand the deep unrest which pervades the departments today as they are asked to help the Roosevelt-Garner campaign.

## Curley Had Announced It

First announcement of the impending financial demand upon City Hall for politics came with the mayor's remarks at the Sunday evening meeting held by Democratic women at the Hotel Touraine. He surprised the gathering by saying that he would appoint a committee to sell Roosevelt medallions through the departments for a dollar each. It was necessary he shouted, that Boston contribute liberally to the national campaign; there was no reason why the city employees, who still had jobs, should not help make up the Boston and Massachusetts quotas. Monday passed without the appearance

of the mayoral-named committee. In the afternoon each department was informed that it should choose representatives to meet in Room 49, fourth floor of City Hall, ready to take over the political burden. Two solicitors from each department were despatched. For two hours they were informed of the scheme by various speakers, one named Haggerty, from Democratic national headquarters. At that time Mayor Curley was speeding to Newburyport to meet Mr. Roosevelt and escort him, perhaps on behalf of the citizenship of Boston, to the Hotel Statler. At the City Hall meeting the mayor was represented by City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan.

## Mr. Haggerty Explains

Some say all departments were not represented—but that's a small matter. Even the school committee was represented by the chairman of the board and the fire and police departments sent their agents. It was all very nicely stated so it is said, by the speakers. Mr. Haggerty told the group that he had travelled through thirty-eight States in furtherance of the cause "Shareholders in America," which is a part of the finance division of the Democratic National Campaign committee. It had all been carefully, scientifically planned. The campaign would cost so much and each State was expected to contribute so much.

When somebody made bold to ask if contributions of less than a dollar could not be made, the answer was forceful that a dollar was a mere trifle for so important and valuable a movement. It was admitted, however, that in some severely hard-hit communities—Brockton, for example—the scheme had resolved itself largely into community affairs, groups of people arranging whistles and musical entertainments and sending the proceeds to headquarters. But Boston was not in that class; and furthermore, city employees in Boston were among the most fortunate people of the United States, not only in having jobs but in retaining their salaries intact.

## Pleasing Individuals

Mr. Haggerty was a pleasing individual, with not a trace of coercion in his voice or manner (so say the young women present) and even more pleasing, to many of them, was the bland and round city treasurer who represents the mayor. Mr. Dolan smiled all the way through his talk. There was nothing sensational in the scheme and the employees could contribute or not as they saw fit. All of them had been hard-pressed for funds for this and that object, but it was well to realize that they still had their jobs. When the explanations were all over, the men and women representatives of the departments collected their certificate books and their medallions of Roosevelt and Garner and went on their way.

Promptly on their arrival at their respective desks today the solicitors went to work, certificate books in one hand and medallions in the other. In some departments the well-salaried heads fished out as much as \$5 and were signed up; the \$3000 and \$4000 men were not so flush, but they did their part; the \$2000 and lower-salaried men and women kicked, but the money came forth just the same. In one department two young girls tossed their heads sidewise and remarked they were not interested. Later, they changed their minds. Money was flowing in fast at noon—so fast, in fact, that all the smaller departments had been canvassed practically 100 per cent successfully, while the larger departments, like the public works, was a different proposition. At noon the school department had not received its certificate books or its medallions, but the fire and police departments were being solicited.

The solicitors were requested to return

their books within four days with statements and a full report of all contributions to the national headquarters, Shareholders of America." But actually all they had to do was to pass the books and the money into the city treasurer. Each certificate book looked like a check book on a national bank or trust company. On each certificate were these words:

Massachusetts is asked for \$50,000. Each person contributes \$1 and is a member of Shareholders of America—organized to reclaim the equity of the Forgotten Men in America—and is pledged to work and vote for Franklin Roosevelt and John N. Garner as a means of restoring the fundamental principles of true democracy upon which this country in the past has prospered. Each member of the Shareholders in America is entitled to receive and wear the Roosevelt-Garner Shareholders Medallion reproduced on this certificate.

SHAREHOLDERS IN AMERICA.

R. H. GORE,  
National Director.

One cannot always tell a Roosevelt man by his button—or medallion. Though the Roosevelt-Garner insignia was everywhere—in evidence, there were certain persons—departmental heads largely—who kept them in their pockets or wore them on their waistcoats beneath their coats. One department head, when asked why he did not show his colors, replied: "Why should I; I am a servant of the public, receive many taxpayers daily, and why should I flaunt my political badge in their presence?" There were Hoover men in the City Hall groups who likewise kept their Roosevelt-Garner medallions under cover, though it must be confessed that certain of them were bolder.

Anyway, things were lively in the departments all day long, and if work did not suffer, it was somewhat hampered. How much money will be received? Nobody knows. But there are, according to the latest reckoning, 22,788 city and county employees. Perhaps the solicitation will not be made at the Court House or in the office of the Finance Commission, but the mayor's latest hope, expressed last night, was that \$10,000 would be raised.

## MAYOR SPEAKS ON RADIO IN WELCOME TO NOMINEE

Afternoon radio listeners yesterday heard Mayor James M. Curley give a radio welcome to Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt. After declaring that every canvass and poll taken indicated Gov. Roosevelt will carry 40 of the 48 States, the Mayor discussed unemployment and declared that the dole system is in operation in Boston and applies to about one person in every seven here. He touched on conditions in other cities and concerning welfare cost to Boston, said that \$13,000,000 will be spent this year. His address was made over Station WBZ.

## A Subway with a Hole in It

The modified plan for a Huntington-avenue subway, costing only about \$5,000,000, of course is much preferable to the plan costing about \$9,000,000. But the situation, as it lies today, has a catch in it. In fact, the catch is so big that one might better call it a hook, or prong, about twenty feet long. In order to proceed with the \$5,000,000 plan at this time, all parties in interest must agree to accept the \$9,000,000 plan. Not just smile upon it, or stroke it in a kindly and benevolent manner, you understand, but accept it by signed, sealed and certified contracts. The directors of the Boston Elevated will have to approve the extravagant plan by formal vote, witnessed in writing. The Elevated trustees, as we understand the law, will have to enter into a lease of the \$9,000,000 route from the Boston Transit Department.

These binding agreements will have to be signed for the good and sufficient reason that the only legal authority which now exists for the construction of any Huntington avenue subway whatsoever is the act passed by the General Court, authorizing the \$9,000,000 route. That is the only effective legal reality now in the picture, and there is no lawful thing which any man or corporation can do save to accept the act of 1932 in toto, or reject it in toto. The power, by special agreement, to modify or amend acts of the Legislature no one possesses except the Legislature itself.

Mayor Curley's plan, to start digging a \$5,000,000 subway "before Christmas," recognizes this basic fact. Under the contemplated procedure, all parties desiring a \$5,000,000 subway will begin by legally agreeing to build, rent and operate a \$9,000,000 subway. Then the mayor, the directors, the trustees, the Metropolitan Transit Council, and the Boston Transit Department will all write a gentlemen's agreement to ask the Legislature of 1933—which is not yet elected—to give them authority to change their contracts. Though we have no doubt that if this should be done, all the signatories would keep their word, how can one possibly feel sure that the Legislature of 1933, which is not yet elected, will do what these gentlemen tell it to do? Might not the General Court react rather roughly against such an attempt to anticipate and predetermine its legislative course? To say the least, the future is wide open to such doubt. In the meantime, since the only law now in existence calls for an extravagant \$9,000,000 subway, it seems best to reject it, instead of accepting it as a means of expressing hope that it will be rejected next year.

## DENIES HE CHANGED POLICE BOAT DETAILS

### Capt Perry Tells Council Silverman Misinformed

Delving into affairs of the new police boat which has been declared unsuitable by Police Commissioner Eugene C. Hultman and is in process of transfer to the Institutions Department, the City Council, in executive session yesterday, was told by Capt Ross Perry of the Police Department that he had never ordered a change in the specifications. "I am a deckhand, not an engineer," said Boston's waterfront police skipper.

Questioned by Councilor Joseph McGrath regarding alleged statements of Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman that Capt Perry was the man to blame, that the captain ordered changes until he got a boat to suit, but not a seaworthy one, Capt Perry's reply was, "The corporation counsel was misinformed."

Capt Perry was accompanied by attorney Leo Schwartz, who said that Commissioner Hultman was in conference and could not be reached. Neither Capt Perry or attorney Schwartz could say if the Police Department needed a new boat, what type was desired or the approximate cost. They said that would be a matter for Mr Hultman to decide.

### Explains Acceptance

Attorney Schwartz, in reply to questions by Councilor Norton, said that, within a few days of Commissioner Hultman taking office, the commissioner wrote the Mayor that the new boat was not acceptable, but later he was compelled by law to accept the boat because it was certified as suitable by the architects.

In reply to a question by Councilor Burke, Capt Perry denied that in any way he represented the Police Department in matters of construction of the boat, but that in accordance with instructions he gave to Mr Munro, the architect, all data about the old police boat Guardian. The captain said that he spoke to Mr Wilson, then Police Commissioner, about the matter of giving help to the architects. He said Police Commissioner Wilson replied that Mr Munro had announced he would need no assistance. His only visits to the boat during construction, said Capt Perry, were to familiarize himself with it as he expected to be captain.

The hearing was in connection with a loan order for \$30,000 to recondition the boat for use by the Institutions Department, part of the money to be expended in changing the boat from a coal to an oil burner. The visitors from the Police Department were thanked and excused. The appropriation order was not reported out.

### \$5000 Appropriation Killed

Employees of the Municipal Employ-

ment Bureau must worry along without any appropriation. Last week an order for an appropriation of \$5000 was defeated and today, as a result of reconsideration, Councilor Brackman called the order up. It could command but 13 votes while Councilors Fish, Kelly, Murray, Roberts and Norton by their votes killed it. A motion to reconsider was ruled out of order.

Councilor Murray offered an order calling upon the Welfare Department to make a specific report on the case of a family in Jamaica Plain said by Councilor Murray to be destitute. A man and wife and seven children are concerned, according to Mr Murray, and the father has been refused aid from both the Soldiers' Relief and Public Welfare Departments.

A resolve offered by Councilor Burke went to the Committee on Rules over his protest. He asked the Council to go on record as protesting against the attempt of the National Economy League to shift to municipalities disability aid and hospitalization allowance in cases of nonservice disability. Councilor Burke said that it would cost Boston \$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000 if the Federal Government was able to unload its burden on cities and towns. At the present time, in the cases of veterans receiving soldiers' aid from both the city and the Federal Government, the Federal allowance was deducted from the Boston allowance, he said.

Mayor Curley was called upon by an order offered by Councilor Brackman to recommend a general cut of 25 percent in all suburban valuations. Mr Brackman said that suburban homes were overtaxed at least 35 percent.

Councilor Burke, in an order, called upon Gov Ely to intervene with the trustees of the Boston Elevated Railway to stop further laying off of uniformed men and to reinstate the 500 he said had been laid off.

The Council adjourned for two weeks.



## Happy Roosevelt, Confetti on His Shoulders, Waves a Curley Shillalah

The platform arrangement had been improved for Governor Roosevelt's appearance at the Arena last night. The high speaking place which was like a pulpit or a Roman chariot for Al Smith had been lowered to within a few feet of the floor so that it was possible to see everyone on it. The lighting had been increased so that the back and sides of the hall were not so much in shadow except when a great floodlight cut them off entirely from the audience sitting at the front. Governor Ely was speaking when the crowd had its first premonition of Mr. Roosevelt's arrival. The governor stopped and looked around and then remarked that he thought they could sit down for a few minutes. The crowd was estimated at about ten thousand; it was obviously much smaller than for Smith and there were blocks of vacant seats.

In the glare of the floodlights the cheering burst forth when the governor of New York appeared. Scraps of paper drifted down from the gallery behind the platform. On the platform someone standing beside Mr. Roosevelt threw up handfuls of bright confetti which came down on the shoulders of the candidate's blue suit and stayed there. Mr. Roosevelt stood behind the speaker's desk looking very well, his face lighted from hope within as well as by the floodlight. An entirely happy looking man. He smiled, his head thrown back, and waved his hand. He shook hands with Mayor Curley. The band was beating away at "Happy Days Are Here Again." The cheering refused to subside.

From Mayor Curley Governor Roosevelt took a shillalah with which he made strong sweeping strokes across the air. Cowbells solidified the noise through the hall. The floodlights struck so strongly down the length of the hall that it was a sea of illumined and waving flags dispossessed of the people who waved them. A mass of bright flags moving in the light. Only the tops of the galleries were in dusk. Roosevelt's right hand was lifted high; he was a happy man; and from the band "Happy Days" went on and on through the sound of cowbells and cheering. He shaded his eyes in an attempt to see out over the audience. The brilliant little winks of the photographers' flashlights came from everywhere unquelled even by floodlight. Senator Walsh looked unsmilingly out on the crowd. Roosevelt drank from a glass of water, then brandished a key to the city and talked with Mayor Curley. Then he tentatively waved the noise down, but it would not stop. It was 10.40.

Suddenly the band stopped, but not the applause. The governor waved his hand again. Someone detached the State flag from its position at the end of the platform and draped its silken white about the shoulders of the governor and the mayor. There was a different kind of applause now, a distinct cheering instead of a conglomerate noise. It was possible to know that Governor Ely was speaking; the loud speakers carried an inarticulate sound that came from him. Ely's hand asked for silence. At 10.45 the band played one loud chord, Ely's voice was emerging, but Curley beat a gesture for wave-cheering and the crowd gave it. Then the audience was seated again still cheering, but in diminuendo. Now when Roosevelt's hand commanded quiet it began to come and suddenly the hall was almost still.

### Had Had Wonderful Day

Governor Roosevelt wiped his mouth with a white handkerchief and began his speech. At first both hands gripped the desk behind which he stood. There was

confetti on his shoulders, bright colored against the dark blue. His dotted blue tie was held by a gold pin which fastened across his soft white collar. He said he was glad he had had the privilege of standing under the flag of Massachusetts. He had had a wonderful day, he said; he had gone back to the school from which he had been told he had got some kind of culture. He tossed his head and smiled widely at his allusion to Republican campaign attacks. There were cheers for his expression of regret that he could not have been here with Al Smith. He went on to say that the dignities of the office of President of the United States had suffered with the Hoover speeches of the last week and there were a few cries of "Good!" from the crowd. There was laughter over what he called the President's recognition of the fact that "we are both candidates." He would not yield to the temptation to imitate the President.

His voice had not much weight or range but a bell-like clarity. His emphasis came from slowing down his speech and forcing volume. It had not the deep, out of which the Smith climaxes come. He used his right hand for gesture and for wiping his forehead with his handkerchief; the left hand, on the little finger of which a gold ring shone, gripped the desk. When he spoke of the four years of Republican sliding down hill he tossed his head again and smiled. The crowd cheered when he predicted what the Democrats would do. Following a burst of cheering it grew so quiet that the low tick of the telegraph wires could be heard again. A train rumbled by. He was speaking about Kansas but he did not pause. The big floodlight died and with the end of its glare people in the hall became distinct and individual again although mist and shadow still hung over the far back of the hall. Roosevelt was saying, "As Governor Smith would say, let's have a look at the record." He stopped and smiled while the crowd responded.

### Curley Applauds; Walsh Quiet

He had light sarcasm about a conference called by Harding and the many President's conferences that have followed. When he had repeated his charge that Mr. Hoover did nothing about the depression for a long time he wiped his eyes as he waited for the applause to subside. Yet his eyes were the only ones at the front of the platform that were not bloodshot from the strong lights. He emphasized a point by shaking a closed fist, and to a voice from the gallery toward which police heads turned he paid no attention. Curley was applauding, Ely was giving the speaker his grave attention, Walsh sat unsmiling, Marcus Coolidge's lower face was covered by one hand. At 11.20 there was a new sound which identified itself as the movement of the feet of people who were leaving the hall. A tired hand on the platform waved an American flag, a cowbell rattled somewhere on the floor, and someone sent up a lone call. Then, over advocacy of a shorter working day, a new burst of enthusiasm came.

At 11.30 the smoke drifted in the renewed floodlight. Roosevelt said "I don't make one speech to a farm audience and another to a city audience" and there was applause for that. A applause again for what he said about the key to the national economic situation. Applause for his attack on the Hoover leadership and his emphatic, "He—can't—get—things—done!" As for himself, he looked forward to co-operating with both the

Republican and Democratic members of Congress. He said it with a wide smile. Curley and Ely and Marcus Coolidge smiled with him. The band came up again, the cheers came up, the Roosevelt smile widened.

There was confetti on his shoulders bright and colored in the flood of light.

W. A. MACDONALD

HERALD

### PLEASED AT RECEPTION

The Governor is overjoyed with the reception that greeted him on all sides from the time of his touching Vermont and his arrival in Massachusetts Saturday through the days of his visit. He says that the enthusiasm he has seen convinced him of a landslide of all New England.

All the way into Boston from Salem, on his return from Portland yesterday, he was surrounded by shrieking crowds of people. At the Arena he was given a tumultuous greeting lasting some 11 of 12 minutes. Today as he drew away from Boston he was acclaimed again by wild-eyed enthusiasts as the "Next President of the United States."

But two things might tend to mar the otherwise perfect harmony of the Governor's appearance last night. One was his failure to mention Gov. Ely or the members of the Massachusetts state ticket, except for a casual mention to the Governor as having had to overcome a Republican Legislature as he himself had to do in New York state. Ely took the slight good-naturedly, but many of his close supporters saw in it a re-echo of the anti-Roosevelt feelings which Ely so freely expressed before the national convention.

### MANY VACANT SEATS

The other source for unpleasant comment on the Arena meeting was the large number of vacant seats and the fact that hundreds got up and walked out before the candidate was well through his address and by the time he had finished at least a quarter of the hall was empty. Many excused these departures by the lateness of the hour and the necessity of commuters catching trains.

# Roosevelt Stirs G.O.P. Here to New Energies

## Democratic Drive Admittedly Cuts Into Hoover Lead, but Leaders Confident

By William F. Furbush

The demonstration accorded Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt at the Boston Arena last night, following a day of acclaim in his motor dash to Maine and return, and the unity of formerly warring Democratic factions afford apparent basis for notice to the Republican strategists that Herculean efforts are necessary to maintain the early and strong Hoover-Curtis advantage in Massachusetts. A survey of the campaign situation in this State, according to general agreement among political observers, indicates that the race between the national tickets has become close.

The Democratic campaign, in relation to both the national and State tickets, has obviously gained great impetus as the result of the wedge they have driven

into the Bay State in the attack starting last Thursday with the dramatic and triumphant appearance of Alfred E. Smith, followed yesterday by the presidential nominee's appearance and to be set by Newton D. Baker's address in Tremont Temple tomorrow night.

The only concern of the Democratic strategists now is that their climax may have come too soon, in that they have saved no heavy artillery for the final thrust over the week-end. They recognize that the Republicans have the advantage in the program for the final clash of arms, with a big rally at Tremont Temple on Saturday night, former Governor Whitman of New York and the State ticket leaders appearing as the feature speakers.

Former Governors Channing H. Cox and Frank G. Allen also are on the schedule to make several rally appearances during the closing hours of the campaign. Earlier announcement by the State Committee had the two governors listed for the Tremont Temple meeting, but their program was revised to make their campaign activities more effective in appeals to several audiences rather than one.

Former Governor Alvan T. Fuller also will jump into the campaign, appearing with Secretary of the Navy Charles Francis Adams and Major Judson Hannigan, president of the Republican Club of Massachusetts, in rallies next Saturday night in the Newburyport and Gloucester city halls.

The chance that President Hoover might come here in his new smashing militancy as an offset to the Democratic drive has now disappeared upon announcement that the President will go to California to vote on election day. There also appears to be no likelihood that former President Coolidge will come here, as was expected by some of the party workers.

Directors of the Republican campaign, while recognizing that the Smith-Roosevelt onslaught has had a marked effect on the campaign declared today that they have no reason to believe that the Hoover advantage has been endangered to the point that he will not carry the State on Nov. 8. They welcome, however, the developments in the Democratic campaign, figuring that the enemy attack will serve to send all the party workers and

voting loyalists to the front in a renewed fighting spirit.

### Gets Good Reception

Governor Roosevelt's reception in the Arena did not measure up in spontaneity and affection to that accorded Alfred E. Smith last Thursday night, which was not unexpected in view of the peculiar hold Smith has on the hearts of the Democratic electorate here. It was, however—in duration, noise and apparent sincerity—such a demonstration as might be expected to be given a presidential candidate.

It was particularly emphatic upon his entrance, over a specially arranged platform constructed nearer to the ground floor than the regular lofty rostrum, but the degree of its force was measurably reduced during his speech when he lashed out in attacks on President Hoover. The force at the conclusion of his address also did not measure up to the clamor at the outset. It was an effective ovation, however, which lost nothing in its duration, with Mayor Curley out front encouraging the shouting and flag-waving and with Theodore Glynn, mounted on a chair, gesticulating for continuous cheering.

As a demonstration of the reuniting of factions that only a few months ago in the primaries were bitter in their attacks, Mayor Curley and Governor Ely, each of whom, together with Senator David I. Walsh, were given an ovation, repeatedly made gestures of cordiality on the platform to the satisfaction of the crowd variously estimated at 9000 to 10,000 or far under the gathering of 15,000 or more that turned out to greet Al Smith. And the mayor went all the way in his endorsement of Governor Ely, predicting his re-election, an accomplishment which the governor himself forecast by a margin of around 100,000 over his Republican opponent, Lieutenant Governor William S. Youngman to whom he satirically referred as a man who was carrying the ball toward his own goal line.

### Some Leave During Speech

Under the direction of Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the Democratic State Committee, the Democratic strategists pulled all the stops in their play for party unity. At the end of the rally, Chairman Maynard smilingly declared that the Republicans had been shown again that, while the Democrats may have their bitter differences in the preliminaries to an election, they bury the hatchet in time to be united on election day, an observation, incidentally, which old-time Republican campaigners have made many times in the past. Chairman Maynard, though not pleased over the fact, attached no important significance to a mild disturbance when 2500 or 3000 persons left the Arena at about 11.20 o'clock several minutes before Governor Roosevelt concluded his address.

The governor's speech was not so long as many others of his major efforts and it is estimated that he would have concluded it at 11.30, the allotted radio time on the program, except that President Hoover, in his New York address, went a few minutes over his scheduled time. It is a rule of broadcasting that a speech by the President is not cut off the air, and the Roosevelt address accordingly was not tuned in over the national broadcasting circuit until President Hoover had finished his remarks, the early part of which Governor Roosevelt told his Boston audience he had heard.

### Unemployment Main Theme

The speech stirred one of the most outstanding demonstrations when the governor declared that President Hoover, in his Indianapolis speech, had indulged in personalities. He evoked some cheering when he assailed his Republican opponents for what he termed their attempt to "crack the whip of fear" and that "this silly effort" will be repudiated next Tuesday. He caused some amusement by his references to Al Smith's remarks, espe-

cially when he said that the man to whom Smith had referred in his speech here as "Hawkshaw, the detective" (Senator George H. Moses of New Hampshire) "will not go back to the Senate."

The general theme of the governor's address was unemployment, the first need of the time, he said, being to meet the immediate needs of the jobless. The second need, he declared, is to build upon a permanent basis a protection against future depressions. He asserted that when State agencies fail in their fundamental duty of providing relief, the Federal Government must take a hand, and in this connection he said that the national Government could help in relieving immediate distress with temporary work in the national forests and public works developments such as flood prevention and waterway developments.

Members of the State ticket, including John E. Swift, candidate for lieutenant governor, Senator John F. Buckley, nominee for attorney general, John E. Buckley, candidate for secretary of State, and Francis X. Hurley, candidate for re-election as State auditor, gave brief addresses and were warmly received.

Carrying out his harmony program, Chairman Maynard, who presided over the ceremonies, presented representatives of various racial groups, all of whom were warmly applauded in the general spirit of party unity. These speakers included: J. Henry Goguen of Leominster, representing Franco-American voters; Vincent Brogna, prominent leader of the Italian-American group; Samuel Kalesky, popular representative of the Jews; Stanley Wisniewski, leader among the Polish speaking citizens; Dr. Elias F. Taylor, president of the Colored Democratic League of Massachusetts,

and Charles Matiolis, supreme president of the Polish-American Demosthenes Democratic clubs.

Mrs. Jessie Woodrow Wilson, whose introduction as the daughter of the late President Woodrow Wilson aroused one of the outstanding demonstrations of the evening, represented "the women in politics." She appealed "to those liberals and progressives" who reason that the time has come to record a protest.

Fleet Minton Sedgwick, secretary of the Democratic State Committee, concluded a brief speech, in which he said he believed that the party had met three primary needs, a far-sighted leader, a strong platform and able candidates to carry it out, by announcing that a group of young women would pass among the audience for contributions to the campaign fund.



Chobiz

11/1/32

RECORD

11/1/32

## BOSTON BIDS GOODBY TO GOV ROOSEVELT

A crowd of about 1000 persons gathered around the main entrance of the Hotel Statler at 9:30 this morning to say goodbye to genial, smiling Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt, whom one admirer characterized as "Mr. Panacea" as he left on his roundabout jaunt to Springfield, via Providence and Worcester.

People gathered around the hotel at 8:30; work was suspended in the nearby office buildings, and police circulated around the square until the Governor, one-half hour behind schedule, walked out to his sedan at 9:30.

He stood on the sidewalk for about five minutes, chatted with his aids, inquired whether the State police attending him had had sufficient sleep and shook hands good-naturedly with the men and women who pressed forward to greet him. The crowd cheered, and one of them called out "Goodby, Mr. Panacea."

He appeared on the scene without his famous old felt hat and without his coat. The hat had been tossed into the car ahead of him. He stood by the running board of the car, where the people could see him, and discussed last-minute plans with his associates.

### Ely and Curley Absent

The leaders of Boston Democracy were not present for the farewell. Neither Gov. Ely nor Mayor Curley were on hand to add formality to the occasion. In their stead were Theodore A. Glynn, Street Commissioner, and John J. Cummings, well-known lawyer.

### "Second-Hand" Shakes

One Democrat of foreign extraction managed to "shake" himself near the Governor while the latter was standing on the sidewalk. Once in position, he shook hands heartily with the Presidential candidate.

Then, with the desire of sharing his great favors, he went through the crowd and allowed policemen and even unofficials to shake the hand that shook the hand of Gov. Roosevelt.

The Governor headed for Providence, and made short stops along the way. From there he went to Worcester and thence to Springfield.

### Tooting at Curley Home

Finally the candidate's parade of cars began, with an escort of city and State police. The cars passed out Massachusetts av to Cambridge, where the Governor made a stop at the Fly Club of Harvard in Cambridge.

James Roosevelt, the candidate's son, was at the club, along with his sister, Mrs. Curtis Dall, and for a few minutes young James was undecided whether to go along with his father. Finally he decided against it and Mrs. Dall went along with her father, occupying a seat in the New York Governor's car with Ex-Senator Peter Gerry of Rhode Island, who had come to Boston to make the trip into Rhode Island with candidate Roosevelt.

Led by its police motorcycle escort, the campaign group drove into Brookline av and then into the Fenway, heading out toward Jamaica Plain. As the parade of cars passed the home of Mayor James M. Curley on Jamaica-way the drivers started a tooting of horns, that evidently apprised the Boston Chief Executive that the party candidate was on his way, for Mayor Curley quickly thrust his head from a wide-open second-floor window and

# Crowds Cheer Roosevelt on Rhode Island Tour

Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt rode homeward from Boston through more cheering New England crowds today, thousands hailing him as the next President of the United States in the cities and towns of southern and western Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut.

Dedham, Norwood, Walpole, Wrentham, North Attleboro, Providence, Woonsocket, Blackstone, Millbury, Worcester, the Brookfields, Palmer, Springfield, Hartford and other communities wildly acclaimed him as he passed.

His stops were brief and his words few, due to the long distance he had to travel, but the receptions were none the less enthusiastic for all the brevity.

### 50,000 CHEER IN R. I.

More than 50,000 persons cheered the candidate in Providence and Pawtucket, according to police estimates. In many places school children were lined up, waving flags.

The crowd was so thick about his car in Westminster st., Providence, that the vehicle could hardly move.

Sitting in the machine, outside Providence City Hall, with a microphone on the running board, Roosevelt addressed 10,000, predicting that not only Rhode Island and Massachusetts but all New England would go Democratic this year.

The Roosevelt car nearly crashed into a truck at the Plainville-North Attleboro line. The truck, which bore campaign banners, darted from a parking place directly in front of the candidate's car, the driver having been assigned to lead the parade into North Attleboro.

A quick swerve to the left by Roosevelt's chauffeur prevented a smashup by inches.

The candidate's daughter, Mrs. Anna Curtis Dall, accompanied him on today's trip. Roosevelt picked her up in Cambridge on his way from Boston. Going past Mayor Curley's residence on Jamaica-way, they were accorded a salute by the mayor from his front steps.

The Democratic presidential candidate was elated at his New England reception and high in his praise for the people of Boston as he departed from the Hotel Statler this morning, waving his battered old campaign hat to a large crowd.

### AL SMITH WAS WRONG

His parting words to Boston were:

"I am delighted with the wonderful reception which New England gave me, and especially the

welcome Boston gave me at the Arena last night. It couldn't have been better. 'Al' Smith said Boston was 100 per cent. He was wrong. It's 1000 per cent."

Three Harvard classmates shook hands with Gov. Roosevelt as he left his room on the 14th floor of the hotel.

"This is a reunion of the class of 1904," said Roosevelt, laughing.

"Yes, a reunion with the next President," said Francis J. W. Ford, Boston attorney. With Ford were John Merrick and Sidney A. Dunn.

Although he did not go to bed until 3 a. m., the candidate was in hearty spirits. He had breakfast in his room and then received callers, the first being National Committeeman Peter G. Gerry of Rhode Island.

Another visitor was John H. Fahey, Worcester publisher, and a third was Mrs. Louis McH. Howe, wife of the Governor's secretary who is a former Massachusetts man.

John J. Cummings, Boston lawyer and prominent Democrat, also called.

The start from the Statler was made at 9:30, half an hour late. Gov. Roosevelt chose a closed car, because of the weather, although he prefers an open machine.

A crowd cheered him from Columbus ave. as he appeared from the hotel and stepped into the car.

From the windows of office buildings and homes, and from countless doorways, hands were waved to the Democratic nominee as he rode out of the city.

### STOPS AT HARVARD

Leaving Boston he went to Cambridge to stop outside the Fly Club of Harvard of which he is a member. He sat in his car outside the clubhouse at 2 Holyoke st., while students crowded around and shook his hand, wishing him success. The party then crossed the Charles river into Brighton.

His detour via Cambridge disappointed a large crowd which waited for him in Roxbury Crossing and others who were parked in two lines along Columbus ave.

Roosevelt resumed his scheduled route in West Roxbury and passed through Dedham, where, at Court and High sts., several hundred townspeople and courthouse employees acclaimed him.

From Providence the route was through Woonsocket to re-enter Massachusetts at Blackstone.

shouted a greeting to "F. D." that was lost in the terrific din of the cavalcade of cars.

Gov. Roosevelt was all smiles, and he shouted back a response to the Boston Mayor, but his words were almost drowned out in the bedlam that broke loose for the Mayor and Roosevelt as well.



# Cheering Thousands Greet Democratic Standard Bearer at Arena Rally



GOV. ELY

MAYOR CURLEY

GOV. ROOSEVELT

A cheering crowd that packed the Arena to the rafters greeted Gov. Roosevelt last night as a climax to his victory tour through the eastern section of this state and New Hampshire and Vermont. Democratic leaders who listed New England as

doubtful states up to the appearance of former Gov. Smith and Gov. Roosevelt now expect Massachusetts at least to be in the Roosevelt column. Mayor Curley, Governor Ely and Gov. Roosevelt are shown at the rally. (Staff photos.)



# SMILING FACES AT GOV ROOSEVELT RALLY IN THE ARENA

Globe

11/1/32



IN THE PHOTO AT THE LEFT GOV ROOSEVELT AND GOV ELY ARE SHAKING HANDS AS MAYOR CURLEY, AT EXTREME LEFT, LOOKS ON AT THE HAPPY SPECTACLE. IN THE CENTER PHOTO THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE, STANDING BESIDE MAYOR CURLEY, IS RECEIVING THE ACCLAIM OF THE CROWD. IN THE PHOTO AT THE RIGHT GOV ELY IS BEAMING ON HIS AUDIENCE.

TRAVELER

11/2/32

Globe

## Gov. Ely, Theatrical Friends and City Officials Unite in Doing Him Honor at Dinner; Presented with \$1000 in Gold; Guest Overcome with Emotion

All the talent of the legitimate stage of Boston joined with theatrical associates and friends and officials of the state and city in paying tribute to former City Censor John M. Casey at a testimonial dinner at the Copley-Plaza last night.

### TRIBUTE BY ELY

Gov. Joseph B. Ely paid a distinct tribute to the former city censor. He said he was proud that he numbered among his friends a man of the calibre of John M. Casey, who so singularly brought honor not only to the city but to the state in the efficient manner in which he conducted the affairs of his office over a period of 29 years. The Governor, who arrived late at the dinner, was given a big reception.

The former city censor was plainly affected by the whole-hearted manner in which the more than 300 theatrical associates and friends so honored him. He was presented with a \$1000 purse of gold by Al Somerby, manager of the Bowdoin Square Theatre, in behalf of the theatrical profession.

### CASEY OVERCOME

In accepting the gift, Mr. Casey, choking with emotion, exclaimed: "Mr. Toastmaster, during my life I have been placed in some very tight places and some very tough places, but tonight I am experiencing the toughest assignment I have ever handled. The reception almost takes my breath and speech from me. It surely is a great tribute to find one's self surrounded as I find myself surrounded by this great gathering of friends.

"At times I may have been severe in my treatment toward you, but at no time have we ever drifted. I want to assure you that no one in this audience is responsible for the whiteness of my hair, although I will say that Earl Carroll might have had something to do with it," he said laughingly.

The genial and affable Mr. Casey continued that he was proud to be the recipient of such a wonderful tribute. He said that his first thought concerned those connected with the amusements of the city and other cities in and around Greater Boston. He closed by saying: "This reception more than pays me for what you feel I may have done in all these years."

Ex-Mayor Malcolm E. Nichols, also paid tribute to Mr. Casey. He said that he first met Mr. Casey when he was reporter at City Hall and when the loveable and late Gen. Patrick A. Collins was mayor of the city. He said that he cherished the friendship of the man, and when he entered the high office as mayor in later years he realized the importance of the position which Mr. Casey held. He paid tribute to him as a man of integrity and honesty and with a discernment and introspection that made him an invaluable asset to the City of Boston.

### OTHER SPEAKERS

Other speakers were: Gen. Alfred E. Foote, head of the Massachusetts department of public safety; Judges Edward A. Logan and William A. Day of the South Boston municipal court; former Congressman Charles P. O'Connor and officials of the many theatrical and moving pictures houses of the city.

The master of ceremonies was Thomas B. Spry of Warner Brothers and First National Pictures.

Among the invited guests were City Councillor Clement A. Norton of Hyde Park, Senator Edward M. Carroll of South Boston, Jacob C. Morse, well known baseball authority; Chief Henry J. Fox of the Boston fire department and many others.

The reception began at 6:30 and continued until 3:30 A. M., with a floor show in the main dining hall of the Copley-Plaza, with every important bill in the theatrical field of the present week appearing on the program.

## MAYOR CURLEY DEPARTS TO STUMP PENNSYLVANIA

Mayor James M. Curley left yesterday for his campaign tour of the State of Pennsylvania. The Back Bay Station was crowded with his friends and 500 men and women gave him an enthusiastic sendoff. Before boarding the train for New York, at 1 o'clock, he said that he was certain that Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt will carry the entire 48 States.

The Mayor was accompanied by Traffic Commissioner Joseph A. Conry, Philip Chapman, Frank Long and secretaries John Sullivan and John Brennan.

## STANTON WHITE NOW CITY CENSOR

Dorchester Resident, 28, Youngest in That Post

Stanton R. White became chief of the licensing division of the Mayor's office, yesterday, following the retire-



STANTON R. WHITE

ment from the position of City Censor Casey.

White is 28 years old, the youngest city censor in Boston's history. When he was appointed, White made the statement that he would make no changes in policies enforced in the past by his predecessor.

He was born at Stanwood st, Dorchester, the son of Mr and Mrs Augustus E. White, and lived for many years on Hamilton st, Dorchester. He was educated at the Mather School, Meeting House Hill, and later at Villanova Preparatory School and Villanova College. He was graduated from the college with the class of '23. He entered business with his father, a photographer, and remained with him eight years. He was then appointed assistant secretary on Mayor Curley's staff. Later he became assistant director of public celebrations and recently was appointed county paymaster.

Mr White lives at 33 Pershing road, Jamaica Plain.



## CITY EMPLOYEES PAYING TO FUND

Canvassers Collect \$1 from  
Each One for Roosevelt  
Campaign Chest

## REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS SIGN UP

Canvassing of City Hall employees in Mayor Curley's plan to raise \$10,000 from the city workers for Gov. Roosevelt's campaign fund started in earnest yesterday with solicitors circulating through every department.

One window of the treasurer's office was thrown open to receive the contributions, which flowed in from the offices of the main building and annex in a steady stream during the day. Most of the departments had been completely canvassed by noon.

Resentment against the move—and there was plenty of it—was confined to private conversations in the hallways and corridors, and had no appreciable influence on the collections. Most of the workers, Republican as well as Democratic, paid.

The contributions, generally of \$1 each and with a few giving more but apparently none giving less, brought the contributors a certificate of enrollment in Shareholders of America, Inc., and a Roosevelt-Garner medallion to wear on their coats.

Canvassers were relieved temporarily of their regular duties to carry out the orders to sell the certificates and medallions. They were alarmed at the prospect of action against them by Republican leaders for violation of the corrupt practices act, and worried for fear that a refusal to make the demands would incur the wrath, and possible punitive action, of higher city officials. They decided to canvass.

The entire City Hall force was seething with suppressed excitement during the day, and the excitement was heightened as a story circulated through the building that the movement represented by the Shareholders of America, Inc., was launched in Texas and fostered by the Ku Klux Klan.

Quandary squarely confronted one Republican employee of whom \$1 to aid the Democratic cause was demanded. He sought the advice of his father, who is prominent in Republican party activities. "Should I?" the son asked. "You'd better," was the reply. He did.

The solicitors carried certificate books similar to bank books in which the certificates were the checks. Beside each certificate, the purchaser's name was entered on a stub. That the stubs gave clear proof to any one interested as to who paid, and who did not, was made clear by the canvassers.

No discrimination between Democrats and Republicans was shown by the canvassers. They declared that their orders were to show no preference, and they obeyed orders implicitly. Quite a few contributions from Republicans went into the Democratic fund.

On each certificate was the following:

Massachusetts is asked for \$50,000. Each person contributes \$1 and is a member of Shareholders of America—organized to reclaim the equity of the Forgotten Men in

America—and is pledged to work and vote for Franklin D. Roosevelt and John N. Garner as a means of restoring the fundamental principles of true democracy upon which this country in the past has prospered. Each member of the Shareholders in America is entitled to receive and wear the Roosevelt-Garner Shareholders Medallion reproduced on this certificate.

SHAREHOLDERS IN AMERICA.  
R. H. GORE, national Director.

## ROOSEVELT WILL CARRY STATE, CURLEY SAYS

An expression of satisfaction that Gov. Roosevelt will carry the state of Massachusetts was the parting word of Mayor Curley, yesterday, as he left the Back Bay station upon a speaking tour in Pennsylvania.

About 500 cheered the mayor as he boarded a New York train. He was accompanied by Traffic Commissioner Joseph A. Conry, Superintendent of Supplies Philip A. Chapman, Frank J. Long and two secretaries.

The first speech in behalf of the Democratic national ticket will be given in Pottsville, tonight. The tour will end in Hazleton Sunday night.

## REPUBLICANS SHY ON GIVING

### City Hall Collector for Hoover Campaign Waits

Major Charles T. Harding, Republican member of the Boston Election Commission, who was appointed by Mayor Curley two weeks ago to receive campaign contributions for the Republican national committee from city employees, was still waiting for the first donation yesterday at his City Hall desk.

As a matter of fact, he admitted that he had one donation, his own. "One contribution from Major Charles T. Harding to Commissioner Charles T. Harding," he explained, smiling, "but I am waiting for the others to come in so that the lump sum may be sent along to headquarters."

On the other side of the party line City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan, serving as depository for the Democratic campaign contributions, had collected nearly \$1000.

RECORD

## New City Censor Takes Over Duties



Stanton R. White, newly-appointed city censor, succeeding John Casey retired, shown with Mrs. White, the former Sally Curley, niece of Mayor James M. Curley, as he took over his duties yesterday

Post

11/3/32

Globe

# DOPING OUT CABINET FOR ROOSEVELT

## Curley Suggested for Governor of Porto Rico

BY ROBERT L. NORTON

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—At Democratic headquarters here the view is "that it is all over but the shouting." In fact, so great is the confidence that Governor Roosevelt will be elected on Tuesday that already the Cabinet dopsters are busy making their selections.

### TALK JOB FOR CURLEY

One of the men in the inner circle of Roosevelt advisers, discussing what might happen so far as Mayor Curley is concerned, said to the writer: "Why wouldn't Curley make an excellent minister to Ireland, or it might be possible that he would like to be Governor-General of Porto Rico, since he was so prominently identified with that delegation at the convention?"

The fact of the matter is that the Curley efforts are very highly appreciated by the practical workers in the campaign. Yesterday the Mayor of Boston slapped down a \$5000 contribution to the war chest.

This was tangible evidence of his enthusiasm in the Roosevelt cause. Mayor Curley has stated definitely that there has been no agreement, understanding or intimation of any kind from him that he either sought a reward for his services or had been promised one.

### Wall Street Interested

Speculation about the Cabinet is not confined to the politicians. It is the one concern now of Wall street and the powerful business interests which have accepted the election of Roosevelt as inevitable. They regard the question of whom Governor Roosevelt will surround himself with as of vital importance at this time because of the economic conditions.

Men like Owen D. Young and B. M. Baruch have given assurance that they are satisfied that business generally need have no worry on this score. A letter from Owen D. Young, head of the General Electric Company, bearing on this subject and addressed to Demarest Lloyd, secretary of the Taxpayers Union in Washington, was made public tonight.

This letter is certain to exercise a powerful effect on the business groups which have opposed Roosevelt. It is a counter to the picture held up by President Hoover of Roosevelt as President being dominated by the radical groups.

### Young's Idea of Roosevelt

In his letter to Lloyd, Young says: "I have no thought that Mr. Roosevelt is the kind of man who will be

subject to 'influence' either of individuals or of groups, conservative or radical. If I did, I would not support him for President. I believe him to be a man of sound intelligence, fine intuitions, deep sympathy, adequate understanding, and real independence. That is all we can hope for in any President. "Because I think he has these qualifications, I have no thought that he will resort to any programme of confiscation on the one side, or that he will be oblivious to the needs of masses of human beings on the other. It will be easy to say that that sentence is a straddling one, but the fact is, you know, that with the great resources of this nation properly organized and handled, there is no reason why individuals should not be free from want and private property be protected.

"Very truly yours,  
"OWEN D. YOUNG."

### Threats for Voters

Tremendous efforts are being made in some industries to line up the voters for President Hoover on the threat that things will be worse if he is not re-elected. In contrast there is also offered a letter from Young in answer to a request as to how he would advise people working for the General Electric Company to vote and also his advice to stockholders. This reply to an employee in Philadelphia reads as follows:

"I do not think that you should ask any officer of the General Electric Company how you should vote or accept their advice if they were so unwise as to volunteer it, which I am thankful to say they have never done. What we need in this country, and this election particularly, are votes reflecting the

views of the voters free from the coercion of fear or favor.

"I hope you will vote as your intelligence and intuitions, which I value equally highly, dictate. The General Electric Company can succeed only when, as and if the United States succeeds, so you will be serving your own and your company's interest best by thinking of your country first."

# 2000 CHEER CURLEY IN POTTSVILLE TALK

## Leaders Claim County After His Address

Special Dispatch to the Globe

POTTSVILLE, Penn, Nov 2—Mayor James M. Curley of Boston and Larry Rupp, candidate for United States Senator from Pennsylvania, addressed a wildly enthusiastic audience which filled to capacity the State Armory here tonight. There were about 2000 present. A parade of hundreds of marchers led by two bands and spotted with home-made banners formed a red light procession.

During the day the State Democratic candidates made an automobile stump speaking tour through the county and were met by large cheering audiences, but it remained for the aggressive Boston Mayor to set off the real fireworks. Both sides claim this county, but after tonight's meeting State District Chairman J. Brown Miller made absolute claim that Curleykill County would land in the Roosevelt column by 5000 majority.

The contribution of the leaders of the Massachusetts Bay Colony may be summed up under the heading, "faith, self-reliance and cooperation," the Mayor said. "These three qualities have ever been the predominant factors that make for success in any honest movement."

"The problem confronting the American Nation at its inception were essentially the problems of adversity and far more difficult to overcome than present day problems, which properly be termed the problems of prosperity."

America today presents an unusual picture. Notwithstanding the presence of more doctors and scientists than ever previously known in the world and with a wealth per capita, we seem incapable of solving an economic problem, the solution of which is essential for the continuance of the form of Government under which we live.

"This Nation cannot exist with nearly half of the people on the borderland of starvation and a small number of the remaining half in possession of the vast wealth of the country and apparently unwilling to contribute either money or thought to the relief of those in need."

"For four years, notwithstanding constant protests upon the part of social welfare leaders and thoughtful citizens in every walk of life, Herbert Hoover has labored to prevent the repeal of what he termed the 'noble experiment,' the 18th Amendment. The repeal of the 18th Amendment would provide work almost over night for 1,000,000 Americans."

"The time for a change in the control of the Government of the United States is now, and the duty of the hour must be apparent to every American."

"The election of Franklin D. Roosevelt means a return of Government of and for and by the people, rather than as at present, Government of the bankers, by the bankers, for the benefit of foreign Governments."



TRANSCRIPT

## Ely Sees Victory at Curley Forum

Predicts Big Margin for National and State Tickets—  
Takes Fling at Youngman

Addressing a crowd of about one thousand cheering Democrats at Mayor Curley's Roosevelt-Ely indoor forum on Court street this noon, Governor Joseph B. Ely and his associates on the party's State ticket predicted an overwhelming victory for their cause at the election next Tuesday. Claims of a Massachusetts margin for both Governor Roosevelt for the presidency and Governor Ely for re-election varied anywhere from 50,000 to 125,000.

Governor Ely, excepting for a veiled reference, ignored the attack of his Republican opponent, William S. Youngman, in charging a political combination of Daniel H. Coakley with the governor. In this probable connection the governor said: "I recognize no allegiance and no obligation to further any interest, except the interest of the whole people of Massachusetts."

The governor repeated some of his recent criticisms of Youngman in what he termed a "flippant" vein, calling him a "political soldier," but in a serious mood declared that no man who has held the important office of governor of the State "should be slandered and maligned by insinuations and misstatements." He said that, fearing such attacks, other men would not want to stand the "gaff" of such attacks by running for important office, and that "such men as my opponent should be driven from public life of the State" and "we are going to drive him out."

The governor said that there was no more serious tribute to party unity of purpose in Massachusetts than the work of the committees and of Mayor Curley for the ticket, the work of registration, as shown on a big placard on the forum wall.

Other speakers included Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the State committee, who chided Youngman for what he charged were the lieutenant governor's associations with "Attleboro Sam." John E. Swift, candidate for lieutenant governor; Charles F. Hurley, candidate for re-election as State treasurer; John F. Buckley, nominee for attorney general; State Senator Michael Ward, who said Boston was proud of Governor Ely's administration and that the governor deserved re-election, and Francis X. Hurley, candidate for re-election as State auditor. Former Chairman Charles H. McGlue of the Democratic State Committee presided. He analyzed on a percentage basis, the Literary Digest poll showing Hoover leading in Boston, to the effect that the percentages show that the poll indicates Roosevelt will carry Boston by 125,000.

RECORD 11/3/32

## CURLEY IN PENN. TO BOOST ROOSEVELT

Mayor Curley left Boston yesterday for a flying tour through Pennsylvania to speak in the interests of Gov. Roosevelt. He was scheduled to address rallies at Philadelphia, Norristown, Pottsville and Hazelton. He was accompanied by Frank Long, one of his secretaries, and expects to return to the city Monday.

Asserting that "the months to come have almost a life and death importance for us all," Senator Arthur Capper, in a campaign speech at Mount Vernon, O., called farmers of the Middle West to support President Hoover.

Speaking at Portland, Ore., Senator George W. Norris of Nebraska stated his belief that the depression could have been prevented "to a great extent" by agricultural relief measures, which were defeated by the "power and influence of Herbert Hoover."

According to a state by state survey, 47,000,000 persons have registered to vote in next Tuesday's elections. This figure exceeds by 4,500,000 the record-shattering registration of 1928.

## NEW CITY CENSOR IS ON THE JOB

Clips Two Passages  
From "The Perfect  
Marriage"

The shears of Boston's new city censor clipped just two lines from "The Perfect Marriage" at the Plymouth Theatre as Stanton R. White took over the duties of John M. Casey, retired.

### TWO PASSAGES CUT

Censor White selected for his first assignment the play being given here by the American Theatre Society with Fay Bainter and Edith Barrett in the leading roles.

Except for two passages, "The Perfect Marriage" was O. K. from the censorial viewpoint. Mr. White directed that these two be deleted and they were, without protest on the part of the theatre management.

"Yes, I did suggest that they cut out a few lines," admitted White last night. "One of them was the exclamation, 'My God,' which seemed to be sprinkled all through the play. Then there was another line in which a bachelor was made to talk of 'his children.'"

## CURLEY LAUDS ROOSEVELT

Mayor Curley was loudly acclaimed by 2000 persons at Pottsville, Pa., in a speech at the State Armory there for Franklin D. Roosevelt.

"The nation cannot exist with nearly half of the people on the borderland of starvation and a small number of the remaining half in possession of the vast wealth of the country and apparently unwilling to contribute either money or thought to the relief of those in need," Curley said.

"The election of Franklin D. Roosevelt means a return of government of and for and by the people, rather than as at present, government of the bankers, for the benefit of foreign governments."

"The time for a change in the control of the government of the nation is now, and the duty of the hour must be apparent to every American."

HERALD

11/3/32

AMERICAN 11/4/32

## Discrimination Charged at City Hall As Roosevelt Medallions Give Out

Mayor Curley's canvass of City Hall for contributions to the campaign fund of Gov. Roosevelt ended abruptly yesterday with the discovery that although it had been announced 10,000 medallions were to be sold at \$1 each, only 2500 were available and all had been purchased.

Employees who had not contributed, including members of the school, fire and police departments and city laborers congratulated themselves, while 2500 who had given \$1 each demanded an explanation why they had been discriminated against. No answer was forthcoming.

Canvassers for the fund at City Hall found a new source of worry when they learned that investigators of the finance commission had visited the building.

Although their visit was not explained, it was generally suspected they were trying to determine how many employees had been relieved of their regular municipal duties while they collected for Roosevelt's campaign.

Throughout City Hall the collection for the fund became known as "the medallion slug," because it had been alleged the canvassers had been told to "put the slug on the city workers and get \$1 apiece from them."

Each contributor has two souvenirs to recall to his mind the fact that he has assisted the Democratic cause in a presidential campaign.

One is the medallion, which bears the likeness of Roosevelt and Garner on its face, the other is a certificate in "Shareholders in America, Inc."

### CURLEY SPEAKS IN POTTSVILLE, PA.

Says Repeal Would Put a  
Million Men to Work  
Overnight

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Nov. 2 (AP)—Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, characterizing the 18th amendment as "the crux of the law enforcement problem," declared at a Democratic rally tonight its repeal "would put a million men to work overnight."

In company with Lawrence Rupp of Allentown, Democratic candidate for United States senator, Mayor Curley was a guest of honor of Schuylkill county Democrats at the closing rally of their campaign.

Mayor Curley asserted that the chief problem of the country was adversity, the same, he said, as it was when the Massachusetts Bay colony was founded "on the principles of faith, self-reliance and co-operation."

"Americans," he said, "divided into two classes, rich and poor, under the Republic an administration have failed to solve this problem."

### TRANSCRIPT

#### Banditry at City Hall

Mayor Curley's bandit operations at City Hall, as exemplified in his drive among municipal employees for a Roosevelt and Garner fund, may not prove as profitable, politically, as he had hoped. To coerce them into giving money, which most could ill afford, does not make converts, and it is an open secret that many of the employees who handed out their precious dollars and dimes to swell a political treasury will resent their treatment by voting against the mayor's candidates. The stage was all set for a Democratic revolt in Massachusetts anyway, and nothing could have contributed more effectively to its momentum than such a drive as the mayor ordered. The office of the city treasurer actually was made a collecting agency for the Roosevelt and Garner fund, stub books were issued as if it was the depository of a bank, and a special clerk was assigned to receive the enforced contributions.

If the governor of Massachusetts had attempted a trick like that at the State House, it will be instantly conceded that he would be defeated for re-election on that issue alone. To assume that all city employees, in whatever department, favor the election of Roosevelt and Garner, and virtually to intimate the loss of their jobs if they refused to come across with a campaign contribution in half of that ticket—this represents an abuse of position which the people of Boston, regardless of party, will spiritedly denounce. The mayor hoped to raise \$10,000 through his drive. He is more likely to lose 10,000 votes.

#### MAYOR CURLEY LAUDED

Mayor Curley's effort in behalf of the poor of the city last winter brought him the congratulations of the Boston Health League, Inc., today.

"The Health League commission deems it a duty and privilege to express their appreciation of your effort to provide adequate relief for the poor and also of your wisdom in fostering vital functions of the health department," the communication stated.

### Curley Is Dined on Pennsylvania Tour

Philadelphia, Nov. 4 (INS)—Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, scheduled to speak before a Democratic rally in Upper Darby, attended a luncheon of prominent Democratic leaders here today.

Local Democratic leaders said Mayor Curley also would make other addresses in Pennsylvania.



11/4/32

NEBRASKA 4/5/32

## THE HUNTINGTON AVENUE SUBWAY

To the Editor of the Transcript:

Others besides stockholders may be interested in a letter I have sent to Mr. B. J. Rothwell, chairman of the board of directors of the Boston Elevated.

WM. C. HUNNEMAN

Boston, Nov. 3.

Dear Mr. Rothwell—As a citizen and small stockholder, I beg to protest against the proposed new subway via Huntington avenue, at a cost of some eight million dollars.

1.—The railroad should make no major capital outlay until it can balance its budget—operate out of the "red." It is no answer to say that the operating of this new subway will be no additional expense to the company until it has a full income to cover the additional expense; for the cost, interest and maintenance is there, and it will be an added burden in taxes to the cities and towns to which will be charged their proportion of said expense. We are going through a period—and no one knows when it will end—that calls for less unnecessary expenditures, and so less taxes. There are always measures that can be brought forward to spend money for, that may be desirable and a betterment all around, and also there are times, such as the present, when we should put aside the thought of such added burdens to our taxes.

2.—The plea that it will reduce the number of the unemployed, and that it is a time of low construction cost, does not outweigh the general principle that such a work as the above is not a prime necessity, but more of a luxury. As to the unemployed, we must take care of them as best we can; but to obligate ourselves to spend half a million a year for carrying charges that will go on perhaps forever, just to help the Public Welfare department, is not wise. Surely when this work is finished we shall be asked to find other similar jobs for these men. How long can we stand such a method? The low construction cost is hardly a good argument. It may be low compared to the last ten years. But it may be that the cost would be still lower in five to ten years in the future.

3.—As to the need of this subway, there may be differences of opinion. As I see it, it is not needed, although at some junction points it would take cars off the crossings. But as far as traffic is concerned, the auto is much the more serious problem, perhaps fifty to one. It would perhaps save five minutes in time, hardly more. Does that justify such an outlay? Not in these times, at least. The patrons have good and quick service now via Beacon street, and also there is good service via Allston-Dudley cars to the Elevated.

When and if this subway is built, it may be the former line will be curtailed, not so many runs per hour, and that would not be an improvement in service. With the transfers issued, the patrons from all the south and western lines can change to the Elevated-Dudley line, giving all the accommodation that can be reasonably expected.

4.—There is one more objection: viz., the surface cars down Huntington avenue now stop at any cross street, giving the patron the maximum of service and accommodation. He can get off or on with the least amount of walking. With a subway, the stations would be few and the patron not only would have to walk farther, but go up or down a flight of stairs. Also with surface cars the patron can see the street through which he rides, and that should be in favor of real estate values. When he rides underground, the real estate along the way is forgotten country.

As it looks to me, this whole scheme was pushed through more to provide work, and in a way only temporary work for the few hundred men, rather than because it was a vital need for transportation. The patrons of all that district have good transportation today and good enough for some years to come; and I trust that the directors will not burden the district with this, to me, unnecessary and expensive and unwise project.

WM. C. HUNNEMAN

Boston, Oct. 31.

## Chase 11/5/32 \$5000 CONTRIBUTION FROM MAYOR CURLEY

Democratic Committee's  
Receipts \$1,427,118

WASHINGTON, Nov 4 (A. P.)—The final pre-election report of the Democratic National Committee to the House clerk today showed total Presidential campaign receipts of \$1,427,118 and total expenditures of \$1,261,412.

The report, filed by Frank C. Walker, committee treasurer, gave receipts between Oct 24 and Nov 2 at \$361,464 and disbursements, \$338,481.

Contributions during the period totaled \$310,563. Other receipts included \$45,000 borrowed and \$14,711 from the sale of medallions.

Contributions from Oct 24 to Nov 2 included \$15,000 each from R. W. Morrison, San Antonio, and W. H. Woodin, New York. James W. Gerard, New York, former treasurer of the national committee, and one-time Ambassador to Germany, \$13,000.

### \$10,000 Contributors

Those contributing \$10,000 each were: Thomas Stonborough, W. G. Dickerman, Francis P. Garvan, James D. Mooney and Mrs. G. V. Whitney, all of New York; Breckenridge Long, Washington; Democratic County Committee of Cook County, Illinois.

Those contributing \$5000 each were: Edmund A. Guggenheim, Charles J. Hardy, Paul Shields, Henry M. Warner and his brothers, Albert and Jack; Nicholas M. Schenck, and Lawrence A. Steinhardt, all of New York; James M. Curley, Boston; Howard Bruce, Baltimore; Amon G. Carter, Fort Worth, Tex.; and Frederick D. Gardner, St. Louis.

### Joseph P. Kennedy Gives \$4000

The Orleans Parish Democratic Association of Louisiana gave \$4488; Joseph P. Kennedy, New York, \$4000; John P. S. Harrison, New York, \$3000.

Those contributing \$2500 each included: William Weisman, Frank J. Foley, Noah A. Stanciliffe, Paolino Gerli, Russell Leffingwell of J. P. Morgan & Co, Thomas F. Conway, all of New York; Col Russell E. Gardner, New Orleans; Jesse H. Jones, Houston, Tex., a member of the Reconstruction Corporation board of directors, and John T. Jones, Houston, Tex.

## \$1,262,412 SPENT BY DEMOCRATS

Curley Contributes \$5000  
To Fund—Receipts Listed  
At \$1,427,118

UNPAID OBLIGATIONS  
AMOUNT TO \$668,402

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4 (AP)—The final pre-election report of the Democratic national committee to the House clerk today showed total presidential campaign receipts of \$1,427,118 and total expenditures of \$1,262,412.

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The \$2000 contributors were: The Louisiana Democratic Association, New Orleans; Howard R. Hughes and Charles S. McCain, both of New York. Mrs. Irving Lehman of Albany, N. Y., gave \$1500.

Under auxiliary contributions the report listed \$13,591 from James M. Thompson of New Orleans, and \$1750 from Ryburn G. Clay of Atlanta.

Loans included \$25,000 from R. W. Morrison of San Antonio, \$5000 from Henry Morgenthau of New York, \$5000 from Delancey Kountz, New York, and \$10,000 from the finance division of the Democratic national committee.

Total unpaid obligations were given as \$668,402, including \$125,000 to the Convoy Trust Company of New York; \$115,250 to John J. Raskob, former chairman; \$50,000 to John P. Kennedy of New York, and \$30,000 to the finance division of the national committee at Chicago.

Globe

11/5/32

## HOOVER FAILURE, CURLEY CONTENTS

### Boston Mayor Is Speaker at Philadelphia

Special Dispatch to the Globe

PHILADELPHIA, Nov 4—"If President Hoover had been in charge of a private enterprise and had made such a complete failure in the conduct of the enterprise as he has made in the office of President, he would have been discharged from that position more than three years ago."

So declared Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, in an address at a Democratic rally here tonight.

"The real trouble with President Hoover," Mayor Curley said, "is that he seems incapable of reaching a conclusion with reference to a policy, and adhering to that conclusion when reached."

"He has consistently followed policies laid down by the banking interests, notwithstanding the fact that the surrender of the Government of the United States to this group is unquestionably responsible for the predicament in which America is placed at the present hour."

#### Points to Jobless

"Eleven million idle and homeless men vainly seeking employment, ten million more whose wages have been reduced, and ten million who are working only on part time, all understand the situation which exists in this country."

"There is only one man in the country who has not been able to understand the situation, and that man is Herbert Hoover, President of the United States."

The rally at which Mayor Curley spoke was held in Upper Darby, a Philadelphia suburb.

Mayor Curley was easily the outstanding speaker of the evening. More than 1500 persons in the audience, and additional hundreds in the streets outside, to whom his words were carried by an amplifying system, accorded him a tremendous ovation as he was introduced.

Not only did those present greet Mayor Curley heartily, but as he proceeded with his address, the warmth of their reception increased materially.

#### Praises Roosevelt

The Boston executive's attack on President Hoover extended approximately half way through his address. He devoted the remainder of his time to praising Gov. Roosevelt, and said in part:

"Under the administration of Franklin D. Roosevelt more humane legislation in the interests of the people has been enacted during his two terms in office than under any other chief executive in the entire Union. No element of the population has been to unimportant to be denied thought and service."

"As Assistant Secretary of the Navy during the war, he cut red tape to save the lives of our Allies and our own American boys. During the depression of the past 3½ years he not only enunciated a program but compelled its adoption by a hostile Legislature, that work and wages might be

made possible for the citizenship of the Empire State.

#### Raps Dry Amendment

"In his public utterances to the present time he has unmasked the hypocrisy of President Hoover and those associated with him in the conduct of the affairs of the Government. He will enter the office of the Presidency without a pledge or promise that would in any way prevent him from working whole-heartily in the interest of the entire American people."

"Franklin D. Roosevelt has proven himself great as an executive, profound as an economist, and supremely great as a humanitarian. America needs him at the present hour and we should rejoice in the privilege that is ours of casting our votes upon election day for this great American who, as President, can be relied upon to take the Government out of the hands of the money-changers and restore it to the people."

"His election means the revival of industry, the restoration of prosperity and the repeal of the most vicious law ever placed upon the statute books, the 18th amendment."

## BOSTON FACING RECORD DEFICIT

### May Run to \$10,000,000, Officials Hope to Keep It at Half

The largest municipal deficit in the history of Boston will be reported at the end of the fiscal year, Dec. 31. It may reach \$10,000,000, but officials who are cognizant of the financial condition of the city are hopeful that it will not exceed one-half of that sum.

They bank on heavy payments of 1932 taxes prior to Dec. 15, after which 8 per cent. interest on all unpaid bills of more than \$200, retroactive to Sept. 15, will be imposed.

Regardless of tax payments it will be necessary for the first time since 1925 to resort to temporary borrowings during the final months of the year in order to obtain cash to meet current bills, payrolls and other expenses.

Despite the size of the deficit, City

Auditor Rupert S. Carven insists that it will not impair the credit of the city because the liabilities in the form of tax anticipation notes will not approach the outstanding 1932 taxes from which temporary borrowings will be met.

How much money the city will be forced to borrow during the final weeks of the year is uncertain, but as the monthly cash requirements are about \$7,000,000 it is held that the sums borrowed will run into several millions.

#### TAXPAYERS SLOW

The reason for the shortage of ready cash is the failure of taxpayers to settle their bills for the current year. Of a total tax warrant in excess of \$67,000,000 payments to Nov. 1 were approximately \$45,000,000. Since then money has not flowed into the office of City Collector McMorro in a stream of sufficient size to indicate that receipts for the next month will establish a record for November payments.

The city has adequate cash on hand to meet bills, including the settlement of the claims of the commonwealth, Nov. 20, until Dec. 1.

For the first time in many years the city must pay the commonwealth money when the respective treasurers swap checks. The assessments levied by the state total \$8,890,629, while the state treasurer is holding only \$6,338,757 due to the city.

The customary levy for state taxes, metropolitan district assessments and special levies is \$5,665,458. Boston must pay \$2,945,390 as its share of the cost and maintenance of the metropolitan water district and \$279,781 more for special assessments relating to the Charles river basin project and the Canterbury boulevard.

In connection with the assessment for water, it is significant that the charge on Boston for interest on the capital investment in the metropolitan water supply system is \$1,435,311, an increase from \$1,249,372 in 1931. The consistent and marked increases in the levy for interest in the past three years is due to the extension of the supply system to western Massachusetts. Boston pays 64 per cent. of the cost.

#### NO BEARING ON CITY DEFICIT

The state assessments have no bearing upon the municipal deficit. When the lack of cash to meet current liabilities is announced, it will be the third announcement of such a character in the recent service of Mayor Curley.

In 1925, when he completed his previous term, he left a cash deficit of \$1,339,726. There was also outstanding then a tax anticipation note of \$1,500,000.

There was no deficit in any of the four years of the administration of ex-Mayor Nichols, nor any in the first year of the present administration, but last year there was one of \$2,494,800.

Analysis of appropriation accounts yesterday revealed that with the exception of the welfare and soldiers' relief departments all other departments are in excellent financial condition.

Under constant pressure the overseers of public welfare have been consistently reducing the monthly expenditures of the department since July. In addition to the inauguration of policies of economy, they have succeeded in gradually reducing the number of recipients of aid. For weeks there has been a sharp falling off and unless expenditures are considerably increased for the rest of the year no difficulty will be met with in financing the department needs.

From a monthly expenditure in excess of \$1,000,000, which reached a peak of \$1,196,954 in April, the costs have been steadily reduced. Disbursements in October for relief were \$885,688 and in September \$984,949.



AMERICAN 11/5/32

## CURLEY CLAIMS ALL 48 STATES

Philadelphia, Nov. 5 (INS)—  
"Governor Roosevelt will carry  
every state in the Union."

This was the prediction today of  
James M. Curley, mayor of Boston,  
who last night addressed one of  
the largest political meetings ever  
held in Delaware County.

"The 11,000,000 idle and home-  
less men, vainly seeking employ-  
ment, the 10,000,000 others whose  
wages have been reduced, and  
the 10,000,000 who are working  
only part time, all understand the  
situation which exists in this  
country," Mayor Curley said.

"The American people, clearly  
understanding the situation, do  
not understand Mr. Hoover's at-  
tempted explanations and apolo-  
gies."

"In his Springfield speech  
Hoover compared himself with  
Lincoln, but he forgets that  
Lincoln was of, by and for the  
people, whereas Hoover has been  
of, for and by the bankers."

ADVERTISER 11/6/32

## CURLEY IN PLEA FOR ROOSEVELT THRILLS CROWD

Mayor at Bethlehem, Pa.,  
Says 'Great Engineer Drained,  
Ditched and Damned U. S.'

Bethlehem, Pa., Nov. 5—Mayor  
James M. Curley of Boston, the  
original Roosevelt man in the  
New England states, was the prin-  
cipal speaker at the big Dem-  
ocratic mass meeting in Liberty  
high school this evening. The  
auditorium was packed to capac-  
ity.

The rally was preceded by a pa-  
rade headed by Mayor Robert Pfei-  
fle of Bethlehem and Mayor Curley.

This being an industrial center,  
Curley addressed himself in that  
direction, he said:

"Herbert Hoover in 1928 was  
hailed as a great engineer, the  
miracle man of the world, and  
has lived up to that reputation.  
He has drained, ditched, and  
damned America and its people  
so hopelessly in the short period  
of four years that resurrection is  
only possible through the instru-  
mentality of a superman, such as  
the Democrats, in their wisdom,

have selected as the candidate  
for President, Franklin D. Roose-  
velt.

### REPEAL BIG FACTOR

"Repeal of the 18th amend-  
ment would provide work almost  
overnight for one million Ameri-  
cans. It would preserve the  
morals of the boys and girls of  
America. It would end corrup-  
tion in law-enforcing circles.

"It would divert from the  
pockets of bootleggers and rack-  
eteers and leaders of the under-  
world to federal, state and  
municipal treasuries one billion  
dollars annually, thereby light-  
ening the burden of taxation, and  
would make of the pledge of  
equality a reality rather than a  
mockery as at present, since un-  
der the provisions of the Eight-  
eenth Amendment, as enforced,  
the rich man experiences no dif-  
ficulty in getting good ale and  
beer to drink, but the poor man  
is required to pay an exorbi-  
tant price for embalming fluid  
and alcohol.

### DUTY OF THE HOUR

"The time for a change in the  
control of the government of the  
United States is now, and the  
duty of the hour must be ap-  
parent to every American.

"The fact remains that the  
problem of continuity of employ-  
ment for the workers is still with  
us and is deserving of the seri-  
ous thought and attention of  
every individual interested in the  
well-being of his fellow man and  
of our common country.

"We discussed a year ago the  
'vanishing job.' We may now  
properly discuss the 'vanished  
job' because the job no longer  
exists.

"The sooner we come to a five-  
day week the better for the se-  
renity and happiness of America  
and the more secure will be the  
continued existence of the best  
loved country in the world, our  
country, America."

### Curley to Be Welcomed Home for Campaigning

Mayor Curley returns to Boston  
today from a tour of Eastern Penn-  
sylvania, where he addressed thou-  
sands of enthusiastic supporters of  
the Democratic national ticket, and  
tonight he will be welcomed home  
by friends and admirers at a rally  
in the Roosevelt Forum in Court st.

Arrangements for tonight's wel-  
come are being made by Daniel  
Chapman, chairman of the Demo-  
cratic City Committee; Charles H.  
McGlue, former chairman of the  
Democratic State Committee, and  
Chairman Theodore A. Glynn of  
the municipal street commission.

GLOBE 11/6/32

## CURLEY ADDRESSES BETHLEHEM THROG

High School Hall There  
Packed for Rally

Special Dispatch to the Globe

BETHLEHEM, Penn, Nov 5—Mayor  
James M. Curley of Boston, the  
original Roosevelt man in the New  
England States, was the principal  
speaker at the Democratic rally this  
evening in the auditorium of Liberty  
High School, which was packed to  
overflowing.

The rally was preceded by a colorful  
parade, headed by a band, a cordon  
of police and Mayor Robert Pfeifle  
and Mayor Curley.

J. Cullen Ganey, Democratic city  
chairman, presented State Senator  
Warren Roberts, this city, who intro-  
duced the Mayor.

Bethlehem and the Lehigh Valley  
are industrial centers and Mayor Cur-  
ley addressed his remarks to them.

"The election of Franklin D. Roose-  
velt means a return of Government  
of and for and by the people, rather  
than at present a Government of the  
bankers, by the bankers, for the bene-  
fit of foreign Government," the Mayor  
said.

"The problem of continuity of em-  
ployment for the workers is still with  
us and is deserving of the serious  
thought and attention of every in-  
dividual interested in the well-being  
of his fellow-man, and of our common  
country.

"We discussed a year ago the 'van-  
ishing job.' We may now properly  
discuss the 'vanished job,' because the  
job no longer exists. We are our own  
best customer, and so we advocate  
the five-day week as one means of  
providing for the unemployed in  
America. It is estimated conserva-  
tively that there are 10,000,000 men out  
of work at the present time. There  
are 40,000,000 who work for a liveli-  
hood in America. If 5 percent either  
through illness or other cause are al-  
ways unemployed, leaving a slack of  
8,000,000 to take up, with the adoption  
of the five-day week it is possible to  
take care of 3,000,000 now unem-  
ployed."

### RECEPTION FOR MAYOR AT FORUM THIS EVENING

Friends and supporters of Mayor  
Curley will gather at the Roosevelt  
Forum, 39 Court st. at 8 o'clock this  
evening to give him a reception on  
his return from Pennsylvania where  
he has been campaigning for Gov  
Roosevelt and Speaker Garner.

Daniel Chapman, chairman of the  
Democratic city committee heads the  
committee arranging the affair. Mr  
Chapman said it was not known de-  
finitely at what hour the Mayor would  
arrive in Boston but he would be here  
in time to attend the exercises. Others  
taking an active part in arranging the  
welcome are Charles McGlue, ex-chair-  
man of the Democratic city committee;  
Chairman Theodore Glynn of the  
Street Commission; Melvin Eastman  
and Richard Powers, South Boston  
political leaders, and Mrs Helena C.  
Gale.

TRANSCRIPT

11/5/32

AMERICAN

# Home Owners Now Frantic to Save Equities

Part Payments by Thousands  
Are No Longer of Avail—  
Sale on Dec. 5

By Forrest P. Hull

Several thousand home owners who have frantically tried to save their properties by part payments of 1931 taxes, are daily being given the depressing announcement that such payments will not avail against the sale at public auction to be conducted by the city on Dec. 5. To prevent the loss of property against which taxes are outstanding there must be a total payment; even a \$1 a month assessment unpaid would not save the equity.

The approaching sale, which will be advertised in the City Record three times, represents outstanding taxes of last year to the amount of \$3,700,000, an amount of delinquency greater than ever before on similar occasions; and this attempt to collect the city charges is closely identified in importance with the collections on the September warrant, which are lagging behind last year and which will have an unusual result in forcing the city to do some December temporary borrowing for that month's draft.

Every year there is a tax sale, in accordance with the law, but never before have so many properties been listed for such extreme measures as at present. During the depression of 1921-23 there were heart-rending scenes in the collector's office as the hard-pressed taxpayers told their tales of deprivation and misery and pleaded with the collector to save their homes. Those stories are being repeated daily at this time, differing only in intensity and in number from those of ten years ago.

## Part Payments Ruling

There is no law which imposes on the tax collector the duty of accepting part payments in taxes. But there has been a ruling from the tax commissioner's office that part payments of at least 2 per cent of the total taxes may be accepted up to the fifteenth day after the mailing of the demands. After that date it is discretionary with the collector whether he will take the money, but in any event the home-owner has not definitely lost his property until two years after the tax title has been taken from him.

Ten years ago there was very little attempt to make part payments, but before the advertised sale a very large proportion of the people in arrears had been able to scrape together sufficient money to save their homes. Today, it would appear as if the part payment activity represented about all the majority of the property owners will be able to do before the sale, although City Collector McMor-

row is optimistic enough to suggest that kind angels will be abroad in large numbers and act on the distressing stories they hear.

Waiting for the tax collector this morning at nine o'clock were several women who, with tears in their eyes, accepted the dictum that no more part payments would avail. They did not know how they would be able to secure sufficient funds to meet the total tax, but they had come to the collector with funds to clear up more than half of the charges against them. Those scenes are of daily occurrence and often the stories of illness and of unemployment are so distressing that the hardest headed clerks of the office are moved to tears.

## Sale Later Than Usual

Boston never had a tax sale so late as that for Dec. 5, and therefore comparisons cannot be made, except by the generalization that the forthcoming advertisements will contain more parcels than any other listing. There are from 5000 to 6000 on the list today, although several hundred have been stricken off in the last few months and from now on there will be much activity among the unfortunates to pay before the sale.

The sale was delayed as long as possible by advice of the mayor who urged the collector to give the delinquents every possible chance. And if the additional period of grace is taken advantage of the city will be the great gainer, for the taking over of tax titles is far from profitable. Two years ago every tax title was thus taken over, whereas in the past the real estate men who watch for such opportunities seldom allowed the titles to go a-begging.

To save their properties before the sale the delinquents will be obliged to pay the advertising charges, a small amount, and if they temporarily lose their titles they may redeem them within two years by the payment of the additional costs. At the end of two years, if no effort is made to redeem, the holder applies to the land court for permanent possession of the title.

## Collections Lagging

The 1931 outstanding taxes of \$3,700,000 casts its reflection on the slowness with which the 1932 warrant is dissolving. This warrant, the largest in the city's history, was for \$67,574,773.50 and there was collected up to Oct. 3 the sum of \$42,237,905.41, leaving a total of uncollected taxes of \$25,336,868.09.

From Oct. 4 to Oct. 31, in their anxiety to avoid interest charges, the taxpayers, among them the largest corporations and trusts, paid \$3,083,477.49, which left \$22,253,390.60 outstanding. The collections thus reached 67.068 per cent, at least 5 per cent less than the amount at a similar time last year.

The relatively light collections on the 1932 warrant are embarrassing to the city treasury, in that it will be necessary, unless all signs fail, to resort to temporary loans next month, a measure which the city officials had felt could be avoided. But the city is in good position to take on more temporary money, in view of the fact that all of its temporary loans to date, \$32,000,000, have been settled as of Oct. 10, as usual, whereas many communities permit these loans to run into the following year. As against temporary borrowing the officials will cite the \$20,000,000 or more of assets in unpaid taxes.

# ROOSEVELT TO SWEEP NATION, SAYS CURLEY

Boston's Mayor Tells Pennsylvania Democrats Will Carry the Entire 48 States

Philadelphia, Nov. 5 (INS)—"Governor Roosevelt will carry every state in the Union."

This was the prediction today of James M. Curley, Mayor Boston who addressed one of the largest political meetings ever held in Delaware County.

"The 11,000,000 idle and homeless men, vainly seeking employment, the 10,000,000 more whose wages have been reduced, and the 10,000,000 who are working only part time, all understand the situation which exists in this country," Mayor Curley said.

"It is bitter realism which cannot be corrected from the White House. Hoover has written many statements and appointed many commissions, all for the purpose of clouding the real issues.

"The American people, clearly understanding the situation, do not understand Mr. Hoover's attempted explanations and apologies."

The President's position on prohibition is "equally enigmatical," Mayor Curley asserted. Commenting on the President's Springfield speech, Curley said:

"Hoover compared himself with Lincoln, but he forgets that Lincoln was of, by and for the people, whereas Hoover has been of, for and by the bankers."



# Defeat of Hoover Tuesday Will Mean Curley In Control of Federal Patronage in State

By ROBERT CHOATE

In the dozen years I have been closely associated with national politics I do not remember a fight which has engendered so much Republican bitterness as this one. Of course, my span of political observation starts with the ascendancy of the Republican party after the great war. As an undergraduate at Harvard I remember being in the Copley-Plaza one evening when Charles Evans Hughes stepped from an elevator. He was a squat, bewhiskered, unassuming figure then. There were no roaring crowds to greet him. Hardly anybody in the lobby paid much attention to him. Those were not the days of the present political ballyhoo when candidates had their managers pack the halls with claque and noise makers. As this is written I am sure that most competent political observers are on the anxious seat. The complexion of the campaign has changed mightily in the last two weeks. Despite the tendency of wisecracks to pooh-poo Mr. Hoover's trip across the continent as changing no votes, I am not at all sure. There are unmistakable signs that the Hoover strength has been steadily gaining. It is indicated by every available straw vote. Roosevelt has been slipping. Of that there isn't the slightest doubt. But how fast and how far is any one's guess.

## THROWING IN HEAVY GUNS

If the President has been gaining there is no reason to think that his present tour will not accelerate that movement. He is throwing into the campaign all the heavy artillery of the Republicans. As was pointed out here some weeks ago, if the Republicans win, it will be wholly due to Mr. Hoover. He has already made up for the early bungling of his managers. I do not hold with those who think that the average voter makes up his mind in June and does not change it. That is not what a study of straw votes shows. If there is not still a large element among the voters who do not yet know just which way they will swing, how can you explain the recent trend to Hoover?

By all tokens it will be a close election. The prospects of a sweep for Roosevelt have disappeared. The great states of the middle West are swinging more into line. Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, once definitely in the Roosevelt column, were last week certainly doubtful, and today, after the President's speeches, may well roll up their Republican margins, though greatly reduced.

Probably the first straw of how the election is going will be furnished Tuesday night by the vote of New York city. This year they have in use for the first time voting machines in all the boroughs. New York is now promising complete returns by 7:30 in the evening. If there is still a sweep on, New York city will show it. Al Smith carried the city by 450,000 in 1928, yet Mr. Hoover carried the state. Calvin Coolidge carried the city over John W. Davis in 1924 by about 100,000. If Mr. Hoover runs much behind the 1928 vote, I should believe that his chances of election were slim. If he is behind by six or seven hundred thousand votes it will be practically all over. Roosevelt is not popular in New York city. His investigation of Walker affronted Tammany. His insistence on the nomination of Lehman will ultimately cause

the retirement of Curry as head of Tammany. Many of the red-hot Smith followers will not forget the Hearst-McAdoo-Garner deal which froze Smith out of the nomination in Chicago in June. If, in spite of these adverse factors, Roosevelt can pile up a bigger margin than did Smith in 1928, things will look pretty black for Mr. Hoover. The New York city vote is important to watch, because it will be the first large tabulation of votes. There will be hundreds of towns scattered over New England and elsewhere; but they are of interest only to politicians who know the normal percentages. They do not mean much in themselves. New York city will.

## STATE LEGISLATURE

What throws the greatest scare into me, in even contemplating a Democratic landslide, is the thought of what would happen to our state Legislature, let alone the national Congress. It is not a pretty prospect to think that the next Legislature on Beacon Hill could be Democratic. What a combination that would be under Mr. Leo Birmingham! The Democratic minority of the present Legislature not only ran away from Gov. Ely, but from everybody else as well last winter. In control there is no telling what they might not do. This winter will be an important one on the Hill. Cities and towns, already feeling the pinch of taking care of their unemployed, must have help. Will it be of Mr. Birmingham's fashioning?

In the event of a Democratic victory who will have the disposal of Democratic patronage in this state? Will it be Gov. Ely, Dan Coakley, or Joe Maynard, chairman of the Democratic state committee? Hardly! It will be James Michael Curley! What a cruel joke that turns out to be on Ely, Coakley, Maynard and others who have had to jump on the Roosevelt bandwagon.

Mayor Curley controlling the federal patronage of Massachusetts is no prettier a picture than Mr. Leo Birmingham controlling the House of Representatives. To add the city's gifts to office holders to the plums that come from Washington ought to put the mayor very close to the top of the pile just about the time that Gov. Ely and his Smith followers are looking for new fields to conquer. The mayor is certainly an indication that the rhyme about Humpty-Dumpty does not always hold true. He was beaten in April, he was tabooed in Chicago, he was very nearly banned from the state while Al Smith was here, and yet, in the event Roosevelt is elected, Mr. Curley will bob up again with his pockets stuffed with all the federal plums that Mr. Roosevelt can pour into the lap of the most faithful.

## CONTENT WITH PATRONAGE

All talk that Mr. Curley wants a high office in the government is largely rubbish. He would be the first to disclaim it. He does not want to go to the Court of St. James's nor does he want to be Governor of Puerto Rico or other outlandish possessions. James Michael Curley will be perfectly content—this is my guess—if he can control the federal patronage of Massachusetts for the next four years. What you vote for Roosevelt, think this one over. It is already giving the Smith Democrats a headache.

There is another random thought

that occurs as one listens to campaign oratory as to the ability of the Democrats to carry us through this great emergency. The election of Wilson in 1912 started us toward one of the major economic crises of this country. It was only diverted by the world war. The direct effect of the election of Wilson and the prospect of an Underwood-Simmons tariff bill was wholesale unemployment throughout the United States. The winter of 1913-14 was about as bad as one would care to see. Distress was nearly as widespread as it is today. Breadlines were functioning in almost all the great cities. The farmers of the country were as hard hit as anybody. Then came the war and its extraordinary effect on our economic structure. But the high-toned promises of the Democrats did not result in prosperity. The unforeseen demands of the war changed this condition, but not the Democrats.

## STORY OF SENATOR BURROWS

In leaving this campaign it might be well to repeat William Dana Orcutt's famous story of Senator Burrows of Michigan. Burrows was campaigning in 1884 under conditions similar to those of today.

"The Democratic party as a party," he said, "has no settled convictions on the subject of finance. They are soft money in one state and hard money in another; soft one day and hard another. They are like the fellow who had a horse which he recommended as a hunter. A stranger came along and noticed that once in a while his horse would drop down, and he said 'What is the matter with the horse?' The fellow said: 'That is a trick; there is deer around. He is a setter, and when he smells deer around he will always do that. He is a very valuable horse.' The stranger said, 'How will you trade?' and he bought the horse and started out with it, as he came along to the middle of a stream, and the horse dropped. With that he was a little disgusted, and went back and said that he had been cheated. 'What is the matter?' asked the seller, 'didn't he drop?' 'Yes, he did; right in the midst of a stream, and I came near getting drowned.' 'Well,' said the fellow, 'forgot to tell you, that horse is just as good for trout as he is for deer.' So the Democratic party is just as good for soft money as it is for hard money."

# APPEALS TO VOTE EARLY ON TUESDAY

Election Commission  
Head Says It Will  
Be Necessary

Warning that the Boston polls will close at 8 o'clock Tuesday night, Chairman Peter F. Tague of the Election Commission issued a public appeal to the men and women voters of this city to cast their ballots early in the day and not be shut out in the last-minute rush.

## CAN'T DELAY TOO LONG

Because the city has the largest num-

ber of voters on the list in its entire history, he declared it would be impossible for the 304,664 men and women to exercise their franchise here unless a great number go to the polling places during the day.

Under the election laws, he pointed out, voting must stop promptly at 8 o'clock and those persons waiting in line will necessarily be turned away. Only those voters within the railed enclosure of the polling places will be permitted to vote after the closing hour.

There would be sufficient time for every voter to cast his ballot, provided the procession to the polling places is constant throughout the day, for the polls will open at 8 o'clock in the morning and the city has been divided into 362 voting precincts. This means an average of \$41 voters to a polling place.

## Look for Record Vote

Of Boston's record registration, 167,245 are men and 137,419 are women, but Chairman Tague directed his appeal for early voting particularly to those persons who will not be required to work during the day, so that the day-workers might have the night hours to themselves.

Because of the intense interest here in the presidential and State elections, election officials look for a record vote in Boston, Tuesday, and have completed arrangements for the work at the polls.

State police yesterday delivered at City Hall not only a ballot for every man and woman on the voting list, but 60,000 additional for good measure. For if a person makes an error in marking his first ballot, he may call for a sec-

ond or even a third ballot in order to vote right. But three is the limit under the election laws.

The two truckloads of ballots were placed in the vaults in the basement of City Hall Annex and four policemen stationed on constant guard until they are sent out to the polling places Tuesday morning, starting at 4:45 o'clock to the distant precincts of Hyde Park.

That the counting of the ballots after the closing of the polls Tuesday night would be doubly supervised this year was indicated late yesterday when both the Republican and Democratic city committees started to organize workers for duty at the polling places.

At the Roosevelt-Ely forum at 39 Court street, former Representative Thomas A. Niland of East Boston, announced that he had been designated by the Democratic national committee to act as chairman of a committee to take every possible precaution to assure an honest count for Roosevelt and Garner in Suffolk County.

The workers of the Democratic city committee will meet tonight at 8 o'clock at the Court street forum to conduct a reception to Mayor Curley upon his return from a week's speaking tour in Pennsylvania.

The Mayor is scheduled to arrive home today and with Governor Ely and other Democratic speakers, he is listed to attend tonight's forum.

HERALD

# CITY WILL SELL TAX LIENS DEC. 5

Law Prevents Further Ex-  
tension by Mayor to  
1931 Delinquents

By JAMES GOGGIN

Unless Mayor Curley, who already has given unprecedented consideration to delinquent taxpayers, intercedes again, City Collector William M. McMorro on Dec. 5 will sell tax liens on property on which 1931 taxes of \$3,700,000 remain unpaid.

If the mayor fails to discover some authority for delaying further the advertising for sale of such properties, the collector will list in the City Record next week the largest number of parcels of real estate ever advertised for sale for non-payment of taxes.

The predicament of thousands of small home owners who have found it impossible to meet the 1931 tax bills has been a source of worryment to the mayor for more than a year. He has stretched every available point to avoid, as long as possible, the inescapable statutory requirement which makes

it mandatory upon the collector to attempt to obtain the taxes by the sale of tax liens.

The city council has repeatedly, but without authority, attempted to initiate a movement to grant further extensions to delinquents, but under the law both the collector and the mayor are powerless to grant more consideration than has already been extended.

Ordinarily property on which taxes of the preceding year have not been paid is advertised for sale in September, but the abnormal conditions which have confronted thousands of property owners, the majority holders of residential buildings, have been adjudged sufficient to warrant the additional time which has been allowed this year.

Collector McMorro said yesterday that the exact number of parcels upon which 1931 taxes are outstanding cannot be determined accurately but it is known that it is more than 6000.

There is doubt among city officials of the interest of speculators in the purchase of tax liens in the forthcoming sale by the city. In normal years these purchasers, who work in co-operation, realize profits of many thousands of dollars from the redemption of the liens, plus charges, by owners who succeed in obtaining the funds with which to clear their properties of liens.

At recent sales of properties upon which 1930 taxes were not paid, the speculators displayed no interest. Their decision then is regarded as a fore-runner of an agreement to allow the city to retain the liens equivalent to 1931 taxes upon the thousands of parcels which are listed to be sold Dec. 5.



# Hoover Favored to Carry Massachusetts, With Victory for Party State Ticket Likely

By W. E. MULLINS

Barring a country-wide Democratic landslide, of which there has been no evidence here, President Hoover will carry Massachusetts by a comfortable margin in next Tuesday's general election. Discounting the counter-claims of the rival politicians, this is the considered opinion of competent observers, both Republican and Democrat, as privately expressed by them.

The great concentration of Democratic forces here over the past 10 days failed completely to shell Hoover out of the strong position into which he was consolidated by two early developments of the campaign.

They were: First the bitter resentment of a great mass of Democrats at the double-crossing given Alfred E. Smith at the Chicago convention; and, second, the President's bold demand for a change in the prohibition laws in his speech of acceptance.

The campaign in Massachusetts has revolved around those two developments. Desperate efforts were made in the closing days to woo back into the fold the disgruntled Smith Democrats, but they failed utterly in arousing the great wave of popular sentiment on which Smith rode to victory here in 1928.

The President's decision to liberalize his views on prohibition brought back to his support those wet Republicans who bolted the party in 1928 and whose support undeniably gave Smith the 1 per cent. margin of the total vote by which he carried the state.

Had the President remained committed firmly to prohibition the task of the state for him would have been immeasurably more difficult. As the campaign has progressed it has not been even an issue, except as it was discussed once here by former United States Senator James A. Reed of Missouri.

## NO SENTIMENT FOR ROOSEVELT

The complete lack of any genuine sentiment for Gov. Roosevelt, except as disclosed by such isolated figures as Mayor Curley, LaRue Brown and Prof. Felix Frankfurter, has served to demonstrate the difficulty of accelerating enthusiasm for him to the extent that the voters might regard his election as a crusade, as was the case for Smith four years ago.

If there is a groundswell of Republican upheaval against Mr. Hoover sweeping over the land, it is conceded that the Hudson river will not be sufficiently wide to stem it; but there is not a single conspicuous, genuine Republican of any prominence in Massachusetts who has given any indication of taking the leadership in any such movement here.

Regardless of what may develop, the election of Gaspar G. Bacon, president of the Senate, to the lieutenant-governorship, is conceded quite generally. In fact, it will be surprising if he fails to poll more votes in the election than any

other candidate on the ticket, Republican or Democrat.

Bacon is certain of election because of the tremendous Democratic vote he will receive in Boston, in addition to the solid support of his own party. Like Hoover, he is the beneficiary of full and complete Republican support without a single indication of party apostasy.

It is entirely possible that Hoover and Bacon may generate sufficient strength on their own popularity to sweep the full Republican ticket into office. Probably the closest contest will be that for Governor, in which Lt.-Gov. Youngman has waged a most uncompromising campaign against Gov. Ely, yielding no ground at any time.

Youngman faces a stiff fight, but with the assistance of the unusually large vote that will be commanded by the presidential contest he well may succeed in pulling through. The other close fight is between Auditor Francis X. Hurley and former Auditor Alonzo B. Cook. Here again the normal presidential year turnout may result in dragging Cook through to success.

Secretary of State Cook and Atty.-Gen. Warner are not believed to be in any danger, while Francis Prescott of Grafton, the Republican nominee for state treasurer, is a strong favorite to defeat Charles F. Hurley, the present incumbent, who won by a tremendous margin two years ago because of the party rebellion against former State Treasurer Fred J. Burrell.

## DEMOCRATIC HOPES

Democratic hopes have been bolstered up by the party success in the last two elections, but in both years the Republicans labored under the handicap of supporting dry candidates. Shackled by that heavy impost, Smith succeeded in carrying the state in 1928 by only 1 per cent. of the total vote, while in 1930 Gov. Ely defeated former Gov. Allen in the gubernatorial contest by a similar margin.

In considering the party line-up in this commonwealth it must be borne in mind that the last election gave the Republicans 12 of the 16 congressmen, 139 of the 240 House members, 30 of the 40 senators, seven of the eight councillors, a Lieutenant-Governor, a secretary of state and an attorney-general.

The Republicans lost the governorship because former Gov. Allen was paraded as a rigid dry and the offices of treasurer and auditor because they failed to put forth candidates in whom their own members could place confidence.

This election will see the complete elimination from party prominence of those Democrats who were anti-Smith in last spring's presidential primary. The September primary decimated their ranks rather badly but three of them survived as candidates for the national House of Representatives.

They are Thomas F. Cassidy of Cheshire, running in the 1st district against Congressman Allen T. Tread-

way; Edward G. Morris of Wollaston running in the 13th district against Congressman Richard B. Wigglesworth of Milton, and James J. Bruin of Lowell, running in the 5th district against Mrs. Edith Nourse Rogers of Lowell. They are slated to walk the same plank, traversed by their associates in that ill-fated drive against the most popular Democrat this state has seen since the late Patrick A. Collins.

In fact, the only real congressional contest is being waged in the 8th district, where Arthur D. Healey of Somerville has the Democratic nomination against his fellow-townsmen, George H. Norton.

## SHOPWORN CANDIDATE

Although this new district is slightly Democratic on paper, Healey is a shopworn candidate who has been beaten before Congress and twice for mayor of his home city. He likewise has to overcome the party bitterness which remains from the knifing given Joseph J. Borgatti of Somerville in the 1930 election.

In this election Borgatti lost to Congressman Charles L. Underhill by 1092 votes. Borgatti lost Somerville to his Republican rival by 597 votes, while Gov. Ely was carrying the city over Gov. Allen by 2727. Borgatti's followers have not forgotten or forgiven that treachery.

Norton has made a shrewd and successful campaign, based on his extensive experience acquired over a long period of years during which he has served as secretary to Underhill and Underhill's predecessors, former Congressmen Fuller and Roberts.

Healey committed the blunder of allying himself closely with Mayor John J. Murphy, who fell into disfavor because of the terrific rise in the city's tax rate and now the two cannot be politically divorced.

The peak of the Democratic struggle for supremacy was reached 10 days ago when Smith was given a thunderous reception at Boston Arena by his devoted followers. The Democrats did not recover from that great emotional spree. Subsequent visits here of Gov. Roosevelt and Newton D. Baker were drab and depressing in contrast. They were post-climaxes.

## INFERIOR ATTRACTION

Although Smith apparently had paved the way for Roosevelt, the presidential candidate himself, with more favorable weather conditions prevailing, proved to be a greatly inferior attraction as measured by numbers attracted and in the genuineness of the reception given both.

Smith's reception was spontaneous and from the heart. Roosevelt's was artificial and to an obvious extent manufactured. He well might have fared better by remaining out of the state. Before he left Boston he was informed that his chances of carrying the state were not good.

# CURLEY URGES HOOVER TO QUIT

Proposes He Name 'President-Elect' Roosevelt Secretary of State

## GOV. ELY AND MAYOR AT WOMEN'S RALLY

Mayor Curley last night called on President Hoover to appoint Gov. Roosevelt secretary of state, and resign with his cabinet on Wednesday "following the greatest Democratic sweep in the history of the nation," so that constructive measures for relief can be put into action at once.

The mayor spoke before 2500 women at an all-state rally sponsored by the Democratic women of Massachusetts and held at the Copley-Plaza Hotel.

Constantly during his address the mayor praised the "humane administration" of Gov. Ely, and the Governor, in turn, endorsed the Roosevelt-Garner combination. Both leaders made pointed references to the healing of the breach between them, remarks so significant that the audience frequently chuckled with glee.

Virtually every state candidate was present at the last great rally of the Democratic campaign. All emphatically stated that Democracy would be triumphant tomorrow. Estimates of the Democratic pluralities ranged from 50,000 for the national ticket to 100,000 for the state ticket. Mayor Curley promised that Boston would give a plurality of 125,000 to the state and national Democratic nominees.

### ASSAILS ST. PAUL SPEECH

He assailed the St. Paul speech of President Hoover, in which he quoted him as saying that there were 500,000 men returning to work every month. "At that rate," he shouted, "it will take him nearly two years to get 11,000,000 men back to work." The President's references to the fact that the government knew "how to deal with mob" caused Mayor Curley to roundly berate Mr. Hoover for the treatment received by the bonus army, at the end of which he said:

"When the greatest Democratic sweep in the history of the nation takes place, President Hoover should appoint Roosevelt secretary of state and resign with the Vice-President and his cabinet so that constructive measures of relief can be started at once. President Hoover wants to know what he can do for the American people. I suggest that he do that."

He derided the charge of extravagance laid against Gov. Ely by his Republican opponent, Lt.-Gov. William S. Youngman, and cried: "I wish to God that Gov. Ely had spent 10 times as much as he did. I would not even then consider him an expensive Governor, but a thoughtful and humane leader."

### CHOICE OF CHICAGO

Gov. Ely expressed his belief that the future of the nation depended on the election of Gov. Roosevelt, whom

he termed "the choice of the Chicago convention." While he does not "question the integrity of President Hoover—for no man in office today can question the integrity of interest of any chief executive, President, Governor or mayor—" he felt Roosevelt should be chosen. "I am extremely interested in the national phase of this election," he said. He added: "Of course I'd like to be elected, too."

Mrs. Ely, who rarely accompanies the Governor, was introduced to the gathering. The rally was intended as a reception to the Governor and his wife. Mrs. Ely was presented with a bouquet, as were the wives of every candidate who spoke except John E. Swift, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, who urged Democrats to give Gov. Ely a cabinet of Democrats. All speakers asked that the entire state ticket be voted.

Joseph A. Maynard, chairman of the Democratic state committee, predicted that Massachusetts will be safely in the Roosevelt column by 50,000 votes, while "Gov. Ely will have a plurality of 100,000." Every speaker urged the women to give their time and automobiles on election day to further the cause of Democracy.

Among others who spoke were Frederick W. Mansfield, James Roosevelt, John P. Buckley, Democratic candidate for attorney-general; John F. Buckley, Democratic candidate for secretary of state; Charles F. Hurley, present state treasurer seeking re-election; Mrs. Larue Brown and Dr. Helen I. Doherty, both of the Democratic state committee; Miss Mildred Keane, secretary of the Boston city committee, who promised Gov. Ely support of that organization, and John E. Swift, Democratic candidate for lieutenant-governor, who urged Democrats to give Gov. Ely a cabinet of Democrats. All speakers asked that the entire state ticket be voted.

Miss Mary Ward, member of the Democratic national committee, was chairman. Among those on the platform was John F. Fitzgerald, former mayor of Boston, who received an ovation as he entered.

## G. O. P. WET FOR GOV. ROOSEVELT

Pitcairn, at Rally Here, Says Election of Hoover a Compromise

With a demand for repeal of the dry law, together with the statement that the election of Hoover would mean compromise—but never repeal—Raymond Pitcairn, Philadelphia lawyer, former Republican but now working for Roosevelt because of the latter's wet stand, today urged the election of Roosevelt.

He spoke at a noon meeting at Faneuil Hall, which was termed a repeal meeting. It was sponsored by the Democratic state committee in association with the Liberal Civic League, inc. Many speakers representing the Democrats attended.

Pitcairn likened the present situation to the situation which led to the Boston Tea Party, saying that the stamp taxes of that day were but a drop in the bucket compared with taxes the people now pay because of prohibition.

"Suppose the British had said to the colonists: 'You shall give up the great source of revenue of virtually every other nation in the world. You shall not derive revenue from liquor taxes—but you shall impose income and other taxes on your citizens to bear the great burden of governmental expense; and we insist that you spend millions, taxed from the people, to enforce our law. For we decree that the colonists shall drink neither beer, nor wine nor liquor.'

"Is the present tyranny less onerous than the tyranny of that day?"

"The President from the beginning has been the leader of the dries. They have always and rightly claimed him as their own. You remember his conferences from time to time with various dry leaders. You recall his Wickersham commission and know his prohibition record before and since.

"But we are not concerned today with history but with the immediate situation that confronts good repealists here and now.

"In this crisis, we can all understand the Republican who believes in repeal but who says, 'I shall vote for Mr. Hoover in spite of his straddle of the repeal issue and his party plank on prohibition—because of other issues.' But these Republicans can hardly expect those of us who consider repeal to be the dominant issue to drop our fight, because they feel that way.

"And here's the point. There is opportunity even today for real repealists to step out of the Republican shadow and hold the standard of repeal before the people and before state and federal legislators and candidates, so that the nation may know that we do not stand speechless and impotent at the most vital juncture in our history.

"Our difficulty is due to the insistence of Hoover backers that in this campaign the issue is presidential candidates and parties. Our issue is repeal and repeal only. Republican tacticians have so impressed many of us with the responsibility of remaining neutral as to candidates and platforms that many of us have forgotten that our duty is not to remain neutral but to stand for the principle of repeal."

Joseph A. Maynard, chairman of the Democratic state committee, predicted Roosevelt will carry the state by 50,000 and that the entire Democratic state ticket will be elected. He asked that all who have automobiles help tomorrow in getting out the vote.

William H. Mitchell, general chairman of the Liberal Civic League, introduced General Counsel Conrad W. Crooker.

Crooker said, in part: "Massachusetts demands the repeal of the Volstead act. When Massachusetts memorialized Congress it demanded repeal and not modification. When it acted on its own dry law it repealed it, did not modify it.

"If the dry law is repealed it will mean a revenue of \$1,700,000,000 and will help balance the budget, taking from the burden of taxation and helping to restore prosperity. He declared that the question is an economic one, not a moral one."

Mayor Curley declared that no law has ever been adopted that has caused greater injury to the youth of the land than the prohibition law. "It strikes at the cornerstone of the republic." The mayor quoted figures to show that cost of running jails, courts and hospitals has more than doubled since the dry law was instituted. He prophesied the election of Franklin D. Roosevelt and said that Roosevelt would make it possible for the working man to have his glass of beer.



# VICTORY FOR ROOSEVELT, ELY SEEN

With every indication pointing to a tremendous Democratic victory, the presidential campaign was whooped to a close today by battalions of orators in Massachusetts and in every state.

President Hoover chose to spend the last day of fighting in the Far West, while Governor Roosevelt elected to make a final whirlwind tour of the Hudson river valley.

Tonight both go on the air in an effort to get out the vote. It will be the largest vote ever cast in an American election. Nearly 47,000,000 people are eligible. Probably 40,000,000 will vote.

"Jim" Farley, Democratic national chairman, would not today concede "a single state" to President Hoover. Everett Sanders, Republican generalissimo, claims President Hoover's re-election by a minimum of 338 electoral votes.

New York betting commissioner, after a final survey, raised the odds on Roosevelt today to 6 to 1 in the nation, and 2 to 1 that he carries New York. If Roosevelt carries New York State, his victory is held certain.

By BERNARD J. DOHERTY

Whirlwind tours of every Boston ward, parades, bands, red flares and a drumfire of last minute radio appeals will bring the long and hard fought national and state campaigns to a close tonight at midnight.

Supremely confident of a smashing victory for Roosevelt, Ely and the entire ticket, the Democratic forces, united and harmonious, are out to consolidate their positions.

## MAYOR IN DRIVE

The mopping up process will be led by Gov. Ely, Senator Walsh, James Roosevelt and Mayor Curley. They will be assisted by John E. Swift, candidate for lieutenant-governor, State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley, State Auditor Francis X. Hurley and more than 50 other Democratic candidates for office. In other sections of the state 75 rallies will be held.

Last minute efforts by G. O. P. chieftains, captained by Lt.-Gov. William S. Youngman, are being centered in a desperate attempt to bolster up their crumbling defenses. On top of their rapidly waning hope of swinging the state for Hoover, the Republican campaign managers are faced with open desertions on Youngman's candidacy with every indication that he will be heavily slashed by members of his own party in tomorrow's election.

# ELY AND CURLEY IN HARMONY

## Clasp Hands Warmly; Mayor Sings Praises of Governor

Before an audience of 2000, made up almost entirely of women, Mayor Curley and Governor Ely exchanged felicitations at the Copley-Plaza Hotel last night, and joined in predicting smashing victories for the Democratic ticket in both the State and national fields.

### CLASP HANDS

Both the Mayor and the Governor were cheered to the echo. They clasped hands warmly and while thousands of faces beamed upon them chatted freely with heads close together on the platform.

To Governor Ely, Curley paid a high tribute declaring that the Governor had fulfilled the highest hopes and ambitions of his sincere friends and declared him to be a thoughtful, humane and considerate Governor. "I tried to get \$35,000,000 from this Governor," the Mayor laughed, "for a public project that would have given employment to many, but he had a better idea of how long this depression was going to last than I did."

To Mrs. Ely, Miss Mary Curley presented a big bouquet of crysanthemums after the gubernatorial couple had arrived on the platform, to a thunderous applause.

### No Doubt About Result

"I have no doubt about the campaign result tonight," Governor Ely told the crowd. "I will admit that possibly earlier in the campaign I may have been somewhat disturbed. But on Oct. 27, after former Governor Al Smith had come to Boston and a week later after Governor Roosevelt had followed, I knew it was all over."

"I was pleased," he declared, turning toward Mayor Curley and smiling, while the crowd roared, "for many reasons which I won't discuss."

He announced it was not his intention to go into the campaign issues. He declared that they were thoroughly placed before the people in the preceding days and nights of campaigning.

### Says Hoover Failed

"Just for tonight let me put the picture before you briefly," he said. "There is plenty of money in this country—in the banks; there is plenty of grain in our fields and in the storehouses; there is plenty of cotton and plenty of wool. There is plenty of iron and coal."

"Yet in Massachusetts alone the cities and towns have been compelled to ex-

pend this year millions of dollars to save people from starvation. That wheat can be made into bread; that cotton and wool into clothing, the iron and coal can be devoted to shelter and heat. Why should such a condition exist in this country?"

### Cut State Expenses

He declared he did not question the integrity of the President in any way, but he charged that he had failed.

He asserted his confidence in his own victory and declared that, on the point of economy, he was the first Governor, after a succession of Republican Governors, to slash expenses in the State. "I have cut the State expense," he said, "speaking of economy, more than the entire list of Republican Governors have in 14 years." Throughout the day he practically ignored Lieutenant-Governor Youngman in his speeches.

GLOBE

# ROOSEVELT'S SON AT FORUM

## Given Great Reception When He Speaks

James Roosevelt, son of Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt, was given a great reception today when he spoke for a few minutes at the Roosevelt Forum, 39 Court st. The session today looked more like the Forum in the primary battle last Spring than at any time the past 10 days.

The place was packed with men and women and though Jimmy Roosevelt was given a great hand, the crowd was there to hear Mayor Curley after his trip into Republican Pennsylvania. As a result of touring the great stronghold of the Republican party and what he was told by Democratic leaders there, the Mayor said he would not be surprised if the State went Democratic for the first time in 75 years.

It was veterans' day at the Forum and Brig Gen John H. Dunn was chairman. Charles H. McGlue, who directs affairs at the Forum, joined the reception to James Roosevelt and assured the latter that Massachusetts would go 100,000 for Roosevelt and would not fail the candidate or his original spokesman in Massachusetts, Mayor James M. Curley.

James Roosevelt told how glad he was to be back at the old Forum again, and said that the election was all over and asked everyone to go to the polls and ratify and confirm the verdict of the American people that a Democratic victory is the hope of restoration of the American Nation.

"For the past six weeks I've had to tuck my six feet four inches into a Pullman berth every night," he said, "and I still have some more riding ahead of me. After I vote tomorrow morning I'm going to take the 10 o'clock train to New York and go to National Democratic Headquarters. I'm going to sit down then with my father beside a radio and tomorrow night I hope to hear that Massachusetts has elected the entire Democratic ticket."

Other speakers were: John H. Wallace, V. F. W.; Dr William H. Griffin, Leo M. Harlow and Edward C. Carroll of the American Legion; Peter Borre, P. Nicholas Petrocelli, Daniel J. Donovan, Andrew J. McGorrey and Robert O. Lee.

## Bay State Sweep

for Roosevelt-Garner ticket was predicted for tomorrow by leading Democrats yesterday. At the Copley-Plaza reception to Gov. Ely last night are, from left to right, Mary Curley, Mayor Curley, Gov. Ely and Mrs. Ely.

(Daily Record Photo)



RECORD

11/7/32



# DEMOCRATS CLAIM BAY STATE SWEEP

By BERT BROCKBANK

It's all over but the balloting!

With a Roosevelt-Garner national victory assured, the final battle to place Massachusetts definitely in the Democratic column will wind up today in a flood of oratory and blaze of red fire, by radio, platform rallies and parades that will last until well after midnight.

The Democrats will spend the day in consolidating their hard-won gains, while the Republicans will be making a last-minute desperate struggle to stem the rolling tide of Democracy that threatens to overwhelm them tomorrow.

It's all over but the shouting, and when the ballots are tabulated it is predicted that the Old Bay State will be found in the Roosevelt-Garner fold, to take its rightful share in returning peace, happiness and prosperity to the nation.

While presidential polls and claims of G. O. P. chieftains indicate that the Commonwealth will reverse its desertion of four years ago and return to the Republican camp, Democratic leaders refuse to concede any such possibility. They point to the increased registration this year over the record-breaking year of 1928, and claim most of the increase is Democratic.

## SEE 1,650,000 VOTES

It is estimated that a total of 1,650,000 votes will be cast in the state tomorrow, out of a registration of 1,820,000. The vote in 1928 was 1,577,825 out of a total registration of 1,722,263.

The Democratic campaign will come to a whirlwind finish tonight with 17 indoor rallies and more than a score of outdoor gatherings in and around Boston. Gov. Ely, Sen. Walsh, Mayor Curley and the state candidates will give the last messages of the battle.

There will be auto parades, old-fashioned red fire and plenty of noise and enthusiasm. Every section of the city will be invaded and all the candidates will urge unity at the polls tomorrow to make the victory overwhelming.

There will be a big noon-day meeting this noon at Faneuil Hall, sponsored by the Liberal Civic League to protest failure of Massachusetts anti-prohibition organizations to oppose President Hoover's re-election.

## RECEPTION TO GOV. ELY

One of the high points in the campaign came last night when more than 2000 women jammed the ballroom of the Copley-Plaza to tender a reception to Gov. and Mrs. Ely. It was held by the Democratic Women of Massachusetts, and Mary H. Ward, national committeewoman, presided.

There was tremendous enthusiasm. A rousing ovation was given the Governor and the first

lady of the state when they appeared.

"You all know the issues of this campaign as well as I do," he said. "All that we are now interested in is to go to the polls Tuesday and roll up the biggest Democrat vote ever recorded in this city and state for Gov. Roosevelt and John N. Garner—and I hope for myself—and every member of the state ticket."

"In 1928 it rang through the nation that Massachusetts was a Democratic state. Let it ring out again next Tuesday that the nation is Democratic and that Massachusetts is still in the fold. Let us put over a real old-fashioned Democratic victory."

Mayor Curley, James Roosevelt, son of the presidential candidate, Mrs. LaRue Brown, vice-chairman of the state committee, and other speakers joined in hailing the unified Democratic party's high hopes for success tomorrow.

Roosevelt was cheered when he called Gov. Ely "the best governor Massachusetts ever had."

"It's all over now except the voting," Gov. Ely had declared earlier in the day at a rousing rally at the Hendricks Club—the old and famed "Ward 3 Club"—in the West End.

"The voting is going not only to Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt and John N. Garner, but to virtually all other Democratic candidates for public office throughout the nation," he continued.

## LOMASNEY PRESIDES

Martin Lomasney, "Mahatma" of the West and North Ends, presided, and there were many speakers. It was a typical Sunday before election in Lomasney's bailiwick.

The Republicans likewise were busy with last minute operations. The Republican state committee planned a barrage of oratory to be delivered at numerous rallies tonight.

They were confident the President's national radio broadcast from Elko, Nev., and the radio appeal of Calvin Coolidge from his home in Northampton will swing Massachusetts back into the Republican column.

The Republican national broadcast will start at 9:30 tonight and will be heard here over station WEEL. Ex-President Coolidge, the first speaker, will talk for 15 minutes.

## AMERICAN

### HOOVER ASKED TO QUIT

In a telegram, Francis Finneran, president of the Democratic Club of Massachusetts, asks President Hoover to resign immediately following his defeat on Tuesday.

The message, directed to the President's special en route to the Pacific Coast, read:

"Woodrow Wilson told his friends in 1916 that if he was defeated he would resign and appoint Hughes secretary of state, thus making his opponent President. The Hearst and Literary Digest polls indicate you will be defeated. Why not appoint Roosevelt secretary of state and resign and take a battleship and go to England and thus stop the riots which will occur during the coming winter if you remain in Washington?"

Rep. John J. Higgins, of Boston, replying to the attack made upon Gov. Ely by former Gov. Alvan T. Fuller, in his belated entrance into the campaign on Saturday in Gloucester and Newburyport, charged Fuller with being responsible for the riotous spending which finally brought the cities and towns into financial difficulties.

Chairman Joseph A. Maynard of the Democratic State Committee, who has predicted a Democratic sweep, has issued a statement in which he urges that Gov. Roosevelt and Gov. Ely, with their elections assured, be given a favorable Congress and a favorable Legislature and state officers to carry out their progressive programs.

The Massachusetts Liberty Associates, composed of workmen's groups all over the state, non-partisan, has declared for Gov. Ely. The Associates also endorsed the Republican candidate for lieutenant-governor, Gaspar G. Bacon.

At a big reception to Governor and Mrs. Ely given by the Democratic women of the state, Mayor Curley, back from out of state speaking tour for Roosevelt, praised the Governor highly. Miss Mary Curley took a prominent part in the reception.

Senator Walsh, in two radio broadcasts urged the election of Roosevelt and Garner and the re-election of Governor Ely.

HERALD 11/7/32

## EXPECT CURLEY TO HEAD ISLAND

**Puerto Rican Democrats See  
Him as Next Governor—  
Plans Visit Soon**

[Wireless to The Herald]

SAN JUAN, P. R., Nov. 6.—Mayor Curley of Boston may be Puerto Rico's next Governor, according to local Democrats.

Mr. Curley sat with the Puerto Rico delegation at the Democratic national convention in Chicago and was recognized by the chairman as "the gentleman from Puerto Rico."

He recently wrote F. V. Spinosa that he expected to visit Puerto Rico after the election.

## CITY GETS BLUE RIBBON FOR FFENWAY ROSE GARDEN

Chairman William P. Long of the Park Commission, today notified Mayor James M. Curley that the city has been awarded a blue ribbon garden certificate from the Massachusetts Horticultural Society for the rose garden in the Fenway.

## MAYOR CURLEY AWARDS TWO CITY CONTRACTS

Thibeau & Comeau and A. G. Tomasello & Sons Company were awarded contracts by Mayor Curley today. Thibeau & Comeau, low bidders, will erect at a cost of \$13,185, a residence for physicians at the Boston Sanatorium, and the Tomasello Company will put a bitulithic surface on Beacon st from Kenmore sq to St Marys st within 30 days. Tomasello was lowest bidder with \$48,395, and also agreed to complete the work in the fastest time.

## ORIGINAL ROOSEVELT CLUB SENDS NOMINEE MESSAGE

William H. McMasters, executive secretary of the Roosevelt-for-President Club of Massachusetts, claiming to be the original Roosevelt organization in the State, of which Mayor James M. Curley is honorary President, sent the following telegram to Gov Roosevelt, last night: "The officers and members of the first Roosevelt-for-President Club in Massachusetts, have advised me to extend their confident expectation of a glorious Democratic victory throughout the entire country, tomorrow. You have conducted a marvelous campaign. The people desire a change in national administration."

"An enthusiastic and united Democracy in Massachusetts, aided by the votes of thousands of liberal Republicans insure the electoral vote of Massachusetts being found once again in the column where Alfred E. Smith put it, four years ago."

Globe

11/8/32

## MAYOR ASKS BANKS TO HELP TAXPAYERS

**Mortgage Holders Urged to  
Meet City's Bill**

Parcels of property in the city of Boston on which the full amount of 1931 taxes is unpaid, will be advertised soon in the Boston City Record. It is planned to sell the tax titles on Dec 5.

Because of the extraordinary conditions at the present time, Mayor Curley today sent appeals to savings, cooperative and other banks holding mortgages, asking them to aid the city and the property holders by paying the taxes of 1931 and adding the amount to the mortgage on the property.

The Mayor's letter was as follows: "The list of properties submitted to me by the city collector to be advertised for sale for nonpayment of taxes number about 7500. Many of the persons affected and whose properties have been advertised, are not in a position to discharge their obligations to the city unless assisted by the institutions holding the mortgages on these properties. It would be of immeasurable benefit to the owners if the banks would increase the mortgages in sufficient amount to cover the taxes, the taxes then to be paid by the banks and made a part of the mortgage."

"I do not anticipate that a situation similar to the existing one will arise again during the next decade, and since the amount to be borne by any one banking institution would not represent a very great investment, and the benefit resulting to the home owners would be immeasurable, it would appear the proper course to adopt."

The Mayor closed by saying he trusted the banks would find it possible to consider this matter and asked, if the decision were favorable, that the banks informed him at their earliest convenience.

## MORE ECONOMY IN MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS

**Investment Bankers Urge  
It in Report**

Reduction of local taxes and the improvement of municipal credit by increased economy in municipal affairs are recommended in the report prepared by a special committee of New England members of the Investment Bankers' Association of America, and just published by the New England Council at the suggestion of the committee.

State laws imposing mandatory expenditures on municipalities should be reviewed at the earliest possible moment, according to the report, which also states that "reduction of capital expenditures to a minimum is an obvious necessity, and apparently has been so recognized by most municipal authorities."

Two other recommendations for reducing expenditures involve increased efficiency in purchasing supplies, and careful and honest administration of unemployed relief, "in such a manner as to prevent as far as possible continued dependence on the dole when work is again available."

The report contains two recommendations for the aid of municipal authorities in maintaining the solvency of their municipalities. One of these States that "local taxes in New England are not due until late in the fiscal year, with the result that most towns and cities are obliged to raise funds for current expenses through the sale of anticipation of revenue notes. It is highly to be desired that our present system be brought in conformity with almost universal practice elsewhere by provision for installment payment of local taxes." The other recommendation in respect to municipal bank accounts, declares that "it would appear to be in the public interests to bring present statutes more in line with modern practice by requiring surety bonds of collateral legal for savings banks as security for public deposits."

## MAYOR CURLEY AWARDS HOUSE AND ROAD JOBS

Thibeau & Comeau and A. G. Tomasello & Sons Company were awarded contracts by Mayor Curley yesterday. Thibeau & Comeau, low bidders, will erect, at a cost of \$13,185, a residence for physicians at the Boston Sanatorium, and the Tomasello Company will put a bitulithic surface on Beacon st from Kenmore sq to St Marys st, within 30 days.

## STATION AT HARRISON SQ URGED AT PUBLIC HEARING

A large number of Dorchester residents urged the building of a station at Harrison sq on the Dorchester rapid transit system, at a public hearing held at the State House yesterday before the trustees of the Boston Elevated Railway and the Boston Metropolitan District. The matter was taken under consideration. The petitioners stated the distance from their homes to existing stations was too great and a decided inconvenience in traveling.

## HUNTINGTON-AV SUBWAY MEETING POSTPONED

Election day activities probably was the cause of the failure of a quorum today at a meeting in Mayor Curley's office at City Hall, on the matter of the abbreviated Huntington-av subway from Gainsboro to Boylston sts at a cost of \$4,800,000.

Mayor Curley met several members of the Metropolitan Transit District Commission and Boston Elevated trustees. It was decided to put the subway matter over to a meeting which will be called next week.

Globe 11/8/32



HERALD

11/8/32

AMERICAN

# CURLEY ASSAILS HOOVER APPEALS

Charges President Frantic  
—Declares People Tired  
Of Indecisions

## SEES ROOSEVELT AS HUMANE, DYNAMIC

Mayor Curley, in a statement issued last night, severely criticised the "frantic, 11th-hour appeals of the President" in the closing hours of the campaign, which he asserted have "stripped his candidacy of decency and dignity."

The statement follows, in part:

There was never any doubt in the mind of any American or any one whose vision had not been blurred by intense partisanship as to the ultimate outcome of the election to be held tomorrow. The abject failure of President Hoover as President of the United States and the industrial stagnation during the past three years, made the ultimate result a matter of certainty rather than doubt, namely, the loss of every state to the nominee of the Republican party.

### FRANTIC APPEALS

The frantic eleventh-hour appeals by the President in the closing hours, which stripped his candidacy of decency and dignity, was in no small measure responsible for the complete collapse and the utter rout that the morrow will record.

The American people have displayed a patience and patriotism during the period of the last four years unexcelled in the world's history. They have been hopeful and trusting during these four years and have sincerely and devoutly prayed that a way out might be found for the millions wandering in the valley of despair.

Evidently, they concluded many months ago that there was no hope from the Hoover leadership, and their confidence and faith in him has resulted in a resentment sulen and most bitter, whose reflection will be represented by a vote in favor of his opponent, Franklin D. Roosevelt, upon the morrow.

### CHARGES INDECISION

They have discovered within the past few months that which many Americans have known for a long period of time, namely, that President Hoover was incapable of reaching a conclusion and adhering to the same when arrived at. They have learned from bitter experience that as a consequence of his indecision and lack of leadership that misery and hardship, sorrow and tears has been the lot of countless millions in America.

It is but natural that the electorate of the nation leave the setting sun of despair to greet the

rising sun of hope as epitomized in the candidacy of the present great Governor of New York, Franklin D. Roosevelt. They recognize in his candidacy the progressive, intelligent, dynamic, courageous, humane leadership that the present economic crisis requires for the evolution of a program through which America and Americans may emerge from the valley of despair to industrial prosperity and economic opportunity.

They realize that regardless of good intentions, President Hoover's record is marred from beginning to end with empty, futile, broken promises.

## GIVES CONTRACT FOR KENMORE SQ. JOB

To complete the Kenmore square tunnel extension job, which necessitated the breaking of the pavement in the square and in Beacon street, Mayor Curley yesterday authorized A. G. Tomasello & Son, Inc., to repave the streets at a cost of \$48,395. The time element determined the selection of the firm which agreed to complete the work in 30 days. It will include the repaving of Kenmore square and Beacon street as far as St. Mary's street.

## Post PUERTO RICANS TO SEE CURLEY

Writes of Plans to Visit  
Island After Election

SAN JUAN, Puerto Rico, Nov. 7 (AP)—Mayor Curley of Boston, who represented Puerto Rico at the Democratic national convention in Chicago, plans to visit this island after the national election tomorrow.

A possibility that he may be named Governor of Puerto Rico, in event Franklin D. Roosevelt is elected president, was discussed following publication here of his plans. (Supporting the Roosevelt nomination, Mayor Curley opposed the regular Massachusetts delegation at the convention which supported Alfred E. Smith.)

He announced his plans to visit Puerto Rico in a letter to F. Vall Spinoso, whose place he took in the island delegation at the convention.

## Mayor Curley in Plea for Tax Aid

Mayor Curley today appealed to bankers to pay taxes on homes on which they hold mortgages in order that citizens may not lose their property.

The mayor's plan outlined to the bankers calls on them to increase mortgages on property in a sum sufficient to cover taxes and then to pay that expense.

Under the law tax titles to 7500 pieces of property on which taxes remain unpaid will be sold on December 5. There is nothing that Mayor Curley can do to prevent that, and for that reason he issued his appeal today.

## Cardinal Named to Public Library Board

Mayor Curley today appointed Cardinal O'Connell a trustee of the Boston public library, succeeding Msgr. Arthur T. Connolly, who resigned on account of illness. The mayor sent a letter to Msgr. Connolly expressing regret that he could no longer serve and extending the gratitude of the city of Boston for the exceptional service he has so graciously rendered in the past.

## Hope CURLEY PLANS VISIT TO PORTO RICO SOON

Island Thinks He May Be  
Governor If F. D. Wins

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Nov. 7 (A. P.)—Mayor J. M. Curley of Boston, who represented Porto Rico at the Democratic national convention in Chicago, plans to visit this island after the national election.

A possibility that he may be named Governor of Porto Rico in event Franklin D. Roosevelt is elected President was discussed following publication of his plans. (Supporting the Roosevelt nomination, Mayor Curley opposed the regular Massachusetts delegation at the convention which backed Alfred E. Smith.)

He announced his plans to visit Porto Rico in a letter to F. Vall Spinoso, whose place he took in the island delegation at the convention.

## Curley Exhorts Banks to Save Boston Homes

### Suggests Adding Taxes to Mortgages on 7500 Parcels Listed for Sale

As every day is a day of gloom for the majority of the holders of 7500 real estate parcels listed for sale on Dec. 5 for non-payment of taxes, Mayor Curley holds out to the unfortunates as the only hope of saving their homes the attitude of the banks which hold the mortgages. In a letter to the various banking institutions of the city the mayor asks their assistance in paying the taxes, his letter being as follows:

"The list of properties submitted to me by the city collector to be advertised for sale for non-payment of taxes number about 7500. Many of the persons affected and whose properties have been advertised are not in a position to discharge their obligations to the city unless assisted by the institution holding the mortgages on these properties. It would be of immeasurable benefit to the owners if the banks would increase the mortgages in sufficient amount to cover the taxes, the taxes then to be paid by the banks and made a part of the mortgage.

"I do not anticipate that a situation similar to the existing one will arise again during the next decade, and since the amount to be borne by any one banking institution would not represent a very great investment and the benefit resulting to the home owners would be immeasurable, it would appear the proper course to adopt.

"Trusting that you will find it possible to consider this matter and should your decision be favorable so inform me at your earliest convenience."

Since there appeared in the Transcript the definite announcement that City Collector William McMorro had set Dec. 5 as the date of the sale, hundreds of distressing appeals have been made at City Hall by persons who have reported no hope of raising sufficient money before that date to save their properties, unless the city is able to come to their aid either by accepting part payments, which is now impossible under the law, or by inducing the banks to co-operate.

Collector McMorro reports that never have conditions been so serious in his department. The sale, to be advertised this month, has been postponed several times at the direction of the mayor, but must be held next month to clear the books. Today's mail reflects the continued frantic appeals of the delinquents, several letters informing the collector that every effort had been made through the banks, relatives and friends to raise the necessary tax money, but no relief is in sight.

The mayor expressed confidence today that the banks would act, at least in hundreds of cases where mortgages represent a small proportion of the value of the equities, but the tax officials are not so confident in view of the present banking practice to keep funds liquid, even in the face of the most tempting opportunities to invest in mortgages.

## Cardinal Named Library Trustee Mayor Appoints Him in Place of Mgr. Connolly, Who Long Has Been Ill

Cardinal O'Connell has accepted an appointment to the board of trustees of the Boston Public Library, tendered by the mayor. He will take the place vacated by Mgr. Arthur T. Connolly, who was forced to resign on account of illness.

In announcing the appointment today, the mayor made public a letter he had sent to Mgr. Connolly, who had served on the board since June 15, 1916. The letter read:

"It is a source of profound regret to learn that your continuing illness renders it necessary for you to discontinue the exceptional services which you have been rendering to the city of Boston as trustee of the Boston Public Library.

"The splendid service which you have so graciously and generously given without recompense has been of great value to the people of Boston and in their name I beg you will accept of their sincere appreciation and gratitude."

## Puerto Rico Visions Curley as Governor

San Juan, Puerto Rico, Nov. 8 (A.P.)—Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, who represented Puerto Rico at the Democratic national convention in Chicago, plans to visit this island after the election. A possibility that he may be named governor of Puerto Rico in event Franklin D. Roosevelt is elected President was discussed following publication here of his plans. Supporting the Roosevelt nomination, Mayor Curley opposed the regular Massachusetts delegation at the convention which supported Alfred E. Smith. He announced his plans to visit Puerto Rico in a letter to F. Vall Spinoso, whose place he took in the island delegation at the convention.

## TRAVELER ARMISTICE DAY PARADE FRIDAY

### Gov. Ely and Mayor Curley to Review American Legion Marchers

The annual Armistice day parade of the state department of the American Legion will be held in Boston Friday afternoon starting at 1:45. About 15,000 are expected to march.

The parade will form on side streets off Commonwealth avenue and the line of march will be, Commonwealth avenue, Arlington, Boylston, Tremont streets to Temple place, Washington, School, Beacon, Charles streets to Boston Common, where it will disband.

Gov. Ely will review the parade in front of the State House; Mayor Curley will review it in front of City Hall and

## CURLEY "DEAR JIM" TO ADAMS

### Secretary of Navy Writes of Navy Yard

Mayor Curley is "Dear Jim" to one of President Hoover's cabinet officers, namely, Secretary of the Navy Charles Francis Adams of Boston. This was the salutation used by the secretary yesterday in a letter informing the Mayor that a destroyer would be sent to the Charlestown Navy yard for repairs instead of the warship Patoka, which was ordered assigned to another drydock after it had been originally slated for this port.

In his letter to the Mayor, the naval secretary wrote:

"Dear Jim:

"This matter of placing ships in our various yards for repairs, and providing a proper balance between navy needs and the need of keeping a fair and equal work load at the various yards, is very complicated and difficult. I am informed that while it is all guess work, we anticipated that the work on the Patoka would exceed the work on the destroyer, which is to take her place by only five to seven thousand dollars. I am also informed that there should be enough work on the new destroyer to offset this five to seven thousand dollars. Under the circumstances, I believe the dispositions we have made to be as nearly as possible just.

"With warmest regards and best wishes, believe me

"Very Sincerely Yours,  
(Signed) "C. F. ADAMS."

## SMOOTHING OFF BEACON STREET

### New Surface Between Kenmore Sq., St. Mary St.

A new surface for Beacon street, between Kenmore square and St. Mary's street, will be constructed by the city at a cost of \$48,395 during the next month to clear away the last remnants of the subway construction job.

The contract was awarded late yesterday by the Boston Transit Commission, with Mayor Curley's approval, to the A. G. Tomasello Company, the lowest of 16 bidders, with the understanding that the work would be finished in 30 days.

Commander James P. Rose, who will be chief marshal, will review it with his staff at a stand on Beacon street, just north of Charles street.



RECORD

11/8/32

## CURLEY PREDICTS BEER'S RETURN IN SIX MONTHS

In his closing speech at the Roosevelt-Garner Forum yesterday, Mayor Curley brought 2000 persons to their feet cheering, when he predicted that with the election of Gov. Roosevelt there would be modification of the Volstead law that would put 4,000,000 jobless to work, and a five-day week for the American workman, within six months.

Whirlwind tours of Boston and Massachusetts by candidates and

supporters of both parties, red fire parades, radios and platform speeches, featured the last day of the most contentious election campaign in history.

Confidence beyond measure marked the final drive of the Democrats to make the victory in the old Bay State so overwhelming that the state would re-



Mayor Curley

main in the Democratic field for the next 20 years.

Gov. Ely and the entire state ticket, exuding enthusiasm and denying the possibility of the Republicans to re-capture Massachusetts, swung through Greater Boston in the most forensic phase of the state campaign.

AMERICAN

11/9/32

## Roosevelt Thanks Bay State in Greetings to Curley

Mayor James M. Curley, pioneer of the Roosevelt forces in Massachusetts, today was the proud possessor of a personal greeting of thanks from President-elect Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Through the mayor, Roosevelt thanked the voters of Massachusetts and the Democratic workers of the Bay State for the part the state played in the sweeping victory.

The greeting was extended to Curley in the course of the longest personal interview granted to any of the long line of visitors at the Roosevelt headquarters in Hotel Biltmore, New York. It followed immediately after the Roosevelt conference with Al Smith.

"You did a fine piece of work, Jim," the President-elect smiled as Curley was ushered into the reception room.

"I want you to give my thanks to the voters of Massachusetts and the boys who helped deliver it."

Curley declined to reveal the nature of the rest of the discussion, nor would he say whether policies of the next administration were discussed.

While he was personal guest of Roosevelt at Democratic headquarters, Mayor Curley received more than 100 telegrams from various sections of the country. They congratulated him upon his work in the campaign.

## CARDINAL IS TRUSTEE OF LIBRARY

### Takes Place of Mgr. Connolly, Who Has Resigned

Cardinal O'Connell was appointed yesterday by Mayor Curley to serve the city as trustee of the Boston Public Library in place of Mgr. Arthur T. Connolly, who resigned because of age and failing health.

### MAYOR LAUDS FR. CONNOLLY

Attending Mgr. Connolly's golden anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood, four years ago, the cardinal extolled the 79-year-old dean of the Jamaica Plain clergy, as "a priest of God who has faithfully and loyally served Almighty God first, of course, but the public also."

Yesterday in accepting Mgr. Connolly's resignation, Mayor Curley, who appointed him to the library board for the first time 16 years ago, expressed his keen regret at his decision to retire from the post, and paid high tribute to his service to the public. The Mayor said:

"It is a source of profound regret to learn that your continuing illness renders it necessary for you to discontinue the exceptional service which you have been rendering to the city of Boston as trustee of the Boston Public Library.

"The splendid service which you have so graciously and generously given without recompense has been of great value to the people of Boston and in their name I beg you will accept of their sincere appreciation and gratitude."

### Trustee for 16 Years

Mgr. Connolly has been in poor health for nearly three years. He has long been pastor of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament on Centre street, Jamaica Plain. In his 16 years of service as a library trustee, Mgr. Connolly has brought to the board his expert knowledge as a connoisseur of old American historical prints and a recognized authority on first editions of American historical volumes.

He has been intimately interested in art and literary treasures and has a collection that represents years of discriminating research. The monsignor's personal library contains more than 6000 rare books, beautiful objects in sculpture and many paintings by the old masters.

Many of the famous paintings hang in his church, which is considered one of the most beautiful churches in the archdiocese of Boston.

HERALD

11/8/32

# CITY CAMPAIGN CLOSES TAMELY

## Weather Checks Customary Whirlwind Dashes Of Democrats

### CURLEY MAKES TOUR; ELY, WALSH ABSENT

By JAMES GOGGIN

The Democratic campaign reached its climax in Boston last night without the customary whirlwind trips of candidates and orators through the 22 wards of the city.

Rain dampened the enthusiasm of both the orators and the voters and in most of the districts little interest was displayed in the rallies at which last minute appeals were made for united support for all candidates bearing the Democratic label.

Instead of the excitement usually attending the end of a Boston campaign, small audiences attending the rallies in school halls and municipal buildings waited in vain for the party leaders who had been scheduled to criss-cross one another's motor journeys about the city.

Mayor Curley, despite a throat affection which bothered him considerably, visited many of the districts but Gov. Ely and Senator Walsh, who had been

billed to head motor caravans of speakers were among the conspicuous absentees from the platforms.

Before making his first speech at the Mary E. Curley School in Jamaica Plain, where he was greeted by a gathering of 500, Mayor Curley expressed doubt that the voters would leave their radios and their comfortable homes to listen to political addresses.

He spoke briefly at Jamaica Plain and then made short stops at Senator Michael J. Ward's rally at Roxbury Crossing, talked to the most enthusiastic audience of the night at the Michelangelo School in the North end and then repeated his appeal for a straight ticket vote at the municipal building in the South end and at the similar building at Vine and Dudley streets.

Before starting his final swing about the city, the mayor closed his personally conducted forum at 39 Court street with four hours of oratory and entertainment in the afternoon. About every Democratic speaker of prominence in the campaign except Gov. Ely exhorted a capacity crowd to vote "early and straight." The mayor not only predicted the election of Gov. Roosevelt, but predicted that within six months the five-day week and beer would be realities with 4,000,000 of the unemployed having permanent jobs in the breweries.

John E. Swift, candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, ended his campaign at Boston rallies. Other candidates on the state ticket were also among the speakers. In every district senatorial

and representative candidates directed the rallies.

For the first time in years there was no evidence in South Boston of any concern about the election. At the municipal building less than 200 gathered and this ordinary hotbed of political discussion exuded no indications of campaign enthusiasm. Former Congressman Joseph F. O'Connell was the principal speaker in South Boston and also spoke in other districts.

The theme of all the Democrats was that nothing remained to elect all the party but the visit of the voters to the polls. The inclement weather was elaborated on as a positive omen of Democratic success.

AMERICAN

11/8/32



THE CURLEYS HELP PILE UP THE VOTE

Mayor James C. Curley and his daughter, Miss Mary Curley, voting at the Mary E. Curley school, Jamaica Plain. The school is named after the mayor's wife, who died several years ago. (Staff photo.)



Records 11/9/32

## Casting Votes for Democratic Ticket



Among first to appear at the Mary E. Curley school voting booth yesterday were Mayor James M. Curley and his daughter, Mary, both of whom registered their support of the Roosevelt-Garner ticket. Shortly after voting His Honor departed for New York to congratulate the newly elected President, Franklin Delano Roosevelt.



The victory smile of Mayor James M. Curley as he listened to results at home over the radio. He left late last night for New York to listen in with the President-elect.

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## CONSIDER SUBWAY FOR HUNTINGTON AV

### El Directors Promise It Immediate Attention

The proposed Huntington-av Subway, from Gainsboro to Arlington st. was up for consideration this morning by the board of directors of the Boston Elevated Railway, at the office of Mayor Curley. The directors promised the Mayor to give the project, involving expenditure of \$4,800,000, their immediate consideration.

Public trustees of the Elevated, with the exception of Pres Henry I. Hariman, attended, and gave their opinion that the subway plan as outlined by Mayor Curley was sound and should be carried out. The Mayor pointed out that use of veterans in the construction of the subway over a period of two years would save the city \$1,000,000 in soldier relief expenditure.

Mayor Curley said that the removal of the reservation from Huntington av and the slicing of 10 feet from the sidewalks on both sides of Boylston st will give the city a marvelous boulevard, which under other circumstances would cost the city to construct more than the Subway will cost. The city of Boston would assume the burden of any deficit on the new subway.

Those present at the conference were directors James L. Richards, Bernard J. Rothwell, James A. Bailey, Bartlett Harwood, Edwin M. Richards, W. T. Trumbull, Joseph P. Manning, Frank L. Richardson and attorney Frederick E. Snow and trustees George H. Johnson, E. A. Johnson, Edward E. Whiting, Charles H. Cole and attorney H. Ware Barnum.

## TRAVELER MAYOR PLEADS FOR HUNTINGTON TUBE

### Address Trustees and Directors of Elevated

Boston Elevated trustees and directors listened today in silence to the plea of Mayor James M. Curley in City Hall for the immediate building of the Huntington avenue subway. No intimation was given by trustees or directors as to their attitude, but they formally stated that his request would be given serious consideration.

Mayor Curley urged action on the grounds that it would be a logical development of the rapid transit system, that it would take trolley cars off Huntington avenue and make it a boulevard, and that it would provide an opportunity to give employment to many veterans at present on the rolls of the welfare department.

The directors present were James L. Richards, Bernard J. Rothwell, Joseph P. Manning, James H. Dalley, Bartlett Howard, Edwin M. Richards, Walter H. Trumbull, Jr., and F. L. Richardson. The trustees present were E. A. Johnson, Edward E. Whiting and Charles H. Cole. Attorneys for the trustees and directors were present.

Post 11/9/32

# DEMOCRATS WIN BOSTON BY 101,549

## Great Outpouring for Roosevelt and Ely Ticket

Complete returns from Boston's voting precincts, compiled early this morning, gave Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt a sweeping plurality of 101,549 votes over President Hoover, and placed Governor Joseph B. Ely at the head of the party ticket with a clear plurality of 106,767 votes over Lieutenant-Governor William S. Youngman.

### FEW WARDS FOR HOOVER

It was the greatest Democratic landslide in the recent history of the city, which carried not only the party districts by tremendous majorities, but also swept all but three of the normally Republican wards into the Democratic column.

President Hoover found consolation in but three of the city's 22 wards, as only the Back Bay's two voting districts and Ward 21 in Brighton stood by the G. O. P. presidential banner.

Governor Ely's vote in the Republican districts accounted for his gain over the Democratic President-elect, for in Republican Ward 21, he actually outdistanced Lieutenant-Governor Youngman, who carried only the two Back Bay wards.

There was no splitting of Boston's vote. The Democratic organization went right down the line and cast a straight ballot for both Roosevelt and Ely.

The very first returns from Boston voting precincts made it plain that the city would hand over a tremendous majority to the Democratic standard bearers.

In some of the first precincts reported from Roxbury's Ward 8, Governor Roosevelt and Governor Ely were given 50 votes to every ballot cast for their opponents.

That President Hoover and Lieutenant-Governor Youngman would trail far behind was conceded when precincts in a number of the Republican strongholds of the Back Bay, Brighton and Dorchester failed to stand up for the G. O. P. ticket.

The first precinct to report was Precinct 8 of Ward 17, which completed its count of the ballots for President and Governor within a half hour after voting closed. It showed Roosevelt and Ely leading by three to one.

For speedy counting of ballots, the election officers of Charlestown ran off with all the honors. For the full vote for the top of the ticket had been

completed throughout the Bunker Hill ward before a single word had been heard from the precinct officers of the Beacon street sector of the Back Bay, comprising Ward 5.

### Big Charlestown Vote

And Councillor Thomas H. Green's Charlestown district ran up a powerful vote for Roosevelt and Ely, and completely put to rout the Republican candidates. Here in Ward 2, the New York Governor received a total of 9624 votes, to a mere 591 for President Hoover.

There was virtually no cutting of either of the Democratic candidates in the strong Democratic wards. On the contrary, one of the most remarkable features of the returns was the straight ticket voted by the Democratic voters of the city.

### Run Together

In precinct after precinct, Governor Roosevelt and Governor Ely received the same number of votes. One notable count was in Charlestown's Precinct 2, which turned in 715 votes each for Roosevelt and Ely, and only 25 each for Hoover and Youngman.

Mayor Curley's old home Tammany stronghold in Ward 8 of Roxbury came through strongly for both Roosevelt and Ely, as the young Braves carried their district for the Democratic candidates with a count of 6 to 1. Here, where the Mayor made his start in politics over a quarter of a century ago and where he still holds sway over a powerful organization, the voters gave Governor Ely their united support.

South Boston's Ward 7 stood fast for the ticket, submerging both President Hoover and Lieutenant-Governor Youngman under a seven to one vote.

Martin M. Lomasney's old Hendricks' Club ward in the West End did not fail the Democratic ticket, but turned in a sweeping majority for both Governor Roosevelt and Governor Ely.

### G. O. P. Cut Youngman

While Governor Ely appeared to be leading the presidential banner bearer by about 4000 votes, these were picked up largely in the Republican wards of the city, where many of the G. O. P. leaders failed to deliver for Lieutenant-Governor Youngman.

Indications were that Boston had cast a larger vote than was polled in any previous election, notwithstanding unfavorable weather conditions which undoubtedly kept many aged and infirm residents at home.

Election officials estimated that fully 50 per cent of the 304,664 men and women registered as voters had gone to the polls during the day and the early evening.

Because of the heavy vote, the counting in the Boston precincts was exceedingly slow. The election officers also were forced to work under the handicap of a limited personnel. Due to the necessity of saving municipal funds for public welfare, additional workers to count the vote after the closing of the polls were denied the regular staff this time.

The tremendous vote rolled up by the Boston Democracy for both the national and State tickets was considered by political observers to result from the fact that practically every Democratic leader in the city stood shoulder to shoulder in the last days of the campaign, to present a united front, con-

founding Republican charges of dissension in the ranks.

From the meager vote of only 25,000 which Mayor Curley received in the April presidential primaries as the head of the Roosevelt slate of delegates, Boston yesterday added upwards of 150,000.

But where he stood practically alone in the early spring, he was joined in September by practically every party leader in the city, all determined to keep the State in the Democratic column by means of an overwhelming vote in Boston.

President Hoover carried only three out of Boston's 22 wards. He failed to top Roosevelt even in all the ward which are considered Republican in normal years. West Roxbury's Ward 21 which gave the President a majority over Smith in the 1928 election, last night turned to Governor Roosevelt.

Attorney Charles H. Innes in Ward 4, Back Bay; State Senator Henry Parkman, Jr., in Ward 5, Back Bay and Brighton's Ward 21, where former Representative Martin Hays registered hundreds of new Republican voters in his fight to regain a seat in the House stood by President Hoover.

Governor Ely cut deeper into the few Republican wards of the city, capturing the lead in all but two of the 22 Boston wards, as Lieutenant-Governor Youngman carried only the two Back Bay voting districts.

## AMERICAN CURLEY URGES EARLY START ON SUBWAY

### Elevated Officials Are Told the Project Will Save \$1,000,000 in the Soldiers' Relief Fund

Mayor Curley at a City Hall conference with Boston Elevated officials today outlined the advantages of immediate construction of the proposed \$4,800,000 Huntington ave. extension.

The trustees have already given their approval to the project, and the directors will meet at an early date to take definite action on the matter. If favorable action is taken by that group, the only impediment to immediate start of the work will be action by the members of the Metropolitan District Transit Commission. These commissioners will meet after the directors state their position on the project.

If favorable action is taken by all concerned, work will start within a few weeks, 1500 men will be given employment for two years and a saving of \$1,000,000 will be effected in soldiers' relief payments by the city over a 24-month period.

Plans call for extension of the subway from Copley sq. out under Huntington ave. to Gainsboro st.



## HUB IN UPROAR AS CROWDS ON STREETS CHEER

Shrieking sirens and clanging bells in every fire house throughout Boston, signalled the greatest Democratic victory the city has ever known, as Mayor James M. Curley, seated by the side of the next President of the United States in his suite at the Hotel Biltmore in New York, telephoned instructions to his home town to whoop things up.

Theaters and moving picture houses, crammed to their doors with enthusiastic audiences, heard the news of the election of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt and his Democratic coworkers announced from the stages, with rounds of cheers and terrific bursts of applause.

### BLARE OF BANDS.

In cabarets and supper clubs, bands broke into stirring marches and then ceased long enough to allow masters-of-ceremonies to take the floor and announce what had been foretold—the return to power of the Democratic party.

First on the streets with authentic news of the Roosevelt-Ely victory editions of the Daily Record were snapped up by homeward bound workers as fast as the newsboys could handle them.

In the streets the celebration had two distinct peaks. One was early in the evening when the news was first flashed to the waiting thousands. The other was later in the night when the amusement places disgorged their additional thousands and later details of the Democratic sweep were available.

### CALL FOR DAILY RECORD

In countless thousands of homes families sat by the radio and listened to the returns broadcast by one or both of the major broadcasting systems. Then, frequently, they sent out as lusty-lunged newsboys yelled out their extras to get the papers that told in detail how the country went Democratic.

Far into the night and the early hours of the morning, the paean of victory rang out. But with it all Boston took its place in the forefront of Democracy with due respect for law and order.

The 2300 policemen held in reserve throughout the city had little to do but listen to the returns themselves and to act as escorts to the ballot boxes from the polling places to headquarters and then to City Hall.

Tipsy polls and roisterers were conspicuous by their absence.

Impromptu parades, formed in scores of sections of the city, created their own enthusiasm without the aid of any other stimulation than that of the news of victory.

## CURLEY FIRST TO FELICITATE WINNING MEN

The first man to boom the candidacy of President-elect Roosevelt, none other than Mayor Curley of Boston, was the first to congratulate him on his election, sitting by his side at the Biltmore, in New York, last night as bulletin after bulletin sent the Roosevelt majority soaring.

Perhaps no other in the group of friends and relatives that sat with

the man of the hour appreciated victory more highly. Perhaps no other suffered more abuse in his steadfast fight for the realization of that victory.



City Treas. Dolan

Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan yesterday afternoon. At New York he met his son and daughter, Leo and Mary and Mr. and Mrs. James Roosevelt.

In his victory statement the mayor declared:

"Franklin D. Roosevelt is exceedingly fortunate in that he is fortified with vast experience in the conduct of governmental activities and enters the office of President unhampered by ties or obligations of any character that would prevent him from devoting his time and talent wholeheartedly and unselfishly for the betterment of America and its citizenship.

"The American people are to be congratulated upon the wisdom they have exercised in selecting him for President. In the office of the Vice-Presidency the American nation is exceedingly fortunate in its choice. The newly elected Vice-President has been for more than a quarter-century intimately and directly a part of the law making bodies of the nation. His services as a member of the committee on foreign affairs over a long period of years and his services as Speaker of the House eminently fit him for the position to which he has been elected."

## MANY DINNERS TO MARK EVE OF HOLIDAY

Governor Ely and Mayor Curley to Review Veterans; Exercises on Common

Parades in Boston and other cities and towns will feature the local celebration of Armistice Day tomorrow, with banquets and shows scheduled tonight for the jumpoff in recalling the war's end, 14 years ago.

Pre-Armistice dinners will be held at the Hotel Bradford tonight by the Alexander Graham Bell Post of Boston, with a list of distinguished speakers, and there will be dinners in Arlington and other communities, with a midnight show sponsored in Lynn by the Legion members.

Featuring the Boston celebration will be a street parade in which between 15,000 and 20,000 marchers are expected to participate, and the patriotic observances, which will be held at Parkman bandstand, Boston Common, under the auspices of the Military Order of the World War.

Various other cities and towns throughout the Greater Boston area and, in fact, through the entire State, are also preparing to celebrate the holiday in fitting fashion with parades, exercises, dedications of memorials and similar observances.

### IN CHARGE OF PARADE

In Boston, those in charge of the street parade are headed by James P. Rose, of Jamaica Plain, State commander of the American Legion. His chief of staff is Coleman C. Curran, commander of the Metropolitan Firemen's Post 84 for nearly 10 years.

The parade is scheduled to get underway at 1:45 p. m. at Commonwealth ave. and Hereford st. Other divisions will swing in from each street from Gloucester to Berkeley. The line of march proceeds to Arlington st., to Boylston to Tremont, to Temple pl., to Washington, to School, to Beacon to Charles and into the Common, where the marchers will disband.

Reviewing stands will be established for Mayor Curley at City Hall; for Gov. Ely at the State House and for the chief marshal and his staff in Beacon st., near Charles.

## Only Three City Wards for the G.O.P.

### Governor Ely Given Record Plurality by the Voters Throughout City

Boston Republicans may well ask today how they stand in the Boston wards, though four years ago they were asking a similar question after the tremendous Democratic victory. Time was when the party controlled six wards and held heavy strength in two others. Today, it may claim three only, but not by old-time majorities. Hoover and Youngman, in the election of yesterday, carried the South End and Back Bay districts and while Hoover captured Ward 21 both he and Youngman lost Ward 12. This showing reveals anew the political power of such Republican leaders as Charles H. Innes in the South End and Henry Parkman, Jr., in the Back Bay, but even these districts have shown no appreciable additions in Republican strength over four years ago, when Hoover and Smith were battling for supremacy.

Boston did a remarkable job for both Roosevelt and Ely, but in the case of the former it fell about 25,000 short of what Mayor Curley had predicted. Governor Ely's victory is more remarkable than that of Roosevelt's, inasmuch as strong Democratic cutting of the governor was anticipated. The governor won one of the greatest pluralities ever given a political candidate in Boston, receiving more than 3000 votes above Roosevelt, while Youngman received about 3000 fewer votes than Hoover.

The earliest returns from the precincts last night clearly indicated the Democratic sweep for both Roosevelt and Ely, but it was not until late tabulations that the politicians had the slightest inkling that the leaders would carry the entire Democratic ticket with them. It was not to be expected, even in the face of a clean sweep, that the Democratic candidates for the minor State offices would so closely follow Roosevelt and Ely as was the case of Swift for lieutenant governor, Hurley for treasurer and Buckley for secretary.

#### Well Organized Campaign

The Democratic city campaign was even better organized than that of four years ago, for from early morning until the polls closed at eight o'clock there were plenty of workers at the polls and plenty of automobiles to get out the vote. It was a rainy day and the leaders did not wait until late afternoon for their respective visits to the homes of the absentees. It was claimed that the mayor had 2300 workers at the polls, all on his payroll, and it is known that his ward card system was even more complete than that which he prepared for his last mayoralty contest. Every Democratic voter was enrolled in his card index and the ward workers will boast from now on that every name was covered.

As the returns are studied, the great surprise for the Democrats lies in the fact that there was no splitting. It was a straight ballot for both Roosevelt and Ely, which indicates that the reports of Curley's unfriendliness to the governor and of his passing the word among his friends to cut him was without foundation. Many times the mayor had denied

these stories and even took the pains to inform the governor that his workers would vote solidly for him, despite the effect of any hostile sentiment in the past.

For a presidential election the Boston polls were the quietest and the most orderly to be recalled. Only a few random rumors of trouble had come to the election commissioners and the police, but there were no attempts at repeating and no gang warfare inside or outside the booths. The policemen assigned reported at the election department that not only were the rural factions kept in good order but that the election machinery itself was operated with the minimum of trouble.

#### Smith's Visit Effective

Every Democratic ward came through for Roosevelt and Ely with flying colors, though the majorities for Roosevelt were relatively the same as were those for Smith four years ago. There could be no more forceful reminder that the local Democracy had swallowed its resentment over Smith's defeat. Smith's visit had been hailed by the local leaders as of greatest possible benefit in making the city thoroughly safe.

Charlestown and East Boston, where serious disaffection had been reported, made a most interesting showing, and the mayor's old home ward, the Tammany stronghold in Ward 8, formerly Ward 17, gave its full strength to Roosevelt and Ely. There was never any fear that Martin M. Lomasney would not come through for the Democratic ticket in its entirety which he had endorsed at the Sunday meeting of the Hendricks Club, but this district, as was the case in several of the outlying precincts, showed a remarkable Republican closeness to the Hoover vote of four years ago.

The stormy weather did not catch the Republicans napping, for plans had been made with taxicab companies to furnish all possible transportation. Hundreds of cabs and private conveyances scurried through the Republican wards of the Back Bay, South End, Roxbury and Dorchester for Republican voters and in scores of cases the Republicans found that the Democrats had even anticipated their visits at private homes in their eagerness to obey the rigid commands.

The vote was steady all day long, even though the opening of the polls at eight o'clock precluded the visit of thousands of early workers who were forced to vote after work and on their way home. Only in the closing hours, however, were lines formed in the congested districts. No cases have been reported where the latecomers were unable to vote. The election commission's warning that only those persons within the rail at the closing hour of 8 could cast their ballots had a decided effect.

Owing to the great vote, which is slightly more than 80 per cent of the registered poll, the counting was slow. The first precinct to report was Precinct 8 of Ward 17, half an hour after the polls closed, but for speedy counting of ballots the Charlestown precincts took the honors. As in other years of heavy voting there were several, missing precincts by daylight, and, as is sometimes the case, certain wardens refused to count the head of the ticket first and give the returns to the police officers on duty for transmission to police headquarters and thence to city hall for early press returns.

## MAYOR PLEADS WITH BANKS

### Urges Increase in Mortgages to Cover Taxes

Mayor Curley yesterday expressed his confidence that banks would help the 7500 home and realty owners whose property may be sold for non-payment of taxes, under the law, and let it be known that he had written the banks on the subject.

The properties are listed for sale by the city tax collector on Dec. 5 unless the taxes are paid, and no other course is open under the law, it was stated. So the Mayor dictated his letter to the banks.

"Many of the persons affected and whose properties have been advertised are not in a position to discharge their obligations to the city, unless assisted by the institution holding the mortgages on these properties," the Mayor wrote. "It would be of immeasurable benefit to the owners if the banks would increase the mortgages in sufficient amount to cover the taxes, the taxes then to be paid by the banks and made a part of the mortgage."

"I do not anticipate that a situation similar to the existing one will arise again during the next decade."

## CURLEY GUEST OF ROOSEVELT

### Receives Election Returns at Hotel in New York

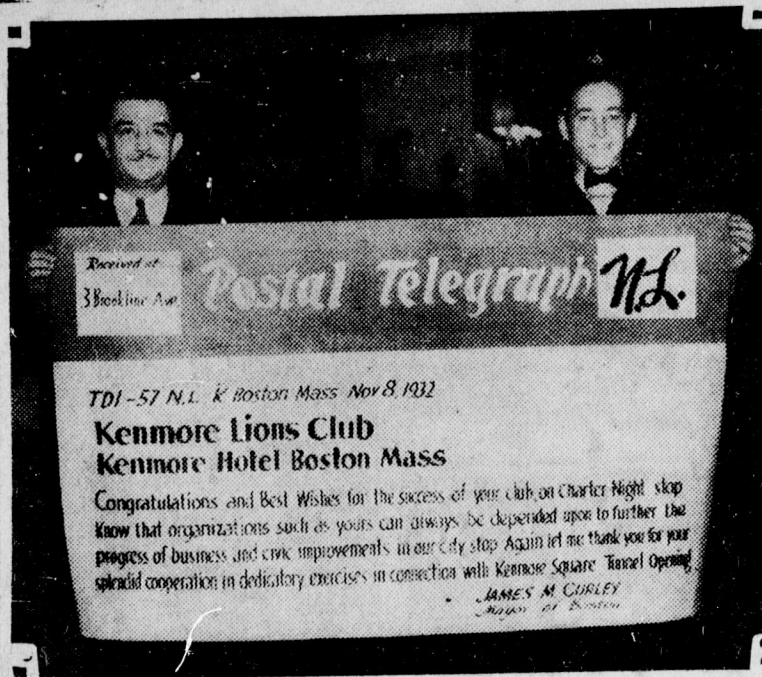
Mayor Curley received the final election returns at the Hotel Biltmore, New York, where he was the guest of Franklin D. Roosevelt. With City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan, the Mayor left here at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon on the Yankee Clipper express.

As the train was pulling out of the station, the Mayor shouted from the rear platform to newspaper reporters, who alone knew of his sudden departure, "It's all over but the shouting, boys. Forty-eight States for Roosevelt."

The Mayor explained that he had been invited to make the trip to New York as "the personal guest of Governor Roosevelt." Earlier in the afternoon the Mayor's daughter, Miss Mary Curley, and his son, Leo, left for New York, accompanying Mr. and Mrs. James Roosevelt of Cambridge, the former the son of Governor Roosevelt.



## Kenmore Lions Get Charter



When the Kenmore Lions Club, an organization of more than 100 business men in and around Kenmore square, received their charter at a banquet held last night in the Hotel Kenmore, P. J. Beauchesne, president of the club (standing at the left) was the recipient of the largest telegram ever delivered and handled by the Postal Telegraph Company. It was sent by Mayor James M. Curley and offered congratulations and best wishes.

## CURLEY STATEMENT ON ELECTION RESULT

Mayor Curley, commenting on the election, said:

"The tremendous victory achieved by Franklin D. Roosevelt and John N. Garner, the Democratic candidates for President and Vice-President, respectively, was not unexpected. The long period of suffering endured by the American people, coupled with the program for the restoration of the industrial and commercial life of the nation so vital

to all of the people, left the final outcome at no time in doubt.

"Franklin D. Roosevelt is exceedingly fortunate in that he is fortified with vast experience in the conduct of governmental activities and enters the office of President unhampered by ties or obligations of any character that would prevent him from devoting his time and talent wholeheartedly and unflinchingly for the betterment of America and its citizenship. The American people are to be congratulated upon the wisdom they have exercised in selecting him as their choice for President.

## 'CLEAN FIGHT,' CURLEY TO ELY

### Mayor Wires Felicitations to Governor—Other Messages

A telegram of congratulation from Mayor Curley of Boston was among scores of such messages received by Gov. Ely today after it became certain he had been re-elected by a large majority.

"You waged a clean and courageous campaign under most adverse and nerve-racking circumstances," Mayor Curley telegraphed. "Your victory reflects credit upon the intelligence and spirit of justice of the electorate of Massachusetts."

Among others to send congratulations to the Governor were Mayor J. Fred Manning of Lynn, Mayor Andrew Cassassa of Revere and former Secretary of State George H. Nelson of Worcester. The Governor planned to return to the State House tomorrow from his home in Westfield, for a meeting of the executive council.

"I rejoice at the tremendous Democratic sweep in both the nation and state," said State Auditor Francis X. Hurley, who was re-elected. "I am confident the Democratic party will meet the great responsibilities the people have placed on it. Massachusetts is now definitely Democratic."

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## CURLEY SAYS OUTCOME WAS NEVER IN DOUBT

Mayor James M. Curley, in a statement said:

"The tremendous victory achieved by Franklin D. Roosevelt and John N. Garner, the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President, respectively, was not unexpected. The long period of suffering endured by the American people, coupled with the program for the restoration of the industrial and commercial life of the Nation so vital to all of the people, left the final outcome at no time in doubt.

"Franklin D. Roosevelt is exceedingly fortunate in that he is fortified with vast experience in the conduct of governmental activities and enters the office of President unhampered by ties or obligations of any character, that would prevent him from devoting his time and talent wholeheartedly and unselfishly for the betterment of America and its citizenship. The American people are to be congratulated upon the wisdom they have exercised in selecting him as their choice for President.

"In the office of the Vice Presidency the American Nation is exceedingly fortunate in its choice. The newly elected Vice President has been for more than a quarter of a century intimately and directly a part of the law-making body of the Nation. His service as a member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs over a long period of years, involving daily contacts with the diplomatic representatives of the Governments of the world, and his service as Speaker of the House, eminently fit him for the position to which he has been elected."

GLOBE 11/9/32

# ROOSEVELT SURROUNDED AT HIS HEADQUARTERS

## Workers Gather to Congratulate Leader as Bulletins Show Trend of Nation

By M. E. HENNESSY

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Surrounded by his family and a few personal friends, Gov. Roosevelt received the election returns at Democratic headquarters this evening. When he arrived at 6:45 about 100 New York policemen, under command of Lieut. Edward Len, one of New York's finest, had to beat back the crowd that surged about his automobile at the Biltmore Hotel entrance, filled the great lobby, lined the stairways and jammed the corridors on the headquarter's floor, to make a path for him and his escort. Hours before enthusiastic Roosevelt rooters began to wedge themselves into the committee rooms of the hotel where the Roosevelt campaign has been waged.

At 5 p. m. Chairman Farley, attired in his tuxedo, arrived and gave orders that none were to be admitted without invitation cards which had been sent to leading Democrats far and near. Mr. Farley found the council chamber all ready for him and his distinguished guests. The campaign desks of the regional directors had been removed, and 18 telephones had been installed at a long green base table.

The radio men had set up their apparatus and everything was in readiness to receive the election returns.

### "Every Vote in South"

Even after all those who did not hold admission cards had been shooed out the rooms of the committee were jammed with enthusiastic Democrats, men and women, awaiting the arrival of the Presidential candidate. In the meantime bulletins were being received from the publicity bureau across the street and posted on the bulletin board in the big reception room.

The second bulletin posted gave the vote of New Bedford, Mass., showing a big Roosevelt gain, and was cheered by the crowd. It was with difficulty that headquarters officials and the police restrained the ardent Rooseveltians from tearing it down. They wanted it for a souvenir. Every few minutes additional bulletins were posted. All showed a decided Roosevelt trend.

At 7:30, 15 minutes before Gov. Roosevelt's arrival, Chairman Farley came out of the private room reserved for the candidate and his personal friends and family and laughingly announced: "We have heard from the South, and we got every vote except the postmasters and other Federal officials."

By that time many of the distinguished guests had arrived, all in evening dress. Somebody remarked that they never dreamed that there were so many dress and tuxedo suits in the Democratic party. The women looked beautiful in the chic gowns, and the men appeared as gallant as movie actors. Farley returned to the returns room to receive additional reports and the crowd was regaled by

bulletin after bulletin, all showing Roosevelt leads.

### Bay State Assurance

Finally, at 7:50, Gov. Roosevelt arrived, hailed as "the President-elect." The moment he stepped across the headquarters threshold the cameras began to flash and click as he smilingly led the way to Farley's room. Followed by a few personal friends, including the Secretary of State and Mrs. Flynn, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Elliot and Mrs. Roosevelt, his son and daughter-in-law; Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Hand, Mrs. Farley, Col. and Mrs. Lehman, he smiled and bowed and tarried long enough to permit the picture men to snap him several times.

The first bulletin handed to him was one from Warm Springs, Ga. He laughed outright when he read: "Roosevelt, 320; Hoover, 10."

The next good news he got was the vote of New Bedford, and in a few minutes the chairman of the Democratic city committee of Springfield, Mass., called, saying that Massachusetts was safe for him by 100,000, and might go higher.

After that the New York returns began to pile up, and encouraged him and Chairman Farley to believe that they were not so far out of the way in their pre-election predictions. But he refused to say anything for publication until after he had heard from the West and the West Coast, and that meant midnight and perhaps later.

### Governor All Smiles

At 7:45 Mrs. Roosevelt, in a dress of stone blue and wearing an evening wrap of white lapin, so a lady reporter described it, arrived hatless and wearing a corsage of gardenias and orchids. She was all smiles and posed for the photographers, being trailed by members of her family, her cousin, Mrs. Sarah Delano; Mrs. Jimmie Roosevelt of Cambridge; Mrs. Curtis Dahl, her married daughter; Mr. and Mrs. Eliot Roosevelt and Secretary and Mrs. Robert Jackson of the Democratic national committee.

Jimmie Roosevelt came in a little later and feverishly asked for the news from Massachusetts. When told it was "good," he added: "That means the reelection of Gov. Ely, and I hope the entire Democratic State ticket."

Jim is a voter in Cambridge, and took a prominent part in the campaign there before the Chicago Convention and afterwards.

Just before 8 p. m. the Governor and his friends went to the private dining room connected with headquarters, had supper and then returned to receive additional returns. It was a tumultuous and enthusiastic crowd that assembled at headquarters to greet the Roosevelts. The Governor's face was lit with his traditional smile. He was not only one of the happiest, if not the happiest man, in the crowd, but showed less signs of fatigue than any member of his campaign staff.

### Greets Mayor Curley

Everybody was shouting: "Roosevelt by a landslide!"

Not long ago, when he addressed his campaign headquarters workers after his second Western tour, he told them that after the fight was won "We will have a party." Tonight he made good his promise, and all of his campaign workers here, at Hyde Park and Albany assembled to greet and cheer him, and at 9 p. m. they repaired to the 19th floor of the Biltmore, where there was dancing and a buffet supper.

After his own evening meal, Gov. Roosevelt awaited a call from Al Smith, who talked with him on the telephone and said he was coming over to extend his congratulations.

In the long list of invited guests bidden to come to headquarters tonight to hear the election returns the name of Ex-Mayor Walker was not among them, but the Al Smiths and the Muskowizes were at the top of the official list, as were Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P. Kennedy, formerly of Boston. Mr. Kennedy has been one of the largest contributors to the Roosevelt campaign.

Mayor Curley of Boston, one of the foremost advocates of the nomination of Gov. Roosevelt and one of his most tireless campaigners, arrived at headquarters shortly before 10 p. m. and was at once admitted to the private room of Gov. Roosevelt, who greeted him heartily as "Jim" as the latter assured him that Massachusetts had joined the Roosevelt procession.

During the evening, the Governor's mother, Mrs. James Roosevelt, joined her son and listened to the returns that were coming in as fast as a score or more of telephone operators could receive them.

The Governor and Mrs. Roosevelt voted at 2 p. m. at Hyde Park and immediately left for their town house here, 47 East 65th st.

"I feel tiptop," he said on his arrival in New York, "and lost five pounds during my strenuous campaign, but I guess that won't do me any harm."

His first words when he greeted Chairman Farley were: "How's it going, Jim?"

"Fine," said the latter. "We're sweeping the country. It's all over but the shouting."

### Smith, Raskob There

Ex-Gov. Al Smith, accompanied by Ex-Chairman John J. Raskob, called at Democratic headquarters at 10 p. m. and spent 15 minutes with Gov. Roosevelt in the latter's private room. When he left he said:

"Everything indicates a Democratic landslide. I am delighted. What more can I say?"

Mr. Raskob, all smiles, added his assent to what Smith said.

At 10 p. m. Chairman Farley came from his rooms and said:

"Everything indicates that we shall carry every State except three," but he did not stop to indicate which ones.

At this hour, 10 p. m., the headquarters was like a madhouse. It was jammed to the doors with a shouting, howling mob of enthusiastic Roosevelt men and women. Mayor Curley of Boston was in the center of one group, having his picture taken, and had difficulty making his escape from the mob that cheered him as the "next Governor of Porto Rico."

Louis Howe of Fall River, Roosevelt's personal campaign representative, was among the missing in the throng, as usual, but he was busy at the statisticians' division across the street, analyzing the returns. Some weeks ago he said that if the Democrats held Maine down to 10,000 or 12,000 plurality he would pick



POST

11/9/32

HERALD

# DELIRIOUS TIME AT THE BILTMORE

## Small Army of Police Required to Keep Throngs from Crashing Roosevelt's Rooms

BY ROBERT L. NORTON

NEW YORK, Nov. 8—An extraordinary and unusual spectacle was presented in the Biltmore Hotel here tonight. It was a mad and delirious party. Hundreds of people milled around the first floor of the hotel, all admitted by card, and other hundreds, fashionably dressed, men and women, crashed the doors.

In an inner room with Chairman Farley of the national committee, Robert Jackson of New Hampshire, Frank Walker, the campaign treasurer, and others, Roosevelt sat behind a big mahogany desk.

### EARLY VICTORY SEEN

It was obvious at an early hour tonight that he was elected President of the United States.

The President-elect had in front of him a schedule of the States. He checked off the returns as they came in, with Farley at his elbow. Roosevelt constantly smoked cigarettes in a long holder.

"Nothing to it, Jim," he said as the early returns came in from the Atlantic States. The first returns from Massachusetts outside of Boston convinced Roosevelt that he had carried that State. As the returns were coming in Mayor Curley, after encountering difficulties with the police, gained admittance to the sanctum.

"Congratulations, Mr. President," he said.

"Thanks, Jim," replied Roosevelt, "and for everything you have done."

Curley was accompanied by his daughter Mary.

### Smith Arrives

Around 9 o'clock "Al" Smith came along the jammed corridor. There were cheers and hand clapping. "Al" was smoking a long cigar. He was accompanied by ex-Chairman John J. Raskob.

"Al" stuck out his hand to Roosevelt.

"It's a great night, Frank," he said. "I am delighted. Congratulations and good luck to you."

Smith looked over the election tab with Roosevelt and watched interestedly as the returns tapped in by special wire and radio.

"There is nothing to it, folks," said Chairman Farley, coming out of the room to the pressing hundreds. "It looks now as if we will carry nearly every State in the Union. It's a landslide as I predicted."

### Mixed Crowd There

Ex-prize fighters—like Jack Dempsey—mingled in the corridors with society leaders. Jack got a cheer when he was escorted into the sanctum by the police. Other important people were not recognized. Senators, Congressmen and the like.

It was a mad, delirious crowd. All attempts to regulate things were early abandoned.

John F. Curry, Tammany leader, came around 10:30 p. m., accompanied by John H. McCoey, Brooklyn leader. Their call on Governor Roosevelt was brief but pleasant.

The two Tammany chieftains, who had opposed Roosevelt's nomination and had attempted to balk his selection of Lehman for Governor of New York, emerged smiling from the Governor's chamber and expressed themselves as delighted with the outcome of the election.

### Mrs. Roosevelt as Hostess

While Governor Roosevelt secluded himself from the crushing throng and the noise and confusion, Mrs. Roosevelt gallantly assumed the role of an ever-smiling and gracious hostess. She was continually on the go, pushing patiently through the crowd to welcome newcomers and trying to make them comfortable. Assisting her were her daughter-in-law, Mrs. James Roosevelt, and members of the Governor's official staff. Mrs. James D. Roosevelt, the Governor's mother, came early in the evening and took up a place near one of the bulletin boards where she watched with much interest and enthusiasm the rising tide of Democratic victory.

For one group of battered and perspiring participants the night's crush and turmoil at headquarters was no joy. This group consisted of 150 New York policemen, attired in heavy winter uniforms, and trying to keep lanes open for guests and hurrying workers. It was a hopeless task, but they doggedly stuck to it, constantly pushing back the ever oncoming crowd with the plea "Get back, please; make room, make room."

### Messages Start Coming

As the evening wore on congratulatory telegrams began to pour into headquarters. Huge boxes and floral pieces also began to arrive from individuals and organizations.

At midnight Governor Roosevelt was escorted to the ballroom on the arm of his son "Jimmy."

Putting his arm around "Jim" Farley, the President-elect said:

"Here is a great American. 'Jim' Farley did a great job."

## CURLEY ADJOURNS SUBWAY MEETING

### Facing Defeat in Transit Council, Postpones Vote

Rather than meet inevitable defeat by forcing a vote on the acceptance of the modified Huntington avenue subway plan, Mayor Curley yesterday abruptly adjourned the meeting of the metropolitan transit council with the announcement that a quorum was not present.

Boston, Belmont, Medford, Milton and Newton were the only five of the 14 cities and towns comprising the council which were represented and as the necessary 26 votes, of which the mayor of Boston has 21, were not available, the plan of accepting the subway project was deferred.

It was announced that another meeting will be held next week but the decision hinges upon the action which the directors of the Elevated will take this week. They are scheduled to meet with Mayor Curley tomorrow morning and he will endeavor to influence them to follow the lead of the public trustees of the Elevated and approve a subway extension under Huntington avenue from Copley square to Gainsboro street at an estimated cost of \$4,500,000.

Mayor Curley started at yesterday's meeting to urge council ratification of the modified plan, but when City Solicitor Joseph W. Bartlett, representing Mayor Weeks of Newton, recalled the opposition of that city to the original subway plan, connecting South Huntington avenue and Bowdoin station, Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman intervened.

He suggested that it would be inadvisable for the council to act prior to the decision of the Elevated directors.

## ARMISTICE DAY PARADE FRIDAY

The annual Armistice day parade of the state department of the American Legion will be held in Boston Friday afternoon starting at 1:45. About 15,000 are expected to march.

The parade will form on side streets off Commonwealth avenue and the line of march will be, Commonwealth avenue, Arlington, Boylston, Tremont streets to Temple place, Washington, School, Beacon, Charles streets to Boston Common, where it will disband.

Gov. Ely will review the parade in front of the State House; Mayor Curley will review it in front of City Hall and Commander James P. Rose, who will be chief marshal, will review it with his staff at a stand on Beacon street, just north of Charles street.

Globe 11/9/32

HERALD

## MAYOR CURLEY LEAVING BOSTON TO JOIN GOV ROOSEVELT



HERALD

### A CARDINAL TRUSTEE

Cardinal O'Connell is the most distinguished but not the first ecclesiastic to be appointed Trustee of the Boston Public Library. The list contains the names of Rev. George Putnam, D.D., 1868-1877; James Freeman Clarke, D.D., 1879-1888; Rev. James DeNormandie, D.D., 1895-1908; Dr. Alexander Mann, 1908-1923; and Mgr. Arthur T. Connolly, 1916 to 1932. The Cardinal succeeds Father Connolly. Kindly, scholarly and cultured, for years a student of Americana, the venerable and loved pastor of Jamaica Plain has felt constrained to resign because of the pressure of other duties. He has served as president twice, and the Library is far better because of what he has done for it.

Mayor Curley has made an admirable choice, which will receive the warm and immediate commendation of the Cardinal's flock and all others. This apparently is the first public office which he has ever accepted—and His Eminence will be 73 next month. This breaking of a lifelong precedent carries its own implications. We may see in it the value which he sets on a great free library system now one of the foremost in the world; the spirit of public service; willingness of an extraordinarily busy man to take on a new burden for the good of the community. And incidentally it may be said that this appointment dignifies public office and will add greatly to the prestige of the Public Library.

## THANKS CURLEY FOR MASS. VOTE

Roosevelt Gives Mayor 10-  
Minute Interview at  
Biltmore

LONGEST GRANTED;  
SEES SMITH 5 MIN.

[Special Dispatch to The Herald]  
NEW YORK, Nov. 8—A personal greeting to the voters of Massachusetts and thanks to the Democratic campaign workers in the Bay State was given by President-elect Franklin D. Roosevelt to Mayor Curley of Boston at 9:45 P. M. tonight.

Mayor Curley was given the longest personal interview granted to any of the long line of visitors at the Hotel Biltmore tonight and was received immediately after Alfred E. Smith.

Curley was closeted with Roosevelt more than 10 minutes, Smith about five.

"You did a fine piece of work, Jim," Roosevelt smiled, as Mrs. Roosevelt ushered the Boston mayor and his daughter, Miss Mary Curley, into the next President's reception room on the first floor.

### SILENT ABOUT TOPIC

"I want you to give my thanks to the voters of Massachusetts and the boys who helped deliver it."

Mayor Curley declined to reveal the topic which caused Roosevelt to talk intimately and earnestly with him for 10 minutes while crowds of Democratic leaders waited outside, eager to congratulate the Democratic standard-bearer. He would not even say whether policies of the next national administration were mentioned.

Al Smith, wearing his brown derby and wreathed in smiles, entered the room at 9:35, accompanied by a coterie of friends. His half-burned cigar was still in the corner of his mouth.

"Look's great, Frank," he exclaimed as he approached Roosevelt. Both men were smiling broadly.

### POSED FOR PHOTOS

"Thanks, Al," Roosevelt replied and then talked with Smith for five minutes. Smith posed for photographs after the interview but refused to reveal what he and Roosevelt had talked about.

Outside the hotel bands played Tammany airs and milling throngs cheered and sang.

Mayor Curley received more than 100 telegrams of congratulations from Democratic leaders in Massachusetts and throughout the country. More than 5000 persons called on Curley to congratulate him for his work in swinging Massachusetts out of the doubtful column.

At midnight the celebration was increasing in fervor with no signs of a let-up.



## Directors Give No Hint on Subway

Promise at Conference in  
City Hall to Give Matter  
Consideration

Though they listened patiently to Mayor Curley's lengthy review of the advantages to the city which the projected Huntington avenue subway extension would furnish, the directors of the Boston Elevated Railway Company showed no inclination to discuss the problem at today's conference at City Hall. They promised, however, to give the matter serious consideration at a meeting to be called soon.

All directors were present except Matthew C. Brush of New York city, who, the mayor said, was favorable to the modified subway plan, and Edwin M. Richards, also of New York. The board included James L. Richards, James A. Bailey, Bartlett Harwood, Joseph P. Manning, Walter H. Trumbull, Jr., Frank L. Richardson, Bernard J. Rothwell. Present also was the attorney of the board, Frederick E. Snow.

Sitting in with the mayor and the directors were the public trustees of the Elevated, except Henry I. Harriman, chairman of the board. They were Ernest A. Johnson, George B. Johnson, Edward E. Whiting and Charles H. Cole. They were accompanied by their attorney, H. Ware Barnum. At a previous meeting the trustees had considered the subway plan favorably, and that fact was emphasized by the mayor today.

At the close of the conference, the mayor issued a brief statement to the effect that he had no idea how the directors would act. He had done his best, he said, to convince them of the merits of the plan, which contemplates the first step in a long-considered and extensive transportation route.

Especially desirable, he said, would be an immediate start for the effect it would have in reducing the expenditures in the soldiers' relief department by the opportunity to put at least 2000 veterans at work.

## Curley Sees Legal Beer During the Next Session

Returning home from New York last evening, Mayor Curley declared that President-elect Roosevelt expects that the Volstead Act will be repealed before he takes office, March 4. He said he had talked with Governor Roosevelt who had told him that Senator Robinson already had sufficient votes to assure the repeal of the Act.

"This means additional revenue for the Government to relieve the taxpayers of an over-burdening load and it also means employment for thousands of jobless," the mayor remarked to the crowd of 500 or more of his friends who greeted him at the station.

When asked if there was a possibility that he would leave the city service next March to accept a position for the Government, the mayor declined to comment. Governor Roosevelt asked him, he said, to thank the voters of Boston for their splendid support.

## CURLEY TO GET BIG WELCOME

Hundreds of supporters of Mayor Curley plan to give him a royal welcome when he arrives at Back Bay station tonight from New York, where he kept the Republican death watch with President-elect Franklin D. Roosevelt last night.

The Jim Curley Serenaders, led by City Councillor William Barker of East Boston, will provide the music, with "Happy Days Are Here Again" listed as the principal number for all encores.

## Subway Project Up to El Directors

The fate of the modified Huntington ave., subway project hinges on a meeting of Mayor Curley and the directors of the Elevated to be held tomorrow, in which he will endeavor to have them follow the lead of the trustees in approving the project.

A meeting of the Metropolitan Transit Council was abruptly adjourned by the mayor yesterday because a quorum was not present to vote on the project. He announced another meeting would be held after his meeting with the directors.

GLOBE

## MAYOR NAMES CARDINAL PUBLIC LIBRARY TRUSTEE

Mayor Curley yesterday appointed Cardinal O'Connell a trustee of the Boston Public Library to succeed Rt Rev Msgr Arthur T. Connolly, who was forced by illness to decline a re-appointment.

In a letter to Msgr Connolly the Mayor said:

"The splendid services which you have so graciously and generously given without recompense has been of great value to the people of Boston and in their name I beg you will accept of their sincere appreciation and gratitude."

## PERKINS INSTITUTION HAS 100TH BIRTHDAY.

Reunions by Alumni Are  
Held at Watertown

WATERTOWN, Nov 9—Beginning a two-day celebration of the 100th anniversary of the founding of the Perkins Institution and the Massachusetts School for the Blind, more than 200 alumni gathered at the institution today.

This afternoon teas and reunions were held in the various cottages, and in each a program was carried out which depicted the achievements of some person who had a part in the development of the institution. Tonight dinners were held in the manual training rooms. Mary I. Curran, '12, presided at the affair in the girls' room and Herman A. Blair at the boys' dinner. There were 135 girls and 91 boys present.

A new organ presented to the institution by the alumni was dedicated in the evening. Charles W. Lindsay, who contributed half the cost of the organ, made the presentation, and it was accepted by Robert H. Hallowell, president of the corporation. The invocation was given by Rabbi Harry Levi. Included in the program was an organ recital on the new instrument by Homer C. Humphrey, John F. Hartwell, Edward W. Jenkins, who has won fame as a composer, and William E. Zeuch.

In Symphony Hall, Boston, tomorrow night there will be a big meeting at which Gov Ely will preside. Among those invited to speak are Mayor Curley and Cardinal O'Connell. The principal address will be made by Dr Ernest M. Hopkins, president of Dartmouth College.

# President-Elect Agrees Volstead Act Is Doomed

Sen. Robinson Will Demand  
Modification in Short  
Session

## MAYOR PREDICTS VOTES FOR PASSAGE

Mayor Curley last night disclosed that President-elect Roosevelt and Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas, Democratic Senate leader, are in agreement that sufficient votes can be gathered in the forthcoming short session of Congress to modify the Volstead act, to legalize beer.

The mayor quoted Roosevelt as authority for the statement that Robinson already has drafted a bill for modification, and that he will present it to Congress immediately after the short session opens on Dec. 5.

Curley followed this with the prediction that the dry act will be modified "before Congress passes out of existence, March 4, next."

Curley returned to Boston last night after a trip to New York, where he conferred with Roosevelt, Tuesday night, while the election returns were being totalled. About 500 personal friends and city officials met him at the Back Bay station when his train arrived at 8:30 o'clock.

"I talked with Joe Robinson in New York about three weeks ago," Curley said. "He thought they had the votes in Congress to modify the Volstead act at the short session."

"Afterward I talked with President Roosevelt about it. I was assured by him that Senator Robinson had already drafted a bill. He said that Robinson had informed him that they had sufficient votes to do it at the short session—just what Robinson told me. Gov. Roosevelt thought it would be a good thing for the country."

Asked if the President-elect had made any reference as to his belief in the accuracy of Robinson's claim of a sufficient vote for the short term session, Curley replied, "He just reaffirmed what Robinson said. It was equivalent to an expression of agreement with Robinson. 'I haven't any doubt but what it will be done, and that it will be a fine thing for the country.'"

In recalling his activity in behalf of Roosevelt, the mayor pointed out the value of his work in circularizing for Roosevelt senators, representatives and Democratic leaders in 35 states. He cited that movement as an important contribution to the ultimate success Tuesday.

## ADMIRERS GREET MAYOR CURLEY



Crowd greeting Mayor Curley when he arrived at the Back Bay station after a trip to New York to confer with Gov. Roosevelt. The mayor is in the centre of the picture, wearing no hat.



RECORD

11/10/32

## "Expects Great Revolutionary Changes"



Mayor James M. Curley as he arrived at the Back Bay station last night from New York and talked to a crowd of 2500 who greeted him. He brought the thanks of President-elect Roosevelt to the voters of Massachusetts.

GLOBE

Greater Boston World War and other veterans are encouraged in a belief that tomorrow's parade, in observance of Armistice Day, made a legal holiday by act of the Legislature in 1928, will surpass all such similar efforts since the war, in these parts.

Conservative leaders estimate there will be from 15,000 to 20,000 in line.

Whatever the number, the line of march is scheduled to get going at 1:45

the State commanders of various other veterans' organizations in Boston and many of the past State commanders of the Legion.

Other divisions of the parade will swing in as the march goes down Commonwealth av—at Gloucester, Fairfield, Exeter, Dartmouth and Berkeley sts.

At Arlington st there will be a sharp turn and the line will go down Boylston st, to Tremont, to Temple pl, down to Washington st, to School, up Beacon to Charles and to the Common, where it will disband.

Points of review are to be established for the Mayor in front of the City Hall; for the Governor, at the State House, and for the chief marshal and his staff, in Beacon st, just north of Charles st.

### Roster of Parade

The roster follows:

Detail of Mounted Police  
Chief Marshal—Commander James P. Rose, Dept. of Mass., The American Legion  
Chief of Staff—Coleman C. Curran, Dept. of Mass., The American Legion

#### 1ST DIVISION

Marshal  
Staff  
United States Navy Yard Band  
Detachment United States Marine Corps  
1st Battalion United States Naval Reserves Force

#### 2D DIVISION

Marshal, Maj Dennis H. Shillue  
Staff

Mass. National Guard Units

#### 3D DIVISION

Marshal—Commander Frederick H. Pierce, Dept. of Mass., U. S. W. V.  
Camps of the United Spanish War Veterans  
National Indian War Veterans

#### 4TH DIVISION

Marshal—Commander Peter W. Pate, Dept. of Mass., V. F. W.  
Staff

Posts of the Veterans of Foreign Wars

#### 5TH DIVISION

Marshal—Commander Charles P. Doherty, Dept. of Mass., D. A. V.  
Staff

Chapters of the Disabled American Veterans  
Mass. State Guard Veterans' Association  
All other veteran organizations



JAMES P. ROSE  
Legion Chief Marshal

p m from Commonwealth av and Hereford st. State Commander James P. Rose of the American Legion will be chief marshal. His chief-of-staff will be Coleman C. Curran, for nearly 10 consecutive years commander of Metropolitan Firemen's Post 84. Other members of the staff will be

#### 6TH DIVISION

Marshal—Gertrude McLoughlin, State president, American Legion Auxiliary.  
Staff  
Units of Veterans of Foreign Wars Auxiliary  
Units of American Legion Auxiliary  
Overseas Women's League

#### 7TH DIVISION

Marshal—Vice Commander James E. Conway, Dept. of Mass., A. L.  
Staff  
Districts, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 7.  
Posts of Suffolk County Council in numerical order  
Each Executive Committeeman Deputy Marshal in charge of his own district.

### Exercises on Common

The principal observance of the day in Boston proper will be the patriotic exercises at the Parkman bandstand on the Common at 11 a m under the auspices, as usual, of the Greater Boston Chapter of the Military Order of the World War, of which Fordham B. Kimball is commander and Arthur C. Sullivan adjutant.

That will be preceded by a parade from the Shaw Memorial, opposite the State House, to the bandstand.

At the commencement three guns will be fired by Battery C, 101st Field Artillery. Rev Abbott Peterson, First Parish Church, Brookline, will deliver

the invocation. The presence of Gov Ely and of Mayor Curley is hoped for. Other speakers will be Col W. H. Grant, chief of staff, 1st Army Corps Area; Capt Jesse B. Gay, chief of staff, 1st Naval District; Past National Vice Commander Richard F. Paul, Canton, American Legion, for the veterans; Mrs Elizabeth L. McNamara, Cambridge, State president of the American War Mothers. The benediction will be pronounced by Capt Eben W. Scott, chaplain of the Charlestown Navy Yard and of the M. O. W. W.

Post

11/10/34

# Legal Beer Before March 4, Says Mayor

At the conclusion of his short address at the railroad station, the Mayor motored directly to his Jamaica way home, planning to return to his desk at City Hall this morning.



MAYOR CURLEY RETURNS

A Roosevelt victory smile lighting his face, Mayor James M. Curley is shown with his daughter, Mary, on arrival home last night in the Back Bay station. In front is the Mayor's little boy, George, welcoming his Dad.

President-elect Roosevelt expects that the Volstead act will be repealed before he takes office March 4, Mayor Curley announced last night at the Back Bay station upon returning home from New York, following a conference with the incoming leader of the nation.

## BILL NOW DRAFTED

"I talked with Governor Roosevelt and he informed me that Senator Robinson already had sufficient votes to assure the repeal of the Volstead act, through new legislation which the Democratic leader in the Senate had drafted," the Mayor explained to a cheering crowd of several hundred loyal supporters who met him at the station.

"This means additional revenue for the government to relieve the taxpayers of an over-burdening load and it also means employment for thousands of jobless who for four long years have vainly sought opportunity of life, liberty and happiness," stated the Mayor.

He declined to discuss the possibility of leaving City Hall next March to accept a portfolio with the new Democratic administration at Washington.

His supporters were all eager to hear some inkling of his future, but the Mayor smilingly reserved any comment relating to the matter.

Although the fact that the Mayor was coming home last night was not generally known, hundreds of his friends, together with city employees, were waiting at the station with a sound wagon and a big searchlight truck bearing banners inscribed with the greeting "Welcome to Our Mayor." A bus-load of "Massachusetts' Roosevelt-Ely Pilgrims" were also waiting at the curb before the station to greet the Mayor.

The Mayor brought back the greetings of President-elect Roosevelt to the people of Boston and Massachusetts for the sweeping victory which he was given here. "Governor Roosevelt kept in touch with the returns here and expressly requested that I thank the voters of Boston for their splendid support," he said.

"I desire at this time to express my appreciation to the loyal supporters here in Boston for their assistance in winning the greatest national victory ever achieved by the Democratic party in its entire history."



GLOBE

11/10/32

# CURLEY WARMLY GREETED ON RETURN FROM VISIT TO ROOSEVELT

Mayor Extends Thanks of President-Elect to People of  
Massachusetts, and Especially of Boston,  
For Hearty Support



MAYOR JAMES M. CURLEY  
Speaking at Back Bay Station After His Return From New York.

Mayor James M. Curley was accorded a greeting befitting a conquering hero when he arrived at the Back Bay Station about 8:30 last night. A crowd of his personal and political friends blocked all traffic through Dartmouth st. In response to demands from the crowd, he expressed his gratification at the vote polled for President-elect Roosevelt and Gov Ely.

Although there had been no public announcement of the time of his arrival home, after attending the jollification meeting held by Gov Roosevelt and national Democratic leaders at New York, more than 500 persons, with music and bright lights, were awaiting him.

Among the first to shake his hand when he stepped from the train were Traffic Commissioner Joseph A. Conry, who toured 23 States of the country

with Mayor Curley in pleading the cause of Gov Roosevelt, Street Commissioner Theodore A. Glynn and Election Commissioner Peter F. Tague, while behind these three officials were lined up the other Democratic leaders in the city.

Mayor Curley told the gathering that, at the wish of President-elect Roosevelt he wished to extend the thanks of the latter for the manner in which the people of Massachusetts, and Boston especially, responded to his plea for support in an effort to bring back prosperity and happiness to the people of the United States.

He said that Gov Roosevelt told him he had received personal word from Senator Robinson that a bill has been prepared, and will be presented to Congress, providing for a modification of the Volstead act, and that Senator Robinson further said he had sufficient votes pledged to enact the laws before Congress adjourns March 4.

## ROOSEVELT LEAGUE PLANS FOR VICTORY DINNER HERE

The Franklin D. Roosevelt-for-President League of Massachusetts, the first Roosevelt club organized in New England, announced yesterday afternoon its plan for a banquet to be held soon in celebration of the Roosevelt landslide. Mayor John J. Murphy of Somerville is its president.

Invitations to attend will be extended to President-Elect Franklin D. Roosevelt; his son, James; Gov Joseph B. Ely, United States Senators David I. Walsh and Marcus A. Coolidge, Mayor James M. Curley and other Democrats who were successful in the past election.

Date of the dinner will be set after it is learned what time will be convenient for the President-elect to attend.

Other officers of the club are Mayor John H. Burke of Medford, Mayor George C. Sweeney of Gardner, Indiana, Edward A. Couffman of Cambridge, a Harvard classmate of Roosevelt; Mrs. Louis M. Howe of Fall River, Harry A. Bergson of Boston, also a classmate of Roosevelt; William T. McCarthy of Belmont and Charles A. Brett of Worcester.

RECORD

## 2500 ACCLAIM CURLEY AT BACK BAY STATION

Bringing the personal thanks of Pres.-elect Roosevelt to Massachusetts, Mayor Curley arrived at Back Bay Station on the Yankee Clipper, last night, while 2500 Boston Democrats made the concourse ring with cheers.

Mayor Curley hailed the Democratic victory as a "great achievement."

"Speaking personally for President-elect Franklin Delano Roosevelt," he said in an informal address, "I want to thank the Massachusetts supporters for their loyalty and confidence in the Democratic cause."

"We knew in June Roosevelt would win, and we knew two months before the election that at least 35 states were certain to cast their electoral strength for him."

"I am gratified that all 23 of the states I visited swung into the Democratic column, and that the great momentum of our victory brought success to practically all Democratic candidates in the United States."

He declared he expects "great revolutionary changes in the industrial world, a new economic order, and a new form of government, which will reassure and regain the confidence of the people of America."

Chobiz

11/11/32

TRANSCRIPT

# LINE STREETS TO SEE PARADE

## Buddies March Side by Side as 14 Years Ago

Fifteen thousand veterans of the World War marched through the streets of downtown Boston this afternoon in a spectacular observance of the event in which they participated 14 years ago. Other thousands lined the streets to watch them pass by and cheer them. Today was the young veterans' big day, and to celebrate it they put on a show that thrilled the people of the city.

Bands and martial music, massed flags, glistening helmets and the bright, distinctive uniforms of posts of the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars were all part of the show. Buddies marched side by side in the same squads again, just as they did 14 years ago. The sun smiled upon them. Boston was proud of them and demonstrated it lustily. The parade began to form on Commonwealth av, near Arlington st, before 1 o'clock this afternoon. Units participating were stationed along Commonwealth av and on the side streets adjoining. Promptly at 1:45 State Commander James P. Rose, chief marshal of the parade, took his position with his staff at the head of the line and the command to march was given.

The line moved down Arlington st to Boylston, along Boylston st to Tremont, to Temple pl, Washington st to School st, and at City Hall Mayor James M. Curley reviewed the veterans. The parade continued on to Beacon st and once again passed in review at the State House, where in the absence of Gov Ely, Adjt Gen John H. Agnew reviewed it.

### Commander Rose Reviews Line

At Beacon st, near Charles, Commander Rose and his staff left the line of march to mount their own reviewing stand and the line passed before them, turning left into Charles st, thence to Boston Common to disband.

Legionnaires and Veterans of Foreign Wars were shoulder to shoulder in line. Among the Legionnaires were more than 5000 members of the Massachusetts Department, V. F. W., and more than 1000 of the Women's Auxiliary under Mrs Irene Forrest, president. The V. F. W. had 30 musical units in the line. These were in addition to more than 60 bands and drum corps of Legion posts and other organizations.

One of the veterans in line at the start was Albert Phinney of Brookline, 86-year-old member of the Stephen F. Rutledge Post, V. F. W., and commander of C. L. Chandler Post, G. A. R.

Following is the roster:

Detail of Mounted Police  
Chief Marshal—Commander James P. Rose,  
Dept. of Mass. The American Legion  
Chief of Staff—Coleman C. Curran, Dept. of  
Mass. The American Legion  
Staff  
Band

1ST DIVISION  
Marshal  
Staff  
United States Navy Yard Band  
Detachment United States Marine Corps  
1st Battalion United States Naval Reserves  
Force

2D DIVISION  
Marshal, Maj Dennis H. Shillue  
Staff  
Mass. National Guard Units

3D DIVISION  
Marshal—Commander Frederick H. Pierce,  
Dept. of Mass. U. S. W. V.  
Camps of the United Spanish War Veterans  
National Indian War Veterans

4TH DIVISION  
Marshal—Commander Peter W. Pate, Dept.  
of Mass. V. F. W.

Posts of the Veterans of Foreign Wars

5TH DIVISION  
Marshal—Commander Charles P. Doherty,  
Department of Massachusetts, D. A. V.  
Staff  
Chapters of the Disabled American Veterans  
Massachusetts State Guard Veterans  
Association. All other veteran  
organizations.

6TH DIVISION  
Marshal—Gertrude McLoughlin, State presi-  
dent, American Legion Auxiliary.  
Staff  
Units of Veterans of Foreign Wars Auxiliary.  
Units of American Legion Auxiliary.  
Overseas Women's League.

7TH DIVISION  
Marshal—Vice Commander James E. Conway,  
Department of Massachusetts, A. L.  
Staff  
Districts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 and 7.  
Post of Suffolk County Council in  
numerical order.  
Each executive committeeman deputy mar-  
shal in charge of his own district.

## High Praise Given Perkins Institution

Representatives of the State, the city and the educational world paid high tribute to the work of the Perkins Institution and Massachusetts School for the Blind at a meeting in Symphony Hall last night which concluded the two-day celebration of the 100th anniversary of the institution.

"So ably has it cared for the blind charges of the State," said Governor Joseph B. Ely, "that Massachusetts has never felt the need of establishing a special school and maintaining it at great cost, as nearly all other States have to do. We have always been confident that this school would give to our visually handicapped children every possible opportunity to overcome the obstacle of darkened vision."

Mayor James M. Curley also praised the institution and said that "the 100 years of golden service that Perkins has given to humanity is a contribution that will never be dimmed by time."

Dr. Francis Martin Hopkins, president of Dartmouth College, lauded Dr. Samuel Gridley Howe, the founder of the institution, and others who had a part in its development, and said that "from men of this spirit and type has come much of the glory of New England, and from them comes the high distinction to this community."

Others of the group included Bishop William Lawrence, Rev. George P. O'Connor, representing Cardinal O'Connell; Dr. Edward E. Allen, director emeritus of the institution; Director Gabriel Farrell, Robert H. Hallowell, president of the corporation; Mrs. Maude Howe Elliott of Newport, R. I., daughter of the first director, and representatives of many institutions for the blind in other parts of the country.

## AMERICAN Curley Lauds Houghton's; Record Adv. in American

The Boston Evening American prints today for Houghton's the largest volume of newspaper advertising ever placed in Boston or in New England by one firm in one day's issues.

There are 16 full pages of advertisements from this store announcing Greater Houghton Day tomorrow in all editions of the Boston Evening American today.

At 9 a. m. on Saturday the doors of Houghton's, as told in the 16 solid pages of advertising, will be thrown open for what is expected to be the greatest day in retail store history. More than 2000 extra sales people have been employed to care for the great rush such as has marked previous sale events at this store and given exclusive newspaper publication as special sections in the Evening American. Mayor Curley, on observing the record-breaking advertisement, declared it to be a healthy sign of returning prosperity.

"The enterprising, forward-looking management of the Houghton & Dutton Co. are reading aright the signs indicating the return of prosperity to America, and in their advertisement appearing in today's issue of the Boston Evening American they give tangible evidence of their confidence, courage and vision.

"These are the three requisites for the restoration of prosperity to this nation, and if other business houses and individuals would display any one or all three of these essentials, the depression would shortly be a memory.

"I congratulate President A. W. Ackermann and all the men back of this great move."

## NEED CURLEY RECEIVES MANY MESSAGES

Mayor Curley devoted much of his time yesterday to the reading of several hundred telegrams and letters congratulating him on the aid which he extended to the Roosevelt candidacy.

He was particularly pleased by the large number of messages from persons whom he met during his western speaking tour.

Today he will review the Armistice day parade at City Hall at 2:15 P. M., and this evening he will speak at the holiday exercises in the Mary E. Curley school in Jamaica Plain.



# BOSTON JOINS IN CELEBRATING ARMISTICE DAY

## Meeting on Common and Big Parade on Program

By AGNES CARR

Fourteen years ago today a nation was mad with joy.

Church bells rang, shop whistles sounded, men, women and children joined in a mighty shout of gratitude.

The war was over.

The day of Armistice had come.

### SIGNIFICANCE RECALLED

Today, throughout the country, the significance of that other Armistice day is recalled and emphasized.

With public meetings, parades, dedication of war memorials and social events, Greater Boston joins the nation in marking the day.

Boston leads the way with a memorial meeting on Boston Common and a parade of more than 20,000 world war veterans.

The Common program was under the direction of the Greater Boston chapter of the Military Order of the World War. The Rev. Abbott Peterson of the First Parish Church, Brookline, read the invocation. Other speakers were Col. W. G. Grant, chief of staff, 1st army area; Capt. Jess B. Gay, chief of staff, 1st naval district; Past National Commander Richard P. Paul; Mrs. Elizabeth McNamara, president American War Mothers. The benediction was given by Capt. Evan W. Scott, chaplain of the navy yard and of the M. O. W. W. Fordham Kimball, commander of the latter organization, and Arthur C. Sullivan, adjutant, directed the exercises.

Three guns were fired by battery C of the 101st artillery, Capt. H. W. Dowler in command.

### MILITARY PARADE

The military parade started from the corner of Commonwealth avenue and Hereford street at 1:45 o'clock.

A detail of mounted police headed the line. James P. Rose, state commander of the American Legion, was chief marshal and his chief of staff was Coleman C. Curran. Present and past commanders of various veterans' organizations made up the rest of the staff.

The parade consisted of seven divisions and the route was as follows:

Down Commonwealth avenue to Arlington, to Boylston, to Tremont, to Temple place, to Washington, to School, to Beacon, to Charles and then to the Common.

Reviewing stands have been erected at the State House and City Hall.

# CITY HONORS ITS FALLEN HEROES

## 15,000 Veterans Parade Here in the Feature Event of the Peace Day Anniversary

Pictures on Pages 21 and 32

A little older, a little grayer, but with the same snap and spirit with which they moved against the enemy, veterans of the World War swung along to the stirring strains of martial music today in Boston's biggest Armistice Day parade since that historic day 14 years ago.

While the line of march was banked with clanking thousands, 15,000 veterans of all wars, together with members of veterans' auxiliaries, marched proudly along to climax the city's great observance of a great day.

At 1:45, behind a detail of mounted police, James P. Rose, state commander of the American Legion, led the procession. Legionnaires in the van of the procession were followed by a U. S. naval band, a detachment of U. S. Marines and Naval Reserves.

National Guard units, their youth standing out in marked contrast to the veterans that preceded and followed them, marched through the banks of crowded thousands.

### COLORFUL SPECTACLE.

Veterans of the Spanish War came next, followed by a small detachment of Indian fighters who helped make the great domain of the West tranquil after the pioneers had pushed the boundaries of empire westward.

Disabled veterans, riding in open cars, received a tremendous ovation as they passed in review before the crowd.

The Veterans of Foreign Wars marched behind the colorfully attired ladies of the Legion auxiliary, and were followed by their auxiliary, also brilliantly attired.

The parade formed at Commonwealth ave. and Hereford st. and swelled at intervals along the route, swung into Arlington st. The parade continued to Boylston st., to Tremont st., to Temple pl., to Washington st., to School st., where Mayor Curley and his official family reviewed it.

Up School st. to Beacon st. and then past the Governor's reviewing stand at the State House, the brilliant procession moved. Then down Beacon st. to Charles, and into the Common, where the parade disbanded.

# MAYOR RETURNS HERO GIFT

The Armistice Day mail brought a letter for Mayor Curley.

In May, 1931, the mayor, en route to Europe, met John H. Merrill, a British war veteran, who was slowly dying.

They became intimate ship companions and Merrill, realizing he had not long to live, pressed upon the mayor a decoration—the Cross of St. George.

And today there came the letter for the mayor, from Mrs. Ruth H. Merrill of Flushing, N. Y. Merrill, who was her husband, is dead. Their children are old enough now to appreciate their father's heroism. Would the mayor send the medal? The mayor did, at once.

Choice

# ARMISTICE DAY BOSTON PARADE

## War Memorial, City Hall Dedication in Newton

## Programs by Patriotic and Veterans' Organizations

A parade in Boston and dedication of the new war memorial and City Hall in Newton are the principal events scheduled for the Armistice Day observance, in which patriotic and veterans' organizations throughout the State will participate today.

The Boston parade, in which more than 15,000 are expected to participate, will start at 1:45 from Commonwealth av and Hereford st and the route will be Arlington st, Boylston st, Tremont st, Temple pl, Washington st, School st, Beacon st and Charles st. The marchers will disband on the Common.

### Review by Officials

Mayor Curley will review the parade as it passes City Hall. Gov. Ely will not be in the city today, but Adjt Gen John H. Agnew will review the parade from the State House.

Patriotic exercises will be held at the Parkman Bandstand at 11 o'clock, under auspices of the Greater Boston Chapter, Military Order of the World War, preceded by a parade from the Shaw Memorial across the Common.

# Latest Notes of the Fashionables

By Dorothy Whipple Fry

PERHAPS ONE OF THE busiest of the post debs is that officer of the Junior League, Miss Elizabeth Scaife. How chic Miss Scaife looks in her swagger coat of leopard skin. She wears a black brim down in front, up in back hats with white trimmings.

A young lady who has been most popular since her commencement at Pine Manor in Wellesley is Miss Barbara Farnsworth of Clement rd., Newton. She is a vivacious brunette

with a price-less sense of humor. Miss Farnsworth looked chic in a gray evening gown with a pink velvet sash and pink velvet pumps.

Another Newtonite who is a favorite is Miss Mariada Comer. We particularly like

Elizabeth Scaife the way she wears her light brown hair, smooth and waveless except for a roll of curls from ear to ear. Miss Comer appeared recently in a dress cut on classic lines and the color of red grapes, very autumnal!

That adorable brunette who smiles so pleasantly is Miss Betsy Briggs. We saw her at the Copley-Plaza not long ago in a picturesque cream colored lace gown and escorted by that attractive smart youth from California who is studying at Tech.



## Crepe Gown

IT CERTAINLY SEEMED very natural to glimpse Pinky Vahey at The Country Club after winning all sorts of golf medals last year. She is now gathering contract awards in a professional way and giving lessons. Miss Vahey looked smart the other evening in a light blue crepe dinner dress with a cape of the same material.

And who was that interesting foreign looking young man who escorted Miss Mary Curley, daughter of our mayor, to the Copley-Plaza the other evening?

Mrs. Norman Smith of Brookline is engaged in a round of gaudies in the fascinating process of introducing to society her daughter, Miss Jean Smith. Mrs. Smith is looking entirely chic this season in a smart green sport dress with a brown sport hat and a little brown fur neck piece. She is a striking figure, being slenderly built with aristocratic features, blue eyes, dark wavy hair and a great charm and individuality of manner.

## Cardinal and Library

Cardinal O'Connell's decision to serve as a trustee of the Boston Public Library is a boon to the public service.

He is a distinguished churchman. His administration of the largest church organization within the United States acts heavily of his time, ability and endurance.

With all these labors, he takes on a new task, giving to the public without compensation a service in skill and talent which the public could not buy.

This is an act of fine citizenship. It should serve as an example to those of the present day who seek public office, for the salary, for personal aggrandizement or for some of the other selfish advantages that may flow from it.

His appointment by Mayor Curley cannot but be a cause for general approval.

## SUBWAY EXTENSION ACTION IS DELAYED

Directors Hold up Reply to Curley's Plea

Directors of the Boston Elevated declined, yesterday, to indicate to Mayor Curley their reaction to his appeal for ratification of the proposed extension of the Boylston street subway from Copley square to Gainsboro street and Huntington avenue. The estimated cost is \$4,800,000.

A promise of quick consideration of the proposal, which has already been approved by the public trustees of the Elevated, was the only response to the mayor's urge for favorable action.

Unless the directors give their ap-

proval, the rapid transit extension authorized by the Legislature, will be necessarily abandoned.

The mayor based his plea of approval upon the necessity of providing more rapid service to Jamaica Plain, upon the benefits to be derived from the conversion of Huntington avenue into a wide boulevard and upon the opportunity to provide continuous employment for at least two years to many hundreds of veterans who are now drawing aid from the soldiers' relief department. For this reason, alone, the mayor has consistently contended that the subway project is sound.

The Elevated trustees agree with him. Of this board, E. A. Johnson, George H. Johnson, Gen. Charles H. Coie and Edward E. Whiting attended the conference together with H. Ware Barnum, counsel for the Elevated.

The directors were represented by James L. Richards, Bernard J. Rothwell, Joseph P. Manning, James H. Bailey, Bartlett Harwood, Edwin M. Richards, Walter H. Trumbull, Jr., Frank L. Richardson and Frederick E. Snow.



# Boston Makes Armistice Day True Armistice

Elections, Depression and  
Even Week of Bad Weather  
Are All Forgotten

Seven Parades Mark  
the 14th Anniversary

Newton City Hall and War  
Memorial and Harvard Me-  
morial Chapel Dedicated

By Franklin Jordan

Boston paused today to observe Armistice Day with a deeper significance than ever before. Throughout the hushed city numerous groups of veterans conducted memorial exercises, recalling that day of days fourteen years ago when a war-weary world heard the word passed on all fronts to "Cease firing." But Armistice Day, 1932, meant more than recollections to Boston. It was truly an armistice from the bitterness and excitement of political elections and affairs; from the great depression and its hardships and even from the week of howling wind and rain. Tomorrow there would be the depression and election problems, even more rain. But today, Boston paused wearily for a moment of meditation, under blue skies, warm sunshine and soft breezes.

For many today was the beginning of a three-day holiday since the depression has closed many factories on Saturday. To some it meant an outing in the country, but to most it meant more days of nothing to do, save today perhaps when they lined the sidewalks to watch parades in Boston, Melrose, Milton, Quincy, Newton, Marblehead, Haverhill and Malden, or attended exercises on Boston Common and in many smaller communities. Although though the trains were on holiday schedules, those who wanted to shop found practically all the retail stores open.

## Honor Norman Prince

Opening the observance in Boston at quarter of eight this morning, almost before the city had awakened from the somberness of night, a little group from the Norman Prince Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars hung wreaths in Norman Prince Square in tribute to the famous Boston flyer and founder of the Lafayette Escadrille.

## Exercises on Common

With a moment of silence at eleven o'clock, followed by taps, the Military Order of the World War opened its memorial exercises at the Parkman Bandstand on Boston Common. As the last note of the bugle faded the three-gun taps salute was fired by members of Battery C of the 101st Field Artillery under Captain H. W. Dowler. Major Abbott Peterson gave the invocation.

the hundreds who attended the exercises. Then tributes followed by distinguished leaders of the military, naval and veterans. Colonel W. S. Grant, chief of staff of the First Corps Area, spoke for the military; Captain Jesse B. Gray, chief of staff of the First Naval District, for the Navy; Richard F. Paul, past national vice commander of the American Legion, for the veterans, and Mrs. Emily Squires of the Cambridge Chapter, American War Mothers, for the mothers. The exercises concluded with the singing of the Star-Spangled Banner and a benediction by Captain Evan W. Scott, U. S. N., chaplain of the Military Order of the World War.

## Newton Dedication

While Boston exercises were being held on the Common, at Newton and Cambridge two dedications were taking place. At Newton, following a parade of more than five hundred veterans, a twenty-one gun salute was fired at the new civic center at Walnut street and Commonwealth avenue, Newtonville, while naval flyers from the Air Station at Squantum dipped their planes overhead in tribute. Then followed the dedication exercises of the new City Hall and war memorial, as flags were run up on two poles in front of the hall.

At Cambridge, distinguished guests gathered in the Harvard Yard to attend the dedication of the new Harvard Memorial Chapel at 11 o'clock, with Right Rev. William Lawrence, Bishop of Massachusetts from 1893 to 1926, delivering the principal address. Today, for the first time, the memorial room in which are placed the names of all Harvard's war dead was opened to the public.

## Boston Parade

During the morning officials of the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars were busy preparing for the annual Boston parade. James P. Rose, State commander of the American Legion, had many of the marchers in the seven divisions assembling at the starting point at Commonwealth avenue and Hereford streets shortly after the noon hour in preparation for the start at 2 P. M.

The assembly order was as follows: Detail of police; Chief Marshal James P. Rose and staff; first division, consisting of the Navy Yard Band and detachments of Marines and the Naval Reserve; second division, headed by Major D. H. Shillue and consisting of Massachusetts National Guard units; third division, headed by Commander Frederick H. Pierce, and consisting of Spanish War and Indian Veterans; fourth division, headed by Commander Peter W. Pate, consisting of various V. F. W. units; fifth division, headed by Commander Charles P. Doherty, and consisting of chapters of the Disabled Veterans and the Massachusetts State Guard Veterans Association; sixth division, headed by Gertrude McLoughlin, and consisting of auxiliaries of the V. F. W., Legion and Overseas Women's League; seventh division, headed by James E. Conway and consisting of American Legion posts of Suffolk County.

## Parade Route

Meanwhile, details of police were assembling along the parade route, clearing the way along Commonwealth avenue to Arlington street; along Arlington to Boylston; along Boylston to Tremont along Tremont to Temple Place along Temple Place to Washington along Washington to School street along School street to Beacon street and along Beacon to Charles and the Common, the disbanding point.

Workmen put the finishing touches on reviewing stands in front of City Hall the State House and at Charles and Beacon streets, where the parade was reviewed by Mayor Curley, Governor Ely and Commander Rose, respectively.

# ARMISTICE DAY EVENTS VARIED

Seven Divisions in Parade  
Here Today—Balls, Patriotic Meetings Listed

CITIES TO CELEBRATE  
IN GREATER BOSTON

Growing in dignity and importance each year, Boston's 14th Armistice anniversary celebration today will surpass previous observances in the number of parades, balls and patriotic meetings on the program.

Seven divisions of marchers will participate in the annual parade, which starts at 1:45 P. M., today, from Commonwealth avenue and Hereford street. More than 20,000 persons are expected to be in line.

Dedication of the new Newton City Hall and war memorial preceded by a parade at 9:30 A. M., today, is a feature of the celebration in Greater Boston.

At 11 A. M., exercises will be conducted at Parkman bandstand, Boston Common, under the auspices of the Military Order of the World War.

There will be the traditional moment of silence at precisely 11 A. M., after which buglers will blow "taps" and a "taps salute" of three guns will be fired by battery C, 101st field artillery, commanded by Capt. H. W. Dowler.

Maj. Abbott Peterson will give the invocation. Speakers will be Gov. Ely, Mayor Curley, Col. W. S. Grant, chief of staff of the 1st corps area; Capt. Jesse B. Gay, chief of staff of the 1st naval district; Richard F. Paul, past national vice-commander of the American Legion, and Mrs. Elizabeth L. McNamara, president of the Massachusetts chapter, American War Mothers. Capt. Evan W. Scott, United States navy chaplain, will give the benediction.

Mayor Thomas J. McGrath will give the principal address at the world war memorial in Quincy square following a parade from School to Hancock streets at 10:30 A. M. Frank Roy, former state vice-commander of the American Legion, will speak. Wreaths will be placed on the war memorial boulder. The legion also will place wreaths at the legion lot in Mt. Wollaston cemetery and at the doughboy memorial statue on Coddington street.

James P. Rose, state commander of the American Legion, will be chief marshal of the Boston parade. His chief of staff will be Coleman C. Curran, for nearly 10 years commander of Metropolitan Firemen's post, A. L.

Post

11/11/32

# VETERANS TO PAY TRIBUTE TO DEAD

## Many Events Listed for Armistice Day---Exercises on Common and Parade in Boston

War veterans in all corners of the State and throughout New England will gather today, on this 14th anniversary of Armistice Day, to pay their tribute to those of their number who never returned home.

Three outstanding events will be the Armistice Day parade in Boston this afternoon, the dedication this morning of the new Newton City Hall and War Memorial building, and the exercises at the Parkman bandstand, Boston Common, this morning under the auspices of the Greater Boston Chapter of the Military Order of the World War.

### HARVARD DEDICATION

Another major event this morning will be the dedication of the Harvard World War Memorial Chapel, with Bishop William Lawrence delivering the main address.

The day's activities will begin at 7:45 a. m. when members of the Lieutenant Norman Prince Post, Veterans of Foreign Wars, assemble at Norman Prince square at the east side of the old State House, to place wreaths in memory of the late Lieutenant Norman Prince, who lost his life during an overseas air combat.

Commander Fordham B. Kimball, assisted by Adjutant Arthur C. Sullivan, will be in charge of the programme at the Parkman bandstand, Boston Common, at 11 o'clock. These exercises will be preceded by a short parade from the Shaw Memorial, opposite the State House, to the bandstand.

### 15,000 to Be in Line

The military parade this afternoon in Boston gives every promise of eclipsing any previous similar affair since the end of the war. More than 15,000 persons are expected to be in line. The

parade starts at 1:45 o'clock on Commonwealth avenue, near Hereford street. James P. Rose, commander of the Massachusetts Department, American Legion, is chief marshal, with Coleman C. Curran, for nearly 10 years commander of the Metropolitan Firemen's Post, A. L., No. 84, at chief-of-staff.

Marching with the legionnaires will be nearly 5000 members of the Massachusetts Department, Veterans of Foreign Wars, and about 1000 of the Auxiliary under Mrs. Irene Forrest, president. The V. F. W. expect to have close to 30 musical units in line, in addition to the three score or more other bands and drum and bugle corps of other organizations.

### Veteran of 86 to March

Albert Phinney of Brookline, 86-year-old member of the Stephen F. Rutledge Post, V. F. W., and commander of the C. L. Chandler Post, G. A. R., plans to walk the whole distance.

Commander Peter W. Pate of the V. F. W. announced last night that besides Major James D. Weir, who is the department chief-of-staff, his own staff will comprise Senior Vice-Commander Walter G. Howard, Department Inspector J. Clifford Marchant, Commander Lawrence J. Weidman of the Major Harold W. Estey Post, Aide-De-Camp Robert W. Robertson, Judge-Advocate Joel L. Miller, Junior Vice-Commander Cheslie J. McKenzie, Aide-De-Camp Robert A. Roberts, Dr. Samuel Butler, department surgeon, and Francis X. Cotter, legislative agent.

State Adjutant Henry V. O'Day of the V. F. W. will represent his organization at the head of the parade in the general staff.

### Makeup of Parade

The first division will include a U. S. Navy band, a detachment of Marines, and the First Battalion, U. S. Naval Reserve Force. In the second division will be National Guard units. The third division will include Spanish war veterans, after whom will come the Veterans of Foreign Wars.

With Commander Charles P. Doherty

of the Disabled Veterans of America, as marshal, the various chapters of the D. V. A. and other veterans' organizations, will follow. In the next division will be seen members of the auxiliaries of the Legion and V. F. W., followed by members of the Legion.

### Route of Parade

The route of parade: Commonwealth avenue, near Hereford street, to Arlington, to Boylston, to Tremont street, to Temple place, to Washington street, to School, to Beacon, to Charles street, to Boston Common where the parade disbands.

Reviewing stands will be in front of the State House for Governor Ely, in front of City Hall for Mayor Curley, and at Charles and Beacon streets for Commander Rose. Several Gold Star Mothers are expected to be in line. At least a dozen floats will appear.

## CONGRATULATE MAYOR CURLEY

### Messages Praise His Part in Campaign

Congratulations on the national Democratic victory poured in on Mayor Curley yesterday, praising him for his contribution to the successful campaign.

Many of them came from the West and Middlewest, where he devoted the entire month of September in a speaking tour for Governor Roosevelt and the Democratic ticket. And there was one from far-off Solis in the Argentine, where Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Kelley, former Bostonians, heard the winning election news.

DeWitt C. DeWolf, Governor Ely's secretary, sent his personal congratulations, stating that he believed the Mayor "did more than any man in the United States" to make possible the Democratic tidal wave.



HERALD

11/11/32

# Perkins Institution Paid High Tribute by Noted Speakers

## Gov. Ely, Mayor Curley and President of Dartmouth Attend Centennial Program at School for Blind

One hundred years ago, Dr. Samuel Gridley Howe gathered six blind children together in the home of his father in South Boston and founded the first school in America for the sightless.

Last night more than 3000 graduates and friends of the school he founded, the Perkins Institution and Massachusetts School for the Blind, thronged Symphony hall to hear such guests and speakers as Ernest Martin Hopkins, president of Dartmouth College; Gov. Ely, Mayor Curley and many others pay a striking tribute to Perkins Institution during centennial exercises. With every balcony seat taken, hundreds of others stood in the rear of the hall during a program in which students gave an amazing exhibition of their training. The exercises brought to a close a two-day celebration of the founding of the school.

After an introduction by Robert H. Hallowell, president of the corporation, Gov. Ely presided. He said in part:

Perkins Institution, on its part, has through the century rendered great service to the commonwealth. So ably has it cared for the blind charges of the state, that Massachusetts has never felt the need of establishing a special school, and maintaining it at great cost, as nearly all other states have had to do. We have always been confident that this school would give to our visually handicapped children every possible opportunity to overcome the obstacle of darkened vision.

This confidence has never been misplaced and the gathering here tonight of so many of its graduates who have come to pay tribute to their alma mater is perhaps the most tangible evidence of the school's success. And in the name of the commonwealth I congratulate them on their heritage and greet the many friends of Perkins assembled here to honor her century of progress.

### OBSTACLES OVERCOME

At the conclusion of a tribute to Dr. Howe and those others who have led the destinies of Perkins for 100 years, Dr. Hopkins, of Dartmouth said:

In connection with this school the sweep of accomplishment is too wide and the wealth of consecration in personal devotion is too

great to be more than suggested in remembrance of its century of life but a birthday implies not only the backward look but the forward one as well.

In keeping with the philosophy of the school—that its pupils are not to hold themselves isolated or withdrawn from the affairs of mankind at large—our contemplation here may properly be of the problems of education in relation to human society of our time. In this connection, if it were my privilege to have a part in the founding of an educational institution in these years, I would choose as a motto Dr. Howe's saying, "Obstacles are things to be overcome."

This is a truth which is being largely ignored by the world today. The code of action is largely accepted that an obstacle is something to be afraid of, something to which to yield, or at best something to circumvent by temporary expedient rather than something to struggle with in the interest of a permanent decision.

### LACK OF INSPIRATION

It is to be queried whether a generation was ever so completely self-conscious as is our own. Disillusionment is the term which has come to be widely reiterated in the patois of our time as justification for lack of aspiration. As a matter of fact, however, the integrity of its use is largely impaired by the extent to which it has been seized upon to justify mental inertia or even moral obliquity. We dwell to the point of self-indulgence on our difficulties. We coddle our self-importance. We enervate ourselves by self-pity. We hold our misfortunes so closely before our eyes that they veil sight of our responsibilities. We allow our knowledge of evil to paralyze our confidence in our ability to establish righteousness and to deter us from any genuine effort to do so.

Guest sitting on the platform included:

Gov. Joseph B. Ely, Dr. Ernest Martin Hopkins, president of Dartmouth College; Robert H. Hallowell, president of the corporation; Mayor James Curley, Boston; Bishop William Lawrence, Boston; the Rev. George P. O'Connor, Dedham; Dr. Edward E. Allen, director emeritus; Director Gabriel

Farrell of Perkins Institute; Edward M. Van Cleve, principal of New York Institute; Dr. O. H. Burritt, principal of Pennsylvania Institute; Mr. C. W. Holmes, representing the Perkins alumni; Miss Mary French, representing the Perkins alumnae; Robert B. Irwin, director of American Foundation for the Blind; Miss Bessie N. Leonard, principal of The Clarke school; Miss Mable Adams, principal of The Horace Mann school; Mrs. Maud Howe Elliott, Newport, R. I., daughter of first director; Dr. Ransom A. Greene, principal of The Fernald school; Prof. Samuel B. Hayes, professor at Mount Holyoke; Lady Campbell, widow of Sir Francis Campbell, Royal Normal College; Miss Wilmine P. Trenchery, Alton, Ill., daughter of first teacher; Robert I. Bramhall, director of Massachusetts division of blind; Gordon Hicks, principal of Connecticut school for blind; Dr. Jeffrey E. Brackett, Massachusetts commissioner of public welfare.

Exercises on the final day at Watertown began with chapel at 8:30 A. M. under the direction of Gabriel Farrell, director. From 9 until 12, demonstrations of school work were given in the classrooms before about 500 visitors. At 2 P. M., both the boys and girls gave exhibitions in running races and drills in the gymnasium.

The tower bells, brought from England when the buildings were erected in 1912, were chimed at 3:30 by Alfred Cormier of Fall River prior to exercises at 4 in Dwight hall. Francis A. Appleton, president of the board of directors for many years until his retirement last year, presided. Presentation of the Edward E. Allen tablet for the Howe building was made by Julia E. Burnham of Boston, a teacher of reading.

## Curley Gets Praise FOR CAMPAIGN ROLE

Hundreds of telegrams and letters were received by Mayor Curley yesterday at City Hall as a result of the recent election outcome.

They came from many parts of the Union and one message was from the Argentine. The messages were all congratulatory and paid tribute to the efforts of the Mayor to put over Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt as President-elect.

Among those who sent messages were Rev. Louis J. Gallagher, S. J., president of Boston College; Mayor Ora Bundy of Ogden, Utah; Judge Thomas H. Dowd; Harry M. Warner of Warner Brothers; DeWitt C. DeWolf, secretary of Gov. Ely; Rev. John F. Cummings of Roslindale; Richard E. Walsh, Manchester, N. H.

Police Supt. Michael H. Crowley, Ex-Mayor Daniel W. Mahoney of Lawrence, C. S. Lake, Richmond, Va.; Thomas Courtenay of Brookline, Bernard A. Dolan, St. Louis; Mrs. Nellie L. Sullivan, Fall River, and John J. Kearney, Massachusetts division of the Labor Bureau.

Secretary DeWolf expressed the opinion that Mayor Curley did more than any man in the United States to make possible the Democratic tidal wave.

Chorbe

11/14/36

# BY LAWRENCE R. GOLDBERG

Young and coming America, as exemplified by the sons and daughters of veterans of the World war, most of whom were unborn when their dads were fighting in the bloodiest conflict in history, virtually stole the show away from 15,000 veterans who turned out yesterday to enthrall upward of 125,000 persons here with the greatest Armistice Day celebration since 1919.

## 500 IN LINE

Upward of 500 of them, their ages ranging between five and 15 years, marched behind pulsating drum corps, blaring bands, and units bedecked in the colors of the rainbow, matched steps and arm-swings with their dads, as the great celebration wended its way through the streets packed with thousands, reminding those living that the hero dead have not been forgotten. And cheering them, especially, it seemed, were 20 times that number of children—all sons and daughters of veterans.

## AMERICAN PLAN MONTREAL PARTY

The principal topic of conversation at City Hall today is the annual winter carnival and New Year's party of members of James M. Curley, Jr., Court, M. C. O. F., which is to be given this year at Hotel Windsor, Montreal. Plans call for departure of the merry-makers from North Station, Friday, December 30, and arrival in Boston on the return trip Tuesday, January 3.

## PEDONTI IN RACE

Frank T. Pedonti, assistant secretary to Mayor Curley, who recently announced that he is to be a candidate for city council in ward 3, Martin M. Lomasney's stronghold, next year, has already started organization of a campaign committee. Three groups are to work in his behalf, one in the North End section of the ward, another in the West End, and a third in the South End precincts.



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## COUNCIL RACE LOOMS

There will be a real fight for election as president of the Boston City Council at the beginning of the year. Friends believe that President Edward M. Gallagher of Ward 22, Brighton, will seek reelection, although they admit he will have strong opposition. The cause of the widespread interest in this contest is due to the fact that the next Council head will serve as mayor for the last nine months of 1936 in the event that Mayor Curley accepts a federal appointment from President Roosevelt.

It was the first time since the World war that so many children—children of veterans—participated as marchers and spectators in an Armistice Day celebration. It came without any advance notice from veteran organizations and caught everyone by surprise.

## Inspiring Sight

The effect of the sight was inspiring. And it brought a mixture of tears and smiles, which seemed to mean "America's all right, don't worry," to the faces of thousands. It was a tremendous tribute both to the hero dead who made the day possible and to those who came back and who are still carrying on, through their offsprings, the same spirit of patriotism, devotion and service, that sent hundreds of thousands of their from warm firesides to filthy, slimy trenches when their country called.

## Keep Dads Encouraged

And how those youngsters marched! They held their heads up high, and their eyes straight forward! They swung their small arms, and snapped their hands to salute with the poise and calmness of veteran paraders! And how the thousands of youngsters, who didn't march, but who thronged the sidewalks, cheered and applauded them onward!

Where the dads of some of them seemed to tire as they sought to keep step, with a warm sun beating down upon them, the youngsters doubled the speed of their marching feet, smiled up into their faces and inquired, "Are you getting tired, daddy?" When a few of them tried to drop out as they neared the end of the parade, the children tugged at them gently and warned them, "It isn't over yet, pop. Come on, it won't be long now."

## Leaders of Bands

Practically every unit that made the march from Commonwealth avenue and Hereford street, along Boylston street, Tremont street, Temple place, Washington street, School street, Beacon street and to the Common, where the parade disbanded, had among its marchers a score or more of children and veterans. Most of the drum corps and bands were led by youngsters. Two-thirds were boys and the remainder girls.

All were attired in the uniforms of the units with which they were marching. Several swung batons almost as large as themselves. A number carried them twice their size. Not a few of them wore steel helmets and carried guns, presenting picturesque miniatures of their fathers as they appeared 15 years ago.

## Like Real Soldiers

From one end of the awe-inspiring spectacle to the other the boys tried their best to look and act like real soldiers. The girls made their hardest efforts to look like Red Cross nurses and Salvation Army lassies. One whole contingent of them, attired in American Legion uniforms and bright-green tam-o'-shanters, led by Senator Edward C. Carroll of South Boston, strutted proudly as part of the Michael J. Perkins Post, American Legion, South Boston.

Another, wearing khaki and carrying flags and banners, marched imposingly under the title, "Jake's army," with the South End Post, 105, American Legion. Another group, attired in white shirts, black ties and silver helmets, paraded with the North End Post, American Legion.

## Girls in Drum Corps

Heading the Roxbury Post, 44, American Legion, was a drum and fife corps of girls and boys, in perfect step and rendering peppy tunes as their dads and mothers marched behind them. A rosy-cheeked band of girls, with plenty of music and unison in their instruments and gait, led the Bessie P. Edwards Post, American Legion. Evelyn Sears, 17, daughter of a veteran, whose natural beauty was enhanced by her red, white and blue uniform, led the George H. Russell group of Spanish war veterans of Winthrop. A snappy drum and fife corps, wearing blue and white, headed the Elsie Janis Post, American Legion.

## Many Women in Line

Quincy's veterans were led by a bright-eyed miss who made a decided hit along the route as she swung her baton with the dexterity of a veteran strutter. Two boys, hardly reaching up to the Sam Browne belts worn by their fathers, acted as aids to the color-bearers who headed the Francis G. Kane Post, American Legion, of Dorchester, while two other boys, less than 10 years old, led the Old Dorchester Post, 65.

Aside from the spectacle of the children of veterans parading, the parade was marked by a large number of women marchers, the numerous bands and drum corps, massed flags and variegated uniforms.

## Floats Noteworthy

Floats also attracted considerable attention. One was a reproduction of a machine gun nest, sandbags, barbed wire, and machine gunners firing a staccato rattle of blanks at various points along the route. The Daley Post, Veterans of Foreign Wars, presented the float.

Another depicted the poppies and white crosses of Flanders Field, the presentation of the Beckwith Post, American Legion.

At various points in the line of march were automobiles with wounded veterans and their relatives; massed colors of the G. A. R. veterans; Spanish-American war veterans; Veterans of Foreign Wars and the American Legion; together with their numerous women auxiliaries. Unlike most veterans' parades there was a lack of generals and high field officers participating in yesterday's march.

## Spanish War Vets Lead

The Spanish-American war veterans led the parade, behind an escort of mounted police and United States Marines, naval reserves and national guard troops. Behind them came the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and after them came the American Legion.

Charlestown veterans were attired in black and gray. Brockton veterans attracted attention in their silver helmets. Revere's drum and fife corps made a hit with its turn-about strutting in front of the reviewing stands at City Hall and the State House. New Bedford's outstanding. The members, led by Mark King, were attired in French uniforms of light blue and trench helmets. The Old Dorchester Post, American Legion, in their yellow trousers and dark coats, also made a hit along the line of march.

There were large bands and drum corps from Lynn, Charlestown, East Boston, Roxbury, Mattapan, Chelsea, Lawrence, Quincy, Jamaica Plain, and practically every section of Boston.



# Federal Jobs Hunt Now On in Bay State

## Patronage Looms as Sequel to Election Overturn, with Many Prize Plums on Tree

By William F. Furbush

There is a large tree laden with Federal political plums in Massachusetts awaiting shaking by the Democrats as the result of their Presidential victory last Tuesday. Office holders under twelve years of Republican control in Washington now are wondering how soon after President-elect Roosevelt is inaugurated in March the fruit will begin to drop for the Democrats. Patronage, with a big "P" looms like a huge electric sign on the Bay State horizon, and the most attractive of the fruit is to be plucked away from the Republicans in the Boston section of the job garden.

Such positions as United States marshal, collector of internal revenue, collector of customs, postmaster, United States attorney and immigration commissioner are among the major Federal posts in this immediate section at which new heads are expected to be found some time or other during the coming period of four years starting March 4 under the Democratic President. The Federal jobs under patronage are far-flung throughout the Commonwealth, including many postmasterships in the first, second and third classes which are not immune from change under the civil service protection enjoyed by the four-class postmasters.

By the change in Administration so overwhelmingly ordered by the electorate of the country on Nov. 8, with Massachusetts contributing its modest share by a margin of around 62,000 for Governor Roosevelt, the importance of Federal patronage is brought forcefully home to the voters who, having become familiar down through many years with the existing personnel in the numerous Federal services, now must speculate on the changes to ensue from their mandate.

### Curley Is to Have Hand

It is in this connection that Mayor James M. Curley, initial and persistently sturdy supporter of the Roosevelt candidacy in the face of opposition from Alfred E. Smith's loyal backers, comes again prominently into the picture, at least as concerns the distribution of patronage in the Boston area.

There is some question of the extent to which the Curley influence will reach in the coming appointments, for it is apparently obvious that the bulk of the control of the patronage will rest in the hands of Senator David I. Walsh, with no little measure of it also resting with Governor Joseph B. Ely, first because he is his party's national committeeman and secondly in return for the unquestioned strength which his smashing victory over Lieutenant Governor William S. Youngman gave to the Roosevelt cause at the polls last Tuesday. Senator Marcus A. Coolidge, Senator Walsh's Democratic colleague, also will figure in the patronage question and then there also are the Democratic congressmen to be considered in the distribution of many of the jobs.

In the main, however, there seems to be agreement that Mayor Curley will have considerable weight when it comes to be determined who among the Democratic aspirants for the more lucrative Federal positions hereabouts—and there will be a small army of them—will win out.

### Wholesale Dismissals Unlikely

Unless the Democrats are so hungry for office as to discard precedents, no wholesale dismissals are anticipated and the change will be gradual so not to interfere with the efficiency of the various departments.

The more immediate of the big prizes anticipated by the Democrats is the office of collector of internal revenue, now held by Thomas W. White, who succeeded Malcolm E. Nichols when the latter left the post to become mayor of Boston. Collector White's term expires in August and, if precedent prevails, as it is expected to do under the age-old rule that to the victor belong the spoils, a Democrat will succeed him. This change also involves a shift in the personnel of the deputies, selected by the collector under approval of the commissioner of internal revenue at Washington.

Collector White, smilingly philosophical over the Democratic landslide and labeling its effects upon him as one of the fortunes of war, said this morning that he does not consider his position has any definite tenure as such, but is subject to the will of the President. Accordingly he will have sent in his resignation, he said, by the time Governor Roosevelt takes his oath of office in March.

There are about 250 attaches of the revenue department scattered throughout the State, and, while civil service protects a large number of them, the positions available for change under the patronage system are enough to afford the hungry Democrats a vista of many new jobs. It is recalled, however, that under Republican control of this office many Democrats were retained in keeping with a decision not to impair the efficiency of the department and there is the further consideration that many in the personnel are war veterans whom the Democrats might hesitate to molest.

### Hurley Appears Safe

Another of the major prizes the Democrats see dangling before their eyes is that of the position of Collector of Customs, now held by W. W. Lufkin. His term does not expire until March, 1934, however, and unless precedents are broken it is not expected there will be an immediate change, though Mayor Curley may apply a little pressure to make this office available as part of his immediate distribution of the fortunes of war.

It is not expected that Postmaster William E. Hurley's position will be gunned for very strenuously before the regular expiration of his term, well along in the Roosevelt administration, as his position here is considered substantially non-political. There also is reasonable ground for the belief, based on the long-established efficiency of Postmaster Hurley, that when his term does expire his record will be such an outstanding asset that even the most hungry of the party office-seekers will not be able to bring about a change.

The term of United States Attorney Frederick C. Tarr does not expire until well along in the forthcoming Roosevelt administration, but the term of United States Marshal W. J. Keville expires sufficiently soon for the Democrats to be casting wistful eyes at the post as among the earliest of the plums to be gathered. Still another of the available posts-to-be is that of Commissioner of Immigration for this district, held by Mrs. Anna C. M. Tillinghast.

Postmasters in the Bay State coming under the patronage made available by the Democratic cyclone include forty-nine in the first-class, seventy-eight in

the second and 191 in the third. None of these is in the civil service and the appointments are for four years. If Roosevelt follows precedents, all will be permitted to finish out their terms, although, if the Democrats want to kick any of them upstairs, they can put new men in their places.

Federal officers in the State, such as customs, immigration inspectors, light-house officers, etc., are under civil service and are not affected by a change of administration. Prohibition administrators are under civil service rules also and accordingly should escape the effects of the Democratic sweep.

### Bundy, Payne Due to Go

Some Massachusetts men are in Washington in the little cabinet, including Harvey H. Bundy, assistant Secretary of State and Frederick H. Payne, assistant Secretary of War. They are due to retire on March 4. Dr. Julius Klein, assistant Secretary of Commerce, was for some time a resident of this State and he also seems slated for retirement to civil life. In the diplomatic service Bay Staters are considered safe, excepting heads of missions whose resignation, barring a few cases, will doubtless be accepted. Joseph C. Grew, ambassador to Japan, is a Bay Stater, who may be retained because he is a career man.

## HERO PHOTOS GIFT TO CITY

### Jamaica Plain High in Honor to War Dead

More than 1000 persons attended the exercises last night at Mary E. Curley School, Centre street, Jamaica Plain, when 45 pictures of war heroes, all from Jamaica Plain, etched in gold, were presented to the city to be placed in the Jamaica Plain High School.

Mayor Curley accepted the gifts, which were presented by Michael J. O'Connell Post, American Legion. Department Commander James P. Rose of the American Legion was also a speaker. The invocation at the exercises was given by the Rev. James F. Kelly of Our Lady of Lourdes Church.

ant  
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as the veterans put on. It was unprepared for the dazzling uniforms, the trick drills, the bands that literally piled one upon the other, the participation of the soldier's family in the parade and the novelties introduced. The crowds which lined the streets cheered them to the echo and a couple of more tons of ticker tape and torn telephone books were showered upon them. The parade started at 2:05 at Hereford st and Commonwealth av. It broke up at 4:20 on Boston Common.

Sprinkled generously throughout the line were the children, all of them dressed in appropriate costumes. "Jake's Army" probably brought the loudest laugh along the line of march because Jake had his kids togged out in tunics and trousers which had survived 1918.

### Spanish War Vets March

Led by Supt of Police Michael H. Crowley who blazed the path for the marchers by going ahead in his car, the line moved off at 2:05 behind a detail of mounted police, followed by State Commander of the Legion James P. Rose and his staff. The Spanish War Veterans had the right of line and the position of honor, and preceding them was the oldest veteran in line, Albert Phinney of Brookline, 86, member of the Stephen F. Rutledge Post, V. F. W. He carried a bouquet that had been given him at the start and he walked the entire distance. He was loudly applauded all along the line of march.

One of the first features to arouse immediate interest and capture the crowds was the Roxbury Post Junior Auxiliary Corps, all young daughters of veterans, with a high-stepping and pretty drum major dressed in white and gold. The next outstanding spectacle was the massed flags of the veterans' organizations, a patch of brilliant moving color that extended for three or four blocks.

Revere Post, V. F. W., presented one of the snappiest drill teams in the line, a drum and bugle corps which could suddenly reverse itself and move in any direction in unison for the amusement of spectators and reviewing officials; another was the Overseas Post, V. F. W., of Lynn, with a similar fife and drum corps.

The Edith Nourse Rogers Cadets were dazzling in uniforms of scarlet and gold and vying with them was the Elsie Janis Girl Cadets, led by Margaret Walsh. These were dressed in what one of them described as powder blue and scarlet. The Newspapermen's Post, A. L., with one of the largest military bands in line, also attracted considerable attention.

### Another Girl Leader

At the head of the George H. Russell Post of Winthrop was another girl band leader, Evelyn Sears, 17, of Winthrop, who could twirl a baton with the best of them and presented a very pretty appearance in a special uniform. She got loud applause along the line of march.

Brockton Post, V. F. W., followed an excellent band with an automobile float, reproducing a scene showing a machine-gun nest in action. The Somerville veterans came along in a uniform of kilties. Another float was presented by the Newburyport Post demanding payment of the bonus.

Another excellent band was that of the Boston Firemen's Post and following them came another of the especially outfitted units in the parade, the Suffolk County American Legion Cadets, a bevy of beautiful women wearing uniforms of purple velvet, bright yellow and white.

There were at least a half hundred little drum majors sprinkled throughout the line, the smallest perhaps being

the 5-year-old who led the band of Quincy Post, American Legion. Cambridge Post also presented an interesting appearance in uniforms of black and red, with "silver" helmets. Medford Post was dressed in blue and gray with another of the parade's outstanding drum and bugle corps.

At City Hall, Mayor Curley reviewed the passing veterans, and at the State House, Adjt Gen John A. Agnew represented Gov Ely on the reviewing stand. When the head of the line reached the State House, Dept Commander Rose dropped out and joined Adjt Gen Agnew and Dept Adjt Harold P. Redden. They were escorted by Sergt-at-Arms Charles O. Hold. Also on the State House steps reviewing the parade was Maj James Parker, 82, Spanish War veteran and an officer on the quartermaster's staff of the Massachusetts National Guard.

RECORD

## ADMIRABLE SELECTION

Mayor Curley's appointment of William Cardinal O'Connell as a trustee of Boston Public Library, to succeed the Rt. Rev. Mgr. Arthur C. Connolly, who resigned on account of illness, was a splendid choice on the part of the Mayor. The library trustees have to pass upon questions of literature and public reading; also upon matters in the realm of art. In both these fields His Eminence has fullest qualifications. While it is asking a great deal of Cardinal O'Connell to burden himself with this additional responsibility, his judgment will be of high value to the trustees of this important branch of civic affairs.

NEBRALD

## Will Move in City Council for Beer; Barker Won't Say How He'll Proceed

Councilman William H. Barker of East Boston yesterday became the champion of local legislation which would legalize the sale of beer of more than one half of one per cent alcoholic content.

He announced his intention of enlisting the aid of the city council Monday to bring legal beer back to Boston. By what form of legislative legislation Barker plans to accomplish what parliamentary experts say is impossible was not disclosed by him; but he made known his intention of sponsoring an order to permit the sale of beer, which he will ask the council to approve.

City officials regarded Barker's plan as a joke and refused to credit him with seriousness in the matter. They pointed out that the council would not even consider such an order as he contemplates presenting.

Mayor Curley laughed when he heard of it. Colleagues of Barker treated it hilariously. Councilman Israel Ruby expressed the hope that the council would acquire from some untapped source authority to nullify both state and federal laws, but he voiced his regret that a number of legislative moves

must occur before 3 per cent. beer can be purchased publicly and legally in Boston or elsewhere.

"What the people want is one matter," said Ruby, "but when they will get what they want is something else. If the city council had the authority, I would venture to predict that beer would be available tomorrow but unfortunately the council is in a state of innocuous desuetude in this matter."

Councilman Joseph McGrath of Dorchester laughed loudly when he heard that he was to be invited to bring beer back to Boston. "You mean, if I can find any," he said.

Councilman Peter A. Murray was anxious to know if Barker intended to confine the legalizing of beer to East Boston or if he proposed to extend the beer territory to Jamaica Plain. "I know a few out my way," said Murray, "who might be coaxed into buying a little beer if they could find it."

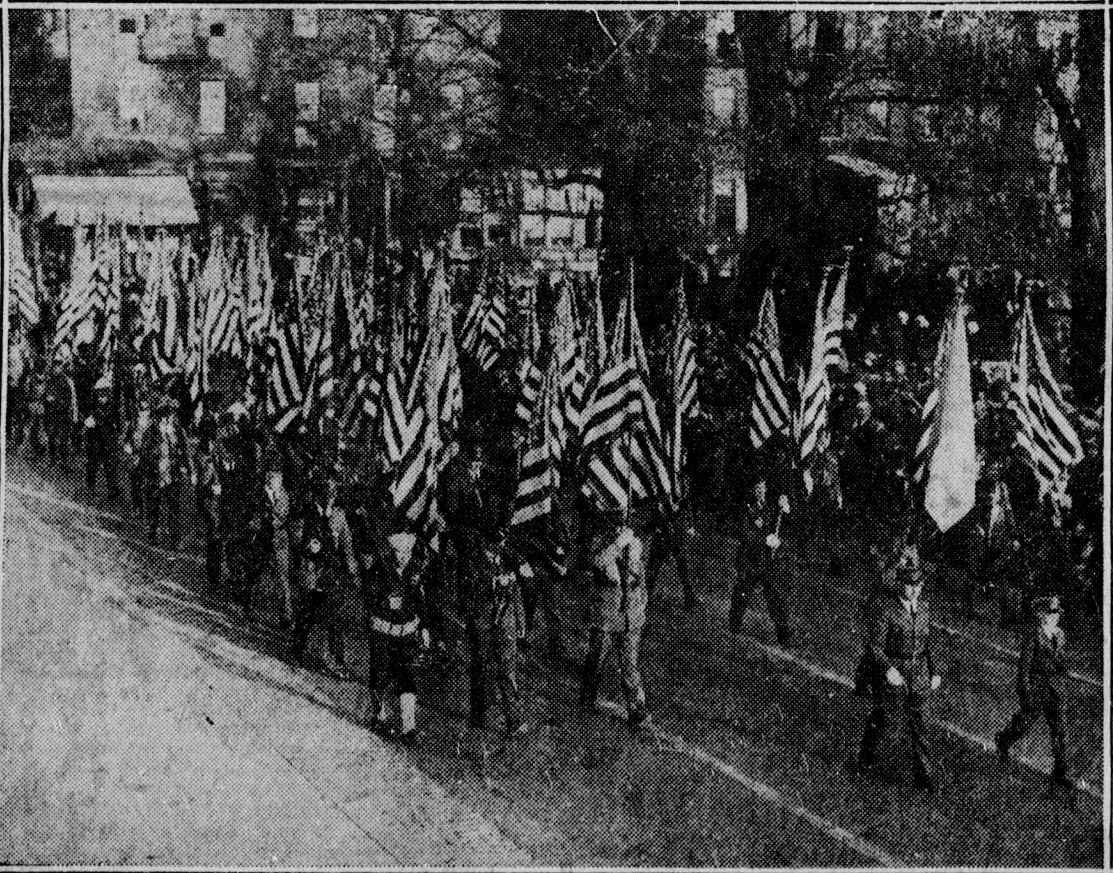
Barker's action seemed last night destined to be limited to a resolution requesting Congress to modify the Volstead act as its first official decision after meeting in December.



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# 12,000 MARCH IN PARADE MARKING ARMISTICE HERE

Many Children of World War Veterans in Ranks  
Reviewed by Mayor and Adjt Gen Agnew,  
As Well as 100,000 Along Route



MASSED COLORS OF VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS

Boston witnessed a surprising parade yesterday—surprising in its brilliance, its length and the story that it told about the veteran of yesterday.

The boys who came back from the World War to cast his first vote at the age of 21 passed in review yesterday at the age of 35. Fourteen years ago, at the threshold of manhood, he marched in the olive drab of the army with his rifle on his shoulder. Yesterday his son marched

in the bugle corps, and his daughter was the beautiful girl with the golden curls in scarlet and velvet and silver, stepping high and twirling a drum major's baton with skill and ease.

The veteran of yesterday who came back from the war not much more than a boy is approaching middle age. The youngster is now the mature man, and this accounts for the number of veterans' children in yesterday's parade. Senator Edward Carroll of South Boston was the outstanding daddy, perhaps.

Dressed in the blue and gold uniform of the Legion and wearing the green beret—the distinctive green of South Boston—he stepped off with his six children, all outfitted in replicas of their dad's Legion uniform.

## 12,000 in Line

There were 12,000 veterans in line, according to the estimate of Supt. of Police Michael H. Crowley, and he estimated that more than 100,000 persons lined the streets to watch them pass in review.

Boston was taken off guard. It had not been prepared for such a show.

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# MAYOR CURLEY WELCOMED HOME—AGAIN

It's been just one welcome home after another for James Michael Curley these days. There was a welcome after each speechmaking trip in the campaign. Now here he is being welcomed on his return from New York Wednesday morning.

RECORD

## 100,000 LINE STREETS TO SEE FLOATS PASS

In an appropriate atmosphere of solemnity more than 100,000 persons witnessed the great Armistice Day parade with 15,000 veterans of the World War, their comrade survivors of other conflicts and members of other auxiliaries marching beneath clear skies through Back Bay and downtown streets yesterday.

Throughout Greater Boston and New England millions of citizens and war veterans joined in other observances of the signing of the Armistice, as part of the world-wide peace-day celebration.

Boston began its day with patriotic exercises at the Parkman bandstand on Boston Common, whereat high officers of the army and navy and veterans' organizations delivered addresses, preceded by a moment of silence at 11 o'clock—the hour on Nov. 11, 1918, when the great European conflict came to an end. The crowd of 3000 stood while cannon on the parade ground boomed a salute and taps were sounded for the dead.

It was just 2:15 when Chief Marshal James P. Rose, state commander of the American Legion, gave the signal for the start of the great parade.

By that time, Commonwealth

ave. from Marlboro st., the starting point, to Arlington st., where the marchers turned toward Boylston, thousands of spectators lined the sidewalks.

More women and children witnessed yesterday's procession than have turned out for any previous Boston parade.

A detail of mounted police headed the long line through Boylston st. to Tremont st. to Temple Place to Washington, School, Beacon and Charles streets to the Common parade ground, where the columns were dismissed.

Mayor James M. Curley reviewed the marching hosts of veterans at City Hall. He stopped the parade time and again to present bouquets of vari-colored chrysanthemums to division marshals, to pretty girl drum majors, to crippled vets marching in line and to youngsters toddling along in colorful costumes with "daddies" and uncles.

At the State House reviewing stand Adjt.-Gen. John H. Agnew, representing Gov. Ely, State Commander James Rose of the American Legion and State Adjt. Harold Redden officially inspected the parade.

At the head of the columns were detachments of marines from the Navy Yard and a platoon of naval reserves.

### SPANISH WAR VETS MARCH

Members of the Veterans of Foreign Wars were given the right of way following Marshal Rose and his staff.

A grand showing was that of the United Spanish War Veterans, hundreds of whom with women's auxiliaries took part in the march.

Well forward in the line was George H. Russell Post, V. F. W., of Winthrop, its drum corps led by pretty Evelyn Sears, 17-year-old drum-major. Women members of Norfolk County Auxiliary, V. F. W., with uniforms of French blue and scarlet, topped by scarlet helmets, drew applause as Capt. Charlotte Rowe led them by the reviewing stands. She drew one of Mayor Curley's bouquets.

The Boston Fire Department Post with its crack band was a unit applauded all along the line. Revere Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars was led by its famous fife and drum corps. This organization marched and counter-marched in evolutions before the City Hall and State House stands to the plaudits of the watching spectators.

Other units which presented excellent marching lines and stirring bands and drum corps were those from Lynn, Brockton, Malden, Melrose, Medford, Rockland, Newton, East Boston and Newburyport.

Children with fife, drum and bugle, all members of Roxbury Post Junior Auxiliary Corps, received the plaudits of thousands.

A large detail of police under the personal supervision of Supt. Michael Crowley, handled the record crowd of spectators with no confusion or accident.



## Curley Spent Large Amount for Roosevelt

Perhaps \$20,000 on Speaking Tours and Campaign in Boston

By Forrest P. Hull

Just how much Mayor Curley spent out of his own pocket in his campaign for Governor Roosevelt may never be figured out by him, but some of his admirers are saying that it must have cost him \$20,000 or more to look out for Boston in registration and vote-casting and to make his frequent trips to New York and Albany for consultation and for the two speaking tours, one to the Pacific coast and the other to Pennsylvania. And yet, so far as known, the mayor has not received a hint as to what political reward will be his.

The question of reward appears to be on everybody's lips. Friend and foe alike are speculating, and "he suggests" all the way from a Federal position in Boston to a cabinet portfolio. It was regarded as a joke that the mayor may be invited to go to Puerto Rico as governor general, by reason of his service with the island delegation at the Democratic National Convention.

It is rather significant that among the hundreds of congratulatory letters and telegrams received at City Hall, only a few refer to a Federal position for the mayor. Many of the writers vaguely predict for him a still more brilliant political future, but fail to specify whether an appointment by Roosevelt, the governorship or a senatorial seat is in their minds. One writer, prominent in the moving picture industry, expressed the hope that he and his friends would be able some day to work just as hard for the mayor as a presidential candidate as they had worked for Roosevelt.

### Will Not Discuss It

Except for a private statement a few weeks ago that neither Governor Roosevelt nor any of the leading figures in his campaign had made any mention to him of a Federal position in case of victory, the mayor has not dropped a hint of what might happen or what he might accept. He was asked by friends who welcomed him at the Back Bay station Wednesday night what he expected, but made no reply. Newspapermen have attempted to draw him out on the question, but to no avail.

At the Hotel Biltmore, New York, on Tuesday night the mayor had an interview of ten minutes with Governor Roosevelt, but he insists that not a word was said about administration rewards. "In fact, it would have been out of place," the mayor is reported to have told his friends. "We met there at the climax of the campaign, and though we had every reason to expect that the governor had won an overwhelming victory, it would have been nonsense to discuss the future." "Hello, Jim," "Hello, Mary," was the exuberant greeting Governor Roosevelt extended to the mayor and his daughter as he caught sight of them entering the door to his hotel suite at ten o'clock that night. The genuineness of that welcome

will long live in the memory of the mayor, even though perhaps no last moment salutation of the sort was necessary to convince him of the strong bond of affection which exists between the two men.

### No Doubt of Friendship

But for many weeks, even some of the mayor's best friends, have questioned whether Governor Roosevelt was not merely tolerating the mayor's incessant activity for his cause. This sentiment became so widespread in local Democratic circles that Peter F. Tague, chairman of the election department, felt it his duty to spread the word on every favorable occasion that in all his political career he had not been conscious of a stronger bond of friendship than that which existed between the mayor and the governor. Chairman Tague accompanied the mayor on one of his visits to Albany to consult with Roosevelt and for three hours watched the two men as they talked.

Friends of the mayor are inclined to believe that he would resign to accept a Cabinet portfolio, but for no other position in the gift of the President. They also say that the mayor has expressed to them his great desire to remain at City Hall during his present term which will not end until Jan. 1, 1934, no matter what position might be offered him. To leave the city service now, in the midst of business depression, when the tax rate is the highest the city ever experienced and property valuations by official decrees are sinking day after day, thus indicating a still higher tax rate next year, would be anything but pleasing to Mr. Curley, as he has been known to remark.

There are many angles to the mayor's activity for Roosevelt of which the public will never be officially acquainted. The mayor himself has said more than once that not only did he stake his political reputation on Roosevelt by being the original leading New England Democrat in the field for the governor, but owing to the hostility of the Governor Smith adherents he was forced to "take it on the chin" in every conceivable way. His forced absence from the Massachusetts campaign field was one of the greatest blows in his political career, but there are details of his touring engagements in Pennsylvania and throughout the West which might prove interesting reading. For instance, was Mr. Curley forced to pay the expenses of both these tours, in view of the depleted national Democratic campaign fund, or lack of interest in New York? Did the national organization or the mayor's own workers make up the Western itinerary, in the absence of such interest on the part of the national committee?

How much money the mayor spent in Boston alone has not been divulged, but he has remarked about an expenditure of \$3200 as the rental of registration headquarters. Though there were hundreds of volunteer workers, both for registration and at the polls, the question has been raised how much money was actually necessary to safeguard Governor Roosevelt's interests throughout the city. It is publicly known, however, that the mayor contributed \$5000 to the national Democratic campaign fund on his visit to New York a few days before the election.

## Curley Rebukes Communist Group

Insisting on the right to regulate the hours for visitors to his office, Mayor Curley refused to see a delegation of the Unemployment Council, with offices in the South End, Monday afternoon at 12.30, as they had informed him they would call. He told them that all his time was taken for Monday, but that he would see them on Tuesday at eleven o'clock.

The appeal to the mayor was in behalf of work, the Council asking that he arrange for a conference with members of the City Council, as in the past.

## Council May Have Debate on Beer

Unless Councillor William H. Barker of East Boston sees a new light over the Sabbath, he will introduce an order in the City Council on Monday to permit the sale of beer above the present legal limit. His associates who were interviewed laughed at the information and said that they would not even consider such an order. Later came the word from Mr. Barker that his order might be limited to a resolution requesting Congress to modify the Volstead Act.

Mayor Curley, asked about the despatch from Chicago that Mayor Cermak had given the brewers encouragement to make beer stronger than the legal limit, remarked that he would not think of any such action here. Anyway, he would be powerless to act as the police commissioner enforces the law. Commissioner Hultman declined to discuss any phase of the situation and United States Attorney Tarr announced that he would stand pat on the laws.

## Lecture by Mayor Curley Nov. 21 at Public Library

The seventh Washington Bicentennial lecture in the Public Library series arranged by the Boston committee will be given by Mayor Curley on Monday evening, Nov. 21. The mayor will summarize the activities in Boston during the year in honoring Washington.

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# GOLD PORTRAITS OF 282 WORLD WAR DEAD UNVEILED

45 Uncovered at Mary Curley School, 104 at South Boston  
High, 25 at Hyde Park High and 108 at Michelangelo  
School—Curley, Logan Speak

Imperishable gold portraits of men who died in the World War were unveiled in various Boston school buildings last night with ceremonies participated in by members of the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars and city officials.

Speaking at the Mary Curley School at Centre st and Pershing road, Jamaica Plain, where 45 portraits were unveiled, Mayor James M. Curley said that the city of Boston in placing these permanent memorials in commemoration of the services of its citizenship during the World War, is engaged in a most meritorious and commendable work.

"These men whom we honor today," said the Mayor, "have done their part for the preservation and perpetuation of our sacred heritage. May their inspiring example serve as a guide to us so that we in our day and generation may live true to the highest and most ennobling attributes that our citizenship teaches and that the flag of our country inspires in us. I appreciate how feeble and futile words are to assuage the sorrow of a mother's heart who has suffered the loss of a son and how meaningless is the knowledge that all men are born to die; yet I recognize that here is some measure of solace in the knowledge that he who dies for a principle and for his fellowman has, in passing from this life, earned God's mercy and is deserving of His charity in the life beyond."

## State Legion Head Present

Relatives of the honored dead attended the various exercises. At the Mary Curley school addresses were also delivered by James P. Rose, state commander of the American Legion; Henry V. O'Day, American Legion department adjutant; Joseph E. Reilly, commander of Michael J. O'Connell Post, American Legion, and Harry Cook, commander of John W. Murphy Post, Veterans of Foreign Wars.

Rev James F. Kelly, pastor of Our Lady of Lourdes Church, Jamaica Plain, delivered the invocation and Rev Thomas C. Campbell, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, Jamaica Plain, the benediction.

The portraits after the unveiling and the sounding of "Taps" by the Drum and Bugle Corps of Michael J. O'Connell Post were accepted on behalf of the city by Mayor Curley.

Portraits of 104 of South Boston's hero dead were unveiled at the South Boston High School, Thomas Park. The hall was taxed to its capacity with about 2000 persons.

City Councillor William G. Lynch presided as chairman. Rev George A.

Scully of the Gate of Heaven Church gave the invocation. Lieut Gen Edward L. Logan was the orator for the occasion. He spoke feelingly of the men and women who had served their country during the war and he paid tribute to the people who stayed at home. He pictured the war and the anxieties that everyone felt while it was in progress.

## Cites Valor of Three

He mentioned three of the veterans whose portraits were in the group and explained that the valor of these three men was typical of all the others. He cited Thomas J. Fitzgerald, in whose memory a Veterans of Foreign Wars post is named, Christopher J. Lee and Michael J. Perkins.

The general suggested that in the unveiling of the portraits each person should renew his allegiance to his country. He spoke of South Boston's contribution to the service in war time and declared that no people in any part of this country were more prompt in responding to the call of their country or more zealous in the service of their country than the men and women who joined the service from South Boston.

Mrs Alice McCauley sang several patriotic numbers and the Michael J. Perkins Post band also contributed.

City Councillor George P. Donovan accepted the portraits for the City of Boston. He expressed a hope that some day the city of Boston would establish a suitable memorial for its war dead and that all the portraits would be placed in archives dedicated for just that purpose.

Rev Louis W. West, pastor of the South Baptist Church gave the benediction.

## At Hyde Park School

In the Hyde Park High School portraits of 25 Hyde Park boys were unveiled. As the 25 pictures came into view "Taps" was sounded by Ambrose Claus and Simon A. Veno, buglers of Cecil W. Fogg Post, A. L.

Commander Patrick H. Laughlin of Cecil Fogg Post, A. L., presided at the exercises, which were opened with an invocation by Rev Edward F. Crowley, pastor of the Church of the Precious Blood. City Councillor Clement A. Norton made the principal address and the speech of acceptance was by Chairman William Arthur Reilly of the School Committee. Rev Chellis V. Smith, pastor of the Hyde Park Baptist Church gave the benediction.

Alfonsus McDermott of Fogg Post sang and the Fogg Post Band played.

## 108 at Michelangelo School

With the North End Post, A. L., in charge of the ceremony, 108 portraits of World War dead were unveiled in the Michelangelo School last night.

Before the unveiling the post marched through the North End streets, followed by a crowd of more than 5000, mostly children.

At the unveiling ceremony Past Commander Anthony Moschella was chairman, the invocation was delivered by Rev Bernardino Franchini of St Leonard's Church, North End, and the portraits were accepted on behalf of the city by City Councillor John I. Fitzgerald.

There was an address by Frank P. Fralli, grand deputy of the Sons of Italy, and the benediction was pronounced by Rev Francis E. Webster of the Old North Church. The chairman of the reception committee was Past Commander George Costanzo of the North End Post.

# GOLD PORTRAITS OF WAR DEAD UNVEILED

Memory of 79 East Boston  
H. S. Pupils Honored

The memory of 79 East Boston High School pupils who were killed in the World War was perpetuated last night when imperishable gold portraits were unveiled in the main lobby of the school, in the presence of a large gathering of relatives, war veterans and city officials. James E. Conway, senior department vice commander of the American Legion, presided.

Edward F. O'Dowd, representing Mayor James M. Curley, made the presentation in behalf of the city, and Mrs Elizabeth W. Pigeon, member of the School Committee from East Boston, accepted the gift in behalf of the school.

Congressman John J. Douglass of East Boston was the orator, paying glowing tribute to the memory of the Nation's hero dead.

Invocation was by Rev William B. Whalen, pastor of the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer, the mother church of the Catholic parishes in East Boston. Benediction was pronounced by Rev George S. Fiske, rector of St Andrew's Church, Orient Heights. Vocal selections were rendered by Miss Grace Chadwick and John Ohlson.

Instrumental music was by the band of Lieut Lawrence Flaherty Post. Buglers of this group sounded taps at the unveiling of the portraits, Flaherty Post, A. L., Orient Heights Post, A. L., and East Boston Post, V. F. W., were represented by large delegations.

Arrangements were made by a committee consisting of City Councillor William H. Barker, chairman; Thomas J. Murphy, Commander Robert J. Gunning of Lieut Lawrence J. Flaherty Post, A. L.; Commander Edward P. Lang of East Boston Post, V. F. W.; Commander Alfred Abate of Orient Heights Post, A. L., and Commander Charles Carey of the Maj P. J. Grady Camp, U. S. W. V.



## Public Meetings, Dedication of Memorials Mark Armistice Day

### LEGION LEADER HITS AT PACIFISTS

In its two-fold character as a solemn and stern reminder of the sacrifices of the war and as a remembrance of the promise of peace brought to a war-torn world, the Armistice day celebration yesterday in Greater Boston assumed a varied form, with every community staging one or another type of patriotic event in honor of the day.

The various observances took the form chiefly of public meetings, parades, memorial masses, dedications of memorials to war dead, and—in the evening—grand military balls and other social events. At 11 o'clock in the morning, the anniversary of the signing of the armistice was universally recalled in the observance of a minute of silence both by those engaged in their daily tasks and those assembled at public meetings for formal celebration of the day.

Boston's greatest Armistice day parade was easily the most thrilling event of the day. Memories of the welcome home parade of the 26th division in the spring of 1919 were evoked as thousands of world war veterans, soldiers, sailors, marines, veterans of other wars and veterans auxiliaries circled the Common, detoured through the downtown area and swung up past the State House.

More than 15,000 marched in the seven divisions, which were applauded by other thousands jamming sidewalks, office windows and points of vantage. World war veterans from all parts of Massachusetts answered the call of the American Legion to make the 1932 Armistice day parade the greatest since the country began observing the anniversary of the armistice.

In addition to the great military parade in the afternoon, the Boston observance included chiefly a memorial meeting at the Parkman bandstand on Boston Common, under auspices of the Greater Boston chapter of the Military Order of the World War. The meeting opened at 11 o'clock with a minute of silence followed by taps and a three-gun salute from cannon on the athletic field.

The formal program opened with invocation by Maj. Abbot Peterson of the 26th division.

In a formal address, Richard F. Paul, former Massachusetts department commander of the American Legion, and former national vice-commander of the organization, strongly condemned "parlor pink pacifists." These, he said, have been responsible for reductions in appropriations for national defence for bringing them to their present level of less than those of 1882. Within five years, he declared, Japan and other

great powers will have eight times as many destroyers and cruisers as the United States unless this country builds its navy "of steel and not of paper."

Col. Walter S. Grant, chief of staff of the First Corps Area, gave an account of the history of the United States army, while Capt. Jesse B. Gay, chief of staff of the first naval district, paid glowing tribute to the men of Massachusetts who served in the navy during the war. The exercises were brought to a close with a brief address by Mrs. Emily Squire of the Cambridge chapter, American War Mothers. A half-dozen gold star mothers seated in front of the bandstand wept as the speaker cited the sacrifice made by their sons.

"Only you mothers know the anguish and heart-throbbing experiences when the news was flashed that you had given to the country a supreme sacrifice," said Mrs. Squire.

### COLORFUL PARADE

In marked contrast to the solemn observances in honor of the war dead at the Parkman bandstand in the morning was the glitter and martial music of the afternoon's great parade.

In unbroken columns the men who plodded through Flanders mud 14 years ago, again heeded the commands of officers to make an impressive picture of moving color and blaring bands for the close-packed spectators.

James P. Rose, department commander of the American Legion, which arranged the parade, was chief marshal. Coleman C. Curran, commander of the Metropolitan Firemen's Post for a decade, was chief-of-staff.

With military courtesy the legionnaires accorded precedence in column to other organizations than their own. True to custom, the active services, represented by marines, navy and national guard, had the right of the line, their contingents constituting the first and second of the seven divisions of the parade. Veterans of other wars, the brief but epochal one with Spain, Indian campaigns as well as the Veterans of Foreign Wars and chapters of Disabled American Veterans, also marched ahead of the legion.

It was in the fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh divisions, made up of V. F. W. and the legion and their auxiliaries that the great strength of the column was massed, as well as its resplendence. For both these qualities it was indebted in no secondary degree to the outturning of the women allies and auxiliaries of both the legion and the V. F. W. In designing their military costumes the women displayed imagination and skill. The blue and yellow, scarlet and purple of swinging capes and dolmans lent vividness to feminine attire capped by saucy beret and "tam" and kept.

Starting on Commonwealth avenue at Hereford street the line of march took the opposite direction to that of many parades noted in the history of Boston. Swinging to the right when Arlington street was reached, the column approached the downtown district by the south side of the Common, turning from Boylston street into Tremont, making its way through Temple place into Washington street, past the Old South Meeting House, up School street and over Beacon Hill. Instead of executing a left turn into Charles street and on to the Common to disband, as intended originally, the organizations for the most part turned left into Arlington street again and returned to the point of origin of the parade.

From the City Hall stand, where he stood in review in company with

## PORTRAITS UNVEILED

### Exercises Are Held in Three High Schools

Imperishable gold portraits of Bostonians who died in the world war were unveiled yesterday and last night in exercises in South Boston, Jamaica Plain and Hyde Park high schools. Similar exercises were held Thursday in the High School of Commerce, English, East Boston and Charlestown high schools, and other unveilings will be held tomorrow night in Brighton, Dorchester and Chelsea high schools. The Chelsea naval hospital were guests at a party at which the program included chesher and Roxbury Memorial high schools.

One hundred and five portraits were unveiled last night in the South Boston high school where Gen. Edward L. Logan was the speaker. One of the veterans eulogized by the speaker was the late Michael J. Perkins, YD hero, whose namesake post and its band, of the American Legion, took part in the ceremony. The portraits were accepted for the city by City Councillor George P. Donovan.

Twenty-five others were presented in exercises at the Hyde Park high school auditorium. Patrick H. Laughlin, commander of the Cecil W. Fogg post, A. L., presided. The portraits were mounted on a gold background and after the

generation may live true to the highest and most ennobling attributes that our citizenship teaches and that the flag of our country inspires in us. I appreciate how feeble and futile words are to assuage the sorrow of a mother's heart who has suffered the loss of a son and how meaningless is the knowledge that all men are born to die; yet I recognize that there is some measure of solace in the knowledge that he who dies for a principle and for his fellowman has in passing from this life earned God's mercy and is deserving of His charity in the life beyond.

Maurice J. Tobin of the Boston school committee, Mayor Curley gave numerous bouquets of chrysanthemums to marchers.

At the State House the adjutant-general of the commonwealth, Brig.-Gen. John H. Agnew, stood in review as the military representative of Gov. Ely. He was attended by Comdr. Rose, who fell out of line and joined him in the reviewing stand, by Harold P. Redden, department adjutant of the Legion, and by Brig.-Gen. John J. Sullivan, Massachusetts national guard, retired. Charles C. Holt, sergeant-at-arms, attended the reviewing party, bearing his wand of office, as did Edward J. Leary, city messenger, in attending Mayor Curley.

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reelection. Those two candidates were not far apart, according to the unofficial returns, but Gov Ely led by a few thousands both in total vote and plurality. The vote of Boston for Governor was: Ely, 182,992; Youngman, 75,371; Ely's plurality, 107,621. For President: Roosevelt, 179,568; Hoover, 78,132; Roosevelt's plurality, 101,436.

Two wards of the city contain a large number of Jewish voters—12 and 14. The vote of Ward 12 Tuesday was: Roosevelt, 6911; Ely, 7756. Ward 14 went: Roosevelt, 9753; Ely, 10,786. There are Jewish voters in other Boston wards also, and it would seem that many of them cut Gov Roosevelt but voted for Gov Ely, perhaps for the reason that the Governor has given several important appointments to Jews and also because they were prejudiced against Lieut Gov Youngman.

### Ward 5 Favors Gov Ely

Two other Boston wards also treated Gov Ely much better than they did Gov Roosevelt. Ward 5 gave 3796 votes to Roosevelt and 4864 to Ely; and Ward 21 cast 5716 for Roosevelt and 6681 for Ely. Probably the Republican leadership in those two wards was responsible more than anything else for the large vote for Gov Ely. Brookline, which has a large Jewish population, gave Roosevelt 7090 votes and Ely 9543.

It may very well have been that the Jewish voters were, at least in some measure, responsible for the size of Gov Ely's vote in Boston and elsewhere, but they did not go very far, after all, in contributing to the record-breaking total he received. The fact that he had more votes than any other candidate for office in Massachusetts, Democratic or Republican, ever received indicates his popularity with the electorate.

His total will probably be a mark for other candidates to shoot at for a long time to come.

### MAYOR CURLEY SENDS BEST WISHES TO JUDGE BRANDEIS

Mayor James M. Curley today telegraphed his sincere and cordial best wishes to his friend Justice Louis D. Brandeis of the Supreme Court on the occasion of Justice Brandeis' 76th birthday. The telegram follows:

"I pray you will accept my sincere greeting and best wishes upon your 76th birthday anniversary. You have given to the Nation one of the most brilliant and treasured services in the world's greatest legal tribunal. The citizenship admires your vision and courage which have contributed greatly in these days of unrest to respect for law and faith in our common country. My kindest regard."

RECEIVED 11/14/32

## Cardinal Gladly Accepts Post on Public Library Board

Mayor Curley today received from His Eminence, Cardinal O'Connell, formal acceptance of his recent appointment as a member of the board of trustees of the Boston Public Library.

In his message, Cardinal O'Connell wrote:

"I am most happy to accept the appointment as a member of the board of trustees of the Boston Public Library."

## FRIENDS THINK GERRY WILL GET NAVY POST

### Believe Curley Would Be His Successor in 1934

Special Dispatch to the Globe

PROVIDENCE, Nov 12—Although President-Elect Franklin D. Roosevelt declines to discuss Cabinet appointments it is the belief of Democrats in Rhode Island that Peter G. Gerry, formerly United States Senator and now a national committeeman, will be the next Secretary of the Navy.

Rhode Island Democrats are certain that New England will get one of the Cabinet posts. They believe that there is only one man who stands a better chance of being selected for a Cabinet post—Mayor James M. Curley of Boston.

Gerry, beaten for the Senate in 1928 and again in 1930, will run again in 1934 against Senator Felix Hebert. He controls the party machinery, so there is no question concerning his nomination. His friends point out that the Navy post would enhance his chances of election to the Senate. If elected, his friends assert, he could resign and Mr Curley would then be in a position to step into the place.

During his two terms in the Senate, Gerry focussed his attention on the Navy. He was an active defender of the naval station in Newport and the yards in Boston and Portsmouth. Gerry was an ardent follower of Alfred E. Smith but after Roosevelt's nomination, threw his support to the Governor. He contributed \$20,000 to the national campaign and his nephew, John Nicholas Brown, contributed \$10,000.

Gerry, one of the richest men in the country, entered Rhode Island politics more than 20 years ago. He was first elected to Congress from the 2d District and then went to the Senate where he remained for 12 years.

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### No Parley on Jobless With Mayor Tomorrow

Mayor Curley refused yesterday to receive a delegation from the Unemployment Council in the South End tomorrow at 12:30 p. m., who notified him that they intended to call on him at that hour in behalf of the unemployed. He said he would receive them Tuesday at 11 a. m., as all his time was taken up tomorrow with previous engagements.

## SUBWAY PLANS ON HUNTINGTON AVE. REJECTED

### El Directors Say Tax Burden Outweighs Benefits

Directors of the Boston Elevated company at a special meeting this morning unanimously voted not to accept the act authorizing the city of Boston to construct the Huntington avenue subway.

COST \$8,500,000

The act was passed by the 1932 Legislature and provided for construction of a subway at an estimated cost of \$8,500,000. In order to become effective it had to be accepted by the board of directors before the end of the year.

Trustees of the road favored an extension of the subway from Copiey square under Huntington avenue to Gainsboro street at an estimated cost of \$4,800,000 instead of the other route from Huntington and South Huntington avenues, down Stuart street, Columbus avenue, under Park square, Boston Common and Beacon Hill to the Bowdoin square station.

Discussing the vote taken by the directors today, Bernard J. Rothwell, chairman of the board, but speaking for himself, said that the act rejected by the board is not subject to modification and had to be accepted as it stood or not at all.

The rental with the added cost of operation would amount to over \$400,000 per year, he said, a sum equal to 4,000,000 additional 10-cent fares, or an increase of about 38 per cent, in the number of passengers now riding on Huntington avenue lines. He felt that the number of passengers on Huntington avenue lines would not be materially increased by the construction of this subway.

He pointed out that by actual count the number of vehicles crossing the intersection of Huntington and Massachusetts avenues averaged 2104 per hour, or 14 times the maximum number of Elevated cars.

The possibility of the total cost approximating \$15,000,000 in 30 years, the term of the proposed lease, and the burden this would bring to Boston taxpayers far outweighed, he believed, all the benefits to labor and traffic which the construction of such a project would bring.

In a statement expressing keen regret at the decision of the Elevated directors in rejecting the act, Mayor Curley today emphasised these points: That the subway would have provided work in 60 days for 1600 men, in four months for 3000 men for two years; it would have lessened the soldiers relief payments in that period by at least \$1,000,000; it would have permitted the conversion of Huntington avenue into a boulevard and saved not less than one-half hour each day for the travelling public of Brookline, Jamaica Plain and West Roxbury.

"It is unfortunate," said the mayor, "that the directors of the road should be a party to the rejection of the economically sound method of reducing unemployment—work and wages."



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# PRE-PRIMARY FACES FIRST TEST IN 1934

## System That Both Parties Favored Effective at Once—Politicians Already Looking Into Future

By JOHN D. MERRILL

The large affirmative plurality on the referendum for the pre-primary convention was one of the important features of last Tuesday's election. In 30 days the act permitting political parties to make use of the convention will become law, and it is assumed that both Republicans and Democrats will resort to it in 1934.

Apparently there are many who do not even now understand the provisions of the act. As has been said many times, the political parties in this State could always have had pre-primary conventions if they had cared to call them; the Republicans once set out to do so, a few years ago, but they grew alarmed, and, although the convention was held, it took no action.

The salient point about the new law is that candidates whom the convention nominates, suggests, or proposes, will have first place on the ballot and may also print on it a statement that they have been indorsed by the convention. That privilege is a great asset and in most cases it will probably lead to nomination in the regular primary, which will be held, as usual, in the Fall after the convention.

### Other Candidates May Run

But other candidates also may run in the regular primary. Thus the voters will still have the opportunity of passing on all of the candidates, and, if the convention has nominated unworthy or unpopular ones the people at large may reject them. The action of the convention will have weight, but it will not be final. The voters will have the last determining word.

It has taken a long time to bring about this change in the law, although most of the leaders of the two great parties have advocated it. A few years ago, when Francis Prescott of Grafton was chairman of the Republican State Committee, and Charles H. McGlue, then of Lynn, was chairman of the Democratic State Committee, both argued before legislative committees in behalf of the pre-primary convention, but they could not convince a majority of the Legislature to vote for it. The members were afraid to take a step which might seem to deprive the voters of a privilege they had previously had.

In the referendum campaign, Leverett Saltonstall, Speaker of the State House of Representatives, was very active and effective in behalf of the

proposed change. He was chairman of the non-partisan committee which had charge of the campaign and he spoke several times for his side of the case.

### It Helps Party Leaders

It is highly probable, then, that the preprimary convention will be an important factor in the nomination of candidates in Massachusetts. It will give the party leaders a chance to make their influence felt and thus to bring about nominations in which different racial lines will be recognized. It must be admitted that Massachusetts Democrats have done well in this respect. Although probably at least 75 percent, and perhaps more, of the members of that party are of Irish descent, they have recently elected a Governor and a United States Senator, who may be described as "old-line Yankees." The Republicans have been less successful, although the party leaders have tried their best to recognize candidates from groups which have not been in the country for many generations.

The trouble with the Republicans is that the Yankees, as they are ordinarily called, have had for a long time a majority of the voters in the State and have not yet realized that conditions have changed. If nothing else convinces them that they are now probably in a minority, a few additional defeats will do so, and then they will be willing to do what their leaders have urged for a long time, namely, give nominations for important positions to representatives of other races. If they persist in their present course, the Democrats will continue to carry the State.

### Committee Not at Fault

It seems to be the fashion just now to find fault with the Republican State committee because the State went for Roosevelt and Ely, but the facts seem to show that the committee did its job well. The Republicans elected all of their Congressional candidates who sought another term, also a majority of both branches of the Legislature, and filled the same places on the State ticket they won two years ago. In view of the Democratic tidal wave which swept over the country Massachusetts Republicans ought to be reasonably content with what they saved from the flood last Tuesday.

The Democrats carried the State for Roosevelt and Ely, because a majority of the voters preferred those candidates to the ones the Republicans had nominated, and it must be expected that the Democrats will continue to win so long as they nominate men and

women who, on the whole, are more attractive than the Republican candidates. The State committee cannot properly be held responsible for failure under the prevailing conditions.

### Looking to the Future

The politicians are already looking forward to 1934 wondering whom the two great parties will put up for candidates in this State. There is not much doubt that Gov Ely could be elected for a third term if he was willing to run, but in the natural order of things he will retire in January, 1935. Everybody believes, also, that if the Governor wanted to accept it he could have a place in President Roosevelt's cabinet, but of course no one expects he will do that. In all probability the Democrats will have a new candidate for Governor in 1934.

If John E. Swift had been elected Lieutenant Governor he would have been the favorite for his party nomination for Governor in 1934, but, unless the recount overthrows the newspaper returns, he will have to start two years hence at scratch with all of the others who want to succeed Mr Ely. There probably would have been critics of Mr Swift's candidacy for the Governorship on the ground that Massachusetts ought not to have a United States Senator and the Governor from the same law office.

### Curley Would Like Post

Mayor James M. Curley, the Mayor of Boston, admitted not long ago that he would like to be Governor of the State, and under other conditions he would probably run in 1934, but most people take it for granted that by that time the Mayor will be placed in some other important position which will take him out of the State. No other Democrat at the moment seems to be in line for the Governorship.

Unless all signs fail, however, Mayor Richard M. Russell of Cambridge will be in the running. He has thus far followed in the footsteps of his distinguished father and may properly aspire to go further. Two other Cambridge citizens may, however, be his rivals two years from now. They are Charles F. Hurley and Francis X. Hurley, who have just been reelected, respectively, State Treasurer and State Auditor.

Each has taken part in two State-wide campaigns and been elected by substantial pluralities. In 1930 Charles F. Hurley led his Republican opponent, Fred J. Jurell, by 192,160 votes, and last Tuesday Mr Hurley was 90,784 votes ahead of Francis Prescott, a much stronger candidate than Mr Burrell. Two years ago Francis X. Hurley had a plurality of 49,522, and last week his plurality was 114,884; he had the same opponent in both elections—Alonzo B. Cook, who until Mr Hurley defeated him in 1930 had held the office of auditor for many years. So it will be well to keep an eye on the Hurleys.

Probably Lieut Gov William S. Youngman will not be again a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor, certainly not in the near future, and it is now believed that Gaspar G. Bacon, who on the face of the returns was elected Lieutenant Governor last Tuesday, will be the Republican nominee for Governor in 1934.

### Gov Ely's Vote

Some of the mathematicians have studied the vote of Boston in last Tuesday's election and come to the conclusion that, if it had not been for the Jewish voters, Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt would have had more votes for President than Gov Ely had for

# "L" DIRECTORS TURN DOWN SUBWAY PLAN

## \$8,500,000 Huntington-Av Proposal Unanimously Rejected

The directors of the Boston Elevated Railway rejected the proposed Huntington-av Subway project at a special meeting held this forenoon, with Bernard J. Rothwell, chairman of the board, presiding. The directors voted unanimously against "an act authorizing the city of Boston to construct the Huntington-av Subway."

The act, which involves the expenditure of \$8,500,000, was passed by the 1932 Legislature and was accepted by the Boston City Council and signed by Mayor Curley several weeks ago. The act has since been pending with the directors of the road, representing the stockholders. The subway was to be built by the Boston Transit Commission, and it was said some time ago that the construction would take three years and furnish work for 3000 unemployed.

It was long understood that the directors of the railway looked upon the project with disfavor, because of the present financial condition of the Boston Elevated Railway. The acceptance of the act now moves along to the public trustees of the Elevated.

### Statement By Rothwell

Bernard J. Rothwell, chairman of the board of directors, but speaking only for himself, made the following statement:

"The Huntington-av Subway act, Chapter 306 of the Acts of 1932, is not subject to any modification as to route; it had to be accepted as it stands or not at all, and the lease executed prior to start of construction.

"There is no certainty that the Legislature of 1933 would consent to any modification of this act. The Legislature of 1932 considered and rejected a plan substantially similar to the 'modified plan' that has been proposed.

"The estimated cost of the subway specified in the act was \$8,500,000. The act, however, provides that this amount may be increased by any sum which may be agreed upon by the department and the company—for the purposes of this act, the Boston Transit Commission and the public trustees.

"These latter now estimate the cost at \$9,000,000.

"The rental specified in the act—4½ percent of the cost of construction—together with additional cost of operation over present cost, would amount to over \$400,000 per annum, equal to 4,000,000 additional 10-cent fares; or an increase of about 37.8 percent in the number of passengers now riding on Huntington-av lines.

"There is no presumption that the number of passengers on Huntington-av lines would be materially increased by the construction of this subway.

### "Would Duplicate" Other

"The proposed subway would duplicate, in large measure, the existing subway under Boston Common and Boylston st, as well as Park-st station, neither of which are now being utilized

to anywhere near their potential capacity, and, in expert opinion, will not be for many years to come.

"It affords no relief to congestion and delay of all other surface traffic at Massachusetts and Huntington avs and other intersections, steadily increasing and demanding speedy elimination.

"The desirability of rapid transit from outlying districts to and through the center of the city, as well as the necessity for reduction of congestion of vehicular traffic at various intersections, is manifest; but both these ends can be accomplished more effectively at very much less cost by other plans that have been suggested and are feasible, which would permit uninterrupted movement of all surface traffic on both Huntington and Massachusetts avs and at other intersections, as well as removal of all tracks remaining on Boylston st.

"The incoming Legislature—meeting within two months—will have opportunity to study carefully alternative, much less expensive, plans.

"The number of Elevated cars crossing the intersection of Huntington and Massachusetts avs in all four directions is approximately 150 cars per hour during the maximum hours, and 80 cars per hour during the normal, midday hours.

"The total number of vehicles other than Elevated cars crossing this intersection in all four directions, between the hours of 8 a m and 6 p m, as shown by an actual 10-hour count, in March 1930, averaged 2104 per hour, or 14 times the maximum number of Elevated cars. Removal of this congestion would obviously be of great advantage to the general public.

### Would Fall on Taxpayers

"The act provides that in the event of the net earnings of the company not being sufficient to maintain the reserve fund specified in the Public Control act of 1918, no rental shall be paid to the city, consequently, the interest on bonds to be issued and provision for sinking fund—amounting, together, to approximately \$500,000 per annum—would be assessed on the taxpayers of the city of Boston.

"This for 30 years—the term of the proposed lease—would represent a total cost of approximately \$15,000,000.

"The public trustees of the Elevated are opposed to this plan.

Several important civic organizations have strongly criticized this act, and have urged its rejection, because of the additional burden, which, under existing conditions, they declare the citizen of Boston cannot afford to assume.

"There have been urgent representations as to the employment of labor which this construction would permit—apparently overestimated; but while in full sympathy with such motive and not insensible to its importance, it is evident that any benefit thus derived would not counterbalance the objections and disadvantages enumerated, or justify so large and so unproductive an expenditure."

## CURLEY EXPRESSES REGRET AT ACTION OF DIRECTORS

Mayor James M. Curley today expressed keen regret at the Elevated directors' decision and gave out the following statement:

"From the standpoint of convenience to the traveling public residing in Brookline, Jamaica Plain and West Roxbury, the extension of rapid transit to these sections would provide not only a great convenience to the patrons of the system, but, in addition would result in a saving in time of no less than one-half hour each day upon the round trip. The extension to Opera pl was suggested as a means of reducing the total cost of the transit facilities which must ultimately be extended to Brookline Village as a connection with the super Worcester highway.

"The rejection by the directors of the Boston Elevated imposes an added burden upon the taxpayers in relief payments of \$1,000,000 during the next two years, or the equivalent of 5½ cents upon the tax rate, and after the depression has ended there will be nothing of material character to show for the expenditure. It is unfortunate that the directors of the road should be a party to the rejection of the economically sound method of reducing unemployment materially—namely work and wages.

"It is a source of keen regret to me that the directors of the Boston Elevated Street Railway system have failed to approve the extension of the Huntington-av Subway. The approval of this extension would have provided work within 60 days for 1500 men and within four months for 3000 men for the full period of two years.

"Under the provisions of the act the work was to be conducted upon a day labor basis under the direction of the Boston Transit Department, with preference accorded men who had served the Nation during the period of the World War. At the present time the expenditures of the Soldiers' Relief Department for aid to service men and their families is approximately \$75,000 each month as against \$25,000 per month during the construction of the Governor sq subway extension, so that over a period of two years this construction would result in a saving to the city in Soldiers' Relief payments of at least \$1,000,000.

"The extension of rapid transit facilities from Arlington st under Boylston st and Huntington av to Opera pl would make possible upon the completion of the work removal of the reservation space upon Huntington av and provide an exceptionally fine boulevard extending into the retail heart of the city. Provided the city were required to construct and lay out a similar boulevard it would represent a capital expenditure of not less than twice the total cost of the rapid transit extension, or about \$10,000,000."

## Mayor Sends Family Check to Red Cross

J. Philip O'Connell of the municipal public works department, former director of public celebrations, was designated today by Mayor Curley to receive enrollments of city employees who desire to join the American Red Cross.

In a communication to James Jackson, chairman of the Metropolitan Chapter, informing him of the appointment of Mr. O'Connell, the Mayor enclosed a check for funds covering Red Cross membership dues for himself and members of his family the coming years.



# El Directors Reject New Subway Act

**Unanimous Vote Against Taking First Step in Huntington Avenue Project**

**Only One Director Would Discuss It**

**B. J. Rothwell Says Several Civic Organizations Oppose the Plan**

Meeting today in special session the directors of the Boston Elevated Railway Company passed a unanimous vote against acceptance of chapter 306 of the Acts of 1932 which authorizes the city of Boston to construct the Huntington-avenue subway, estimated to cost \$9,000,000.

Only one of the directors, Chairman Bernard J. Rothwell, would discuss the matter. James L. Richards left Boston for New York on the noon train. Bartlett Harwood, when asked for a statement, refused. James A. Bailey said he had no authority to talk. Frank L. Richards, president of the Newton Trust Company, declined to see reporters, and Joseph P. Manning was not available.

Chairman Rothwell insisted that the statement he made represented only his own views. In it there is a significant note at the beginning which reflects the views of others. Chairman Rothwell stated that "there is no certainty that the Legislature of 1933 would consent to any modification of this act." Also, the statement: "The Legislature of 1932 considered and rejected a plan substantially

similar to the 'modified plan' that has been proposed."

Today's meeting followed a conference in the mayor's office last week at which the public trustees of the Elevated were present, as well as the majority of directors. Mayor Curley outlined his views concerning the desirability of immediate acceptance of the subway act so that from two thousand to three thousand unemployed veterans of the war might be put to work. The directors, however, gave no hint of their position on the matter, merely stating that they would give it careful consideration. Today, when the mayor received the news he expressed his disappointment.

It was understood that the public trustees of the Elevated had voted in favor of the modified subway plan, which contemplated the construction from Gainsboro street to Copley square at a cost of \$4,800,000. The Metropolitan District Transit Council, which also met at the mayor's office last week, passed no vote in the absence of a quorum, but hostility was plainly evident at the meeting.

## Rothwell's Statement

It is evident by Chairman Rothwell's statement that he and his associates reached their decision today, not only because of their conviction that the subway act "is not subject to any modification as to route," but also because of their belief that some other solution of the Huntington avenue transportation plan might be more feasible.

"The Huntington Avenue Subway Act, Chapter 306 of the Acts of 1932, is not subject to any modification as to route; it had to be accepted as it stands or not at all, and the lease executed prior to start of construction," the statement says.

"There is no certainty that the Legislature of 1933 would consent to any modification of this act. The Legislature of 1932 considered and rejected a plan substantially similar to the 'modified plan' that has been proposed.

"The estimated cost of the subway specified in the act was \$8,500,000. This act, however, provides that this amount may be increased by any sum which may be agreed upon by the department and the company, for the purposes of this act, the Boston Transit Commission and the Public Trustees.

"These latter now estimate the cost at nine million dollars.

"The rental specified in the act—4½ per cent of the cost of construction—together with additional cost of operation over present cost, would amount to over \$400,000, per annum, equal to four million additional 10c fares; or an increase of about 37.8 per cent in the number of passengers now riding on Huntington avenue lines.

"There is no presumption that the number of passengers on Huntington avenue lines would be materially increased by the construction of this subway.

## Sees Duplication

"The proposed subway would duplicate, in large measure, the existing subway under Boston Common and Boylston street, as well as Park street station, neither of which is now being utilized to anywhere near its potential capacity, and, in expert opinion, will not be for many years to come.

"It affords no relief to congestion and delay of all other surface traffic at Massachusetts and Huntington avenues and other intersections, steadily increasing and demanding speedy elimination.

## Other Plans Suggested

"The desirability of rapid transit from outlying districts to and through the center of the city, as well as the necessity for reduction of congestion of vehicular traffic at various intersections, is manifest; but both these ends can be accomplished more effectively, at very much less cost, by other plans that have been suggested and are feasible, which would permit uninterrupted movement of all surface traffic on both Huntington and Massachusetts avenues and at other intersections, as well as removal of all tracks remaining on Boylston street.

"The incoming Legislature—meeting within two months—will have opportunity to study carefully alternative, much less expensive, plans.

## Congestion an Argument

"The number of Elevated cars crossing the intersection of Huntington and Massachusetts avenues in all four directions is approximately 150 cars per hour during the maximum hours, and 80 cars per hour during the normal, midday hours.

"The total number of vehicles other than Elevated cars crossing this intersection in all four directions, between the hours of 8 A. M. and 6 P. M. as

shown by an actual 10-hour count, in March, 1930, averaged 2104 per hour, or fourteen times the maximum number of Elevated cars. Removal of this congestion would obviously be of great advantage to the general public.

"The act provides that in the event of the net earnings of the company not being sufficient to maintain the reserve fund specified in the Public Control Act of 1918, no rental shall be paid to the city, consequently, the interest on bonds to be issued and provision for sinking fund—amounting, together, to approximately \$500,000 per annum—would be assessed on the taxpayers of the city of Boston.

"This for thirty years—the term of the proposed lease—would represent a total cost of approximately fifteen million dollars.

"The public trustees of the Elevated are opposed to this plan.

"Several important civic organizations have strongly criticized this act, and have urged its rejection, because of the additional burden, which, under existing conditions, they declare the citizens of Boston cannot afford to assume.

"There have been urgent representations as to the employment of labor; which this construction would permit—apparently over-estimated; but while in full sympathy with such motive and not insensible to its importance, it is evident that any benefit, thus derived, would not counterbalance the objections and disadvantages enumerated, or justify so large and so unproductive an expenditure.

AMERICAN

# 'L' TURNS DOWN CURLEY TUBE

Mayor Curley's plan for a \$4,800,000 Huntington ave. subway extension, proposed as an aid to employment, was turned down by the directors of the Boston Elevated at a meeting today.

In a lengthy statement, the mayor expressed his regret at the failure of the directors to approve the proposed extension, which, he said, would have provided work for 1500 men in 60 days and for 3000 in four months. It would have extended over a period of two years, the work to be done on a day-labor basis, with preference given to war veterans.

"The rejection by the directors of the Boston Elevated," Mayor Curley said, "imposes an added burden upon the taxpayers in relief payments of \$1,000,000 during the next two years, or the equivalent of 52 cents on the tax rate, and after the depression is ended there will be nothing of a material character to show for the expenditure."

He said if the project had gone through it would have resulted in a saving of not less than half an hour's time a day for car-riding citizens of Brookline, Jamaica Plain and West Roxbury.

## Rush Begins for Work at Mayor's Office

### Scores of Unemployed, Some of Them Workers at Polls, Importune Curley

City Hall began today to experience the aftermath of the election as it applies to the unemployed. From nine o'clock, when the doors were opened, until late in the afternoon, scores of men out of work, young and old, made their way to the second floor with the hope of seeing the mayor, either in the interest of work or for money to tide them over a few days. The policemen on duty were often unable to keep the corridors clear for the normal business of the office.

Not more than one out of ten of the unemployed callers were admitted to the inner office. Groups of five or more men were admitted at a time, as the mayor was able to sandwich them in between calls of department heads, but the great majority went away disgusted at inability to secure contact. Many of these men had worked for the mayor at the polls or in the house-to-house distribution of cards for registration. While some admitted they had been paid, the pittance received was so slight that they could not exist longer without help.

Repeatedly, the mayor's secretaries were forced to inform the callers that the mayor could not provide work, even though Governor Roosevelt had been elected President, and also that he was too busy to talk with callers who had no other motive than that of congratulating him. Those seeking jobs were told to apply at the city's Unemployment Bureau on Church street, and it is evident that they took the advice, for at one o'clock this afternoon 150 women and from 300 to 500 men had called at this office to register.

Today's deluge at City Hall was significant in view of the precarious financial state which the unemployment bureau suffers. Its appropriation has run out and unless the City Council at today's session comes to the rescue there is danger that the doors will be closed, and with 36,000 applications for work on the lists. Two weeks ago the City Council refused to allow even \$5000 of the \$15,000 order for the bureau, but since that time members have been shown what dire consequences might follow closing of the doors and there is reported to be a changed attitude toward the bureau.

Director John J. Shields, who has thirteen men and women on the staff, declared today that in the three years under the present administration 15,000 jobs have been furnished by the bureau. Every day six men and women are scouting all over the city for available positions, and while there has been more success than usual in the last few weeks, jobs are so scarce that only a small proportion of the applicants can be helped, even for a day at a time.

Every effort is made on the part of the bureau to keep the unemployed from the mayor's office, but so many are the reports of personal help from the mayor that the jobless flock there every day hoping for similar luck. Today some of the visitors waited two and three hours before being admitted or receiving a refusal, and even those who finally were admitted to the inner room came out with anything like a renewed hope or satisfaction on their countenances.

## Cardinal Happy to Serve the Library

Though Mayor Curley appointed Cardinal O'Connell as member of the board of trustees of the Boston Public Library only after receiving his assent, the cardinal today officially accepted the appointment in writing as follows:

Your Honor:

I am most happy to accept the appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Boston Public Library.

I am always glad to be of service to the people of our beloved city and am particularly pleased at this opportunity of rendering public service, because it enables me, together with my associates on the board, to do something to promote the welfare of the Public Library, an institution in which I have ever been vitally interested.

I thank you most cordially for this appointment. With every best wish, I am  
Very sincerely yours

W. Card. O'Connell  
Abb. Boston.

## Curley Urges Aid to the Red Cross

In a letter to James Jackson, chairman of the Metropolitan division of the Red Cross, Mayor Curley incloses his check for \$6 covering the enrollment of himself and family for the year and announces the appointment of J. Philip O'Connell to take charge of Red Cross enrollments at City Hall.

"In renewing my family membership I do so with an appreciation of the fact

## UNVEIL PORTRAITS OF ROXBURY'S WAR DEAD

### Exercises Attended by 800 at High School

An unveiling and dedication of imperishable gold portraits of Boston's World War dead took place last evening in the auditorium of the Roxbury Memorial High School, Deckard st, Roxbury. More than 800 persons were present.

For the past two years the City of Boston has endeavored to locate a photograph of each Boston boy who died in his country's service in order that imperishable portraits might be made. The portraits unveiled last evening represent Roxbury boys who were killed in the World War.

The exercises opened with an address by Dr Julian D. Lucas, chairman, past department commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. Invocation was by Rev Wallace E. Hayes, past national chaplain, V. F. W.

The principal oration was by Rev George P. O'Connor, chaplain of Roxbury Post, A. L., who gave a patriotic address. The portraits were accepted by William A. Reilly, chairman, on behalf of the Boston School Committee. Benediction was by Rabbi H. H. Rubenovitz of Temple Mishkan Tefila. Music was furnished by the band

of Roxbury Post, A. L., led by Thomas F. Deveney. Mrs Julia L. Lyons was a soloist, with Miss Helen Bruno playing the piano accompaniment.

At the unveiling "Taps" was sounded by Eugene Gross and Lawrence Johnson, American Legion members.

There was a public viewing of the portraits and a reception to the families of the honored dead at the conclusion of the program.

Commander Thomas P. Athridge of Roxbury Post, A. L., was chairman of the program committee. Commander Herbert Williams of the James F. Mahoney-Roxbury Post, A. L., was chief of ushers. Frank D. Shea of Roxbury Memorial High School was aid to the chairman.

The reception committee comprised City Councilors Leo F. Power, David M. Brackman, John F. Dowd and Richard D. Gleason; Commander James F. Flynn of Thomas G. Stevenson Post, G. A. R.; Commander Harry H. Bazin of Roger Wolcott Camp, U. S. W. V.; Commander John P. Gately of Roxbury Camp, U. S. W. V.; National Senior Vice Commander William P. Miles of the National Indian War Veterans and Commander John Kenney of the Gen Nelson A. Miles Camp, N. I. W. V.

Edward F. O'Dowd represented Mayor Curley; Mr Reilly and Joseph J. Hurley, the School Committee; James E. Conway, the American Legion; Henry V. O'Day, the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and Thomas J. Hughes, the reproduction artists.

## TABLET WITH PICTURES UNVEILED IN BRIGHTON

A tablet with the pictures of the Brighton and Allston men killed in action during the World War was unveiled in Brighton High School auditorium last night before a large gathering. A. L. McCormick, past commander of the Brighton-Allston American Legion Post, presided over the gathering and William C. Horneman, past department commander, was the speaker of the evening.

The tablet was received by Edward M. Gallagher, president of the Boston City Council, who gave a brief address on the lives of the dead heroes.

Before the presentation a parade was held through the principal streets of Allston and members of the Brighton-Allston A. L. Post, Allston V. F. W. Post, Edward M. Cunningham Camp, U. S. W. V., and the members of the J. J. O'Connell Post of Dorchester with their band. The tablet will be hung in the auditorium.

## O'CONNELL IN CHARGE FOR MUNICIPAL EMPLOYES

J. Philip O'Connell of the Public Works Department yesterday was designated by Mayor James M. Curley to take charge of Red Cross enrollments by municipal employees.

In a letter to James Jackson, chairman, of the American Red Cross, Mayor Curley forwarded the enrollment of his family and said that in doing so it was with appreciation of the fact that the Red Cross is not only a potential asset to America and its people, but is vital to the welfare of the world.

"There is no guaranty," wrote Mayor Curley to Mr Jackson, "against pestilence, flood or warfare, and there is a certainty that these enemies of mankind will be ever with us; consequently there is a necessity for preparation in anticipation of what from time to time is destined to take place.

"The ever-present need in America is a Red Cross organization, strong in membership and in finance, and that this thought may be universally recognized is my sincere wish."



# Gold Portraits of Soldier Dead Unveiled in High Schools Here

## Final Group, Honoring Part of 1150 Men from Boston Who Made the Supreme Sacrifice in The World War, Accepted by City

Four groups of gold portraits of Boston's soldier dead—the final group of the 1150 portraits made—were unveiled last night at exercises in Brighton high school, Roxbury Memorial high school, Dorchester high school for girls and the Washington Irving intermediate school.

William C. Horneman, past department commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, was the principal speaker at Brighton high school. Edward M. Gallagher, president of the city council, accepted the portraits. Invocation was given by the Rev. Dr. Joseph V. Tracy, pastor of St. Columbkille's Church, and benediction by the Rev. Albert C. Larned, pastor of St. Margaret's Church. Francis R. Reilly sang, while Miss Elvira Bush Smith, of the history department of the school, Joseph P. Kelly, John Donohue, Francis Ford and Rutherford J. Kelley took part in a tableau. A. L. McCormack, past commander of Brighton-Allston post, American Legion, was chairman.

At Roxbury Memorial high school, the Rev. George P. O'Connor, chaplain of Roxbury post, American Legion, delivered the oration. Acceptance of the portraits was made for the school system by William Arthur Reilly, chairman of the Boston school committee. Dr. Julian D. Lucas, past department commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, presided. The Rev. Wallace E. Hayes, past national chaplain of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, gave the invocation and Rabbi Herman H. Rubenowitz of Mishkan Tefila Temple, the benediction. Mrs. Julia L. Lyons sang.

Peter W. Pate, department commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, was the chief speaker at exercises held in the Washington Irving intermediate school. Maurice J. Tobin, member of the Boston school committee, made the address of acceptance. Invocation was given by the Rev. Dr. Edward Ryan, pastor of the Holy Name Church, Roslindale, and benediction by the Rev. Harold Hickey, pastor of the Daniel Dorchester M. E. Church. Joseph Mikolajewski sang. Charles F. Hilly, president of the Roslindale World War Memorial Association, presided.

The main address at the exercises in Dorchester High school for girls was delivered by Congressman John W. McCormack. Joseph J. McGrath, city councilman, accepted the portraits. The Rev. Michael J. Cuddihy, pastor of St. Matthew's Church, gave the invocation, and the Rev. Arthur W. Wylie of All Saints Episcopal Church, the benediction. City Councilman Thomas M. Burke was chairman. Michael A. Ahern of the W. F. Sinclair post, A. L. sang.

Names of those whose portraits are in exhibition follow:

### AT DORCHESTER HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

Harry J. Akins  
Carl H. Alsen  
Daniel F. Anderson  
Julian Anderson  
Henry G. Anslow  
John Archer  
James D. Arthur  
Robert A. Baran  
William Bonner  
Antonio L. Borkes  
James A. Bowman  
Maurice V. Bradley  
Thomas J. Bradley  
William S. Britain  
Harold Broms  
John N. Burke  
James F. Burns  
James L. Burns  
Dennis J. Callahan  
Scott C. Campbell  
John M. Canavan  
Patrick J. Canavan  
Francesco Carra  
Ernest J. Carragher  
Henry M. Chapman  
Michael Clavman  
Charles H. Clough  
Sophia J. Cody  
Francis W. Coffey  
Thomas H. Condon  
Francis J. Conehan  
John J. Connors  
John P. Connors  
William B. Corbett  
Joseph M. Costello  
Edward T. Coughlin  
James M. Coulter  
James L. Cronin  
Waldemar E. Crosseup  
Joseph J. Crowley  
Gonzvo W. Cummings  
William B. Danahy  
Arthur J. Dean  
Gordon E. Denton  
John H. Dickey  
Dickran Diran  
William H. Doble  
Harry B. Dolan  
John F. Donovan  
Francis E. Dougan  
Edgar H. Dougherty  
Timothy M. Downey  
Morris Dwyer  
Ralph B. Drisko  
Leo J. Driscoll  
William E. Donette  
Francis J. Duffy  
William J. Dunphy  
John E. Eagles  
Thomas J. English  
John A. Ewing  
Eitelbert C. Farrant  
Oliver C. Farrant  
William J. Finn  
William H. Fitzgerald  
Thomas E. Fitzgerald  
Clifford B. Fletcher  
Walter J. Foley  
Richard T. Ford  
Gordon McK. Fraser  
William H. Garvey  
George Georantzas  
Albert A. Gilbert  
Martin M. Gleason  
James J. Glennon  
Henry Glickman  
Abraham Goldman  
Morris Goldman  
John Grace  
Peter A. Hagan  
John W. Hagen  
Charles H. Haines  
Charles F. Hammond  
Bernard G. Hart  
Howard F. Hart  
Joseph E. Hart  
Joseph A. Hartin  
John E. Hayes  
Capt. Robert Hayes  
Jackson W. Heath  
David E. Henry  
Richard L. Hickey  
William J. Hickey  
Charles R. Hogan  
Edwin W. Holden  
Edgar G. Holt  
Edmund H. Honey  
Matthew A. Horgan  
David J. Jacobs  
William C. Jones  
Henry T. Johnquist  
Arthur J. Johnson  
Gerald J. Johnson  
Henry A. Johnsay  
John J. Joy

Frank J. Kane  
W. J. Kallianotes  
William J. Keenan  
Patrick Keene  
John P. Kelley  
James M. Kennedy  
William J. Keyes  
William E. Keyser  
Martin J. Kereb  
Harry Kramer  
Harold Lang  
Ralph H. Lasser  
Edward J. Leary  
Mandel M. Lewenberg  
Clark B. Lincoln  
Thomas J. Loneragan  
Joseph E. Looney  
Orlando M. Lord  
Raymond Lynsky  
Paul A. Maher  
Charles F. M. Malley  
Maurice E. Mander  
Maynard T. Marks  
John C. Meade  
Frank L. Medeiros  
John R. Meehan  
Karl R. Milliken  
Frederick A. Monahan  
Leslie A. Moore  
John W. Moses  
Thomas A. Mulhern  
William J. Mulhern  
William A. Murphy  
John L. Macdonald  
John J. McCallan  
Joseph D. McCallan  
Edmond M. McClue  
Joseph W. McConnell  
Leslie P. McCormack  
Edwin G. McDermott  
Edward McFeeley  
Daniel L. McFadden  
George S. McGrath  
Edward J. McGoldrick  
Galvin R. McIver  
Ivan L. McKay  
James J. McKeon  
S. P. McLaughlin  
Ernest R. McNamara  
Roderick McPhee  
George McSheffrey  
Warren E. McWhirk  
Ralph T. Neal  
William P. Neilligan  
John R. Nolan  
M. F. O'Donoghue  
Edward Olstein  
Roy J. Pearson  
Marion R. Perlstein  
Robert H. Phillips  
John P. Powers  
Arthur H. Proctor  
Benjamin S. Reed  
Thomas A. Richardson  
Frank W. Riley  
Thomas J. Roberts  
Albert A. Ross  
Lester J. Rotch  
Adolphus Roullier  
Charles Saltzman  
Michael Cialia  
Daniel F. Sheehan  
James A. Sheehan  
Charles L. Smelledge  
Winthrop F. Smith  
Barnet Snider  
Joseph Snider  
John B. Steeves  
John H. Sullivan  
John J. Sullivan  
Frank T. Swaine  
George H. Tanner  
Arthur Tassinari  
Frank C. Taylor  
James W. Tolman  
William Towle  
Michael J. Tracy  
Alfred E. Walsh  
Walter M. Verder  
Howard L. Vose  
George H. Walker  
Samuel Warren  
George D. Washburn  
John P. Welch  
Edmund J. Weston  
Henry J. Welch  
Patrick C. White  
John M. Whittington  
William J. Wichtman  
Justin P. Wilev  
Herbert J. Wolf  
Alton P. Wood  
Benjamin Woodward  
Morris C. Yerkes

### AT BRIGHTON HIGH SCHOOL

Edmund B. Abbott  
David L. Barrett  
Hugh C. Blanchard  
James A. Bowen  
Thomas J. Carberry  
John C. Chipman  
Frank H. Chivers  
Samuel H. Clifton  
Edward J. Coll  
Walter E. Conrad  
John H. Coyte  
Joseph H. Coyne  
Joseph A. Crossman  
John Allen Cusack  
Harry F. Ditmars  
Henry Gallant  
James J. Gately  
Thomas L. Green  
William Hall  
Hersey D. Heath  
Harvey P. Hedden  
Lawrence R. Imrie  
John T. B. Jaquith  
Paul T. Johnson  
Edward Kiduff  
William J. Lalley  
Hyde B. Merrick  
Mary A. Monahan  
Karl A. Morandi  
Hugh A. MacDonald

R. A. J. MacLean  
Edward S. McDonald  
Peter J. McHugh  
Joseph M. McKenna  
Arthur McKinney  
Francis C. McMahon  
Felix M. Oliva  
James O'Neill  
Jeremiah J. O'Toole  
Milton F. Peck  
John C. Petersen  
Henry G. Poitevin  
Stanley A. Ringer  
Richard T. Ritchie  
Charles Rugh  
Lt. Anthony A. Segó  
George A. Shepard  
William F. Small  
William F. Smith  
John E. Spencer  
George F. Spinney  
Clifford J. Sveld  
George R. Taylor  
Sanford A. Thayer  
Horatio F. Thomsett  
Francis W. Tracy  
Benedetto Viola  
William W. Webber  
Lt. John H. Westfall

### AT ROXBURY MEMORIAL HIGH SCHOOL

James W. Abbott  
Maurice Akabas  
William H. Allen  
William E. Anderson  
William G. Andrews  
Edward F. Barnes  
George C. Bauman  
James T. Brackin  
Walker Bundrant  
Cyrus Carver  
Charles W. Chase  
Charles A. Christensen  
Thomas J. Connolly  
William J. Corbett  
Ralph A. Corey  
John E. Croyer  
Albert P. Cox  
Andrew Coyle  
Martin Davin  
Joseph J. Demers  
Michael J. Devine  
Edward M. Dolan  
Dennis P. Donahue  
William R. Dooley  
William E. Driscoll  
Charles A. Drier  
Philip Dwash  
Joseph J. Fallon  
Arthur H. Favier  
Bernard Fitzsimmons  
William J. Flynn  
Albert M. Fogel  
Sidney Foster  
Fred W. Frank  
Maurice H. Freedman  
Eugene Galligan  
Thomas E. Gavanan  
Daniel J. Gillen  
Harold L. Gordon  
Michael S. Haddad  
Harry E. Hanley  
Francis S. Hanlon  
William Harris  
James P. Hart  
Andrew J. Hayes  
John J. Healy  
Austin F. Heffernan  
Thomas A. Heffernan  
Bernard Hicks  
Arthur J. Hickey  
James M. Hines  
Thomas E. Hogarty  
Daniel J. Hurley  
Fred W. Jabster  
Edward J. James  
Martin J. Jennings  
Krikor M. Jonigian  
Patrick W. Joyce  
William J. Kane  
Walter J. Karpowich  
John J. Kates  
Patrick J. Kelley  
Edward F. Kellner  
Charles E. Kenney  
Edward A. Kenney

Augustus Kersch  
John C. Kiekham  
Leo B. Kilroy  
Walter E. Kilroy  
Joseph G. Kuntz  
Henry E. Kane  
Francis Langen  
Herman P. Langsam  
Abe Levine  
Morse Lewis  
Joseph P. Loughman  
James A. Mahoney  
James A. Mahoney  
William H. Martell  
Joseph H. Meehan  
Angelo Mercuri  
John Moriarty  
Henry J. Mullen  
James J. Murphy  
Thomas V. Murray  
Edwin G. McCarthy  
William E. McNuskey  
Charles P. McKenzie  
Kenneth A. McKenzie  
George H. McKeon  
James F. McLaughlin  
James P. McLaughlin  
John J. McLaughlin  
Henry A. McNulty  
John Nechi  
Patrick Neville  
Frederick J. Newton  
Edward J. O'Brien  
John J. O'Brien  
Frank J. O'Leary  
Aaron J. Oppenheim  
John W. Ojige  
Frank G. Pinn  
Stanley Raboniznik  
C. E. Raymond  
John J. Richards  
Clarence J. Roberts  
Frank Ross  
Edward R. Seagren  
Warren Sessler  
Edward J. Sink  
Daniel C. Stinson  
James M. Sullivan  
John J. Sullivan  
Richard J. Sullivan  
Robert C. Taylor  
Thomas J. Tracy  
James P. Turner  
Arthur H. Wall  
Peter Valsam  
James H. Vaughn  
Richard F. Walsh  
Wm. H. C. Washington  
Solomon Wasserman  
Fred Watson  
Charles F. Weems  
Thomas Welby  
Chester A. Wells  
Joseph W. Zwinge

### AT WASHINGTON IRVING SCHOOL

Irving W. Adams  
Herbert C. Beck  
Otto Blotzer  
Carl A. Borowski  
William J. Broderick  
Donald A. Cameron  
William E. Canary  
Patrick A. F. Curran  
William A. Damm  
Thomas A. Donley  
Arthur R. Duffie  
Edward F. Ekan  
John T. Fallon  
Edward J. Fearson  
Chester C. Ford  
William H. Greenleaf  
Albert Habel  
James F. Healy  
John Homer  
Kaspar Homer  
Edwin Hubbard  
Harold S. Keele  
Walter R. Kuhl

John Laird  
Frederick M. Linton  
Stanley H. Luke  
Walter C. Martins  
Thomas H. Martin  
Peter W. McCraw  
Alex A. McDonald  
Andrew J. McDonald  
Michael E. McNamara  
Joseph F. McGrath  
Timothy O'Connor  
Nils A. Peterson  
Francis K. Quinn  
Ralph T. Rogers  
James C. Shea  
William N. Strachan  
Charles A. Toy  
Geordy H. Tugo  
Annie C. Welch  
Robert C. Westman  
Albert E. Wetzler  
Seaman O. Wilbar  
Albert Victor Ward

AMERICAN 11/15/32

## COUNTER-PROBE IS THREATENED BY CHAIRMAN

Curley Silent on Proposed Bill  
Demanding Check on City's  
"Waste, Extravagance"

Organized tax dodgers are behind the proposed bill to appoint a commission to investigate municipal financial affairs, Frank A. Goodwin, chairman of the Finance Commission, charged today.

Goodwin's statement was in reply to the story that the Massachusetts Tax Association and the Boston Municipal Research Bureau would sponsor a bill calling for a probe of every department in the city of Boston, including the school committee and the Finance Commission for "waste and extravagance."

"It is rather hazy as to who is behind this bill," Goodwin said, "but I think I see through the smoke screen the organized tax dodgers of Massachusetts."

### THREATENS COUNTER PROBE

"If the bill ever comes before the House, I shall be up there to ask that there be added to the investigation, an investigation of banks, telephone company, gas and electric companies."

"Exorbitant rates imposed on a long suffering public and tax dodging by the holders of tax-exempt bonds are the things which are breaking the backs of home owners, rent payers and business men."

"The waste and extravagance of municipal government add somewhat to this burden but it is nothing compared to the burden imposed by public utility gougers and organized tax dodgers."

### MAYOR CURLEY SILENT

Mayor Curley, after reading the proposal for an investigation, declared:

"I have no answer to make."

William Arthur Reilly, chairman of the school committee, said:

"The school committee is mentioned only casually in the story that an investigation of its affairs might be made under a proposed legislative act. I see no occasion to make any comment."

Alexander Whiteside, president of the Massachusetts Tax Association, admitted today that his organization is one of the sponsors of the proposed bill.

TRANSCRIPT

## CURLEY SILENT ON CITY PROBE

Goodwin, However, Calls  
Those Behind Move  
"Tax Dodgers"

A movement, which has taken definite form, for a legislative investigation of affairs of the city of Boston, drew no comment from Mayor Curley today.

Nor did he have any comment on a bill, which has been drafted for submission to the Legislature, with the petition for investigation, providing for the removal of a mayor of a city by the supreme court or by the Governor with the approval of the executive council.

From Frank A. Goodwin, chairman of the finance committee, whose department would be included in the investigation, came a statement in which he characterized those back of the investigation as "the organized tax dodgers of Massachusetts."

Goodwin stated that if and when the petition is submitted to the Legislature he will be on hand to ask that its scope be widened to include many features outside the immediate conduct of city affairs.

The Massachusetts Tax Association, the Boston Municipal Research Bureau and other organizations, which have come into special activity in the past year, are back of the movement.

The investigation as called for would be on the lines of the Hofstadter investigation in New York city. The commission would include the attorney-general of an assistant, one senator and three representatives. An appropriation of \$100,000 would be allowed for the engaging of special counsel and clerical help, and the commission would be empowered to summon witnesses to testify, to call for records and documents and all else of importance.

Waste and extravagance in city affairs are charged by those back of the proposed investigation, which would include a probe of affairs of the school department.

TRANSCRIPT

## Curley Again Acts on the Tax Sales

Though the law is mandatory that the 1931 tax sales must be held this year, Mayor Curley has decreed that City Collector McMorrow give the delinquents every possible chance to save their homes by accepting payment of more than 25 per cent of the taxes assessed. There are more than 7000 parcels ready for advertising in the City Record and the collector had announced recently that he could not withhold the advertisements of any parcel unless full taxes were paid.

Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman informed the mayor that no statutory objection could be raised to the acceptance of more than 25 per cent of the unpaid taxes to save any parcel from sale and it was agreed that if payments are made before Dec. 1 the properties will be withdrawn from the list scheduled to be sold Dec. 5.

Several savings banks and co-operative banks have assured the mayor that they stand ready to add to existing mortgages the unpaid 1931 taxes.

## Council Saves City Employment Bureau

The employment bureau maintained for years by the city and which was threatened with extinction by failure of the City Council to provide the necessary maintenance, is now assured of existence for the remainder of the year by the vote of the council yesterday in favor of an additional appropriation of \$15,000. The bureau has 36,000 applications for work on its lists and receives visits from 150 to 600 men and women daily.



## "L" DIRECTORS REJECT NEW SUBWAY PROJECT

### Vote Down Huntington-Av Proposal

The proposed Huntington-av subway project was rejected yesterday by the directors of the Boston Elevated Railway. Bernard J. Rothwell, chairman of the board, presided and said the vote against "an act authorizing the city of Boston to construct the Huntington-av subway" had been unanimous.

Mr Rothwell issued a statement, in which he discussed the project as an individual and not for the board.

Mayor Curley, immediately on learning of the vote, expressed keen regret at the decision of the directors.

The act, which involves the expenditure of \$8,500,000, was passed by the 1932 Legislature and was accepted by the Boston City Council and signed by Mayor Curley several weeks ago. The act has since been pending with the directors of the road, representing the stockholders.

The subway was to be built by the Boston Transit Commission, and it was said some time ago that the construction would take three years and furnish work for 3000 unemployed.

It has been understood for some time that the directors of the railway looked upon the project with disfavor, because of the present financial condition of the Boston Elevated Railway. The acceptance of the act now moves along to the public trustees of the Elevated.

Mr Rothwell in his statement discussing the project pointed out that the act "provides that in the event of the net earnings of the company not being sufficient to maintain the reserve fund specified in the Public Control act of 1918, no rental shall be paid to the city; consequently, the interest on bonds to be issued and provision for sinking fund amounting together to approximately \$500,000 per annum would be assessed on the taxpayers of the city of Boston."

Mayor Curley, in his statement, insisted that approval of the extension would have provided work within 60 days for 1500 men and within four months for 3000 men for the full period of two years. He declared it would mean a saving of \$1,000,000 in two years in public welfare expenditures.

## ANNIVERSARY WISHES SENT TO "SILK HAT" BY CURLEY

John F. "Silk Hat" Hurley, five times Mayor of Salem and one of the great old timers in Bay State political circles, is 88 years old today. He will be banqueted tonight in the New Chamberlain Hotel at Old Point Comfort, Virginia.

Veteran of the Grand Army of the Republic, he is at the National Soldiers Home at Hampton, Va. Mayor James M. Curley yesterday sent a telegram of congratulations in part as follows:

"I pray you will accept a message of hearty congratulation upon your so happily arriving at the 88th milestone.

"I know of no citizen of Massachusetts who enjoys a finer philosophy of life than your good self and your splendid optimism and constant effort

to make the world brighter and better for others is a daily attribute which has marked your honored years.

"The fact that the officials of the National Soldiers' Home and the citizens of Hampton are tendering you a birthday dinner is a beautiful tribute and one which you richly deserve."

## COUNCILORS OUT FOR PRESIDENCY

### Expect Curley to Obtain Federal Post

### Aim to Succeed Gallagher If Latter Becomes Mayor

A unique contest is on for president of the Boston City Council for 1933 because the president will become Mayor if Mayor James M. Curley should resign to accept appointment to a Federal post.

One wit at the council meeting yesterday, at which rare harmony was exhibited, remarked that there were 22 councilors and 22 candidates for president of the body. Edward M. Gallagher is now president of the council.

If Mayor Curley should resign in 1933 to accept some honor which the Roosevelt forces might want to confer on him for his services in the cam-

## TRANSCRIPT

### Unemployed Renew Demands on City

Five representatives of the so-called Unemployed Council of Boston called on Mayor Curley today to renew their demands for aid and to request a public hearing before the City Council Nov. 26 and for use of the Boston Common on the following day for a public meeting. The mayor told them he would forward their requests to the council at once.

The visitors demanded immediate delivery of two and one-half tons of coal to all jobless families; allowance of \$10 a week for a family of two and \$6 a week for single men and women; demanded that the city open all vacant apartments and buildings to provide sleeping accommodations; free milk, hot lunches and clothing for school children; city rent payments for unemployed and no eviction; lodging and food for fifty delegates overnight en route to Washington, Nov. 26.

The committee comprised Meyer Klarfeld, 28 Fernsboro street, Roxbury; Bruse Reline, 99 Warwick street, South End; John King, Boston Common; Max Leiberman, 145 Harrison avenue, and Alice S. Averett, 45 Batavia street.

paign, it is still a question as to whether the President of the City Council would be an acting Mayor or a Mayor in fact.

When the Mayor is absent from the city, the president of the council is acting Mayor. Some legal minds think that if a Council president became Mayor because of the latter's resignation, he could not be a candidate for election as Mayor for the regular four-year term because of the provisions of the city charter.

### \$15,000 for Job Bureau

The campaign is on and huddles were frequent yesterday. The Councilors were in such a gracious mood at yesterday's council meeting that they even appropriated \$15,000 to carry on the Municipal Employment Bureau, a branch of the municipal affairs that has been cuffed about for months and has been carrying on without pay for the past couple of weeks.

A few weeks ago, the council refused to appropriate any money for the bureau. Yesterday they appropriated \$15,000 and there was none of the usual sniping. The only Councilors recorded against the appropriation were Curtis, Fish, Kelly, Norton and Roberts.

Councilors Barker and Fish were on the Beer wagon yesterday, but they took different routes. Councilor Barker asked that the Council request Gov Ely to call a special session of the Legislature to legalize the sale of beer and light wines while Councilor Fish put the Council on record as favoring passage of legislation at the short session of the present Congress in December providing for the modification of the Volstead act to permit the sale of beer.

### Back Bay Holdup Echo

Aroused by the recent robbery of and attack on a young woman in the Back Bay, Councilor Curtis offered an order, which speedily passed, calling upon the Commissioner of Public Works to provide for more adequate lighting on Marlboro st, Ward 5. Councilor Curtis declared that the citizens of the district were prepared to organize for their own protection unless there was immediate improvement in conditions.

Councilor Murray's order requesting Mayor Curley and the Overseers of the Public Welfare to give to needy families \$5 in addition to a Thanksgiving dinner met no opposition.

The Finance Commission yesterday reported to the City Council the result of its investigation of prices charged the city for materials furnished by the firm of Goodwin Brothers, 931 Bennington st, East Boston. According to the report the concern has been selling batteries to the city since 1922, recited the fine quality of the goods and materials and declared prices were fair and carried a one-year guarantee as against that of 90 days by leading manufacturers.

cont

RECORD

11/15/32

HERALD

in the Presidential Cabinet, there is opportunity to recognize New England and Massachusetts by the appointment of Mayor Curley to the post of Secretary of the Navy.

**It is an administrative position, one requiring executive ability of a high order. Mayor Curley has that ability.**

Thrice elected Mayor of Boston, he has efficiently administered the diverse and complicated affairs of this metropolis, with its annual budget of \$65,000,000.

He is the direct and responsible administrator of a civic corporation employing 20,000 persons. He is the civic leader of a city population of 800,000. In the larger sense, the Mayor of Boston is the major executive in a metropolitan area numbering 2,000,000 persons.

**He is thoroughly at home in the handling of large affairs. As Mayor of Boston he has to be.**

Washington and national affairs are nothing new to James M. Curley. For four years, 1911-1914, inclusive, he was a Congressman.

Incidentally, that was when the President-elect was Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

In Congress he served on the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, which is the diplomatic committee of Congress and which brings one in contact with the representatives of foreign governments.

He is intensely interested in our Navy and in proper maintenance of our naval strength. He has repeatedly fought against proposals to close Boston Navy Yard.

**The Daily Record urges that Mayor Curley be made our next Secretary of the Navy.**

Post

## NEW PLAN OF SUBWAY EXPECTED

### El Refusal of Hunting- ton Ave. Tube Due to High Cost

Following the rejection by the directors of the Boston Elevated yesterday of the act authorizing the construction of a subway under Huntington avenue, it was learned that the majority of the trustees of the Boston Metropolitan District would ask the incoming Legislature to pass an act amending the original legislation.

#### THINK COST TOO HIGH

It is understood that the new petition will be for a subway plan to cost considerably less than the \$8,500,000 which was authorized by last year's

legislation. The Huntington avenue subway extension is a part of a comprehensive plan for transit development submitted originally by the Metropolitan board.

After the vote of the directors was made public Mayor Curley issued a statement in which he expressed his regret at their action and called attention to the assistance which an acceptance would be to the city's relief problem.

The public trustees of the Elevated went on record as favoring a \$5,000,000 subway at a conference with the Mayor on Oct. 31, and yesterday it was pointed out that the act limits the voice of the public trustees in this matter to authorizing a contract for the use of the subway.

The vote of the directors was announced yesterday by Bernard J. Rothwell, chairman of the board. He stated that the vote was unanimous.

#### Curley Regrets Refusal

Mayor Curley stated that the approval of the extension would have provided for 1500 men within 60 days and double that number within four months. His statement read:

"From the standpoint of convenience to the travelling public residing in Brookline, Jamaica Plain and West Roxbury, the extension of rapid transit to these sections would provide not only a great convenience to the patrons of the system, but, in addition, would result in a saving in time of not less than one-half hour each day upon the round trip.

"The rejection by the directors of the Boston Elevated imposes an added burden upon the taxpayers in relief payments of \$1,000,000 during the next two years, or the equivalent of 52 cents upon the tax rate, and after the depression has ended there will be nothing of material character to show for the expenditure."

## CURLEY MOVES TO SAVE HOMES

### Rules Owners Can Prevent Sale by Paying 25 P. C. of 1931 Taxes

Owners of property in Boston on which 1931 taxes have not been paid can avoid the sale of tax liens, equivalent to their tax bills, by making payment, before Dec. 1, of more than 25 per cent. of such bills.

This consideration, shown to delinquents for the first time, was announced yesterday by Mayor Curley as his final effort to prevent the sale of more than 7000 parcels of real estate, including more than 5000 dwellings, for non-payment of 1931 taxes.

Inspired by a desire to provide every possible protection to home-owners, who have been unable to pay 1931 taxes as well as taxes for the current year, Mayor Curley yesterday added to his efforts to extricate delinquents from a serious predicament.

Savings and co-operative banks to whom the mayor appealed last week to add to existing mortgages the unpaid 1931 taxes have assured him of their willingness to extend this co-operation but as there has not been a unanimous response from the banks, the mayor took another step yesterday.

In conference with Corporation Counsel Silverman and Collector McMorro, it was agreed that there is no statutory objection to the acceptance of more than 25 per cent. of the unpaid taxes and the withdrawal from the list of properties advertised for sale in the current issue of the City Record, parcels on which such a partial payment has been made.

If payment is made before Dec. 1 the properties will be withdrawn from the list scheduled to be sold Dec. 5.

The issue of the Record, which should have been published Saturday, has been delayed by the mass of composition and press work entailed by the publication of the largest volume ever printed.

Mayor Curley believes that he has done everything possible to help delinquent taxpayers. "The city," he said, "has no desire to enter into the real estate business and is sincerely desirous of aiding the home-owner in maintaining an ownership which has been created as a consequence of a lifetime of thrift and hard work. The co-operation of home owners is necessary and it is to be hoped that they will take advantage of the opportunity which is here presented for the first time."



## ***Daily Record Advocates Mayor's Appointment to Post in Cabinet***

The Boston Daily Record advocates the appointment of Mayor James M. Curley of Boston to the portfolio of Secretary of the Navy in the new Roosevelt cabinet.

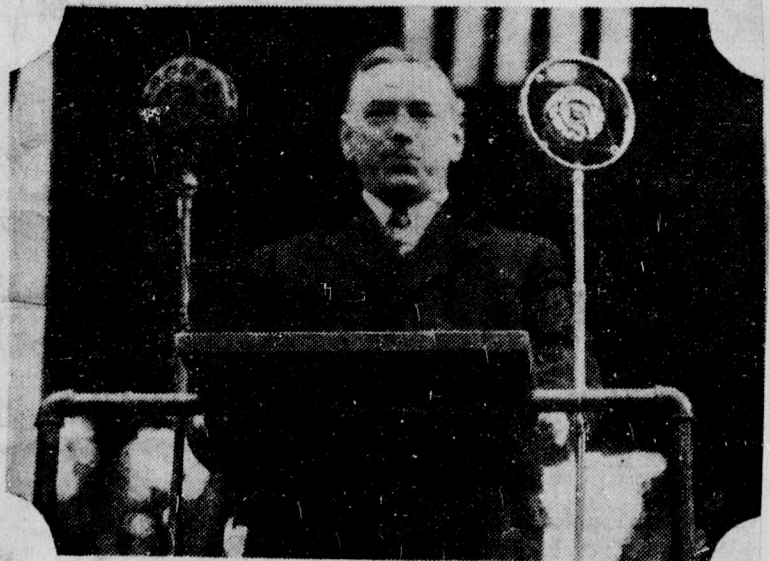
Massachusetts and New England are entitled, by territorial rights and importance, to be represented in the cabinet.

Mayor Curley is fully qualified personally to handle the broadly administrative duties of Secretary of the Navy.

Boston, as the key city of New England, as the home of one of our Navy Yards, as the pivotal point of one of the most important industrial, manufacturing and financial areas of the entire country, has demands for recognition in the handling of national affairs which must not be overlooked.

The right of Boston and of this New England region to a place in the Cabinet was recognized in the Republican appointment of the present Secretary of the Navy, Charles Francis Adams.

In the formation of a new Cabinet, one sympathetic with the ideals of the incoming national administration, this recognition of Boston and New England must not be broken, par-



*Mayor James M. Curley, whose appointment as Secretary of the Navy is urged, is shown in characteristic speaking attitude.*

ticularly when there is in Mayor Curley a man available who is suited to the new occasion.

New England is vitally interested in our naval affairs and the administration of them.

Within New England are Boston and Portsmouth Navy Yards, the naval base and training station at Newport, R. I., and the big plant of the Fore River Shipbuilding Company at Quincy, just outside of Boston's own municipal boundaries, where war vessels are constructed.

The voice of New England is felt, directly or indirectly, throughout this country, from coast to coast. New England capital is invested all over the United States. New England products go all over the country. New England furnishes a tremendous market for every other part of the country.

Now, in the inevitable changes which are to take place

Globe

11/15/32

# ST AUGUSTINE COURT, M. C. O. F., OBSERVES ITS 50TH ANNIVERSARY

Francis McCarthy, Only Living Charter Member, Given  
Gold-Headed Cane and Gold Medal—More Than  
1000 Persons Take Part in Festivities



AMONG NOTABLES AT ST AUGUSTINE COURT'S CELEBRATION

A gay gathering of more than 1000 members and friends of St Augustine Court, Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, celebrated last night in the Hotel Bradford the 50th anniversary of the court, the second largest in the entire organization of Foresters.

The assembly opened by singing "Sidewalks of New York" and "Happy Days Are Here Again," in which the women and the men had a contest to see which group could sing the louder, and there was practically no letup in the merriment till the final dance number.

The chief guest was the lone surviving member of the group of 42 men who secured the court's charter just 50 years ago. He is Francis M. McCarthy, who sat right beside Hon Charles S. O'Connor, the toastmaster.

Mr McCarthy was presented a gold-headed cane—merely an ornament for one of his robust health—and a gold medal.

Registrar Morgan T. Ryan brought the greetings of Gov Ely; City Treas Edmund Dolan those of Mayor Curley, and other speakers were Judge William Day of the South Boston Court,

Dist Atty William J. Foley, who has been a Forester for 25 years, and State Senator-Elect Edward C. Carroll, a member for the past seven years.

Other guests included Rev Francis J. Kenney, new pastor of St Augustine's Church, who gave the invocation and an address of greeting; Rev Richard A. Burke, chaplain of St Augustine's Court; Judge William H. McDonnell of the Charlestown Court; Mrs Helena M. Galvin, high chief ranger, and Joseph Forrester, high secretary-treasurer.

Charles S. O'Connor had charge of the arrangements, assisted by Daniel P. Murray, Edward H. Sullivan, Walter A. Cuff, Patrick J. Cuff Jr. Herbert Arvidson, Roger McGee, Alfred McGuire, James P. Sullivan, Daniel P. Murray, Edward F. O'Neil, Helen L. Buckley, Catherine E. Buckley and Anna M. Smith.

Officers of the organization who assisted in making the occasion a success were Michael F. McGillicuddy, chief ranger; Joseph M. Heirly, Daniel P. Murray, Maurice J. Angland, James Day, Howard J. Curry, Walter F. Grayden, Daniel F. Dullea, Edward S. Kelly and John E. Murray.

## MAYOR MOVES TO AID HOME OWNERS

Partial Tax Payment Will  
Prevent Sale

Owners of homes in Boston upon which 1931 taxes have not been paid will receive a notice from City Collector William H. McMorrow directing them to go to banks holding their mortgages and in event the banks refuse to pay the taxes and add it to the mortgages they are asked to pay at least 25 percent and their property will not be sold on Dec 5 for unpaid taxes.

Following is the notice Mayor Curley directed sent by Collector McMorrow to property owners:

"In the event that the bank holding the mortgage upon your property refuses to pay the taxes now due and making the same a part of the mortgage, arrangements have been made in order that you may not lose your property through His Honor the Mayor, whereby a partial payment of taxes due will be accepted, provided the same is made before Dec 1.

"His Honor the Mayor is extremely desirous that no home owner shall suffer the loss of home through inability to meet tax obligations, but it is imperative that you act at once, namely, go to the bank holding the mortgage upon your property and request that it pay the taxes, making the same a part of your mortgage, and as I have previously stated, if it fails to do so, come in and make a part payment of at least 25 percent of the amount due, and arrangements will be made to withhold the sale of your property."

## CURLEY IS SPEAKER AT ELIOT TERCENTENARY

The second day's observance of the tercentenary of the induction of Rev John Eliot, apostle of the Indians, as pastor of the First Parish Church in Roxbury, Joan Eliot sq. was held yesterday. Mayor Curley was a speaker. Others were Prof Samuel L. Morison of Harvard University, Rev Arthur T. Brooks and Rev Henry Pattison, Roxbury ministers.

Mayor Curley spoke in high praise of the distinguished first pastor. Prof Morison reviewed the life of Eliot, spoke of his characteristics and said that his outstanding work was the translation of the Bible into the Indian dialect for the benefit of the Algonquins.

He also referred to his founding of the Roxbury Latin School and said that John Eliot lands today a credit to the Commonwealth.



# \$8,500,000 Subway Plan Killed By Vote of Elevated Directors

## Rothwell Says Taxpayers Would Be Charged \$500,000 Annually for 30 Years—Less Expensive Project Meets with Favor

By unanimous vote, the directors of the Boston Elevated in a special meeting yesterday morning declined to accept the legislative act authorizing the city of Boston to construct a subway under Huntington avenue, Stuart street and Beacon Hill at a cost of \$8,500,000.

Bernard J. Rothwell, chairman of the board, declared in a statement issued after the meeting that construction of the subway would cost Boston taxpayers \$500,000 annually for 30 years. He asserted that arguments for the project as a means of providing work have "apparently overestimated" the employment which could be provided.

The rejection was followed by an assertion by Mayor Curley, advocate of the new subway, that "the rejection imposes an added burden on the taxpayers in relief payments of \$1,000,000 during the next two years."

Trustees of the Elevated favored an extension of the subway from Copley square under Huntington avenue to Gainsboro street at an estimated cost of \$4,800,000, instead of the route specified in the act which would have taken the subway from Huntington and South Huntington avenues under Stuart street, Columbus avenue, Park square, Boston Common, and Beacon Hill to Bowdoin square.

Rothwell made clear in his statement that the act was such that the directors were faced with the problem of accepting the entire \$8,500,000 plan, or rejecting the act.

The Elevated board chairman's statement, which he said gave only his personal viewpoint, follows:

The Huntington avenue subway act is not subject to any modification as to route. It had to be accepted as it stands; or not at all, and the lease executed prior to start of construction.

There is no certainty that the Legislature of 1933 would consent to any modification of this act. The Legislature of 1932 considered and rejected a plan substantially similar to the modified plan that has been proposed.

### ESTIMATED COST

The estimated cost of the subway specified in the act was \$8,500,000. The act provides that this amount may be increased by any sum which may be agreed upon by the department and the company—for the purpose of this act, the Boston transit commission and the public trustees. These latter now estimate the cost at \$9,000,000.

The rental specified in the act—4½ per cent. of the cost of construction—together with additional cost of operation over present cost, would amount to over \$400,000 per annum, equal to 4,000,000 additional 10-cent fares, or an increase of about 37.8 per cent. in the number of passengers now riding on Huntington avenue lines.

There is no presumption that the number of passengers on Huntington avenue lines would be materially increased by the construction of this subway. The proposed subway would duplicate, in a large measure, the existing subway under Boston Common and Boylston street, as well as Park street station.

It affords no relief to congestion and delay of all other surface traffic at Massachusetts and Huntington avenues and other intersections,

steadily increasing and demanding speedy elimination.

The desirability of rapid transit from outlying districts to and through the centre of the city, as well as the necessity for reduction of congestion of vehicular traffic at various intersections, is manifest; but both these ends can be accomplished more effectively at much less cost by other plans that have been suggested and are feasible, which would permit uninterrupted movement of all surface traffic on both Huntington and Massachusetts avenues and at other intersections, as well as removal of all tracks remaining on Boylston street.

The incoming Legislature, meeting within two months, will have opportunity to study carefully the alternative, much less expensive, plans.

The number of Elevated cars crossing the intersection of Huntington and Massachusetts avenues in all four directions is approximately 150 cars per hour during maximum hours, and 80 cars per hour during the normal midday hours.

The total number of vehicles other than Elevated cars crossing this intersection in all four directions, between the hours of 8 A. M. and 6 P. M., as shown by an actual 10-hour count in March, 1930, averaged 2104 per hour, or 14 times the maximum number of Elevated cars. Removal of this congestion would obviously be of great advantage to the general public.

### LABOR QUESTION

The act provides that in the event the net earnings of the company not being sufficient to maintain the reserve fund specified in the public control act of 1918, no rental shall be paid to the city, consequently, the interest on bonds to be issued and provision for sinking fund—amounting together to approximately \$500,000 per annum—would be assessed on the taxpayers of the city of Boston.

This for 30 years, the term of the proposed lease, would represent a total cost of approximately \$15,000,000. The public trustees of the Elevated are opposed to this plan.

Several important civic organizations have strongly criticised this

act and have urged its rejection because of the additional burden which, under existing conditions, they declare the citizens of Boston cannot afford to assume.

There have been urgent representations as to the employment of labor which this construction would permit—apparently over-estimated; but while in full sympathy with such motive and not insensible to its importance, it is evident that any benefit thus derived would not counter-balance the objectives and disadvantages enumerated or justify so large and so unproductive expenditure.

Mayor Curley declared, "The rejection by the directors of the Boston Elevated imposes an added burden upon the taxpayers in relief payments of \$1,000,000 during the next two years, or the equivalent of 52 cents upon the tax rate. It is unfortunate that the directors of the road should be a party to the rejection of the economically sound method of reducing unemployment materially—namely, work and wages."

## MAYOR CURLEY 58 ON SUNDAY NEXT

Mayor Curley observes his 58th birthday next Sunday. He plans to spend the evening quietly at home with his family and a few friends. His son, Leo, 18, a freshman at Georgetown University, will be at home for the occasion.

## MAYOR IS 58 NEXT SUNDAY

## Children to Stage Regular Birthday Party

Years rest lightly on Mayor Curley's shoulders. He forgot that next Sunday was to be his 58th birthday until his children recalled it to his mind yesterday.

The Mayor explained that he was about to accept an invitation to spend next week-end out of the city, but Francis, his youngest son, overheard the conversation, and reminded his father that the youngsters had planned a birthday party with a cake and everything for him next Sunday.

POST

11/15/32

# SEEK TO SUCCEED CURLEY

## Almost Entire Council Aiming for Coveted Office

Supremely confident that President-elect Roosevelt will reward Mayor Curley with a high government post, the Boston City Council, assembled yesterday for the first time since the Democratic landslide, went secretly but seriously about the business of picking the city's next chief executive.

### ALMOST ALL CANDIDATES

Practically every one of the 22 members of the Council is a candidate for the presidency of the body for the next year, because the Council head will become Mayor and remain Mayor until the first Monday in January, 1931, should Mayor Curley resign before that time. Under the charter a special election would not be required to choose the Mayor's successor.

Although the Council presidency has always been a coveted post at City Hall and has been won generally only after long, drawn-out battles lasting months, it takes on added lustre this year because it may put the winner in the Mayor's chair from March until January.

### Every Man for Himself

While the Council will not cast its first ballot for the election of a new head to succeed President Edward M. Gallagher until the first meeting in January, the campaign for ballots started yesterday in the corridors at City Hall, as the members button-holed their colleagues for support.

No pledges were obtained, however, and up to last night, it was every man for himself. In an effort to cut down the field, it was suggested that the man who might fill Mayor Curley's unexpired term would not be permitted to run in the mayoralty election next fall for a full four-year term.

The Council strategists pointed to the city charter which provides that a Boston Mayor cannot succeed himself, but must take a four-year rest from the worries at City Hall before he can run again. But the legal minds in the municipal service expressed the opinion last night that the clause did not refer to a Council president who might become Mayor for a few months. It applied, they contended, only to mayors elected by the voters for a full term.

Having forced the 15 workers on the staff of the city employment bureau to go payless for the last three weeks, the Council reversed its previous decisions and voted \$15,000 to carry on the work

of the bureau at Church street at least until the end of the year. This payroll went through with a 15 to 5 vote, only Councillors Curtis and Roberts of the Bay Bay, Fish and Kelly of Dorchester, and Norton of Hyde Park opposing it.

### Seek to Speed Legal Sale of Beer

With national policies and planks in mind, two different Councillors presented orders seeking to speed up the legal sale of beer here. Both resolutions were referred to the committee on rules for serious consideration before action is taken by the full Council.

Councillor William H. Barker's resolution requested the Council to ask Governor Ely to call a special session of the Legislature to legalize the sale of beer and light wines in Massachusetts.

Councillor Albert L. Fish's resolution would place the Council on record as "unanimously favoring the passage of legislation at the short session of the present Congress in December, next, providing for the modification of the Volstead act to permit the sale of beer."

# SUSPENDS TAX SALES OF HOMES

## Mayor Gives Owners Chance to Pay Up 25 Per Cent

Clipping away the red tape and casting aside traditional custom, Mayor Curley last night ordered the suspension of the proposed sale of 5000 Boston homes for non-payment of taxes, provided the owners make a partial payment of 25 per cent of their 1931 bills before Dec. 1.

Presses in the city printing plant, which have been rolling off the list of properties scheduled for the regular municipal auction, set for Dec. 5, were stopped on orders from the Mayor, who insisted that the home-

owners be given a little more time because of unprecedented economic conditions.

### PART PAYMENTS

Although the city collecting department stopped the acceptance of part payments some weeks ago, in order to prepare for the tax title sale, the Mayor has directed City Collector William M. McMorro to continue to accept payments of 25 per cent or more up to Dec. 1.

Previously, the Mayor had appealed to the savings and co-operative banks to increase the mortgages which they held on Boston homes, so that the owners could pay last year's taxes. A large number of the banks informed the Mayor that they would co-operate, but in cases where the banks refuse to assist the owners, the city officials will save the properties from the auction block if the owners can raise at least a fourth of the year-old assessments.

Explaining his decision to hold off the sale on a large number of homes, the Mayor stated:

"Under the law, it has not been customary to receive partial payments upon taxes due and, provided the city collector conformed to prevailing custom, it would be necessary to advertise for sale not less than 5000 homes upon which the taxes for 1931 have not been paid.

### Banks Co-operating

"With a view to protecting these home-owners, a communication has been forwarded to the savings banks and co-operative banks, requesting that they pay the taxes upon these properties upon which they hold mortgages and increase the mortgage by that amount."

"There has been a most generous response to this invitation and, while it is hoped that all of the savings banks and co-operative banks will accede to the request that has been made, there is a possibility that certain institutions will not.

"In an endeavor to safeguard the interests of home-owners, who are unable to secure the assistance which is sought from the savings banks and co-operative banks, the city collector was this day directed to accept payments in excess of 25 per cent, and where such payments are made, provided the same are made before Dec. 1, the properties upon which taxes have not been paid for the year 1931 will not be sold for non-payment of taxes."

## MAYOR'S FAMILY ALL IN RED CROSS

Paying tribute to the world-wide service of the Red Cross, Mayor Curley yesterday sent a check for \$6 to the Metropolitan Boston chapter, enrolling himself and his five children for the next year. At the same time, the Mayor appointed J. Phillip O'Connell of the public works department to take charge of the Red Cross enrollments at City Hall.